

Award Form

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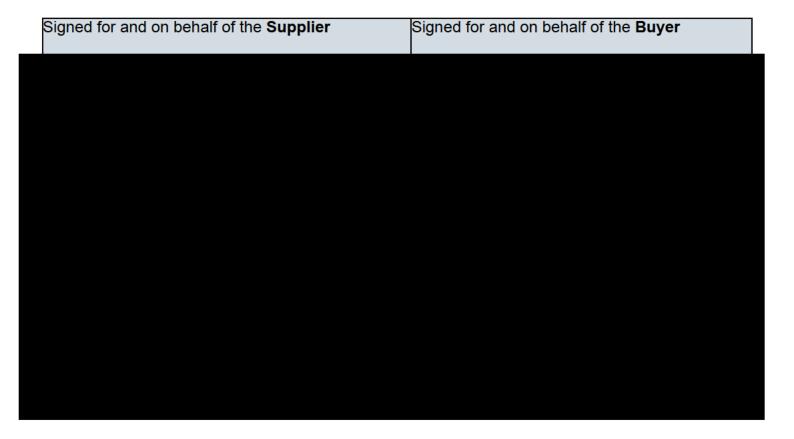
This Award Form creates the Contract. It summarises the main features of the procurement and includes the Buyer and the Supplier's contact details.

1.	Buyer	Food Standards Agency (the Buyer)
		Its offices are on:
		Clive House
		70 Petty France
		London, SW1H 9EX
2.	Supplier	Name: SGS United Kingdom Limited
		Address:
		Registration
		number:
3.	Contract	This Contract between the Buyer and the Supplier is for the supply of
5.	Contract	Deliverables.
		This opportunity is advertised in the Contract Notice in the Find a Tender
		Service, reference number 2021/S 000-019849
4.	Contract	FS430412
	Reference	
5.	Deliverables	See Schedule 2 (Specification) for further details.
6.	Start Date	01/01/2022
7.	End Date	01/02/2025 unless the break point at year one is taken.
	Extension	Lin to a passible 2 years
8.	Extension Period	Up to a possible 2 years
9.	Incorporated	The following documents are incorporated into the Contract. Where
	Terms	numbers are missing we are not using these Schedules. If the documents
	/4 4l 1l	conflict, the following order of precedence applies:
	(together these documents form	
	the 'the Contract')	1. This Award Form
	the the contract)	

		 Any Special Terms (see Section 10 Special Terms in this Award Form) Core Terms (version 1.0) Schedule 1 (Definitions) Schedule 20 (Processing Data) The following Schedules (in equal order of precedence): Schedule 2 (Specification) Schedule 3 (Charges) Schedule 4 (Tender) Schedule 5 (Commercially Sensitive Information) Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports) Schedule 13 (Contract Management) Schedule 16 (Security) Schedule 20 (Processing Data) Schedule 21 (Variation Form) Schedule 32 (Background Checks)
10.	Special Terms	N/A
11.	Social Value Commitment	Details in Schedule 4 (Tender)
12.	Commercially Sensitive Information	Details in Schedule 5
13.	Charges	Details in Schedule 3 (Charges)
14.	Reimbursable expenses	Recoverable as set out in Schedule 3 (Charges)
15.	Payment Method	All invoices must be sent, quoting a valid purchase order number (PO Number), to:
		Within 10 Working Days of receipt of your countersigned copy of this letter, we will send you a unique PO Number. You must be in receipt of a valid

		PO Number before submitting an invoice.
		To avoid delay in payment it is important that the invoice is compliant and that it includes a valid PO Number, PO Number item number (if applicable) and the details (name and telephone number) of your Buyer contact (i.e. Contract Manager). Non-compliant invoices will be sent back to you, which may lead to a delay in payment.
		If you have a query regarding an outstanding payment please contact our Accounts Payable section either by email to
		Or
		Buyer Authorised Representative if required;
16.	Insurance	Details in Annex of Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements).
17.	Liability	In accordance with Clause 11.1 of the Core Terms each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than the greater of £1 million or 150% of the Estimated Yearly Charges.
18.	Supplier Contract Manager	
19.	Key Subcontractors	Key Subcontractor 1 N/A
20.	Buyer Authorised Representative	

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Core Terms - Mid-tier

- 1. Definitions used in the contract
- 1.1 Interpret this Contract using Schedule 1 (Definitions).
- 2. How the contract works
- 2.1 If the Buyer decides to buy Deliverables under the Contract it must state its requirements using the Award Form). If allowed by the Regulations, the Buyer can:
 - make changes to Award Form
 - create new Schedules
 - exclude optional template Schedules
 - use Special Terms in the Award Form to add or change terms
- 2.2 The Contract:
 - is between the Supplier and the Buyer
 - includes Core Terms, Schedules and any other changes or items in the completed Award Form
- 2.3 The Supplier acknowledges it has all the information required to perform its obligations under the Contract before entering into it. When information is provided by the Buyer no warranty of its accuracy is given to the Supplier.
- 2.4 The Supplier won't be excused from any obligation, or be entitled to additional Costs or Charges because it failed to either:
 - verify the accuracy of the Due Diligence Information
 - properly perform its own adequate checks
- 2.5 The Buyer will not be liable for errors, omissions or misrepresentation of any information.
- 2.6 The Supplier warrants and represents that all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.

3. What needs to be delivered

3.1 All deliverables

- 3.1.1 The Supplier must provide Deliverables:
 - that comply with the Specification, the Tender Response and the Contract
 - using Good Industry Practice
 - using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they don't conflict with the Contract
 - on the dates agreed
 - that comply with Law
- 3.1.2 In the event that a level of warranty is not specified in the Award Form, the Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days from Delivery against all obvious defects.

3.2 Goods clauses

- 3.2.1 All Goods delivered must be new, or as new if recycled, unused and of recent origin.
- 3.2.2 All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods must be assignable to the Buyer on request and for free.
- 3.2.3 The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on Delivery or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier.
- 3.2.4 Risk in the Goods transfers to the Buyer on Delivery of the Goods, but remains with the Supplier if the Buyer notices damage following Delivery and lets the Supplier know within 3 Working Days of Delivery.
- 3.2.5 The Supplier warrants that it has full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.
- 3.2.6 The Supplier must deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location during the Buyer's working hours.
- 3.2.7 The Supplier must provide sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of Delivery safely and undamaged.

- 3.2.8 All deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type and quantity of Goods.
- 3.2.9 The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Buyer needs to make use of the Goods.
- 3.2.10 The Supplier must indemnify the Buyer against the costs of any Recall of the Goods and give notice of actual or anticipated action about the Recall of the Goods.
- 3.2.11 The Buyer can cancel any order or part order of Goods which has not been Delivered. If the Buyer gives less than 14 days notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the cancelled order as long as the Supplier takes all reasonable steps to minimise these costs.
- 3.2.12 The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Buyer's option and request) any Goods that the Buyer rejects because they don't conform with Clause 3. If the Supplier doesn't do this it will pay the Buyer's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.

3.3 Services clauses

- 3.3.1 Late Delivery of the Services will be a Default of the Contract.
- 3.3.2 The Supplier must co-operate with the Buyer and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the Delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions of the Buyer or third party suppliers.
- 3.3.3 The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all Supplier Equipment required to Deliver the Services.
- 3.3.4 The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to the Contract.
- 3.3.5 The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Buyer's operations, employees or other contractors.
- 3.3.6 The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to Deliver the Services, are of good quality and free from defects.
- 3.3.7 The Buyer is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

4 Pricing and payments

4.1 In exchange for the Deliverables, the Supplier must invoice the Buyer for the Charges in the Award Form.

4.2 All Charges:

- exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice
- include all costs connected with the Supply of Deliverables
- 4.3 The Buyer must pay the Supplier the Charges within 30 days of receipt by the Buyer of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds using the payment method and details stated in the Award Form.
- 4.4 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
 - includes all appropriate references including the Contract reference number and other details reasonably requested by the Buyer
 - includes a detailed breakdown of Delivered Deliverables and Milestone(s)
 (if any)
- 4.5 The Buyer may retain or set-off payment of any amount owed to it by the Supplier if notice and reasons are provided.
- 4.6 The Supplier must ensure that all Subcontractors are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this does not happen, the Buyer can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.
- 4.7 If the Buyer can get more favourable commercial terms for the supply at cost of any materials, goods or services used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables and that cost is reimbursable by the Buyer, then the Buyer may either:
 - require the Supplier to replace its existing commercial terms with the more favourable terms offered for the relevant items; or
 - enter into a direct agreement with the Subcontractor or third party for the relevant item
- 4.8 If the Buyer uses Clause 4.7 then the Charges must be reduced by an agreed amount by using the Variation Procedure.
- 4.9 The Buyer's right to enter into a direct agreement for the supply of the relevant items is subject to both:
 - the relevant item being made available to the Supplier if required to provide the Deliverables
 - any reduction in the Charges excludes any unavoidable costs that must be paid by the Supplier for the substituted item, including any licence fees or early termination charges

4.10 The Supplier has no right of set-off, counterclaim, discount or abatement unless they're ordered to do so by a court.

5. The buyer's obligations to the supplier

- 5.1 If Supplier Non-Performance arises from a Buyer Cause:
 - the Buyer cannot terminate the Contract under Clause 10.4.1
 - the Supplier is entitled to reasonable and proven additional expenses and to relief from Delay Payments, liability and Deduction under this Contract
 - the Supplier is entitled to additional time needed to make the Delivery
 - the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables
- 5.2 Clause 5.1 only applies if the Supplier:
 - gives notice to the Buyer of the Buyer Cause within 10 Working Days of becoming aware
 - demonstrates that the Supplier Non-Performance only happened because of the Buyer Cause
 - mitigated the impact of the Buyer Cause

6. Record keeping and reporting

- 6.1 The Supplier must attend Progress Meetings with the Buyer and provide Progress Reports when specified in the Award Form.
- 6.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts in respect of the Contract for 7 years after the End Date and in accordance with the GDPR.
- 6.3 The Supplier must allow any Auditor access to their premises to verify all contract accounts and records of everything to do with the Contract and provide copies for an Audit.
- 6.4 The Supplier must provide information to the Auditor and reasonable cooperation at their request.
- 6.5 If the Supplier is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:
 - tell the Buyer and give reasons

- propose corrective action
- provide a deadline for completing the corrective action

7. Supplier staff

- 7.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of the Contract must:
 - be appropriately trained and qualified
 - be vetted using Good Industry Practice and the Security Policy
 - comply with all conduct requirements when on the Buyer's Premises
- 7.2 Where the Buyer decides one of the Supplier's Staff is not suitable to work on the Contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.
- 7.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions have caused the Supplier to breach Clause 27.
- 7.4 The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Buyer's Premises and say why access is required.
- 7.5 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all claims brought by any person employed by the Supplier caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any Supplier Staff.

8. Rights and protection

- 8.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:
 - it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform the Contract
 - the Contract is executed by its authorised representative
 - it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed
 - there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its Affiliates that might affect its ability to perform the Contract
 - it maintains all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents to perform its obligations under the Contract
 - it doesn't have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform the Contract

- it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event
- 8.2 The warranties and representations in Clauses 2.6 and 8.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.
- 8.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against each of the following:
 - wilful misconduct of the Supplier, Subcontractor and Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract
 - non-payment by the Supplier of any tax or National Insurance
- 8.4 All claims indemnified under this Contract must use Clause 26.
- 8.5 The Buyer can terminate the Contract for breach of any warranty or indemnity where they are entitled to do so.
- 8.6 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify the Buyer.
- 8.7 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Buyer's benefit by the Supplier.

9. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)

- 9.1 Each Party keeps ownership of its own Existing IPRs. The Supplier gives the Buyer a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free, irrevocable, transferable worldwide licence to use, change and sub-license the Supplier's Existing IPR to enable it to both:
 - receive and use the Deliverables
 - make use of the deliverables provided by a Replacement Supplier
- 9.2 Any New IPR created under the Contract is owned by the Buyer. The Buyer gives the Supplier a licence to use any Existing IPRs and New IPRs for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations during the Contract Period.
- 9.3 Where a Party acquires ownership of IPRs incorrectly under this Contract it must do everything reasonably necessary to complete a transfer assigning them in writing to the other Party on request and at its own cost.
- 9.4 Neither Party has the right to use the other Party's IPRs, including any use of the other Party's names, logos or trademarks, except as provided in Clause 9 or otherwise agreed in writing.
- 9.5 If there is an IPR Claim, the Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result.

- 9.6 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Buyer's sole option, either:
 - obtain for the Buyer the rights in Clause 9.1 and 9.2 without infringing any third party IPR
 - replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that don't infringe IPR without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables

10. Ending the contract

- 10.1 The Contract takes effect on the Start Date and ends on the End Date or earlier if required by Law.
- 10.2 The Buyer can extend the Contract for the Extension Period by giving the Supplier no less than 3 Months' written notice before the Contract expires.

10.3 Ending the contract without a reason

10.3.1 The Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract at any time without reason or liability by giving the Supplier at least 90 days' notice and if it's terminated Clause 10.5.2 to 10.5.7 applies.

10.4 When the Buyer can end the Contract

- 10.4.1 If any of the following events happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate the Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:
 - there's a Supplier Insolvency Event
 - there's a Default that is not corrected in line with an accepted Rectification Plan
 - the Buyer rejects a Rectification Plan or the Supplier does not provide it within 10 days of the request
 - there's any material Default of the Contract
 - there's any material Default of any Joint Controller Agreement relating to the Contract
 - there's a Default of Clauses 2.6, 9, 14, 15, 27, 32 or Schedule 19 (Cyber Essentials) (where applicable) relating to the Contract

- there's a consistent repeated failure to meet the Service Levels in Schedule 10 (Service Levels)
- there's a Change of Control of the Supplier which isn't pre-approved by the Buyer in writing
- there's a Variation to the Contract which cannot be agreed using Clause 24 (Changing the contract) or resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving disputes)
- The Buyer discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded
- the Court of Justice of the European Union uses Article 258 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) to declare that the Contract should not have been awarded to the Supplier because of a serious breach of the TFEU or the Regulations
- the Supplier or its Affiliates embarrass or bring the Buyer into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them

10.4.2 If there is a Default, the Buyer can, without limiting its other rights, request that the Supplier provide a Rectification Plan.

10.4.3 When the Buyer receives a requested Rectification Plan it can either:

- reject the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan, giving reasons
- accept the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan (without limiting its rights) and the Supplier must immediately start work on the actions in the Rectification Plan at its own cost, unless agreed otherwise by the Parties

10.4.4 Where the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan is rejected, the Buyer:

- must give reasonable grounds for its decision
- may request that the Supplier provides a revised Rectification Plan within
 5 Working Days

10.4.5 If any of the events in 73 (1) (a) to (c) of the Regulations happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate the Contract and Clause 10.5.2 to 10.5.7 applies.

10.5 What happens if the contract ends

Where the Buyer terminates the Contract under Clause 10.4.1 all of the following apply:

- 10.5.1 The Supplier is responsible for the Buyer's reasonable costs of procuring Replacement Deliverables for the rest of the Contract Period.
- 10.5.2 The Buyer's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately.
- 10.5.3 Accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected.
- 10.5.4 The Supplier must promptly delete or return the Government Data except where required to retain copies by law.
- 10.5.5 The Supplier must promptly return any of the Buyer's property provided under the terminated Contract.
- 10.5.6 The Supplier must, at no cost to the Buyer, co-operate fully in the handover and re-procurement (including to a Replacement Supplier).
- 10.5.7 The following Clauses survive the termination of the Contract: 3.2.10, 6, 7.2, 9, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 34, 35 and any Clauses and Schedules which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.

10.6 When the supplier can end the contract

- 10.6.1 The Supplier can issue a Reminder Notice if the Buyer does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate the Contract if the Buyer fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the total Contract Value within 30 days of the date of the Reminder Notice.
- 10.6.2 If a Supplier terminates the Contract under Clause 10.6.1:
 - the Buyer must promptly pay all outstanding Charges incurred to the Supplier
 - the Buyer must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable Losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and costed schedule with evidence - the maximum value of this payment is limited to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated
 - Clauses 10.5.4 to 10.5.7 apply

10.7 When subcontracts can be ended

At the Buyer's request, the Supplier must terminate any Subcontracts in any of the following events:

 there is a Change of Control of a Subcontractor which isn't pre-approved by the Buyer in writing

- the acts or omissions of the Subcontractor have caused or materially contributed to a right of termination under Clause 10.4
- a Subcontractor or its Affiliates embarrasses or brings into disrepute or diminishes the public trust in the Buyer

10.8 Partially ending and suspending the contract

- 10.8.1 Where the Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Buyer suspends the Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.
- 10.8.2 The Buyer can only partially terminate or suspend the Contract if the remaining parts of that Contract can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.
- 10.8.3 The Parties must agree any necessary Variation required by Clause 10.8 using the Variation Procedure, but the Supplier may not either:
 - reject the Variation
 - increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under Clause 10.3
- 10.8.4 The Buyer can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under Clause 10.8.

11. How much you can be held responsible for

- 11.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than the greater of £5 million or 150% of the Estimated Yearly Charges unless specified in the Award Form.
- 11.2 No Party is liable to the other for:
 - any indirect Losses
 - Loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect)
- 11.3 In spite of Clause 11.1, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:
 - its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or Subcontractors
 - its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees
 - any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by Law

- 11.4 In spite of Clause 11.1, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under Clauses 7.5, 8.3, 9.5, 12.2 or 14.8 or Schedule 7 (Staff Transfer) of the Contract.
- 11.5 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any Loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with the Contract, including any indemnities.
- 11.6 When calculating the Supplier's liability under Clause 11.1 the following items will not be taken into consideration:
 - Deductions
 - any items specified in Clause 11.4
- 11.7 If more than one Supplier is party to the Contract, each Supplier Party is fully responsible for both their own liabilities and the liabilities of the other Suppliers.

12. Obeying the law

- 12.1 The Supplier must use reasonable endeavours to comply with the provisions of Schedule 26 (Corporate Social Responsibility).
- 12.2 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against any costs resulting from any Default by the Supplier relating to any applicable Law.
- 12.3 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with Law, Clause 12.1 and Clauses 27 to 32.

13. Insurance

The Supplier must, at its own cost, obtain and maintain the Required Insurances in Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements).

14. Data protection

- 14.1 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with Schedule 20 (Processing Data).
- 14.2 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Government Data.
- 14.3 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Government Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Buyer copies every 6 Months.

- 14.4 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Government Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the Security Policy and any applicable Security Management Plan.
- 14.5 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Government Data provided under the Contract is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must notify the Buyer and immediately suggest remedial action.
- 14.6 If the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Buyer may either or both:
 - tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Government Data as soon as practical but no later than 5 Working Days from the date that the Buyer receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier
 - restore the Government Data itself or using a third party
- 14.7 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with Clause 14.6 unless the Buyer is at fault.

14.8 The Supplier:

- must provide the Buyer with all Government Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request
- must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Government Data if the Supplier stops trading
- must securely destroy all Storage Media that has held Government Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice
- securely erase all Government Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by the Buyer unless required by Law to retain it
- indemnifies the Buyer against any and all Losses incurred if the Supplier breaches Clause 14 and any Data Protection Legislation.

15. What you must keep confidential

15.1 Each Party must:

- keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure
- not disclose, use or exploit the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information without the Disclosing Party's prior written consent, except for the purposes anticipated under the Contract

- immediately notify the Disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information
- 15.2 In spite of Clause 15.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the Disclosing Party in any of the following instances:
 - where disclosure is required by applicable Law or by a court with the relevant jurisdiction if the Recipient Party notifies the Disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure
 - if the Recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the Disclosing Party
 - if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality
 - if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure
 - if the information was independently developed without access to the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information
 - to its auditors or for the purposes of regulatory requirements
 - on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis
 - to the Serious Fraud Office where the Recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the Disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010
- 15.3 The Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Buyer at its request.
- 15.4 The Buyer may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:
 - on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Buyer
 - on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any company that the Buyer transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to
 - if the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions

- where requested by Parliament
- under Clauses 4.7 and 16
- 15.5 For the purposes of Clauses 15.2 to 15.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in Clause 15.
- 15.6 Transparency Information and any Information which is exempt from disclosure by Clause 16 is not Confidential Information.
- 15.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contracts or any part of them in any way, without the prior written consent of the Buyer and must take all reasonable steps to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.

16. When you can share information

- 16.1 The Supplier must tell the Buyer within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.
- 16.2 Within the required timescales the Supplier must give the Buyer full co-operation and information needed so the Buyer can:
 - publish the Transparency Information
 - comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request
 - comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request
- 16.3 The Buyer may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under Clause 16. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Buyer's decision, which does not need to be reasonable.

17. Invalid parts of the contract

If any part of the Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from that Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it's valid or enforceable.

18. No other terms apply

The provisions incorporated into the Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements and agreements whether written

or oral. No other provisions apply.

19. Other people's rights in the Contract

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

20. Circumstances beyond your control

- 20.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under the Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:
 - provides a Force Majeure Notice to the other Party
 - uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event
- 20.2 Either party can partially or fully terminate the affected Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event which lasts for 90 days continuously.
- 20.3 Where a Party terminates under Clause 20.2:
 - each party must cover its own Losses
 - Clause 10.5.2 to 10.5.7 applies

21. Relationships created by the contract

The Contract does not create a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

22. Giving up contract rights

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of the Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

23. Transferring responsibilities

23.1 The Supplier cannot assign the Contract without the Buyer's written consent.

- 23.2 The Buyer can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Crown Body, public or private sector body which performs the functions of the Buyer.
- 23.3 When the Buyer uses its rights under Clause 23.2 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that the Buyer specifies.
- 23.4 The Supplier can terminate the Contract novated under Clause 23.2 to a private sector body that is experiencing an Insolvency Event.
- 23.5 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.
- 23.6 If the Buyer asks the Supplier for details about Subcontractors, the Supplier must provide details of Subcontractors at all levels of the supply chain including:
 - their name
 - the scope of their appointment
 - the duration of their appointment

24. Changing the contract

- 24.1 Either Party can request a Variation to the Contract which is only effective if agreed in writing and signed by both Parties
- 24.2 The Supplier must provide an Impact Assessment either:
 - with the Variation Form, where the Supplier requests the Variation
 - within the time limits included in a Variation Form requested by the Buyer
- 24.3 If the Variation to the Contract cannot be agreed or resolved by the Parties, the Buyer can either:
 - agree that the Contract continues without the Variation
 - terminate the affected Contract, unless the Supplier has already provided part or all of the provision of the Deliverables, or where the Supplier can show evidence of substantial work being carried out to provide them
 - refer the Dispute to be resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving Disputes)
- 24.4 The Buyer is not required to accept a Variation request made by the Supplier.
- 24.5 If there is a General Change in Law, the Supplier must bear the risk of the change and is not entitled to ask for an increase to the Charges.

- 24.6 If there is a Specific Change in Law or one is likely to happen during the Contract Period the Supplier must give the Buyer notice of the likely effects of the changes as soon as reasonably practical. They must also say if they think any Variation is needed either to the Deliverables, the Charges or the Contract and provide evidence:
 - that the Supplier has kept costs as low as possible, including in Subcontractor costs
 - of how it has affected the Supplier's costs
- 24.7 Any change in the Charges or relief from the Supplier's obligations because of a Specific Change in Law must be implemented using Clauses 24.1 to 24.4.

25. How to communicate about the contract

- 25.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they're delivered before 5:00pm on a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective when sent unless an error message is received.
- 25.2 Notices to the Buyer must be sent to the Buyer Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Award Form.
- 25.3 This Clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.

26. Dealing with claims

- 26.1 If a Beneficiary is notified of a Claim then it must notify the Indemnifier as soon as reasonably practical and no later than 10 Working Days.
- 26.2 At the Indemnifier's cost the Beneficiary must both:
 - allow the Indemnifier to conduct all negotiations and proceedings to do with a Claim
 - give the Indemnifier reasonable assistance with the claim if requested
- 26.3 The Beneficiary must not make admissions about the Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnifier which cannot be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
- 26.4 The Indemnifier must consider and defend the Claim diligently using competent legal advisors and in a way that doesn't damage the Beneficiary's reputation.
- 26.5 The Indemnifier must not settle or compromise any Claim without the Beneficiary's prior written consent which it must not unreasonably withhold or delay.

- 26.6 Each Beneficiary must take all reasonable steps to minimise and mitigate any losses that it suffers because of the Claim.
- 26.7 If the Indemnifier pays the Beneficiary money under an indemnity and the Beneficiary later recovers money which is directly related to the Claim, the Beneficiary must immediately repay the Indemnifier the lesser of either:
 - the sum recovered minus any legitimate amount spent by the Beneficiary when recovering this money
 - the amount the Indemnifier paid the Beneficiary for the Claim

27. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption

- 27.1 The Supplier must not during any Contract Period:
 - commit a Prohibited Act or any other criminal offence in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2)
 - do or allow anything which would cause the Buyer, including any of their employees, consultants, contractors, Subcontractors or agents to breach any of the Relevant Requirements or incur any liability under them
- 27.2 The Supplier must during the Contract Period:
 - create, maintain and enforce adequate policies and procedures to ensure it complies with the Relevant Requirements to prevent a Prohibited Act and require its Subcontractors to do the same
 - keep full records to show it has complied with its obligations under Clause
 27 and give copies to the Buyer on request
 - if required by the Buyer, within 20 Working Days of the Start Date of the Contract, and then annually, certify in writing to the Buyer, that they have complied with Clause 27, including compliance of Supplier Staff, and provide reasonable supporting evidence of this on request, including its policies and procedures
- 27.3 The Supplier must immediately notify the Buyer if it becomes aware of any breach of Clauses 27.1 or 27.2 or has any reason to think that it, or any of the Supplier Staff, has either:
 - been investigated or prosecuted for an alleged Prohibited Act
 - been debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or is otherwise ineligible to take part in procurement programmes or contracts because of a Prohibited Act by any government department or agency

- received a request or demand for any undue financial or other advantage of any kind related to the Contract
- suspected that any person or Party directly or indirectly related to the Contract has committed or attempted to commit a Prohibited Act
- 27.4 If the Supplier notifies the Buyer as required by Clause 27.3, the Supplier must respond promptly to their further enquiries, co-operate with any investigation and allow the Audit of any books, records and relevant documentation.
- 27.5 In any notice the Supplier gives under Clause 27.4 it must specify the:
 - Prohibited Act
 - identity of the Party who it thinks has committed the Prohibited Act
 - action it has decided to take

28. Equality, diversity and human rights

- 28.1 The Supplier must follow all applicable equality Law when they perform their obligations under the Contract, including:
 - protections against discrimination on the grounds of race, sex, gender reassignment, religion or belief, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy, maternity, age or otherwise
 - any other requirements and instructions which the Buyer reasonably imposes related to equality Law
- 28.2 The Supplier must take all necessary steps, and inform the Buyer of the steps taken, to prevent anything that is considered to be unlawful discrimination by any court or tribunal, or the Equality and Human Rights Commission (or any successor organisation) when working on the Contract.

29. Health and safety

- 29.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:
 - all applicable Law regarding health and safety
 - the Buyer's current health and safety policy while at the Buyer's Premises, as provided to the Supplier

29.2 The Supplier must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents or material hazards they're aware of at the Buyer Premises that relate to the performance of the Contract.

30. Environment

- 30.1 When working on Site the Supplier must perform its obligations under the Buyer's current Environmental Policy, which the Buyer must provide.
- 30.2 The Supplier must ensure that Supplier Staff are aware of the Buyer's Environmental Policy.

31. Tax

- 31.1 The Supplier must not breach any tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. The Buyer cannot terminate the Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor tax or social security contribution.
- 31.2 Where the Charges payable under the Contract are or are likely to exceed £5 million at any point during the relevant Contract Period, and an Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance occurs, the Supplier must notify the Buyer of it within 5 Working Days including:
 - the steps that the Supplier is taking to address the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance and any mitigating factors that it considers relevant
 - other information relating to the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance that the Buyer may reasonably need
- 31.3 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under the Contract, the Supplier must both:
 - comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions
 - indemnify the Buyer against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Contract Period in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff

- 31.4 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:
 - the Buyer may, at any time during the Contract Period, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with Clause 31.3, or why those requirements do not apply, the Buyer can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding
 - the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Buyer within the time specified by the Buyer
 - the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker provides information which the Buyer considers isn't good enough to demonstrate how it complies with Clause 31.3 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements
 - the Buyer may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management

32. Conflict of interest

- 32.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.
- 32.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to the Buyer if a Conflict of Interest happens or is expected to happen.
- 32.3 The Buyer can terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier or take any steps it thinks are necessary where there is or may be an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.

33. Reporting a breach of the contract

- 33.1 As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to the Buyer any actual or suspected breach of:
 - Law
 - Clause 12.1
 - Clauses 27 to 32

33.2 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in Clause 33.1 to the Buyer or a Prescribed Person.

34. Resolving disputes

- 34.1 If there is a Dispute, the senior representatives of the Parties who have authority to settle the Dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the Dispute.
- 34.2 If the Dispute is not resolved at that meeting, the Parties can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure current at the time of the Dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the Dispute, the Dispute must be resolved using Clauses 34.3 to 34.5.
- 34.3 Unless the Buyer refers the Dispute to arbitration using Clause 34.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:
 - determine the Dispute
 - grant interim remedies
 - grant any other provisional or protective relief
- 34.4 The Supplier agrees that the Buyer has the exclusive right to refer any Dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules current at the time of the Dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.
- 34.5 The Buyer has the right to refer a Dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under Clause 34.3, unless the Buyer has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under Clause 34.4.
- 34.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of the Contract during any Dispute.

35. Which law applies

This Contract and any issues arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.

Schedule 1 (Definitions)

- 1.1 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions shall have the meanings set out in this Schedule 1 (Definitions) or the relevant Schedule in which that capitalised expression appears.
- 1.2 If a capitalised expression does not have an interpretation in this Schedule or any other Schedule, it shall, in the first instance, be interpreted in accordance with the common interpretation within the relevant market sector/industry where appropriate. Otherwise, it shall be interpreted in accordance with the dictionary meaning.
- 1.3 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - 1.3.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
 - 1.3.2 reference to a gender includes the other gender and the neuter;
 - 1.3.3 references to a person include an individual, company, body corporate, corporation, unincorporated association, firm, partnership or other legal entity or Crown Body;
 - 1.3.4 a reference to any Law includes a reference to that Law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time;
 - 1.3.5 the words "including", "other", "in particular", "for example" and similar words shall not limit the generality of the preceding words and shall be construed as if they were immediately followed by the words "without limitation";
 - 1.3.6 references to "writing" include typing, printing, lithography, photography, display on a screen, electronic and facsimile transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing shall be construed accordingly;
 - 1.3.7 references to "representations" shall be construed as references to present facts, to "warranties" as references to present and future facts and to "undertakings" as references to obligations under the Contract;

- 1.3.8 references to "Clauses" and "Schedules" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the clauses and schedules of the Core Terms and references in any Schedule to parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables are, unless otherwise provided, references to the parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables of the Schedule in which these references appear;
- 1.3.9 references to "Paragraphs" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the paragraph of the appropriate Schedules unless otherwise provided; and
- 1.3.10 references to a series of Clauses or Paragraphs shall be inclusive of the clause numbers specified.
- 1.3.11 the headings in the Contract are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or construction of the Contract; and
- 1.3.12 where the Buyer is a Crown Body it shall be treated as contracting with the Crown as a whole.
- 1.4 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Achieve"	in respect of a Test, to successfully pass such Test without any Test Issues and in respect of a Milestone, the issue of a Satisfaction Certificate in respect of that Milestone and "Achieved", "Achieving" and "Achievement" shall be construed accordingly;
"Affected Party"	the party seeking to claim relief in respect of a Force Majeure Event;
"Affiliates"	in relation to a body corporate, any other entity which directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common Control of that body corporate from time to time;
"Annex"	extra information which supports a Schedule;
"Approval"	the prior written consent of the Buyer and "Approve" and "Approved" shall be construed accordingly;
"Audit"	the Buyer's right to:
	 a) verify the accuracy of the Charges and any other amounts payable by the Buyer under a Contract (including proposed or actual variations to them in accordance with the Contract);
	b) verify the costs of the Supplier (including the costs of all Subcontractors and any third party suppliers) in connection with the provision of the Services;
	c) verify the Open Book Data;
	d) verify the Supplier's and each Subcontractor's compliance with the applicable Law;

	e) identify or investigate actual or suspected breach of Clauses 27 to 33 and/or Schedule 26 (Corporate Social Responsibility), impropriety or accounting mistakes or any breach or threatened breach of security and in these circumstances the Buyer shall have no obligation to inform the Supplier of the purpose or objective of its investigations;
	f) identify or investigate any circumstances which may impact upon the financial stability of the Supplier, any Guarantor, and/or any Subcontractors or their ability to provide the Deliverables;
	g) obtain such information as is necessary to fulfil the Buyer's obligations to supply information for parliamentary, ministerial, judicial or administrative purposes including the supply of information to the Comptroller and Auditor General;
	h) review any books of account and the internal contract management accounts kept by the Supplier in connection with the Contract;
	 i) carry out the Buyer's internal and statutory audits and to prepare, examine and/or certify the Buyer's annual and interim reports and accounts;
	j) enable the National Audit Office to carry out an examination pursuant to Section 6(1) of the National Audit Act 1983 of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which the Buyer has used its resources.
	a)
"Auditor"	a) the Buyer's internal and external auditors;
	b) the Buyer's statutory or regulatory auditors;
	c) the Comptroller and Auditor General, their staff and/or any appointed representatives of the National Audit Office;
	d) HM Treasury or the Cabinet Office;
	e) any party formally appointed by the Buyer to carry out audit or similar review functions; and
	f) successors or assigns of any of the above;
"Buyer Cause"	any breach of the obligations of the Buyer or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Buyer, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Buyer is liable to the Supplier;
"BACS"	the Bankers' Automated Clearing Services, which is a scheme for the electronic processing of financial transactions within the United Kingdom;
"Beneficiary"	a Party having (or claiming to have) the benefit of an indemnity under this Contract;

"Buyer Assets"	the Buyer's infrastructure, data, software, materials, assets, equipment or other property owned by and/or licensed or leased to the Buyer and which is or may be used in connection with the provision of the Deliverables which remain the property of the Buyer throughout the term of the Contract;
"Buyer Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by the Buyer from time to time in relation to the Contract initially identified in the Award Form;
"Buyer Premises"	premises owned, controlled or occupied by the Buyer which are made available for use by the Supplier or its Subcontractors for the provision of the Deliverables (or any of them);
"Contract"	the contract between the Buyer and the Supplier, which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Award Form;
"Contract Period"	the Contract Period in respect of the Contract;
"Central Government Body"	a body listed in one of the following sub-categories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics:
	a) Government Department;
	 b) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);
	c) Non-Ministerial Department; or
	d) Executive Agency;
"Change in Law"	any change in Law which impacts on the supply of the Deliverables and performance of the Contract which comes into force after the Start Date;
"Change of Control"	a change of control within the meaning of Section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010;
"Charges"	b) the prices (exclusive of any applicable VAT), payable to the Supplier by the Buyer under the Contract, as set out in the Award Form, for the full and proper performance by the Supplier of its obligations under the Contract less any Deductions;
"Claim"	any claim which it appears that a Beneficiary is, or may become, entitled to indemnification under this Contract;
"Commercially Sensitive Information"	the Confidential Information listed in the Award Form (if any) comprising of commercially sensitive information relating to the Supplier, its IPR or its business or which the Supplier has indicated to the Buyer that, if disclosed by the Buyer, would cause the Supplier significant commercial disadvantage or material financial loss;
"Comparable Supply"	the supply of Deliverables to another Buyer of the Supplier that are the same or similar to the Deliverables;

"Compliance Officer"	the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal obligations;
"Confidential Information"	means any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, trade secrets, Know-How, personnel and suppliers of the Buyer or the Supplier, including IPRs, together with information derived from the above, and any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential;
"Conflict of Interest"	a conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to the Buyer under the Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer;
"Contract"	c) the contract to be entered into between the Buyer and the Supplier for the provision of the Deliverables;
"Contracts Finder"	the Government's publishing portal for public sector procurement opportunities and contract data;
"Contract Period"	the term of the Contract from the earlier of the:
	a) applicable Start Date; or
	b) the Effective Date
	until the applicable End Date;
"Contract Value"	the higher of the actual or expected total Charges paid or payable under the Contract where all obligations are met by the Supplier;
"Contract Year"	a consecutive period of twelve (12) Months commencing on the Start Date or each anniversary thereof;
"Control"	control in either of the senses defined in sections 450 and 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and "Controlled" shall be construed accordingly;
"Controller"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Core Terms"	d) the Buyer's standard terms and conditions for common goods and services which comprise one part of the Contract the full title of which is Core Terms – Mid-tier version 1.0;
"Costs"	the following costs (without double recovery) to the extent that they are reasonably and properly incurred by the Supplier in providing the Deliverables:
	 a) the cost to the Supplier or the Key Subcontractor (as the context requires), calculated per Work Day, of engaging the Supplier Staff, including:
	i) base salary paid to the Supplier Staff;
	ii) employer's National Insurance contributions;
	iii) pension contributions;

- iv) car allowances;
- v) any other contractual employment benefits;
- vi) staff training;
- vii) work place accommodation;
- viii)work place IT equipment and tools reasonably necessary to provide the Deliverables (but not including items included within limb (b) below); and
- ix) reasonable recruitment costs, as agreed with the Buyer;
- b) costs incurred in respect of Supplier Assets which would be treated as capital costs according to generally accepted accounting principles within the UK, which shall include the cost to be charged in respect of Supplier Assets by the Supplier to the Buyer or (to the extent that risk and title in any Supplier Asset is not held by the Supplier) any cost actually incurred by the Supplier in respect of those Supplier Assets;
- c) operational costs which are not included within (a) or (b) above, to the extent that such costs are necessary and properly incurred by the Supplier in the provision of the Deliverables; and
- d) Reimbursable Expenses to the extent these have been specified as allowable in the Award Form and are incurred in delivering any Deliverables;

but excluding:

- a) Overhead;
- b) financing or similar costs;
- c) maintenance and support costs to the extent that these relate to maintenance and/or support Deliverables provided beyond the Contract Period whether in relation to Supplier Assets or otherwise;
- d) taxation;
- e) fines and penalties;
- f) amounts payable under Schedule 12 (Benchmarking) where such Schedule is used: and
- g) non-cash items (including depreciation, amortisation, impairments and movements in provisions);

"Crown Body"

the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including, but not limited to, government ministers and government departments and particular bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;

"CRTPA"	the Contract Rights of Third Parties Act 1999;
"Data Protection Impact Assessment	an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged Processing on the protection of Personal Data;
"Data Protection Legislation"	(i) the GDPR, the LED and any applicable national implementing Laws as amended from time to time (ii) the DPA 2018 to the extent that it relates to Processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the Processing of personal data and privacy;
"Data Protection Officer"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR
"Data Subject Access Request"	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
"Deductions"	all Service Credits, Delay Payments (if applicable), or any other deduction which the Buyer is paid or is payable to the Buyer under the Contract;
"Default"	any breach of the obligations of the Supplier (including abandonment of the Contract in breach of its terms) or any other default (including material default), act, omission, negligence or statement of the Supplier, of its Subcontractors or any Supplier Staff howsoever arising in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Supplier is liable to the Buyer;
"Delay Payments"	the amounts (if any) payable by the Supplier to the Buyer in respect of a delay in respect of a Milestone as specified in the Implementation Plan;
"Deliverables"	Goods and/or Services that may be ordered under the Contract including the Documentation;
"Delivery"	delivery of the relevant Deliverable or Milestone in accordance with the terms of the Contract as confirmed and accepted by the Buyer by the either (a) confirmation in writing to the Supplier; or (b) where Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) is used issue by the Buyer of a Satisfaction Certificate. "Deliver" and "Delivered" shall be construed accordingly;
"Disaster"	the occurrence of one or more events which, either separately or cumulatively, mean that the Deliverables, or a material part thereof will be unavailable (or could reasonably be anticipated to be unavailable) for the period specified in the Award Form (for the purposes of this definition the "Disaster Period");
"Disclosing Party"	the Party directly or indirectly providing Confidential Information to the other Party in accordance with Clause 15 (What you must keep confidential);

"Dispute"	any claim, dispute or difference arises out of or in connection with the Contract or in connection with the negotiation, existence, legal
	validity, enforceability or termination of the Contract, whether the alleged liability shall arise under English law or under the law of some other country and regardless of whether a particular cause of action may successfully be brought in the English courts;
"Dispute Resolution Procedure"	the dispute resolution procedure set out in Clause 34 (Resolving disputes);
"Documentation"	descriptions of the Services and Service Levels, technical specifications, user manuals, training manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, system environment descriptions and all such other documentation (whether in hardcopy or electronic form) is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under the Contract as:
	 a) would reasonably be required by a competent third party capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Buyer to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide the Deliverables
	b) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Deliverables; and/or
	 c) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;
"DOTAS"	the Disclosure of Tax Avoidance Schemes rules which require a promoter of tax schemes to tell HMRC of any specified notifiable arrangements or proposals and to provide prescribed information on those arrangements or proposals within set time limits as contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and in secondary legislation made under vires contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and as extended to National Insurance Contributions;
"Due Diligence Information"	any information supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer prior to the Start Date;
"Effective Date"	the date on which the final Party has signed the Contract;
"EIR"	the Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
"Employment Regulations"	the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/246) as amended or replaced or any other Regulations implementing the European Council Directive 77/187/EEC;
"End Date"	the earlier of: a) the Expiry Date (as extended by any Extension Period exercised by the Buyer under Clause 10.2); or

	b) if the Contract is terminated before the date specified in (a) above, the date of termination of the Contract;
"Environmental Policy"	to conserve energy, water, wood, paper and other resources, reduce waste and phase out the use of ozone depleting substances and minimise the release of greenhouse gases, volatile organic compounds and other substances damaging to health and the environment, including any written environmental policy of the Buyer;
"Estimated Year 1 Charges	the anticipated total Charges payable by the Buyer in the first Contract Year specified in the Award Form;
3	
"Estimated Yearly Charges"	means for the purposes of calculating each Party's annual liability under clause 11.2 :
	i) in the first Contract Year, the Estimated Year 1 Charges; or
	ii) in any subsequent Contract Years, the Charges paid or payable in the previous Contract Year; or
	e) f) iii) after the end of the Contract, the Charges paid or payable in the last Contract Year during the Contract Period;
	g)
"Equality and Human Rights Commission"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
"Existing IPR"	any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise);
"Expiry Date"	the date of the end of the Contract as stated in the Award Form;
"Extension Period"	such period or periods beyond which the Initial Period may be extended up to a maximum of the number of years in total specified in the Award Form;
"FOIA"	the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under that Act from time to time together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;
"Force Majeure	any event, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance
Event"	by either the Buyer or the Supplier of its obligations arising from: h) acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party which prevent or

materially delay the Affected Party from performing its obligations under a Contract;
 a) riots, civil commotion, war or armed conflict, acts of terrorism, nuclear, biological or chemical warfare;
b) acts of a Crown Body, local government or regulatory bodies;
c) fire, flood or any disaster; or
d) an industrial dispute affecting a third party for which a substitute third party is not reasonably available but excluding:
 i) any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier, the Supplier Staff (including any subsets of them) or any other failure in the Supplier or the Subcontractor's supply chain;
 ii) any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause which is attributable to the wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable precautions against it by the Party concerned; and
iii) any failure of delay caused by a lack of funds;
a written notice served by the Affected Party on the other Party stating that the Affected Party believes that there is a Force Majeure Event;
the document outlining the Incorporated Terms and crucial information required for the Contract, to be executed by the Supplier and the Buyer;
the contractual terms applicable to the Contract specified in the Award Form;
any additional terms and conditions specified in the Award Form incorporated into the Contract;
the tender submitted by the Supplier to the Buyer and annexed to or referred to in Schedule 4 (Tender);
the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679)
a) the legislation in Part 5 of the Finance Act 2013 and; and
 b) any future legislation introduced into parliament to counteract tax advantages arising from abusive arrangements to avoid National Insurance contributions;
a Change in Law where the change is of a general legislative nature (including taxation or duties of any sort affecting the Supplier) or which affects or relates to a Comparable Supply;
goods made available by the Supplier as specified in Schedule 2 (Specification) and in relation to a Contract as specified in the Award Form;
standards, practices, methods and procedures conforming to the Law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence,

	prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;
"Government"	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and other bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;
"Government Data"	the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Buyer's Confidential Information, and which:
	i) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer; or
	ii) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to the Contract;
"Government Procurement Card"	the Government's preferred method of purchasing and payment for low value goods or services https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-procurement-card2;
"Guarantor"	the person (if any) who has entered into a guarantee in the form set out in Schedule 23 (Guarantee) in relation to this Contract;
"Halifax Abuse Principle"	the principle explained in the CJEU Case C-255/02 Halifax and others;
"HMRC"	Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;
"ICT Policy"	the Buyer's policy in respect of information and communications technology, referred to in the Award Form, which is in force as at the Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time in accordance with the Variation Procedure;
"Impact Assessment"	an assessment of the impact of a Variation request by the Buyer completed in good faith, including:
	 a) details of the impact of the proposed Variation on the Deliverables and the Supplier's ability to meet its other obligations under the Contract;
	b) details of the cost of implementing the proposed Variation;
	c) details of the ongoing costs required by the proposed Variation when implemented, including any increase or decrease in the Charges (as applicable), any alteration in the resources and/or expenditure required by either Party and any alteration to the working practices of either Party;
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	d) a timetable for the implementation, together with any proposals for the testing of the Variation; and
	e) such other information as the Buyer may reasonably request in (or in response to) the Variation request;
"Implementation Plan"	the plan for provision of the Deliverables set out in Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) where that Schedule is used or otherwise as agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer;
"Indemnifier"	a Party from whom an indemnity is sought under this Contract;
"Independent Control"	where a Controller has provided Personal Data to another Party which is not a Processor or a Joint Controller because the recipient itself determines the purposes and means of Processing but does so separately from the Controller providing it with Personal Data and "Independent Controller" shall be construed accordingly;
"Indexation"	the adjustment of an amount or sum in accordance with the Award Form;
"Information"	has the meaning given under section 84 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000;
"Information Commissioner"	the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by public bodies;
"Initial Period"	the initial term of the Contract specified in the Award Form;
"Insolvency	a) in respect of a person:
Event"	b) a proposal is made for a voluntary arrangement within Part I of the Insolvency Act 1986 or of any other composition scheme or arrangement with, or assignment for the benefit of, its creditors; or
	 c) a shareholders' meeting is convened for the purpose of considering a resolution that it be wound up or a resolution for its winding-up is passed (other than as part of, and exclusively for the purpose of, a bona fide reconstruction or amalgamation); or
	d) a petition is presented for its winding up (which is not dismissed within fourteen (14) Working Days of its service) or an application is made for the appointment of a provisional liquidator or a creditors' meeting is convened pursuant to section 98 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
	e) a receiver, administrative receiver or similar officer is appointed over the whole or any part of its business or assets; or
	f) an application order is made either for the appointment of an administrator or for an administration order, an administrator is appointed, or notice of intention to appoint an administrator is given; or

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	g) it is or becomes insolvent within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
	h) being a "small company" within the meaning of section 382(3) of the Companies Act 2006, a moratorium comes into force pursuant to Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
	i) where the person is an individual or partnership, any event analogous to those listed in limbs (a) to (g) (inclusive) occurs in relation to that individual or partnership; or
	 j) any event analogous to those listed in limbs (a) to (h) (inclusive) occurs under the law of any other jurisdiction;
"Installation Works"	all works which the Supplier is to carry out at the beginning of the Contract Period to install the Goods in accordance with the Contract;
"Intellectual Property Rights" or "IPR"	 a) copyright, rights related to or affording protection similar to copyright, rights in databases, patents and rights in inventions, semi-conductor topography rights, trade marks, rights in internet domain names and website addresses and other rights in trade or business names, goodwill, designs, Know-How, trade secrets and other rights in Confidential Information;
	 b) applications for registration, and the right to apply for registration, for any of the rights listed at (a) that are capable of being registered in any country or jurisdiction; and
	 c) all other rights having equivalent or similar effect in any country or jurisdiction;
"Invoicing Address"	the address to which the Supplier shall Invoice the Buyer as specified in the Award Form;
"IPR Claim"	any claim of infringement or alleged infringement (including the defence of such infringement or alleged infringement) of any IPR, used to provide the Deliverables or otherwise provided and/or licensed by the Supplier (or to which the Supplier has provided access) to the Buyer in the fulfilment of its obligations under the Contract;
"IR35"	the off-payroll rules requiring individuals who work through their company pay the same tax and National Insurance contributions as an employee which can be found online at:
"Joint Controller Agreement"	the agreement (if any) entered into between the Buyer and the Supplier substantially in the form set out in Annex 2 of Schedule 20 (<i>Processing Data</i>);
"Joint Controllers"	where two or more Controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of Processing;
"Key Personnel"	the individuals (if any) identified as such in the Award Form;

"Key Sub-	each Sub-Contract with a Key Subcontractor;
Contract"	
"Key Subcontractor"	any Subcontractor:
	 a) which is relied upon to deliver any work package within the Deliverables in their entirety; and/or
	 b) which, in the opinion of the Buyer performs (or would perform if appointed) a critical role in the provision of all or any part of the Deliverables; and/or
	 c) with a Sub-Contract with the Contract value which at the time of appointment exceeds (or would exceed if appointed) 10% of the aggregate Charges forecast to be payable under the Contract,
	and the Supplier shall list all such Key Subcontractors in section 29 of the Award Form;
"Know-How"	all ideas, concepts, schemes, information, knowledge, techniques, methodology, and anything else in the nature of know-how relating to the Deliverables but excluding know-how already in the other Party's possession before the applicable Start Date;
"Law"	any law, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, enforceable right within the meaning of Section 2 of the European Communities Act 1972, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgment of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements with which the Supplier is bound to comply;
"LED"	i) Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680)
"Losses"	all losses, liabilities, damages, costs, expenses (including legal fees), disbursements, costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgment, interest and penalties whether arising in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, misrepresentation or otherwise and "Loss" shall be interpreted accordingly;
"Lots"	the number of lots specified in Schedule 2 (Specification), if applicable;
"Marketing Contact"	shall be the person identified in the Award Form;
"Milestone"	an event or task described in the Implementation Plan;
"Milestone Date"	the target date set out against the relevant Milestone in the Implementation Plan by which the Milestone must be Achieved;
"Month"	a calendar month and "Monthly" shall be interpreted accordingly;
"National Insurance"	contributions required by the National Insurance Contributions Regulations 2012 (SI 2012/1868) made under section 132A of the Social Security Administration Act 1992;

'New IPR" a) IPR in items created by the Supplier (or by a third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of the Contract and updates and amendments of these items including (but not limited to) database schema; and/or b) IPR in or arising as a result of the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract and all updates and amendments to the same; but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR; "Occasion of Tax where: Non – a) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Compliance" Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which is found on or after 1 April 2013 to be incorrect as a result of: i) a Relevant Tax Authority successfully challenging the Supplier under the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle or under any tax rules or legislation in any jurisdiction that have an effect equivalent or similar to the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle; ii) the failure of an avoidance scheme which the Supplier was involved in, and which was, or should have been, notified to a Relevant Tax Authority under the DOTAS or any equivalent or similar regime in any jurisdiction; and/or b) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which gives rise, on or after 1 April 2013, to a criminal conviction in any jurisdiction for tax related offences which is not spent at the Start Date or to a civil penalty for fraud or evasion; 'Open Book Data" complete and accurate financial and non-financial information which is sufficient to enable the Buyer to verify the Charges already paid or payable and Charges forecast to be paid during the remainder of the Contract, including details and all assumptions relating to: a) the Supplier's Costs broken down against each Good and/or Service and/or Deliverable, including actual capital expenditure (including capital replacement costs) and the unit cost and total actual costs of all Deliverables: b) operating expenditure relating to the provision of the Deliverables including an analysis showing: i) the unit costs and quantity of Goods and any other consumables and bought-in Deliverables; ii) manpower resources broken down into the number and grade/role of all Supplier Staff (free of any contingency) together with a list of agreed rates against each manpower grade;

	 iii) a list of Costs underpinning those rates for each manpower grade, being the agreed rate less the Supplier Profit Margin; and
	iv) Reimbursable Expenses, if allowed under the Award Form;
	c) Overheads;
	 d) all interest, expenses and any other third party financing costs incurred in relation to the provision of the Deliverables;
	 e) the Supplier Profit achieved over the Contract Period and on an annual basis;
	 f) confirmation that all methods of Cost apportionment and Overhead allocation are consistent with and not more onerous than such methods applied generally by the Supplier;
	g) an explanation of the type and value of risk and contingencies associated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the amount of money attributed to each risk and/or contingency; and
	h) the actual Costs profile for each Service Period;
"Overhead"	those amounts which are intended to recover a proportion of the Supplier's or the Key Subcontractor's (as the context requires) indirect corporate costs (including financing, marketing, advertising, research and development and insurance costs and any fines or penalties) but excluding allowable indirect costs apportioned to facilities and administration in the provision of Supplier Staff and accordingly included within limb (a) of the definition of "Costs";
"Parliament"	takes its natural meaning as interpreted within by Law;
"Party"	the Buyer or the Supplier and "Parties" shall mean both of them where the context permits;
"Personal Data"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Personal Data Breach"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Prescribed Person"	a legal adviser, an MP or an appropriate body which a whistle-blower may make a disclosure to as detailed in 'Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies', 24 November 2016, available online at:
"Progress Meeting"	a meeting between the Buyer Authorised Representative and the Supplier Authorised Representative;
"Progress Meeting Frequency"	the frequency at which the Supplier shall conduct a Progress Meeting in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Award Form;

"Progress Report"	a report provided by the Supplier indicating the steps taken to achieve Milestones or delivery dates;
"Progress Report Frequency"	the frequency at which the Supplier shall deliver Progress Reports in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Award Form;
"Prohibited Acts"	a) to directly or indirectly offer, promise or give any person working for or engaged by the Buyer or any other public body a financial or other advantage to:
	 i) induce that person to perform improperly a relevant function or activity; or
	ii) reward that person for improper performance of a relevant function or activity;
	b) to directly or indirectly request, agree to receive or accept any financial or other advantage as an inducement or a reward for improper performance of a relevant function or activity in connection with the Contract; or
	c) committing any offence:
	 i) under the Bribery Act 2010 (or any legislation repealed or revoked by such Act); or
	ii) under legislation or common law concerning fraudulent acts; or
	iii) defrauding, attempting to defraud or conspiring to defraud the Buyer or other public body; or
	 d) any activity, practice or conduct which would constitute one of the offences listed under (c) above if such activity, practice or conduct had been carried out in the UK;
"Protective	technical and organisational measures which must take account of:
Measures"	j) a) the nature of the data to be protected
	k) b)harm that might result from Data Loss Event;
	l) c) state of technological development
	m) d) the cost of implementing any measures
	including but not limited to pseudonymising and encrypting Personal Data, ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of systems and services, ensuring that availability of and access to Personal Data can be restored in a timely manner after an incident, and regularly assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of the such measures adopted by it;
"Recall"	a request by the Supplier to return Goods to the Supplier or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects (including defects in the IPR rights) that might endanger health or hinder performance;

"Recipient Party"	the Party which receives or obtains directly or indirectly Confidential Information;
"Rectification Plan"	the Supplier's plan (or revised plan) to rectify it's breach using the template in Schedule 25 (Rectification Plan Template) which shall include:
	 a) full details of the Default that has occurred, including a root cause analysis;
	b) the actual or anticipated effect of the Default; and
	 c) the steps which the Supplier proposes to take to rectify the Default (if applicable) and to prevent such Default from recurring, including timescales for such steps and for the rectification of the Default (where applicable);
"Rectification Plan Process"	the process set out in Clause 10.4.2 to 10.4.4 (Rectification Plan Process);
"Regulations"	the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires);
"Reimbursable Expenses"	the reasonable out of pocket travel and subsistence (for example, hotel and food) expenses, properly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the Services, calculated at the rates and in accordance with the Buyer's expenses policy current from time to time, but not including:
	 a) travel expenses incurred as a result of Supplier Staff travelling to and from their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed, unless the Buyer otherwise agrees in advance in writing; and
	 b) subsistence expenses incurred by Supplier Staff whilst performing the Services at their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed;
"the Buyer's Confidential Information"	 c) all Personal Data and any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, property rights, trade secrets, Know-How and IPR of the Buyer (including all Buyer Existing IPR and New IPR);
	 d) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked "confidential") or which ought reasonably be considered confidential which comes (or has come) to the Buyer's attention or into the Buyer's possession in connection with the Contract; and
	information derived from any of the above;
"Relevant Requirements"	all applicable Law relating to bribery, corruption and fraud, including the Bribery Act 2010 and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 9 of the Bribery Act 2010;

"Relevant Tax Authority"	HMRC, or, if applicable, the tax authority in the jurisdiction in which the Supplier is established;
"Reminder Notice"	a notice sent in accordance with Clause 10.6 given by the Supplier to the Buyer providing notification that payment has not been received on time;
"Replacement Deliverables"	any deliverables which are substantially similar to any of the Deliverables and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Deliverables, whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;
"Replacement Subcontractor"	a Subcontractor of the Replacement Supplier to whom Transferring Supplier Employees will transfer on a Service Transfer Date (or any Subcontractor of any such Subcontractor);
"Replacement Supplier"	any third party provider of Replacement Deliverables appointed by or at the direction of the Buyer from time to time or where the Buyer is providing Replacement Deliverables for its own account, shall also include the Buyer;
"Request For Information"	a request for information or an apparent request relating to the Contract for the provision of the Deliverables or an apparent request for such information under the FOIA or the EIRs;
"Required Insurances"	the insurances required by Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements);
"Satisfaction Certificate"	the certificate (materially in the form of the document contained in Annex 2 of Part B of Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) or as agreed by the Parties where Schedule 8 is not used in this Contract) granted by the Buyer when the Supplier has Achieved a Milestone or a Test;
"Schedules"	any attachment to the Contract which contains important information specific to each aspect of buying and selling;
"Security Management Plan"	the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to Schedule 16 (Security) (if applicable);
"Security Policy"	the Buyer's security policy, referred to in the Award Form, in force as at the Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time and notified to the Supplier;
"Serious Fraud Office"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
"Service Levels"	any service levels applicable to the provision of the Deliverables under the Contract (which, where Schedule 10 (Service Levels) is used in this Contract, are specified in the Annex to Part A of such Schedule);
"Service Period"	has the meaning given to it in the Award Form;
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"Services"	services made available by the Supplier as specified in Schedule 2 (Specification) and in relation to a Contract as specified in the Award Form;
"Service Transfer"	any transfer of the Deliverables (or any part of the Deliverables), for whatever reason, from the Supplier or any Subcontractor to a Replacement Supplier or a Replacement Subcontractor;
"Service Transfer Date"	the date of a Service Transfer;
"Sites"	any premises (including the Buyer Premises, the Supplier's premises or third party premises) from, to or at which:
	a) the Deliverables are (or are to be) provided; or
	b) the Supplier manages, organises or otherwise directs the provision or the use of the Deliverables;
	 c) those premises at which any Supplier Equipment or any part of the Supplier System is located (where ICT Services are being provided)
"SME"	an enterprise falling within the category of micro, small and medium sized enterprises defined by the Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium enterprises;
"Special Terms"	any additional Clauses set out in the Award Form which shall form part of the respective Contract;
"Specific Change in Law"	a Change in Law that relates specifically to the business of the Buyer and which would not affect a Comparable Supply where the effect of that Specific Change in Law on the Deliverables is not reasonably foreseeable at the Start Date;
"Specification"	the specification set out in Schedule 2 (Specification), as may, in relation to the Contract, be supplemented by the Award Form;
"Standards"	any:
	a) standards published by BSI British Standards, the National Standards Body of the United Kingdom, the International Organisation for Standardisation or other reputable or equivalent bodies (and their successor bodies) that a skilled and experienced operator in the same type of industry or business sector as the Supplier would reasonably and ordinarily be expected to comply with;
	b) standards detailed in the specification in Schedule 2 (Specification);
	 c) standards detailed by the Buyer in the Award Form or agreed between the Parties from time to time;

	d) relevant Government codes of practice and guidance applicable from time to time;
"Start Date"	the date specified on the Award Form;
"Storage Media"	the part of any device that is capable of storing and retrieving data;
"Sub-Contract"	any contract or agreement (or proposed contract or agreement), other than a Contract, pursuant to which a third party:
	a) provides the Deliverables (or any part of them);
	b) provides facilities or services necessary for the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them); and/or
	c) is responsible for the management, direction or control of the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them);
"Subcontractor"	any person other than the Supplier, who is a party to a Sub-Contract and the servants or agents of that person;
"Subprocessor"	any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of the Supplier related to the Contract;
"Supplier"	the person, firm or company identified in the Award Form;
"Supplier Assets"	all assets and rights used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables in accordance with the Contract but excluding the Buyer Assets;
"Supplier Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by the Supplier named in the Award Form, or later defined in a Contract;
"Supplier's Confidential Information"	 a) any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, IPR of the Supplier (including the Supplier Existing IPR) trade secrets, Know-How, and/or personnel of the Supplier;
	b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential and which comes (or has come) to the Supplier's attention or into the Supplier's possession in connection with the Contract;
	c) Information derived from any of (a) and (b) above;
"Supplier's Contract Manager	the person identified in the Award Form appointed by the Supplier to oversee the operation of the Contract and any alternative person whom the Supplier intends to appoint to the role, provided that the Supplier informs the Buyer prior to the appointment;
"Supplier Equipment"	the Supplier's hardware, computer and telecoms devices, equipment, plant, materials and such other items supplied and used by the Supplier (but not hired, leased or loaned from the Buyer) in the performance of its obligations under this Contract;

"Supplier Non-	where the Supplier has failed to:		
Performance"	a) Achieve a Milestone by its Milestone Date;		
	b) provide the Goods and/or Services in accordance with the Service Levels; and/or		
	c) comply with an obligation under the Contract;		
"Supplier Profit"	in relation to a period, the difference between the total Charges (in nominal cash flow terms but excluding any Deductions and total Costs (in nominal cash flow terms) in respect of the Contract for the relevant period;		
"Supplier Profit Margin"	in relation to a period or a Milestone (as the context requires), the Supplier Profit for the relevant period or in relation to the relevant Milestone divided by the total Charges over the same period or in relation to the relevant Milestone and expressed as a percentage;		
"Supplier Staff"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract;		
"Supply Chain Information Report Template"	the document at Annex 1 of Schedule 18 Supply Chain Visibility;		
"Supporting Documentation"	sufficient information in writing to enable the Buyer to reasonably assess whether the Charges, Reimbursable Expenses and other sums due from the Buyer under the Contract detailed in the information are properly payable;		
"Termination Notice"	a written notice of termination given by one Party to the other, notifying the Party receiving the notice of the intention of the Party giving the notice to terminate the Contract on a specified date and setting out the grounds for termination;		
"Test Issue"	any variance or non-conformity of the Deliverables or Deliverables from their requirements as set out in the Contract;		
"Test Plan"	a plan:		
	a) for the Testing of the Deliverables; and		
	 b) setting out other agreed criteria related to the achievement of Milestones; 		
"Tests and Testing"	any tests required to be carried out pursuant to the Contract as set out in the Test Plan or elsewhere in the Contract and " Tested " shall be construed accordingly;		
"Third Party IPR"	Intellectual Property Rights owned by a third party which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;		
"Transferring Supplier Employees"	those employees of the Supplier and/or the Supplier's Subcontractors to whom the Employment Regulations will apply on the Service Transfer Date;		

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"Transparency Information"	the Transparency Reports and the content of the Contract, including any changes to this Contract agreed from time to time, except for –		
	n) (i) any information which is exempt from disclos in accordance with the provisions of the FOIA, which s be determined by the Buyer; and		
	(ii) Commercially Sensitive Information;		
"Transparency Reports"	the information relating to the Deliverables and performance pursuant to the Contract which the Supplier is required to provide to the Buyer in accordance with the reporting requirements in Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports);		
"Variation"	has the meaning given to it in Clause 24 (Changing the contract);		
"Variation Form"	the form set out in Schedule 21 (Variation Form);		
"Variation Procedure"	the procedure set out in Clause 24 (Changing the contract);		
"VAT"	value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;		
"VCSE"	a non-governmental organisation that is value-driven and which principally reinvests its surpluses to further social, environmental or cultural objectives;		
"Worker"	any one of the Supplier Staff which the Buyer, in its reasonable opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees) applies in respect of the Deliverables; and		
"Working Day"	any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday in England and Wales unless specified otherwise by the Parties in the Award Form.		
"Work Day"	7.5 Work Hours, whether or not such hours are worked consecutively and whether or not they are worked on the same day;		
"Work Hours"	the hours spent by the Supplier Staff properly working on the provision of the Deliverables including time spent travelling (other than to and from the Supplier's offices, or to and from the Sites) but excluding lunch breaks;		

Schedule 2 (Specification)

This Schedule sets out what the Buyer wants.

For all Deliverables, the Supplier must help the Buyer comply with any specific applicable Standards of the Buyer.

Specification Reference

FS430412

Specification Title

Auditing of Plastic Recyclers (Food Contact Materials)

Contract Duration

5 years (see 'Length of agreement' for further detail)

This specification, which forms part of the Invitation to Tender (ITT), comprises of three individual sections: -

A. SPECIFICATION: An outline of the requirement

disqualified during the evaluation stage of the tender process.

- **B. PROCUREMENT TIMETABLE:** An estimated timetable for the procurement of the proposed requirement
- C. TENDER REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA: Provides guidance to applicants on the information that should be included within tenders and on the evaluation criteria and weightings used by appraisers when assessing and scoring tenders

Tenders for FSA funded projects must be submitted through the FSA E-sourcing and contract management system, ECMS, using the following link: https://food.bravosolution.co.uk/web/login.html. Failure to do so may result in the tender response not being processed by the system or the response being automatically

THE SPECIFICATION, INCLUDING PROJECT TIMETABLE AND EVALUATION OF TENDERS

GENERAL INTRODUCTION

The Food Standards Agency is an independent Government department working across England, Wales and Northern Ireland to protect public health and consumers wider interest in food. We make sure food is safe and what it says it is.

The Agency is committed to openness, transparency and equality of treatment to all suppliers. As well as these principles, for science projects the final project report will be published on the Food Standards Agency website (www.food.gov.uk). For science projects we will encourage contractors to publish their work in peer reviewed scientific publications wherever possible. Also, in line with the Government's Transparency Agenda which aims to encourage more open access to data held by government, the Agency is developing a policy on the release of underpinning data from all of its scienceand evidence-gathering projects. Data should be made freely available in an accessible format, as fully and as promptly as possible. Consideration should be given to data management as new contracts are being negotiated. Resource implications for this should be taken into account. The mechanism for publishing underpinning data should allow the widest opportunity for to enable its re-use. Where possible, underpinning data should be included in the final project report. Where data are included in the final report in pdf format, they should also be published separately in a format that can be used for further analysis. Large data sets can be provided separately in an annex to the report, and published, where possible, alongside the final report online Where it is more appropriate to publish underpinning data in an existing database, archive, repository or other community resource, or for data to be saved in a specialist proprietary format, information will be provided on how the data can be accessed. There will be some circumstances where release of data may need to be restricted or anonymised for reasons of commercial and/or personal sensitivities.

A. THE SPECIFICATION

Background

The Food Standards Agency and Food Standards Scotland are the regulators for food contact materials produced in the UK and/or placed onto the UK market.

Recycled plastics for use in food contact materials are currently regulated at EU level under Regulation 282/2008. This regulation has also been retained under Great British law following the UK's exit from the European Union. The European Commission is expected to publish authorisation decisions for existing polyethylene terephthalate (PET) recycling processes in 2021, containing the conditions for operating that process. When decisions are published, the entirety of Regulation (EU) 282/2008 on recycled plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with foods will apply. When this occurs, the FSA will be required to carry out auditing of sites using one or more of these processes, a condition required as per the EU requirements and not the retained EU requirements. The purpose of these audits is to verify that a process complies with the specific conditions in the authorisation decision for that process. This will allow them to continue to operate and place recycled plastic material onto the EU market.

The Commission intends to keep a register of authorised processes. Ultimately this is to ensure the safety of the recycled material for new food contact applications.

An auditing scheme is an obligatory requirement within EU legislation. The scheme will account for recycling processes where the resulting recycled plastic will be placed on the EU market, therefore meeting its primary objective.

A supplementary objective is that the proposed scheme can also be used in parallel with the new UK regulatory procedure. There will be some processes that place recycled plastic on both the UK and EU markets.

The Specification

Tenders are invited to carry out audits of recycling plants in the UK where recycled plastic will be placed on the market for use in food contact applications. Auditing will need to commence after the European Commission publishes its authorisation decisions for processes placing recycled plastic onto the EU market. The earliest the

work will be required to start is January 2022, although we cannot rule out a delay and would like to bring this to the attention of prospective applicants.

Audits will be carried out initially on the basis of one audit per site per year, with the repeat frequency of auditing based on the success of previous audits. Sites that do not pass their initial audit will require a follow-up visit within a period of 28 calendar days for them to address issues raised in the first visit.

Applicants should be able to demonstrate accreditation from a recognised body, and this will be considered during the evaluation of tender responses.

Data gathered should be stored securely and reported periodically to the Food Contact Materials (FCM) policy team at the Food Standards Agency. We invite prospective auditors to submit as part of their tender a template or description of the reporting methodology that they would use, based on the requirements below.

The audit will be based on an authorisation decision that is unique to a recycling process carried out at that particular site. Sites with multiple recycling processes will require each process to be audited. The authorisation decision specifies the conditions that need to be met to ensure a sufficient decontamination efficiency of the process. It also sets out the permitted final formats and uses of the recycled plastic generated. There are currently 9 sites that will require auditing in the UK (8 in England and 1 in Scotland), though this is expected to increase when new recycling processes are added to the UK authorisation list. Of the current sites, three are in the North-East, one in Yorkshire, two in the Midlands, one in London and one in the South-East. At sites where multiple different processes are operated, a separate audit must be carried out on each process.

Sites will require auditing once they have an authorisation decision published and are added to a list of authorised processes, called the 'Positive List'. The FSA will notify the auditor of any new process that have been added to the 'Positive List'.

Sites will require a second visit if they do not achieve a satisfactory result in their initial audit. A further visit will also be required if substantial changes are made to the authorisation decision for the relevant process.

The information that needs collecting in these audits will include confirming that a process is operating within the parameters specified in its authorisation decision and that an effective quality assurance system is in place. Monitoring data may also be required by the Commission to further assess the decontamination efficiency of the process. Audit fields will include:

- Site information
- Documentation

- Guidance for employees
- Quality assurance (meeting requirements as described in Regulation 282/2008 Annex II
- Declaration of compliance
- Recycling process used
- Procedures in place and being followed
 - Adequate equipment
 - o Process for output that has not met the required specification
 - Labelling, records and traceability
- Application(s) of recycled plastic output, including percentage of recycled plastic used in final product
- Characterisation of the input (purity and contamination level) and methods of minimising contamination
- Identification of the critical steps to ensure decontamination and evidence that these are being followed
- Check that the process described in scientific opinion and authorisation decision are being followed
- Data to demonstrate decontamination efficiency and record any testing carried out on site of the final output
- Assessment against criteria required by scientific opinion (likely to include temperature, pressure, residence time)
- Any other criteria or requirements specified in the Authorisation Decision for the process being assessed.

Outputs

- Arranging and carrying out timely audits of plastic recyclers (FCM) a minimum of once per annum, over a five-year period.
- Accurate recording of audit data
- Preparation of reports to be sent to FSA within 10 working days of the audit taking place.

- Providing feedback to the audited site
- Sufficient IT facilities to ensure security of sensitive information and ability to securely transmit reports (further detail later)
- Capacity to increase the number of audits carried out per year if the number of sites producing recycled food contact plastic increases, or if an increased auditing frequency is required for one or more sites.
- Capacity to carry out audits in all parts of the UK, including those where reinspection of a site may be required during the 28 calendar days after the initial inspection.

Considerations

- All audit fields specified must be completed in each report
- Back-ups should be held of audit data to avoid risk of data being lost
- We recommend factoring in time for an introductory meeting with the FSA's food contact materials policy team prior to the first audit being carried out.

Contingency planning

- If the Covid-19 pandemic restriction on travel or working conditions makes an audit or re-inspection impossible, it may be possible to rearrange an alternative date. The FSA should be consulted, and possible dates can be discussed with the site operator.
- Severe delays resulting from Covid-19 that lead to a site not being audited within a calendar year may require alternative interim checks such as documents and records being submitted electronically. A follow-up visit would then be arranged at the earliest convenience when safe to do so.

Please outline in your tender any measures that you would take in the event of Covid or other disruptive events preventing an audit from taking place.

- Considerations should be made for audits being cancelled at short notice by the site operator. The FSA can send a letter outlining the importance and legal basis of the audit programme, and an audit should be rearranged as soon as is reasonably possible. Please outline how you would manage such a cancellation.
- In the event that an operator appeals the outcome of an audit, the appeal process will follow the <u>regulator's code</u>. The specific stages that the FSA will undertake are set out in Annex 1 to this document.

Targets / Measures of Success

- At the end of one year, all applicable sites in the UK should have been audited at least once, with follow-up visits if required. The introduction of new UK recycling processes will require additional work. This will be reviewed on a continuous basis, based on the publication of the authorisation decisions by the European Commission and the Food Standards Agency, whichever is relevant.
- The FSA will have received full and timely reports following each audit
- Any monitoring data requested by the Commission (via the FSA) will be available when requested within a timeframe of 48 hours.

Legislation

The requirements for recycled plastic auditing are set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2008. Specifically, Article 10 of this regulation sets out the requirements for Official Control. This is implemented into UK law by the Materials and Articles in Contact with Food Regulations (2012) as amended.

Data protection

The data used by the auditing body to assess a site and the data subsequently gathered during an audit will contain sensitive information. Data generated from the auditing will be held by the auditing body at a suitable level of security and will be made available only to select FSA staff on request. The FSA will also ensure that this data is stored securely. Both the FSA and the auditor will store data for a period of up to 5 years following an audit and will only use this data for the purpose of assessing the compliance of plastic recycling sites with food contact materials legislation. Data will only be transferred internationally if it is requested by the Commission. After this period only data sufficient to establish a site's audit history shall be held.

'Please outline in your tender how you will comply with the GDPR, recognising the commissioning authority's role as the 'data controller' and the contractor's role as the 'data processor', and responding to the sections below. Part of your application should illustrate how you intend to achieve a high level of data security which will be reviewed by the FSA data security team.

Data Security

Please confirm in your tender that you have in place, or that you will have in place by contract award, the human and technical resources to perform the contract to ensure compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation and to ensure the protection of the rights of data subjects.

Please provide details of the technical facilities and measures (including systems and processes) you have in place, or will have in place by contract award, to ensure compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation and to ensure the protection of the rights of data subjects. Your response should include, but should not be limited to facilities and measures:

- to ensure ongoing confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems and services;
- to comply with the rights of data subjects in respect of receiving privacy information, and access, rectification, deletion and portability of personal data;
- to ensure that any consent-based processing meets standards of active, informed consent, and that such consents are recorded and auditable;
- to ensure legal safeguards are in place to legitimise transfers of personal data outside the EU (if such transfers will take place);
- to maintain records of personal data processing activities; and
- to regularly test, assess and evaluate the effectiveness of the above measures.'

You should provide detailed information relating to the technical environment where data is stored and the mechanisms for sharing information / reports with the FSA. You should also describe how you will engage with the recyclers that you will audit, including providing a privacy notice or a link to the FSA's privacy notice.

Length of Agreement

This Agreement covers the period 2021-2026. It will be subject to Break Point on the conclusion of year 1 (2022) and year 3. We will confirm if we wish to proceed with the 2 year extensions by issuing a Variation to Contract confirming our intention and any changes to our requirements. This is a new piece of work for the FSA and we will review whether the auditing scheme has achieved the required objectives.

There is difficulty in predicting how many sites will require auditing in future years, so we will also hold reviews after 1 and 3 years of auditing to assess whether the requirements of auditing have changed and review the terms of auditing with the selected auditing body.

<u>Timescale</u>

Title	Description	Date
Scheme set-up	IT systems prepared to record output of audits. Start of contract with auditing body. Staff available to audit plants. Plan in place for actions to be taken if a site fails an audit.	January 2022
First audit at all sites	Auditing party has carried out at least one visit to all relevant UK sites and findings are recorded	December 2023
Review	After a period of approximately one year, the scheme will be assessed for effectiveness.	January 2023
Audits completed for full year	Auditing party has carried out a full audit, including any follow-up audits, of all relevant UK sites and the findings are recorded	January 2023
Review	After a period of approximately three years, the scheme will be assessed for effectiveness.	January 2025
End Point	After 5 years of audits the scheme will be reviewed, and further actions considered	January 2027

Schedule 3 (Charges)

1. How Charges are calculated

- 1.1 The Charges:
 - 1.1.1 shall be calculated in accordance with the terms of this Schedule;
 - 1.1.2 cannot be increased except as specifically permitted by this Schedule and in particular shall only be subject to Indexation where specifically stated in the Award Form; and]
- 1.2 Any variation to the Charges payable under a Contract must be agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer and implemented using the procedure set out in this Schedule.

2. The pricing mechanisms

2.1 The pricing mechanisms and prices set out in Annex 1 shall be available for use in calculation of Charges in the Contract.

3. Are costs and expenses included in the Charges

- 3.1 Except as expressly set out in Paragraph 4 below, or otherwise stated in the Award Form the Charges shall include all costs and expenses relating to the provision of Deliverables. No further amounts shall be payable in respect of matters such as:
 - 3.1.1 incidental expenses such as travel, subsistence and lodging, document or report reproduction, shipping, desktop or office equipment costs, network or data interchange costs or other telecommunications charges; or
 - 3.1.2 costs incurred prior to the commencement of the Contract.

4. When you will be reimbursed for travel and subsistence

- 4.1 Expenses shall only be recoverable where:
 - 4.1.1 the Time and Materials pricing mechanism is used; and
 - 4.1.2 the Award Form states that recovery is permitted; and
 - 4.1.3 they are Reimbursable Expenses and are supported by Supporting Documentation.
- 4.2 The Buyers expenses policy is as set out in the table below:

Expenses	Reimbursement		
Rail travel	Standard class		
Mileage	£0.45 per mile for the first 10,000 miles in a financial year		
	£0.25 per mile for any mileage in excess of 10,000 miles in a financial year		
Overnight hotel	Up to £85 per night outside London		
accommodation	Up to £130 per night in London		
Subsistence	Up to a maximum of £21 for a 24-hour period		

Annex 1: Rates and Prices

Tender Reference	FS 430412	
Tender Title	Auditing of Plastic Recyclers (Food Contact Materials)	
Full legal organisation name	SGS United Kingdom Limited	
Project Costs Summary Breakdown by Participating Organisations		
Please include only the cos		



Staff Costs Table	
Consumable/Equipment Costs	1
Consumable/Equipment Costs	
Travel and Subsistence Costs	
Fixed / Set Up Cost	

The Pricing Schedule



Summary of Payments	

Schedule 4 (Tender)

Tender Application form for a project with the Food Standards Agency



- · Applicants should complete each part of this application as fully and as clearly as possible
- · Brief instructions are given in the grey boxes at the start of each section.
- Please submit the application through the Agency's eSourcing Portal (Bravo) by the deadline set in the invitation to tender document.



TENDER SUMMARY

TENDER TITLE

Auditing of Plastic Recyclers (Food Contact Materials)

TENDER REFERENCE FS 430412

PROPOSED START DATE 01/01/2022 PROPOSED END DATE 01/01/2027

1: TENDER SUMMARY AND OBJECTIVES

A. TENDER SUMMARY

Please give a brief summary of the proposed work in no more than 400 words.

This submission has been developed in response to a request from The FSA to work with an external party with the expertise and credentials to provide an audit programme of recycling plants in the UK where recycled plastic will be placed on the market for use in food contact applications.

The European Commission is expected to publish recycling processes for polyethylene terephthalate (PET) plastics used in food contact materials. Consequently, the FSA has a requirement to conduct annual audits of the 9 sites across England and Scotland that will use these 'Positive List' processes.

SGS is a UKAS accredited Certification Body and we will use our significant experience of creating customised audits to design a bespoke audit. SGS will use a Quality Management System approach to audit the sites' operations against the published processes to verify compliance with the specific conditions in the authorisation decision. An audit process and form will be designed around the key fields specified by the FSA including:

- Site information
- Documentation
- Processes used
- Procedures
- Output applications

- Input characterisation
- · Critical decontamination steps
- Checks that the scientific process are followed
- decontamination efficiency
- · Assessment against criteria required by scientific opinion
- · Any other data required for the process being assessed.

Each audit will conclude with a review with the site staff, explaining the results and highlighting good practice, any areas of concern and failure. A return visit will be scheduled for any failures within 28 days. The audit reports for each site will include confirming that the defined process is operating within the parameters specified in its authorisation decision and that an effective quality assurance system is in place. It is understood that monitoring data may also be required by the Commission to further assess the decontamination efficiency of the process.

SGS will liaise regularly with the FSA, sending the reports within 10 working days of the audit.

A comprehensive project management approach will be used to conduct the project including resource, risk and data management processes

Data management and security are important considerations for this project and SGS has stringent processes and guidelines to ensure data integrity, security and to restrict access to essential personnel only.

The project will start in January 2022 with the first audits of each site completed with 12 months. The project can be adapted and expanded to cover additional sites and processes as required.

OBJECTIVES

Please detail how your proposed work can assist the agency in meeting it stated objectives and policy needs. Please number the objectives and add a short description. Please add more lines as necessary.

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OBJECTIVE NUMBER	OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION	
1	Design a programme of audits for specified recycling processes at identified recycling sites (9 sites currently identified), where the resulting recycled plastic will be placed on the EU and UK markets. The audits will be used to ensure the safety of the recycled material for new food contact applications.	
2	Deliver first site audits, initially annually. Subsequent audit frequency based on the audit findings.	
3	Delivery of a final audit report for each site, within 10 days working days of the audit.	
4	Deliver follow-up audits as required to close out non-conformities within 28 days of the audit.	
5	Review meetings to discuss progress of the audit programme and cover recommendations for improvements, any changes to the audit scope and additional sites.	

2: DESCRIPTION OF APPROACH/SCOPE OF WORK

A. APPROACH/SCOPE OF WORK

Please describe how you will meet our specification and summarise how you will deliver your solution. You must explain the approach for the proposed work. Describe and justify the approach, methodology and study design, where applicable, that will be used to address the specific requirements and realise the objectives outlined above. Where relevant (e.g. for an analytical survey), please also provide details of the sampling plan.

SGS has conducted many customised audit schemes from design to implementation and certification. SGS conducts audits in multiple industries and settings including production plants, offices, retail and education.

We have a dedicated business specialising in UKAS accredited certification schemes such as ISO 9001 for Quality Management, ISO 14001 for Environmental Management and ISO 45001 for Health & Safety Management. This experience will be used to create a customised audit programme for plastic recycling plants.

The project will be delivered through three phases.

PHASE 1 – Audit Development PHASE 2 – Audit Planning PHASE 3 - Audit Programme

PHASE 1 - Audit Development

The scope of the audit programme will be confirmed in conjunction with The FSA food contact materials policy team undertaking the following steps.

Step 1 - Scoping Specifications

Kick off meeting with The FSA policy team to scope the specific requirements of the project and agree the expectations. These will be based on the requirements for recycled plastic auditing as set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2008. Specifically, Article 10 setting out the requirements for Official Control.

The scope of the audit programme will be confirmed in partnership with The FSA to set the minimum detail and evidence required to satisfactorily meet the requirements. This would also form the basis for the programme documents, including checklist and reporting structure, identifying the evidence and examples of working practices required to meet a specific control.

Consideration will be given to the IT solution that will be utilised for storing and disseminating audit information and we would discuss the best options with The FSA during this phase of the programme. We recommend using a dedicated file share site with controlled access

Step 2 - Development of Audit Tools

The audit programme will be operated within our standard Quality Management systems approach, which will be adapted to meet the specific needs of this project.

This includes several elements:

- · Setting of procedures and work instructions for the programme of work.
- Establishing an auditor competency framework.
- Initial guidance for all SGS administration staff Involved.
- Training and guidance for auditors including ongoing updates.
- Technical review of audit reports.
- Internal audit of back office and customer service activity.
- Complaints management system.
- Appeals.

This structured approach will ensure the audit programme is consistent throughout its delivery and meets the European Commission's conditions for operating PET process.

The reporting format and audit findings required for each recycler audit will be developed to include corrective actions, opportunities for improvement along with identifying best practices.

A select team of lead Quality Management System auditors with recycling sector experience will be assigned to the projects, maintaining consistency throughout the contract.

Each auditor will cover a geographical region around their base location, minimising travel requirements to the recycling sites.

The development phase of the programme will be 1 month from the kick-off meeting.

PHASE 2 - Audit Planning

The project auditors will be instructed on the project requirements in collaboration with the FSA.

SGS will schedule site visits with the recyclers, completing the first audits of all 9 sites within 2022. Each audit will be planned and scheduled with the company operating the recycling site when the plastic recycling process is in operation. Dates will be agreed at least one month in advance of the site audit. Once the audit has been confirmed an audit plan will be sent to the site's management representative detailing what will be covered during the audit, information that will be required, who is expected to participate and approximate timings. This will enable the site to adequately prepare for the audit.

Annual audits of each site will be conducted over a 5-year period. Additional recycling sites can be added as required. SGS has the capacity to adjust the auditor resource to meet the requirements of the audit programme in both volume and geographical location. SGS will provide The FSA with regular updates on scheduling of the audits and share details of the dates booked.

PHASE 3 - Audit Programme

All the audits will follow a set structure for each recycling site. Each site audit will be 2 days with a further half a day allocated for report writing.

All will include:

- Opening meeting
- Document review
- Site tour
- Witness working practices and processes
- Data verification
- Interview of management and staff
- Closing meeting

The site management team will receive a full review of the assessment findings at the closing meeting, giving an opportunity to discuss any corrective action required and the plan to address them. Opportunities for improvement and best practices observed will also be highlighted during the closing meeting.

A comprehensive audit report containing the details of the findings and a corrective action plan will be completed for each visit. The completed reports will be reviewed by the SGS Technical Lead before being sent to The FSA within 10 working days of the audit taking place. SGS will discuss the most appropriate way of securely sharing reports and monitoring data with the FSA. Our recommendation is through a password protected SharePoint site. Monitoring data from the recyclers obtained during the audit, if requested by the Commission (via the FSA) will be available within a timeframe of 48 hours.

Dependent on the results of the initial audit and the non-conformities found a follow audit will be scheduled with the site within 28 calendar days of the initial audit.

3: THE PROJECT PLAN AND DELIVERABLES

A. THE PLAN

Please provide a detailed project plan including, the tasks and sub-tasks required to realise the objectives (detailed in Part 1). The tasks should be numbered in the same way as the objectives and should be clearly linked to each of the objectives. Please also attach a flow chart illustrating the proposed plan.

Attached is a Gantt chart laying out a detail project with timelines for the development and delivery of the audit programme.

B. DELIVERABLES

Please outline the proposed project milestones and deliverables. Please provide a timetable of key dates or significant events for the project (for example fieldwork dates, dates for provision of research materials, draft and final reporting). Deliverables must be linked to the objectives.

For larger or more complex projects please insert as many deliverables /milestones as required.

Each deliverable should be:

- i. no more 100 characters in length
- self-explanatory
- iii. cross referenced with objective numbers i.e. deliverables for Objective 1 01/01, 01/02 Objective 2 02/01, 02/02 etc

Please insert additional rows to the table below as required.

A final deliverable pertaining to a retention fee of 20 % of the total value of the prosed work will automatically be calculated on the financial template.

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DELIVERABLE NUMBER OR MILESTONE IN ORDER OF EXPECTED	TARGET DATE	TITLE OF DELIVERABLE OR MILESTONE	
01/01	Jan 2022	Kick-off meeting to scope audit programme details	
01/02	Jan 2022	Development of Audit Tools - procedures, guidance, reports	
01/03	Jan 2022	Selection of auditor team	
02/01	Feb 2022	Audit planning - Scheduling of the site visits	
02/02	2022	Recycler site audits – 9 sites initially identified	
03/01	10 working days of audit	Audit Report – containing details of the findings and a corrective action plan	
04/01	28 days of initial audit	Follow-up audit to close out corrective actions taken.	
05/01	Jun 2022	Programme review meeting	

4: ORGANISATIONAL EXPERIENCE, EXPERTISE and STAFF EFFORT



5: PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Please fully describe how the project will be managed to ensure that objectives and deliverables will be achieved on time and on budget. Please describe how different organisations/staff will interact to deliver the desired outcomes.

Highlight any in-house or external accreditation for the project management system and how this relates to this project.

The project will be managed and delivered by SGS United Kingdom Ltd.

The dedicated Account Manager will act as primary liaison with The FSA food contact materials policy team to ensure the objectives and deliverables of the audit programme are managed and achieved. KPI's will be agreed and set with The FSA on the timing for carrying out the audits and follow-up audits and the reporting timescales

The Technical Lead will define and develop the technical audit specifications for the programme in co-operation with the Account Manager. They will be responsible for:

- Arrange audits according to the agreed plan
- Support and guide Auditors
- · Ensure consistency in reporting for individual recycling audits and across the whole programme
- Ensure reports are delivered to The FSA in the timescales and formats agreed
- Manage changes to contract if required and agreed
- Advise on opportunities for improvement in the process if appropriate
- Financial account management
- Attend periodic meetings to discuss findings and confirm the schedule for the audits
- Ensure programme performance meets expectations & set KPIs
- · Overall project performance review

KPIs will be agreed with the FSA and will include the following.

- · All sites to be audited at least once in each 12 month period
- . Re audits for site failures conducted within 28 days
- All completed audit forms reviewed and sent to the FSA within 10 working days of audit
- Auditors to arrive as scheduled and the audit completed as scheduled
- · Safety: No avoidable incidents. Lost time incidences and near misses kept to a minimum
- Complaints: Customer complaints kept to a minimum. Any received are handled in a subjective and timely manner
- Data security: Compliance with GDPR and customer's stipulations
- . Invoicing: Invoices should be accurate and submitted in a timely manner: first time invoices

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

In the table provided, please identify all relevant risks in delivering this project on time and to budget. Briefly outline what steps will be taken to minimise these risks and how they will be managed by the project team.

Please add more lines as required

Identified risk	Likelihood of risk (high, medium, low)	Impact of Risk (high, medium, low)	Risk management strategy
Severe delays with on-site audits resulting from Covid-19.	Medium	Medium	Carry out a remote audit, using agreed procedures. An onsite visit can be scheduled when restrictions are lifted. SGS has developed the ability to undertake assessments remotely. This methodology has been applied to many of the certification standards that SGS delivers. The methodology can be applied in situations where there will be long delays.
Covid-19 pandemic restriction on travel or working conditions	Medium	Low	Re-arrange dates for the site audit or follow-up audit; or arrange for a remote audit to be undertaken in consultation with the FSA. Where appropriate SGS would apply the remote methodology as described above.
Audit cancelation by site operator	Low	Low	The audit date would be re-scheduled and The FSA notified of date changes.
			By using a network of auditor qualified and trained to deliver the audit programme will allow for flexibility when re-scheduling site audits.
Appeal of the audit outcome	Low	Medium	Any appeal would follow the appeals process defined by The FSA and the SGS Quality Management policies. As an accredited audit body we have a fully documented appeals process that would be followed in this situation.
Unexpected incapacity of any member of the audit team	Low	Low	SGS have a network of qualified auditors for this programme of work. SGS have a national team of Quality Management System auditors supplemented by a pool of contracted auditors. This enables us to have flexibility when scheduling auditors and allows for contingency.

7. QUALITY MANAGEMENT

A. QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Please provide details of the measures that will be taken to manage and assure the quality of work. You should upload your Quality Assurance policy in the supporting documents section of your application.

This should include information on the quality assurance (QA) systems, which have been implemented or are planned, and should be appropriate to the work concerned. All QA systems and procedures should be clear and auditable, and may include compliance with internationally accepted quality standards specified in the ITT e.g. ISO 9001 and ISO17025.

Specific to science projects and where relevant, applicants must indicate whether they would comply with the <u>Joint Code of Practice</u> <u>for Research</u> (JCoPR). If applicants do not already fully comply with the JCoPR please provide a statement to this effect to provide an explanation of how these requirements will be met. The FSA reserves the right to audit projects against the code and other quality standards

The lead principle investigator is responsible for all work carried out in the project; (including work supplied by sub-contractors) and should therefore ensure that the project is carried out in accordance with the Joint Code of Practice

SGS is a Certification Body accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service) to conduct audits and certify organisations to multiple standards including:

- ISO 9001: 2015 Quality Management Systems (QMS)
- ISO 14001: 2015 Environmental Management Systems (EMS)
- ISO 22000: 2005* and ISO 22000: 2018* Food Safety Management Systems (FSMS)
- ISO 22301: 2012 and ISO 22301: 2019 Business Continuity Management Systems (BCMS)
- ISO/IEC 27001: 2013 Information Security Management Systems (ISMS)
- ISO 45001: 2018 and BS OHSAS 18001: 2007 Health and Safety Management Systems (HSMS)
- ISO 50001: 2011 and ISO 50001: 2018 Energy Management Systems (EnMS)
- ISO 55001: 2014 Asset Management Systems (AMS)

We also comply with and are audited against ISO 17021. As such, we maintain a full Quality Management System as the backbone of our business, where continual improvement is paramount in everything we do.

The programme for the auditing of Plastic Recyclers will be operated within our standard Quality Management Systems approach structured to meet the needs of this project.

This comprises several elements including:

- Setting of procedures and work instructions for the audit scheme.
- Establishing an Auditor Competency Framework.
- Introduction of initial and update training for all staff Involved.
- Detailed training for auditors including ongoing updates.
- Witness assessment regime for auditors
- Technical review of reports.
- Internal audit of back office and customer service activity.
- Complaints management system.
- Appeals.

Utilising this structured approach will enable the audit programme to be consistent throughout its delivery.

A copy of our Quality policy is attached with this submission.

A copy of SGS accreditation to the International Standard ISO/IEC 17021-1:2015 - Conformity assessment – Requirements for bodies providing audit and certification of management systems, is attached with this submission.

riease describe the edition issues of any involvement of people, numan samples, animal research of personal data in this part. In addition, please describe the ethical review and governance arrangements that would apply to the work done.

Applicants are reminded that, where appropriate, the need to obtain clearance for the proposed project from their local ethics committee. This is the responsibility of the project Lead Applicant. However, if a sub-contractor requires such clearance the project Lead Applicant should ensure that all relevant procedures have been followed. If there are no ethical issues please state this Integrity and ethical behaviour are at the core of what SGS brings to the marketplace. The Company takes its commitment to uphold these values extremely seriously, as they form the bedrock of our corporate culture. This commitment remains unwavering and grows stronger with each successive year.

Conducting audits and inspections requires independence and ensuring no conflicts of interest arise. SGS has rigorous procedures and policies to maintain ethical standards. Measures include comprehensive training and reviews for all staff, with auditors undergoing additional checks.

The Account Manager will quickly address any challenges of our audit findings and he will liaise with the FSA for further discussion. This will be an informal and swift response initially in acknowledgement of the challenge that is then firmed up in an email response and formalised via contract review meeting, particularly where there are any discrepancies between expected outputs and what SGS have delivered. SGS is a customer orientated business, but we also firmly believe that we have a duty of care to our clients to ensure we do not compromise the integrity or independence of our audits. SGS will always aim to ensure we are fair in our response to challenges and that we can evidence the rationale for any decisions. Any issues not resolved at the project level will be escalated within SGS. A full review will be conducted to ensure lessons learned are incorporated into all future projects.

The SGS Group has a compliance program, based on its Code of Integrity and Professional Conduct to ensure that the highest standards of integrity are applied to all its activities worldwide in accordance with international best practice. Every employee of the

SGS Group shall deal on behalf of the company with professionalism, honesty, integrity as well as high moral and ethical standards as provided in the Code. Such conduct shall be fair and transparent and be perceived to be as such by third parties.

Copies of our Ethics And Ethical Behaviour Policy and Code of Integrity are included with this submission.

C. DATA PROTECTION

Please identify any specific data protection issues for this project and how these will be managed. Please respond to any specific issues raised in the Specification document.

Please note that the successful Applicant will be expected to comply with the Data Protection Act (DPA) 1998 and ensure that any information collected, processed and transferred on behalf of the FSA, will be held and transferred securely.

In this part please provide details of the practices and systems which are in place for handling data securely including transmission between the field and head office and then to the FSA. Plans for how data will be deposited (i.e. within a community or institutional database/archive) and/or procedures for the destruction of physical and system data should also be included in this part (this is particularly relevant for survey data and personal data collected from clinical research trials). The project Lead Applicant will be responsible for ensuring that they and any sub-contractor who processes or handles information on behalf of the FSA are conducted securely.

SGS recognises the fundamental importance of data privacy and security and is committed to protecting the privacy of its customers. Our Client Privacy Notice demonstrates our commitment to GDPR compliance in handling customer data.

SGS has adopted an SGS Data Privacy Policy which sets out the company's commitments relating to privacy and the protection of personal data. This Policy mandates all affiliates and employees of the Group to uphold the following principles whenever SGS handles personal data:

- Collecting and using personal data fairly and lawfully. We strive to be transparent and open about the data we collect
 and only use it for the purposes that are known to the concerned individual
- Respecting individual rights and choices. We respect individual's decisions about the way their personal data is
 collected, treated and used by SGS and its affiliates. This includes the right to access, correct and remove data held by SGS
- Managing data responsibly. We know that the confidentiality and integrity of personal data is essential to maintain trust
 and we take adequate measures to protect personal data from the risks of unauthorised use or disclosure

SGS' Data Privacy Global Leader supported by a network of local Data Privacy Officers and experts throughout our businesses and regions ensures the implementation of and compliance with our privacy commitments across our organisation at a global level.

SGS will thereby ensure that all reasonable precautions are taken to ensure the security of and prevention of any corruption or loss, damage or destruction of the Personal Data. However, in the event FSA data has been accessed or obtained by an unauthorised person, SGS will immediately notify FSA of any such unauthorised access and will cooperate with FSA in taking any measures deemed necessary to mitigate against any such loss or unauthorised access.

SGS will provide an audit booking letter all recyclers selected for audit that will include a providing a privacy notice or a link to the FSA's privacy notice.

Copies of the following documents are included:

Client Privacy Notice Data Privacy Policy

D. SUSTAINABILITY

The Food Standards Agency is committed to improving sustainability in the management of operations. Please state what (if any) environmental certification you hold or briefly describe your current Environmental Management System (EMS)

At SGS, our sustainability approach is not just about reducing our carbon emissions, maintaining the highest professional standards and ensuring our employees can lead fulfilling working lives. We also seek to maximize the positive impacts our business has on society. Through all our services, we support trust and transparency in both business and the public sector. Our scale spreads this best practice throughout global value chains, while the passion of our employees keeps us focused on our local communities. In addition, many of our services are directly related to sustainability, such as environmental standards and product safety.

SGS recognises the high priority The Food Standards Agency places on environmental, social, safety and ethical issues and believes that SGS's key focus on sustainability throughout our business means that we are well placed to support The Food Standards Agency with its sustainability objectives.

We are committed to providing our stakeholders with a comprehensive account of sustainability at SGS within the wider context of our business performance. The SGS Corporate Sustainability Report 2020 assured by Deloitte SA provides a substantive account of our sustainability commitments, performance and management priorities.

2020 Corporate Sustainability Report

Our efforts in sustainability continue to be awarded and recognised by many leading global organisations including:

- · 2020 SGS was named industry leader by the Dow Jones Sustainability Index for the sixth year.
- 2019 SGS achieved top place on CDP's climate A list and was named supplier engagement leader.
- 2020 SGS received the RobecoSAM Gold Class Award for its excellent sustainability performance.
- SGS were included in the FTSE4Good Index for the third year.
- 2020 SGS received the platinum medal rating from Ecovadis that is given to companies scoring in the top 1% of their industry sector.
- 2020 SGS received a rating of AAA (on a scale of AAA CCC) in the MSCI ESG ratings assessment.

A copy of the SGS 2020 Corporate Sustainability Report is included.

E. DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION (Science Projects Only)

Where applicable please indicate how you intend to disseminate the results of this project, including written and verbal communication routes if appropriate. Applicants are advised to think carefully about how their research aligns with the FSA strategy, what is the impact that their research has on public health/ consumers—and decide how the results can best be communicated to the relevant and appropriate people and organisations in as cost-effective manner as possible. Please provide as much detail as possible on what will be delivered. Any costs associated with this must be documented in the Financial Template.

The applicant should describe plans for the dissemination of the results for the project team as a whole and for individual participants. Details should include anticipated numbers of publications in refereed journals, articles in trade journals etc., presentations or demonstrations to the scientific community, trade organisations and internal reports or publications. Plans to make any information and/or reports available on the internet with the FSA's permission are also useful, however, this does not remove the requirement for Tenderers to think how best to target the output to relevant groups.

If a final report is part of the requirement, please make sure, as part of the executive summary, that aims and results are clear to the general audience and that the impact of the research on public health/consumers and it's alignment to FSA priorities is clearly stated.

Please note that permission to publish or to present findings from work supported by the FSA must be sought in advance from the relevant FSA Project Officer. The financial support of the FSA must also be acknowledged.

Please indicate whether any Intellectual Property (IP) may be generated by this project and how this could be exploited. Please be aware the FSA retains all rights to the intellectual property generated by any contract and where appropriate may exploit the IP generated for the benefit of public health.

generated for the benefit of public health.

In this part Applicants should demonstrate the credibility of the partnership for exploitation of the results and explain the partnership's policy in respect of securing patents or granting licenses for the technology (if applicable). It should deal with any possible agreements between the partners to extend their co-operation in the exploitation phase and with relevant agreements with companies, in particular users, external to the partnership

Not Applicable

8. SOCIAL VALUE

Social value has a lasting impact on individuals, communities and the environment. Government has a huge opportunity and responsibility to maximise benefits effectively and comprehensively through its commercial activity. To be effective it is essential that the FSA consider social value at all stages of the procurement life cycle. In order to do this, we are applying the Government Commercial Functions social value model PPN 06/20 Procurement Policy Note - Taking account of social value in the award of government contracts.

In order to evaluate this, we ask that you answer the following:

FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE – Deliver additional environmental benefits in the performance of the contract including working towards net zero greenhouse gas emissions.

A model response should include activities that demonstrate and describe the tenderer's existing or planned:

Understanding of additional environmental benefits in the performance of the contract, including working towards net zero
greenhouse gas emissions.

Illustrative example: conducting pre-contract engagement activities with a diverse range of organisations in the market to support the delivery of additional environmental benefits in the performance of the contract.

- Collaborative way of working with the supply chain to deliver additional environmental benefits in the performance of the contract, including working towards net zero greenhouse gas emissions.
- Delivery of additional environmental benefits through the performance of the contract, including working towards net zero greenhouse gas emissions.

Illustrative examples:

- Enhancing the natural environment such as habitat creation, increasing biodiversity such as increased numbers of pollinators.
- o Green space creation in and around buildings in towns and cities, e.g. green walls, utilising roof tops for plants and pollinators.
- o Improving air quality.

At SGS our value to society is to enable a better, safer and more interconnected world. Our Sustainability Strategy is built on four pillars: Professional Excellence, People, Environment and Community.

Our commitment to achieving sustainable growth while managing our impact on the environment is expressed in our carbon neutrality strategy, the way we use resources and the work we do to deliver sustainable value for society. We also support our customers in improving their own environmental performance.

We have set science-based targets to ensure that we are cutting our emissions in line with limiting warming to below two degrees. We have been working hard to develop a new strategy that will push us further in areas of water and waste management. To help us strengthen our sustainability performance, we establish external partnerships and take part in initiatives, including:

- RF100
- Climate Neutral Now
- Science Based Targets initiatives

For this contract SGS will minimize travel and the associated energy requirements by using a pool of regionally based auditors. Most internal meetings were already conducted virtually previously to the COVID pandemic. Where possible SGS implements Blue Carbon type measures by landscaping areas around offices and sites. Collectively, these measures will reduce energy usage and improve air quality.

Details of the wider SGS commitment to sustainability are outlined in the Sustainability report, included in this tender, referenced to section 7D

Schedule 5 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

- 1. What is the Commercially Sensitive Information?
- 1.1 In this Schedule the Parties have sought to identify the Supplier's Confidential Information that is genuinely commercially sensitive and the disclosure of which would be the subject of an exemption under the FOIA and the EIRs.
- 1.2 Where possible, the Parties have sought to identify when any relevant Information will cease to fall into the category of Information to which this Schedule applies in the table below and in the Award Form (which shall be deemed incorporated into the table below).
- 1.3 Without prejudice to the Buyer's obligation to disclose Information in accordance with FOIA or Clause 16 (When you can share information), the Buyer will, in its sole discretion, acting reasonably, seek to apply the relevant exemption set out in the FOIA to the following Information:

No.	Date	Item(s)	Duration of Confidentiality
	[insert date]	[insert details]	[insert duration]

Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports)

(Not Applicable)

Schedule 13 (Contract Management)

1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Operational the board established in accordance with paragraph

Board" 4.1 of this Schedule:

"Project Manager" the manager appointed in accordance with

paragraph 2.1 of this Schedule;

2. Project Management

- 2.1 The Supplier and the Buyer shall each appoint a Project Manager for the purposes of this Contract through whom the provision of the Services and the Deliverables shall be managed day-to-day.
- 2.2 The Parties shall ensure that appropriate resource is made available on a regular basis such that the aims, objectives and specific provisions of this Contract can be fully realised.
- 2.3 Without prejudice to paragraph 4 below, the Parties agree to operate the boards specified as set out in the Annex to this Schedule.

3. Role of the Supplier Project Manager

- 3.1 The Supplier Project Manager shall be:
 - 3.1.1 the primary point of contact to receive communication from the Buyer and will also be the person primarily responsible for providing information to the Buyer;
 - 3.1.2 able to delegate his position to another person at the Supplier but must inform the Buyer before proceeding with the delegation and it will be delegated person's responsibility to fulfil the Project Manager's responsibilities and obligations;
 - 3.1.3 able to cancel any delegation and recommence the position himself; and
 - 3.1.4 replaced only after the Buyer has received notification of the proposed change.
- 3.2 The Buyer may provide revised instructions to the Supplier's Project Manager in regards to the Contract and it will be the Supplier Project Manager's responsibility to ensure the information is provided to the Supplier and the actions implemented.

3.3 Receipt of communication from the Supplier Project Manager by the Buyer does not absolve the Supplier from its responsibilities, obligations or liabilities under the Contract.

4. Role of The Operational Board

- 4.1 The Operational Board shall be established by the Buyer for the purposes of this Contract on which the Supplier and the Buyer shall be represented.
- 4.2 The Operational Board members, frequency and location of board meetings and planned start date by which the board shall be established are set out in Annex A to the Schedule.
- 4.3 In the event that either Party wishes to replace any of its appointed board members, that Party shall notify the other in writing for approval by the other Party (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed). Each Buyer board member shall have at all times a counterpart Supplier board member of equivalent seniority and expertise.
- 4.4 Each Party shall ensure that its board members shall make all reasonable efforts to attend board meetings at which that board member's attendance is required. If any board member is not able to attend a board meeting, that person shall use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that a delegate attends the Operational Board meeting in his/her place (wherever possible) and that the delegate is properly briefed and prepared and that he/she is debriefed by such delegate after the board meeting.
- 4.5 The purpose of the Operational Board meetings will be to review the Supplier's performance under this Contract. The agenda for each meeting shall be set by the Buyer and communicated to the Supplier in advance of that meeting.

5. Contract Risk Management

- 5.1 Both Parties shall pro-actively manage risks attributed to them under the terms of this Contract.
- 5.2 The Supplier shall develop, operate, maintain and amend, as agreed with the Buyer, processes for:
 - 5.2.1 the identification and management of risks;
 - 5.2.2 the identification and management of issues; and
 - 5.2.3 monitoring and controlling project plans.
- 5.3 The Supplier allows the Buyer to inspect at any time within working hours the accounts and records which the Supplier is required to keep.
- 5.4 The Supplier will maintain a risk register of the risks relating to the Contract which the Buyer and the Supplier have identified.

Schedule 16 (Security)

Part A: Short Form Security Requirements

1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Breach of Security"

the occurrence of:

- a) any unauthorised access to or use of the Deliverables, the Sites and/or any Information and Communication Technology ("ICT"), information or data (including the Confidential Information and the Government Data) used by the Buyer and/or the Supplier in connection with this Contract; and/or
- b) the loss and/or unauthorised disclosure of any information or data (including the Confidential Information and the Government Data), including any copies of such information or data, used by the Buyer and/or the Supplier in connection with this Contract,

in either case as more particularly set out in the Security Policy where the Buyer has required compliance therewith in accordance with paragraph 2.2;

"Security Management Plan"

the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to this Schedule, a draft of which has been provided by the Supplier to the Buyer and as updated from time to time.

2. Complying with security requirements and updates to them

- 2.1 The Supplier shall comply with the requirements in this Schedule in respect of the Security Management Plan. Where specified by a Buyer it shall also comply with the Security Policy and shall ensure that the Security Management Plan produced by the Supplier fully complies with the Security Policy.
- 2.2 Where the Security Policy applies the Buyer shall notify the Supplier of any changes or proposed changes to the Security Policy.
- 2.3 If the Supplier believes that a change or proposed change to the Security Policy will have a material and unavoidable cost implication to the provision of the Deliverables it may propose a Variation to the Buyer. In doing so, the Supplier must support its request by providing evidence of the cause of any increased costs and the steps that it has taken to mitigate those costs. Any change to the Charges shall be subject to the Variation Procedure.

2.4 Until and/or unless a change to the Charges is agreed by the Buyer pursuant to the Variation Procedure the Supplier shall continue to provide the Deliverables in accordance with its existing obligations.

3. Security Standards

- 3.1 The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer places great emphasis on the reliability of the performance of the Deliverables, confidentiality, integrity and availability of information and consequently on security.
- 3.2 The Supplier shall be responsible for the effective performance of its security obligations and shall at all times provide a level of security which:
 - 3.2.1 is in accordance with the Law and this Contract;
 - 3.2.2 as a minimum demonstrates Good Industry Practice;
 - 3.2.3 meets any specific security threats of immediate relevance to the Deliverables and/or the Government Data; and
 - 3.2.4 where specified by the Buyer in accordance with paragraph 2.2 complies with the Security Policy and the ICT Policy.
- 3.3 The references to standards, guidance and policies contained or set out in Paragraph 3.2 shall be deemed to be references to such items as developed and updated and to any successor to or replacement for such standards, guidance and policies, as notified to the Supplier from time to time.
- 3.4 In the event of any inconsistency in the provisions of the above standards, guidance and policies, the Supplier should notify the Buyer's Representative of such inconsistency immediately upon becoming aware of the same, and the Buyer's Representative shall, as soon as practicable, advise the Supplier which provision the Supplier shall be required to comply with.

4. Security Management Plan

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 The Supplier shall develop and maintain a Security Management Plan in accordance with this Schedule. The Supplier shall thereafter comply with its obligations set out in the Security Management Plan.

4.2 Content of the Security Management Plan

- 4.2.1 The Security Management Plan shall:
 - (a) comply with the principles of security set out in Paragraph 3 and any other provisions of this Contract relevant to security;
 - (b) identify the necessary delegated organisational roles for those responsible for ensuring it is complied with by the Supplier;
 - (c) detail the process for managing any security risks from Subcontractors and third parties authorised by the Buyer with access to the Deliverables, processes associated with the provision of the Deliverables, the Buyer Premises, the Sites and any ICT, Information and data (including the Buyer's Confidential Information

- and the Government Data) and any system that could directly or indirectly have an impact on that Information, data and/or the Deliverables:
- (d) be developed to protect all aspects of the Deliverables and all processes associated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the Buyer Premises, the Sites, and any ICT, Information and data (including the Buyer's Confidential Information and the Government Data) to the extent used by the Buyer or the Supplier in connection with this Contract or in connection with any system that could directly or indirectly have an impact on that Information, data and/or the Deliverables;
- (e) set out the security measures to be implemented and maintained by the Supplier in relation to all aspects of the Deliverables and all processes associated with the provision of the Goods and/or Services and shall at all times comply with and specify security measures and procedures which are sufficient to ensure that the Deliverables comply with the provisions of this Contract;
- (f) set out the plans for transitioning all security arrangements and responsibilities for the Supplier to meet the full obligations of the security requirements set out in this Contract and, where necessary in accordance with paragraph 2.2 the Security Policy; and
- (g) be written in plain English in language which is readily comprehensible to the staff of the Supplier and the Buyer engaged in the provision of the Deliverables and shall only reference documents which are in the possession of the Parties or whose location is otherwise specified in this Schedule.

4.3 Development of the Security Management Plan

- 4.3.1 Within twenty (20) Working Days after the Start Date and in accordance with Paragraph 4.4, the Supplier shall prepare and deliver to the Buyer for Approval a fully complete and up to date Security Management Plan which will be based on the draft Security Management Plan.
- 4.3.2 If the Security Management Plan submitted to the Buyer in accordance with Paragraph 4.3.1, or any subsequent revision to it in accordance with Paragraph 4.4, is Approved it will be adopted immediately and will replace the previous version of the Security Management Plan and thereafter operated and maintained in accordance with this Schedule. If the Security Management Plan is not Approved, the Supplier shall amend it within ten (10) Working Days of a notice of non-approval from the Buyer and re-submit to the Buyer for Approval. The Parties will use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that the approval process takes as little time as possible and in any event no longer than fifteen (15) Working Days from the date of its first submission to the Buyer. If the Buyer does not approve the Security Management Plan following its resubmission, the matter will be resolved in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure.

- 4.3.3 The Buyer shall not unreasonably withhold or delay its decision to Approve or not the Security Management Plan pursuant to Paragraph 4.3.2. However a refusal by the Buyer to Approve the Security Management Plan on the grounds that it does not comply with the requirements set out in Paragraph 4.2 shall be deemed to be reasonable.
- 4.3.4 Approval by the Buyer of the Security Management Plan pursuant to Paragraph 4.3.2 or of any change to the Security Management Plan in accordance with Paragraph 4.4 shall not relieve the Supplier of its obligations under this Schedule.

4.4 Amendment of the Security Management Plan

- 4.4.1 The Security Management Plan shall be fully reviewed and updated by the Supplier at least annually to reflect:
 - (a) emerging changes in Good Industry Practice;
 - (b) any change or proposed change to the Deliverables and/or associated processes;
 - (c) where necessary in accordance with paragraph 2.2, any change to the Security Policy;
 - (d) any new perceived or changed security threats; and
 - (e) any reasonable change in requirements requested by the Buyer.
- 4.4.2 The Supplier shall provide the Buyer with the results of such reviews as soon as reasonably practicable after their completion and amendment of the Security Management Plan at no additional cost to the Buyer. The results of the review shall include, without limitation:
 - (a) suggested improvements to the effectiveness of the Security Management Plan;
 - (b) updates to the risk assessments; and
 - (c) suggested improvements in measuring the effectiveness of controls.
- 4.4.3 Subject to Paragraph 4.4.4, any change or amendment which the Supplier proposes to make to the Security Management Plan (as a result of a review carried out in accordance with Paragraph 4.4.1, a request by the Buyer or otherwise) shall be subject to the Variation Procedure.
- 4.4.4 The Buyer may, acting reasonably, Approve and require changes or amendments to the Security Management Plan to be implemented on timescales faster than set out in the Variation Procedure but, without prejudice to their effectiveness, all such changes and amendments shall thereafter be subject to the Variation Procedure for the purposes of formalising and documenting the relevant change or amendment.

5. Security breach

- 5.1 Either Party shall notify the other in accordance with the agreed security incident management process (as detailed in the Security Management Plan) upon becoming aware of any Breach of Security or any potential or attempted Breach of Security.
- 5.2Without prejudice to the security incident management process, upon becoming aware of any of the circumstances referred to in Paragraph 5.1, the Supplier shall:
- 5.2.1 immediately take all reasonable steps (which shall include any action or changes reasonably required by the Buyer) necessary to:
 - (a) minimise the extent of actual or potential harm caused by any Breach of Security;
 - (b) remedy such Breach of Security to the extent possible and protect the integrity of the Buyer and the provision of the Goods and/or Services to the extent within its control against any such Breach of Security or attempted Breach of Security;
 - (c) prevent an equivalent breach in the future exploiting the same cause failure; and
 - (d) as soon as reasonably practicable provide to the Buyer, where the Buyer so requests, full details (using the reporting mechanism defined by the Security Management Plan) of the Breach of Security or attempted Breach of Security, including a cause analysis where required by the Buyer.
 - 5.3 In the event that any action is taken in response to a Breach of Security or potential or attempted Breach of Security that demonstrates non-compliance of the Security Management Plan with the Security Policy (where relevant in accordance with paragraph 2.2) or the requirements of this Schedule, then any required change to the Security Management Plan shall be at no cost to the Buyer.

Schedule 20 (Processing Data)

Status of the Controller

- 1. The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the nature of the activity carried out by each of them in relation to their respective obligations under a Contract dictates the status of each party under the DPA. A Party may act as:
- (a) "Controller" in respect of the other Party who is "Processor";
- (b) "Processor" in respect of the other Party who is "Controller";
- (c) "Joint Controller" with the other Party;
- (d) "Independent Controller" of the Personal Data where the other Party is also "Controller",

in respect of certain Personal Data under a Contract and shall specify in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) which scenario they think shall apply in each situation.

Where one Party is Controller and the other Party its Processor

- 2. Where a Party is a Processor, the only Processing that it is authorised to do is listed in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) by the Controller.
- 3. The Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if it considers that any of the Controller's instructions infringe the Data Protection Legislation.
- 4. The Processor shall provide all reasonable assistance to the Controller in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment prior to commencing any Processing. Such assistance may, at the discretion of the Controller, include:
- (a) a systematic description of the envisaged Processing and the purpose of the Processing;
- (b) an assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the Processing in relation to the Services;
- (c) an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects; and
- (d) the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of Personal Data.
- 5. The Processor shall, in relation to any Personal Data Processed in connection with its obligations under the Contract:
- (a) Process that Personal Data only in accordance with Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*), unless the Processor is required to do otherwise by Law. If it is

- so required the Processor shall notify the Controller before Processing the Personal Data unless prohibited by Law;
- (b) ensure that it has in place Protective Measures, including in the case of the Supplier the measures set out in Clause 14.3 of the Core Terms, which the Controller may reasonably reject (but failure to reject shall not amount to approval by the Controller of the adequacy of the Protective Measures) having taken account of the:
 - (i) nature of the data to be protected;
 - (ii) harm that might result from a Personal Data Breach;
 - (iii) state of technological development; and
 - (iv) cost of implementing any measures;
- (c) ensure that:
 - (i) the Processor Personnel do not Process Personal Data except in accordance with the Contract (and in particular Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*));
 - (ii) it takes all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Processor Personnel who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
 - (A) are aware of and comply with the Processor's duties under this Schedule 20, Clauses 14 (*Data protection*), 15 (*What you must keep confidential*) and 16 (*When you can share information*);
 - (B) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Processor or any Subprocessor;
 - (C) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not publish, disclose or divulge any of the Personal Data to any third party unless directed in writing to do so by the Controller or as otherwise permitted by the Contract; and
 - (D) have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data;
- (d) not transfer Personal Data outside of the EU unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - (i) the Controller or the Processor has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer (whether in accordance with GDPR Article 46 or LED Article 37) as determined by the Controller;
 - (ii) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;
 - (iii) the Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the Controller in meeting its obligations); and

- (iv) the Processor complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the Controller with respect to the Processing of the Personal Data; and
- (e) at the written direction of the Controller, delete or return Personal Data (and any copies of it) to the Controller on termination of the Contract unless the Processor is required by Law to retain the Personal Data.
- 6. Subject to paragraph 7 of this Schedule 20, the Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if in relation to it Processing Personal Data under or in connection with the Contract it:
- (a) receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);
- (b) receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
- (c) receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
- (d) receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data Processed under the Contract;
- (e) receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with such request is required or purported to be required by Law; or
- (f) becomes aware of a Personal Data Breach.
- 7. The Processor's obligation to notify under paragraph 6 of this Schedule 20 shall include the provision of further information to the Controller, as details become available.
- 8. Taking into account the nature of the Processing, the Processor shall provide the Controller with assistance in relation to either Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under paragraph 6 of this Schedule 20 (and insofar as possible within the timescales reasonably required by the Controller) including by immediately providing:
- (a) the Controller with full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
- (b) such assistance as is reasonably requested by the Controller to enable it to comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales set out in the Data Protection Legislation;
- (c) the Controller, at its request, with any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject;
- (d) assistance as requested by the Controller following any Personal Data Breach; and/or
- (e) assistance as requested by the Controller with respect to any request from the Information Commissioner's Office, or any consultation by the Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office.

- 9. The Processor shall maintain complete and accurate records and information to demonstrate its compliance with this Schedule 20. This requirement does not apply where the Processor employs fewer than 250 staff, unless:
- (a) the Controller determines that the Processing is not occasional;
- (b) the Controller determines the Processing includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the GDPR; or
- (c) the Controller determines that the Processing is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 10. The Processor shall allow for audits of its Data Processing activity by the Controller or the Controller's designated auditor.
- 11. The Parties shall designate a Data Protection Officer if required by the Data Protection Legislation.
- 12. Before allowing any Subprocessor to Process any Personal Data related to the Contract, the Processor must:
- (a) notify the Controller in writing of the intended Subprocessor and Processing;
- (b) obtain the written consent of the Controller;
- (c) enter into a written agreement with the Subprocessor which give effect to the terms set out in this Schedule 20 such that they apply to the Subprocessor; and
- (d) provide the Controller with such information regarding the Subprocessor as the Controller may reasonably require.
- 13. The Processor shall remain fully liable for all acts or omissions of any of its Subprocessors.
- 14. The Buyer may, at any time on not less than 30 Working Days' notice, revise this Schedule 20 by replacing it with any applicable controller to processor standard clauses or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme (which shall apply when incorporated by attachment to the Contract).
- 15. The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The Buyer may on not less than 30 Working Days' notice to the Supplier amend the Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

Where the Parties are Joint Controllers of Personal Data

16. In the event that the Parties are Joint Controllers in respect of Personal Data under the Contract, the Parties shall implement paragraphs that are necessary to comply with GDPR Article 26 based on the terms set out in Annex 2 to this Schedule 20 (*Processing Data*).

Independent Controllers of Personal Data

- 17. With respect to Personal Data provided by one Party to another Party for which each Party acts as Controller but which is not under the Joint Control of the Parties, each Party undertakes to comply with the applicable Data Protection Legislation in respect of their Processing of such Personal Data as Controller.
- 18. Each Party shall Process the Personal Data in compliance with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and not do anything to cause the other Party to be in breach of it.
- 19. Where a Party has provided Personal Data to the other Party in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Schedule 20 above, the recipient of the Personal Data will provide all such relevant documents and information relating to its data protection policies and procedures as the other Party may reasonably require.
- 20. The Parties shall be responsible for their own compliance with Articles 13 and 14 GDPR in respect of the Processing of Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract.
- 21. The Parties shall only provide Personal Data to each other:
- (a) to the extent necessary to perform their respective obligations under the Contract;
- (b) in compliance with the Data Protection Legislation (including by ensuring all required data privacy information has been given to affected Data Subjects to meet the requirements of Articles 13 and 14 of the GDPR); and
- (c) where it has recorded it in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 22. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of Processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, each Party shall, with respect to its Processing of Personal Data as Independent Controller, implement and maintain appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to that risk, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the GDPR, and the measures shall, at a minimum, comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Legislation, including Article 32 of the GDPR.
- 23. A Party Processing Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract shall maintain a record of its Processing activities in accordance with Article 30 GDPR and shall make the record available to the other Party upon reasonable request.
- 24. Where a Party receives a request by any Data Subject to exercise any of their rights under the Data Protection Legislation in relation to the Personal Data provided to it by the other Party pursuant to the Contract ("Request Recipient"):

- (a) the other Party shall provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the Request Recipient to help it respond to the request or correspondence, at the cost of the Request Recipient; or
- (b) where the request or correspondence is directed to the other Party and/or relates to that other Party's Processing of the Personal Data, the Request Recipient will:
 - (i) promptly, and in any event within five (5) Working Days of receipt of the request or correspondence, inform the other Party that it has received the same and shall forward such request or correspondence to the other Party; and
 - (ii) provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the other Party to help it respond to the request or correspondence in the timeframes specified by Data Protection Legislation.
- 25. Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party upon it becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach relating to Personal Data provided by the other Party pursuant to the Contract and shall:
- (a) do all such things as reasonably necessary to assist the other Party in mitigating the effects of the Personal Data Breach:
- (b) implement any measures necessary to restore the security of any compromised Personal Data;
- (c) work with the other Party to make any required notifications to the Information Commissioner's Office and affected Data Subjects in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation (including the timeframes set out therein); and
- (d) not do anything which may damage the reputation of the other Party or that Party's relationship with the relevant Data Subjects, save as required by Law.
- 26. Personal Data provided by one Party to the other Party may be used exclusively to exercise rights and obligations under the Contract as specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 27. Personal Data shall not be retained or processed for longer than is necessary to perform each Party's respective obligations under the Contract which is specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 28. Notwithstanding the general application of paragraphs 2 to 15 of this Schedule 20 to Personal Data, where the Supplier is required to exercise its regulatory and/or legal obligations in respect of Personal Data, it shall act as an Independent Controller of Personal Data in accordance with paragraphs16 to 27 of this Schedule 20.

Annex 1 - Processing Personal Data

This Annex shall be completed by the Controller, who may take account of the view of the Processors, however the final decision as to the content of this Annex shall be with the Buyer at its absolute discretion.

- 1.1 The contact details of the Buyer's Data Protection Officer are:
- 1.2 The contact details of the Supplier's Data Protection Officer are:
- 1.3 The Processor shall comply with any further written instructions with respect to Processing by the Controller.
- 1.4 Any such further instructions shall be incorporated into this Annex.

Description	Details
Identity of Controller for each Category of Personal Data	The Buyer is Controller and the Supplier is Processor The Parties acknowledge that in accordance with paragraph 2 to paragraph 15 and for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the Buyer is the Controller and the Supplier is the Processor of the following Personal Data: • [Insert] the scope of Personal Data which the purposes and means of the Processing by the Supplier is determined by the Buyer] The Supplier is Controller and the Buyer is Processor The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data
	Protection Legislation, the Supplier is the Controller and the Buyer is the Processor in accordance with paragraph 2 to paragraph 15 of the following Personal Data: • [Insert] the scope of Personal Data which the purposes and means of the Processing by the Buyer is determined by the
	The Parties are Joint Controllers The Parties acknowledge that they are Joint Controllers for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation in respect of:

[Insert the scope of Personal Data which the purposes and means of the Processing is determined by the both Parties together] The Parties are Independent Controllers of Personal Data The Parties acknowledge that they are Independent Controllers for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation in respect of: • Business contact details of Supplier Personnel for which the Supplier is the Controller, Business contact details of any directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of Buyer (excluding the Supplier Personnel) engaged in the performance of the Buyer's duties under the Contract) for which the Buyer is the Controller. [Insert] the scope of other Personal Data provided by one Party who is Controller to the other Party who will separately determine the nature and purposes of its Processing the Personal Data on receipt e.g. where (1) the Supplier has professional or regulatory obligations in respect of Personal Data received, (2) a standardised service is such that the Buyer cannot dictate the way in which Personal Data is processed by the Supplier, or (3) where the Supplier comes to the transaction with Personal Data for which it is already Controller for use by the Buyer] [Guidance where multiple relationships have been identified above, please address the below rows in the table for in respect of each relationship identified] Duration of the **[INSERT]** Clearly set out the duration of the Processing including Processing dates] Nature and **[INSERT]** Please be as specific as possible, but make sure that you purposes of the cover all intended purposes. Processing The nature of the Processing means any operation such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction of data (whether or not by automated means) etc.

	The purpose might include: employment processing, statutory obligation, recruitment assessment etc]
Type of Personal Data	[INSERT] Examples here include: name, address, date of birth, NI number, telephone number, pay, images, biometric data etc]
Categories of Data Subject	[INSERT Examples include: Staff (including volunteers, agents, and temporary workers), customers/ clients, suppliers, patients, students / pupils, members of the public, users of a particular website etc]
Plan for return and destruction of the data once the Processing is complete	[INSERT] Describe how long the data will be retained for, how it be returned or destroyed]
UNLESS requirement under Union or Member State law to preserve that type of data	

Schedule 21 (Variation Form)

This form is to be used in order to change a contract in accordance with Clause 24 of the Core Terms (Changing the Contract)

	Contract Details				
This variation is	[Buyer] ("the Buyer")				
between:	And				
	[insert name of Supplier] ("the Supplier")				
Contract name:	[insert name of contract to be changed] ("the Contract")				
Contract reference number:	[insert contract reference number]				
Details of Proposed Variation					
Variation initiated by:	[delete as applicable: Buyer/Supplier]				
Variation number:	[insert variation number]				
Date variation is raised:	[insert date]				
Proposed variation					
Reason for the variation:	[insert reason]				
An Impact Assessment shall be provided within:	[insert number] days				
Impact of Variation					
Likely impact of the proposed variation:	[Supplier to insert assessment of impact]				
Outcome of Variation					
Contract variation:	This Contract detailed above is varied as follows:				
[Buyer to insert original Clauses or P to be varied and the changed clause]					
Financial variation:	Original Contract Value:	£ [insert amount]			
	Additional cost due to variation:	£ [insert amount]			
	New Contract value:	£ [insert amount]			

- 1. This Variation must be agreed and signed by both Parties to the Contract and shall only be effective from the date it is signed by the Buyer
- 2. Words and expressions in this Variation shall have the meanings given to them in the Contract.
- 3. The Contract, including any previous Variations, shall remain effective and unaltered except as amended by this Variation.

Signed by an authori Signature	ised signatory for and on behalf of the Buyer
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	
Signed by an authori	ised signatory to sign for and on behalf of the Supplier
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	

Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements)

1. The insurance you need to have

1.1 The Supplier shall take out and maintain or procure the taking out and maintenance of the insurances as set out in the Annex to this Schedule and any other insurances as may be required by applicable Law (together the "Insurances"). The Supplier shall ensure that each of the Insurances is effective no later than

the Start Date in respect of those Insurances set out in the Annex to this Schedule and those required by applicable Law; and

1.2 The Insurances shall be:

- 1.2.1 maintained in accordance with Good Industry Practice;
- 1.2.2 (so far as is reasonably practicable) on terms no less favourable than those generally available to a prudent contractor in respect of risks insured in the international insurance market from time to time:
- 1.2.3 taken out and maintained with insurers of good financial standing and good repute in the international insurance market; and
- 1.2.4 maintained for at least six (6) years after the End Date.
- 1.3 The Supplier shall ensure that the public and products liability policy contain an indemnity to principals clause under which the Buyer shall be indemnified in respect of claims made against the Buyer in respect of death or bodily injury or third party property damage arising out of or in connection with the Deliverables and for which the Supplier is legally liable.

2. How to manage the insurance

- 2.1 Without limiting the other provisions of this Contract, the Supplier shall:
 - 2.1.1 take or procure the taking of all reasonable risk management and risk control measures in relation to Deliverables as it would be reasonable to expect of a prudent contractor acting in accordance with Good Industry Practice, including the investigation and reports of relevant claims to insurers;
 - 2.1.2 promptly notify the insurers in writing of any relevant material fact under any Insurances of which the Supplier is or becomes aware; and
 - 2.1.3 hold all policies in respect of the Insurances and cause any insurance broker effecting the Insurances to hold any insurance slips and other evidence of placing cover representing any of the Insurances to which it is a party.

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3. What happens if you aren't insured

- 3.1 The Supplier shall not take any action or fail to take any action or (insofar as is reasonably within its power) permit anything to occur in relation to it which would entitle any insurer to refuse to pay any claim under any of the Insurances.
- 3.2 Where the Supplier has failed to purchase or maintain any of the Insurances in full force and effect, the Buyer may elect (but shall not be obliged) following written notice to the Supplier to purchase the relevant Insurances and recover the reasonable premium and other reasonable costs incurred in connection therewith as a debt due from the Supplier.

4. Evidence of insurance you must provide

4.1 The Supplier shall upon the Start Date and within 15 Working Days after the renewal of each of the Insurances, provide evidence, in a form satisfactory to the Buyer, that the Insurances are in force and effect and meet in full the requirements of this Schedule.

5. Making sure you are insured to the required amount

5.1 The Supplier shall ensure that any Insurances which are stated to have a minimum limit "in the aggregate" are maintained at all times for the minimum limit of indemnity specified in this Contract and if any claims are made which do not relate to this Contract then the Supplier shall notify the Buyer and provide details of its proposed solution for maintaining the minimum limit of indemnity.

6. Cancelled Insurance

- 6.1 The Supplier shall notify the Buyer in writing at least five (5) Working Days prior to the cancellation, suspension, termination or non-renewal of any of the Insurances.
- 6.2 The Supplier shall ensure that nothing is done which would entitle the relevant insurer to cancel, rescind or suspend any insurance or cover, or to treat any insurance, cover or claim as voided in whole or part. The Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to notify the Buyer (subject to third party confidentiality obligations) as soon as practicable when it becomes aware of any relevant fact, circumstance or matter which has caused, or is reasonably likely to provide grounds to, the relevant insurer to give notice to cancel, rescind, suspend or void any insurance, or any cover or claim under any insurance in whole or in part.

7. Insurance claims

7.1 The Supplier shall promptly notify to insurers any matter arising from, or in relation to, the Deliverables, or the Contract for which it may be entitled to claim under any of the Insurances. In the event that the Buyer receives a claim relating to or arising out of the Contract or the Deliverables, the Supplier shall co-operate

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with the Buyer and assist it in dealing with such claims including without limitation providing information and documentation in a timely manner.

- 7.2 Except where the Buyer is the claimant party, the Supplier shall give the Buyer notice within twenty (20) Working Days after any insurance claim in excess of 10% of the sum required to be insured pursuant to Paragraph 5.1 relating to or arising out of the provision of the Deliverables or this Contract on any of the Insurances or which, but for the application of the applicable policy excess, would be made on any of the Insurances and (if required by the Buyer) full details of the incident giving rise to the claim.
- 7.3 Where any Insurance requires payment of a premium, the Supplier shall be liable for and shall promptly pay such premium.
- 7.4 Where any Insurance is subject to an excess or deductible below which the indemnity from insurers is excluded, the Supplier shall be liable for such excess or deductible. The Supplier shall not be entitled to recover from the Buyer any sum paid by way of excess or deductible under the Insurances whether under the terms of this Contract or otherwise.

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ANNEX: REQUIRED INSURANCES

- **1.** The Supplier shall hold the following insurance cover from the Start Date in accordance with this Schedule:
 - 1.1 professional indemnity insurance with cover of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000);
 - 1.2 public liability insurance with cover of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000); and
 - 1.3 employers' liability insurance with cover (of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000).

Schedule 32 (Background Checks)

1. When you should use this Schedule

This Schedule should be used where Supplier Staff must be vetted before working on Contract.

2. Definitions

"Relevant Conviction" means any conviction listed in Annex 1 to this Schedule.

3. Relevant Convictions

- 3.1.1 The Supplier must ensure that no person who discloses that they have a Relevant Conviction, or a person who is found to have any Relevant Convictions (whether as a result of a police check or through the procedure of the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) or otherwise), is employed or engaged in any part of the provision of the Deliverables without Approval.
- 3.1.2 Notwithstanding Paragraph 3.1.1 for each member of Supplier Staff who, in providing the Deliverables, has, will have or is likely to have access to children, vulnerable persons or other members of the public to whom the Buyer owes a special duty of care, the Supplier must (and shall procure that the relevant Sub-Contractor must):
 - (a) carry out a check with the records held by the Department for Education (DfE);
 - (b) conduct thorough questioning regarding any Relevant Convictions; and
 - (c) ensure a police check is completed and such other checks as may be carried out through the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS),

and the Supplier shall not (and shall ensure that any Sub-Contractor shall not) engage or continue to employ in the provision of the Deliverables any person who has a Relevant Conviction or an inappropriate record.

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Annex 1 – Relevant Convictions

[Insert Relevant Convictions here]