



Refurbishment Survey

Survey Reference Number: X-01044RV1

Survey Date: 12 December 2017

Client Specified Areas

34 Sally Port
St Marys
Isles of Scilly
TR21 0JE



Report Authorised by

Name: Hadyn Veale

Signed:



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Section 1.0: Executive Summary

This report has been revised at the request of the client.

An Asbestos Refurbishment Survey was carried out in accordance with in-house asbestos surveying procedures and HSE guidance documentation *HSG 264: Asbestos: The Survey Guide* to client specified areas of 34 Sally Port.

The Survey was carried out by Allium Environmental Ltd on behalf of Currie & Brown on 12 December 2017.

The purpose of this survey was to locate as far as reasonably practicable the presence and extent of all suspected Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) in the building survey area which could be damaged or disturbed during planned refurbishment activities.

During the survey 2 samples were taken for analysis.

A Refurbishment Survey aims to locate all ACMs within the survey area. There is no requirement to assess the condition or 'Priority' information for management purposes. This is because it is presumed that all ACMs found will be removed as part of the planned refurbishment works. However, should any material remain in situ or if the related works are not undertaken then all ACMs identified should be re-assessed and managed in accordance with the recommended action set out in HSG 264 or CAR 2012. To manage the risk from ACMs, it is the Duty Holder's responsibility to keep and maintain an up-to-date record of the location, condition, maintenance and removal of all ACMs on the premises. If there is a risk of exposure due to the condition or location of the ACMs then they should be repaired, encapsulated and labelled, or removed. It is the responsibility of the Duty Holder to maintain ACMs in a good state of repair and regularly monitor the condition; the Duty Holder should inform anyone who is liable to disturb the ACMs about their location and condition.

Item No.	Room No. & Name	Asbestos Containing Product	Recommended Action	Risk
2	External	Cement Downpipe – Rainwater Goods	Remove if affected by proposed refurbishment works	Low
3	External	Cement Roof Tiles - Roof	Remove if affected by proposed refurbishment works	Very Low

Inaccessible areas encountered during the time of the survey, for which no information was obtained, along with areas where access was limited:

- None

Section 2.0: Introduction

Allium Environmental Ltd was instructed by Paul Chamings of Currie & Brown to undertake an Asbestos Refurbishment Survey to ascertain the presence of any Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) within: 34 Sally Port.

The site consists of:

- 1960's 3 storey block built end of terrace house with man-made tiled pitched roof.

The survey was carried out on 12 December 2017 by Matthew Roberts of Allium Environmental Ltd.

Section 2.1: Survey Scope

The scope of the survey as defined by Currie & Brown is to carry out a Refurbishment Survey to client specified areas of 34 Sally Port:

- Areas included in the survey:
 - Internal and external areas affected by the installation of solar panels including the roof, internals of the roof space, and the cabling route back to the consumer unit within 34 Sally Port were included in the survey.
- Agreed areas of exclusion from the survey scope:
 - All other areas of 34 Sally Port were excluded from the survey.

Section 2.2: Limitations

During the course of the survey all reasonable efforts were made to identify the presence of Asbestos Containing Materials within the surveyed areas. However, Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) are sometimes concealed within the fabric of a building or sealed building voids, and so it is not always possible to regard the findings of a survey as being definitive. Therefore, it must always remain a possibility that further Asbestos Containing Materials may be found during any alterations, refurbishment or demolition works. Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) may be hidden within the fabric of a building and may not be visible until the building is dismantled; it is therefore recommended that a complete review of the Asbestos register is undertaken before commencement of any works. Where areas have been identified as inaccessible within the report, it indicates that the area specified was not accessible to the surveyor at the time of the inspection either because such areas were locked despite requests for access to be arranged, or to gain entry would require an unreasonable degree of dismantling to the structure of the building. The client is therefore advised to the possibility of there being Asbestos Containing Materials in such areas.

HSE guidance: HSG 264: Asbestos: the survey guide states it is now recognised that even with 'complete' access demolition surveys, all ACMs may not be identified and this only becomes apparent during demolition itself. Therefore in buildings that are occupied, due to be re-occupied or due to extenuating circumstances, following the completion of the survey it may be required to undertake additional inspections or sampling prior to/during proposed refurbishment works to account for all hidden Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs). Where this is likely a provision may need to be made to allow for a possible revisit, this may include inaccessible areas that will be listed in this report.

- Inaccessible areas encountered during the survey:
 - None
- Agreed Variations or Deviations from the standard HSG 264 method:
 - Intrusions were kept to a minimum due to the continued occupation on the tenant.

Section 2.3: Details

Site Address:

- 34 Sally Port, Isles of Scilly, TR21 0JE

Client Name & Address:

- Currie & Brown, Currie & Brown, 69 Old Broad Street, London, EC2M 1QS

Client Contact:

- David Kingston

Survey Start Date:

- 12 December 2017

Survey Completion Date:

- 12 December 2017

Survey Conducted by:

- Matthew Roberts

Assisted by:

- N/A

Report Produced:

- 12 January 2018

Section 2.4: Survey Type

The nature of the survey is a Refurbishment Asbestos Survey as detailed in HSE publication: *HSG 264 Asbestos: The Survey Guide*. HSE guidance publication *HSG 264: Asbestos: The Survey Guide* describes a Refurbishment survey as a fully intrusive survey. A full sampling programme is undertaken to identify possible ACMs and estimates of volume and surface area made. A Refurbishment survey is required for all work which disturbs the fabric of the building in areas where the management survey has not been intrusive. The survey is designed to be used as a guide for tendering the removal of ACMs from the building(s) prior to refurbishment.

This report presents the findings of the survey and analysis reports of any bulk samples taken.

Section 3.0: Survey Method

Allium Environmental Ltd conducts Refurbishment surveys in accordance with our in-house Asbestos Surveying procedures and HSE guidance publication *HSG 264: Asbestos: The Survey Guide*. While the survey is fully intrusive, disruptive and non-destructive, it may involve penetrating all parts of the building structure, using aggressive inspection techniques to lift carpets and tiles, break through walls, ceilings cladding and partitions, and open up floors.

A Refurbishment survey uses a combination of visual inspection and bulk sampling to confirm the presence of Asbestos. Any area(s) inaccessible at the time of the survey must be presumed to contain Asbestos, and any inaccessible area(s) must have access restricted, and should be inspected prior to access or the commencement of any works.

All samples taken during the survey were done so by Allium Environmental Ltd competent surveyors and sent to an independent UKAS Accredited Laboratory for analysis by polarised light microscopy (PLM), in accordance with the method prescribed in HSE guidance publication: *HSG 248 Asbestos: The Analysts' Guide for Sampling, analysis and clearance procedures*. Completed Fibre Identification Report for all samples taken can be found in Appendix 2. (Representative samples were also taken of any materials that may be mistaken for potential ACMs). Sampling location stickers, bearing the individual samples unique identification number, have been applied to all sample points where practicable, for future reference.

Products that are very unlikely to contain Asbestos were not sampled (e.g. wallpaper, plasterboard, chipboard, wood etc.).

An item record is completed for each suspect sample taken; for materials strongly presumed to contain Asbestos (i.e. materials visually similar to positively identified ACMs); for areas presumed to contain Asbestos (i.e. areas where no access could be gained at the time of the survey; and non-accessed items of (electrical) equipment and plant).

Each item record contains a colour photograph, individual material assessment scores (as prescribed under HSG 264), management recommendations and general observations / comments (where appropriate).

The item records are combined together to form a site-specific Asbestos Register.

Section 4.0: General Comments

This report relates to the situation on the day(s) of the inspection and cannot take into account subsequent changes in circumstances. Samples were taken of any materials historically known or presumed to contain Asbestos. This report contains findings based upon visual inspection and results of laboratory analysis

All figures and measurements quoted in the Asbestos Register detailing the extent of ACMs are estimates, based upon visual inspection on the day of the survey and should be used as a guide. It is the responsibility of contractors quoting for Asbestos Removal Works to take their own measurements to determine the exact extent of Asbestos to be removed. Unless otherwise stated pipework insulation and heating plant was not inspected in their entirety. Representative samples were taken at random intervals where suspect material was observed. The scope of the works did not permit complete exposure and assessment of all pipework and heating plant.

No responsibility can be taken for any misinterpretation of this report by third parties.

A limited inspection of pipework concealed by overlying non-Asbestos insulation has been conducted. Inspection of pipework has been restricted primarily to insulation visible. The presence of Asbestos debris to pipework, which is not readily visible or would require the full removal and replacement of overlying insulation, has therefore not been investigated.

No responsibility will be accepted for the presence of Asbestos in voids (under floor, or behind wall or ceiling) or pipework ducts other than those opened up during the survey.

The survey is limited to those areas accessed at the time of the survey.

We have not reported on concealed spaces, which may exist within the fabric of the building, and where the extent and presence of these is not evident, due to inaccessibility or insufficient knowledge of the structure at the time of the survey.

Due to the nature and variety of Asbestos used in building construction and the complex nature of some buildings, especially where modified over the years, it is possible that some ACMs may not have been identified in the survey. Where refurbishment is to follow a refurbishment Survey, it would be prudent in any contract to allow a contingency sum to provide for such possibility.

Section 4.0: General Comments (Continued)

Certain 'Artex' type textured coatings and decorative plasters may contain very small quantities of Asbestos. In situ, these coatings are often composed of different batches of product or may have been repaired / patched at different times. It is, therefore possible that any 'Artex' samples taken may not be representative of the entire coating. Recent research suggests that in some cases, the fibres may have diameters below 0.1 um. These may not be visible by the optical microscopy method described in HSE guidance publication *HSG 248: Asbestos: The Analysts' Guide for Sampling, Analysis and Clearance Procedures*.

At the time of the survey no access was gained to materials and/or void areas located above, behind or attached to suspect Asbestos Containing Materials sampled or presumed throughout the site. To do so would have required surveyors to break through suspect ACMs, such as textured coating and insulating board, potentially contaminating themselves and the work area with Asbestos. Therefore, it is recommended that site operatives are made aware of this survey limitation and instructed to exercise caution when breaking through materials and/or areas located above, behind or attached to suspect ACMs that have been found to contain Asbestos following laboratory analysis.

Section 5.0: Terminology

Asbestos – A term used for the fibrous form of several naturally occurring silicate minerals, used primarily because of its low thermal conductivity, high tensile strength, resistance to chemical attack, flexibility and incombustibility. *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012* defines and regulates asbestos as the fibrous forms of the following minerals or any mixture containing them. “Asbestos” means the following fibrous silicates;

Chrysotile (White Asbestos)

Crocidolite (Blue Asbestos)

Fibrous Grunerite - commonly known as *Amosite* (Brown Asbestos)

Fibrous Tremolite

Fibrous Anthophyllite

Fibrous Actinolite

ACM(s) - Asbestos Containing Material(s). Any material, substance or product that contains or has been made with Asbestos.

SPNTCA - Strongly Presumed Not To Contain Asbestos

SPTCA - Strongly Presumed To Contain Asbestos.

PTCA - Presumed To Contain Asbestos.

NAD - No Asbestos Detected.

AD - Asbestos Detected.

SP - Strongly Presumed

Section 5.1: Material Assessment Score Algorithm & Risk rating

Sample Variable	Score	Example of Scores
Product Type (including debris from product)	1	Asbestos-Reinforce Composite (Plastic, Resin, Mastic, Roofing Felts, Vinyl Floor Tiles, Semi-Rigid Paints or Decorative Finishes, Asbestos Cement)
	2	Asbestos Insulating Board (AIB), Millboards, Other Low-Density Insulating Boards, Asbestos Textile, Gasket, Ropes and Woven Textile, Asbestos Paper and Felt
	3	Thermal Insulation (e.g. Pipe and Boiler Lagging), Sprayed Asbestos, Loose Asbestos, Asbestos Mattresses and Packing.
Extent of damage/deterioration	0	Good condition: no visible damage
	1	Low damage: a few scratches or surface marks, broken edges on board, tiles etc.
	2	Medium damage: significant breakage of materials or several small areas where material has been damaged revealing loose fibres.
	3	High damage or delamination of materials, Sprays and Thermal Insulation. Visible Asbestos debris
Surface treatment	0	Composite materials containing Asbestos: Reinforced Plastic, Resins, Vinyl Tiles.
	1	Enclosed Sprays and Lagging, AIB (with exposed face painted or encapsulated), Asbestos Cement Sheets etc.
	2	Unsealed AIB, or encapsulated Lagging and Sprays.
	3	Unsealed Lagging and Sprays.
Asbestos type	1	Chrysotile
	2	Amphibole (Amosite) Asbestos excluding Crocidolite
	3	Crocidolite

Potential to release Asbestos Fibres

- Materials with an assessment score of 10 or more are deemed to have a high risk and potential to release fibres, if subject to minor disturbance, e.g. walking in the vicinity of the material.
- Materials with an assessment score between; 7-9 are deemed to have a medium risk and potential to release fibres.
- Materials with an assessment score between; 5-6 are deemed to have a low risk and potential to release fibres.
- Materials with an assessment score of 4 or less are deemed to have a very low risk and potential to release fibres.

Section 5.2: Recommended Actions Explained

Monitor Condition - This material can stay in situ and be managed accordingly. Monitor condition regularly and record condition.

Label - Label the ACM with approved warning signs

Encapsulate - Use suitable encapsulating material to seal surface. Work with this material to be carried out in accordance with HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012*.

Repair - This material requires repair. Work with this material to be carried out in accordance with HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012*.

Restrict Access - Restrict access to area and communicate with employees, contractors and others to keep area free from personnel. Work with this material to be carried out in accordance with HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012*.

Protect/Enclose - Use suitable material to protect / enclose ACM to minimise risk of impact damage.

Remove if Affected - If this material is likely to be disturbed by/during the proposed refurbishment works then material will need to be removed prior to work commencing. Work with this material to be carried out in accordance with HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012*.

Remove - This material requires removal. Work with this material to be carried out in accordance with HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012*.

No Access/Exercise Caution - Surveyors were unable to obtain access to material, item, room, area or building to conduct inspection for potential ACMs. Therefore, the area is assumed to contain Asbestos and the Duty Holder should exercise caution.

Please Note:

- Allium Environmental Ltd cannot be held responsible for the way in which the client may interpret or act upon the results of this report.
- Please refer to HSE Publication: *The Control of Asbestos Regulation 2012* prior to undertaking any remedial works on ACMs.
- In some instances more than one recommendation may be used.

Section 6.0: Survey Findings & Room Construction

Please note

- Where areas were inspected and no ACMs were identified or presumed an entry has been placed into the report findings stating “No Asbestos Detected” within the respective area.

Room/Area Name & No: 001 - Cupboard

Floor: Ground Floor

Room Construction / Description			
Ceiling	Plasterboard	Riser/Boxing	N/A
Firebreak	N/A	Voids	N/A
Walls	Block	Pipework	N/A
Doors	Timber	Plant/Equipment	Modern Electrical Switchgear
Windows/Sills	N/A	Staircases	N/A
Floor	Carpet, Concrete	Other	N/A
Under Floor Ducts	N/A	Comments	

No suspect ACM's were identified within 001 - Cupboard

Room/Area Name & No: 101 - Landing & Stairs

Floor: First Floor

Room Construction / Description			
Ceiling	Plasterboard	Riser/Boxing	N/A
Firebreak	N/A	Voids	N/A
Walls	Block, Plasterboard	Pipework	N/A
Doors	Timber	Plant/Equipment	N/A
Windows/Sills	UPVC & Timber	Staircases	Timber
Floor	Carpet, Timber	Other	N/A
Under Floor Ducts	N/A	Comments	

No suspect ACM's were identified within 101 – Landing & Stairs

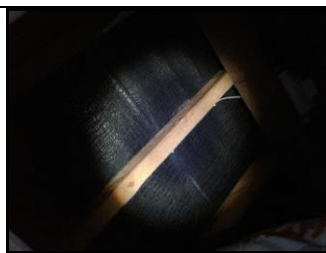
Room/Area Name & No: A01 - Roof Space

Floor: First Floor

Room Construction / Description			
Ceiling	Roofing Felt	Riser/Boxing	N/A
Firebreak	N/A	Voids	N/A
Walls	Block	Pipework	Fibreglass Pipe Insulation, Metal & Plastic
Doors	Timber	Plant/Equipment	Plastic Tank
Windows/Sills	N/A	Staircases	N/A
Floor	Fibreglass, Plasterboard	Other	N/A
Under Floor Ducts	N/A	Comments	

Positive Survey Findings & No Access Areas – None Identified

Negative Survey Findings

Reference	1	Product Type (A)	N/A	
Sample No	01044/MR/001	Condition (B)	N/A	
Description	Roofing Felt - Ceiling	Surface Treatment (C)	N/A	
Accessibility	Low	Asbestos Type (D)	N/A	
Risk Rating	N/A	Material Score (A+B+C+D)	N/A	
Extent	100m²	Identification	NAD	
Recommendation	No Action			
Comments	Roofing felt to the ceiling.			


Room/Area Name & No: Main Building


Floor: External

Room Construction / Description			
Walls	Block	Ducts/Pipe Runs	N/A
Cladding	N/A	DPM	N/A
Roof	Cement Roof Tiles	Loose Sheeting	N/A
Rainwater Goods	Metal & Plastic, Plastic, Cement Downpipe	Soffit Fascia's	Timber
Soil Stacks	N/A	Staircases	N/A
Flues/Cowls	N/A	Other	N/A
		Comments	

Positive Survey Findings & No Access Areas

Reference	2	Product Type (A)	1
Sample No	No Sample Taken	Condition (B)	1
Description	Cement Downpipe – Rainwater Goods	Surface Treatment (C)	1
Accessibility	Medium	Asbestos Type (D)	3
Risk Rating	Low	Material Score (A+B+C+D)	6
Extent	6lm	Identification	SPTCA
Recommendation	Remove if affected by proposed refurbishment works – See section 5.2		
Comments	Visual inspection only of cement downpipe due to damage limitations.		







Reference	3	Product Type (A)	1	
Sample No	01044/MR/002	Condition (B)	1	
Description	Cement Roof Tiles - Roof	Surface Treatment (C)	1	
Accessibility	Low	Asbestos Type (D)	1	
Risk Rating	Very Low	Material Score (A+B+C+D)	4	
Extent	100m²	Identification	AD	
Recommendation	Remove if affected by proposed refurbishment works – See section 5.2			
Comments	Cement roof tiles to roof.			

Negative Survey Findings – Not Applicable

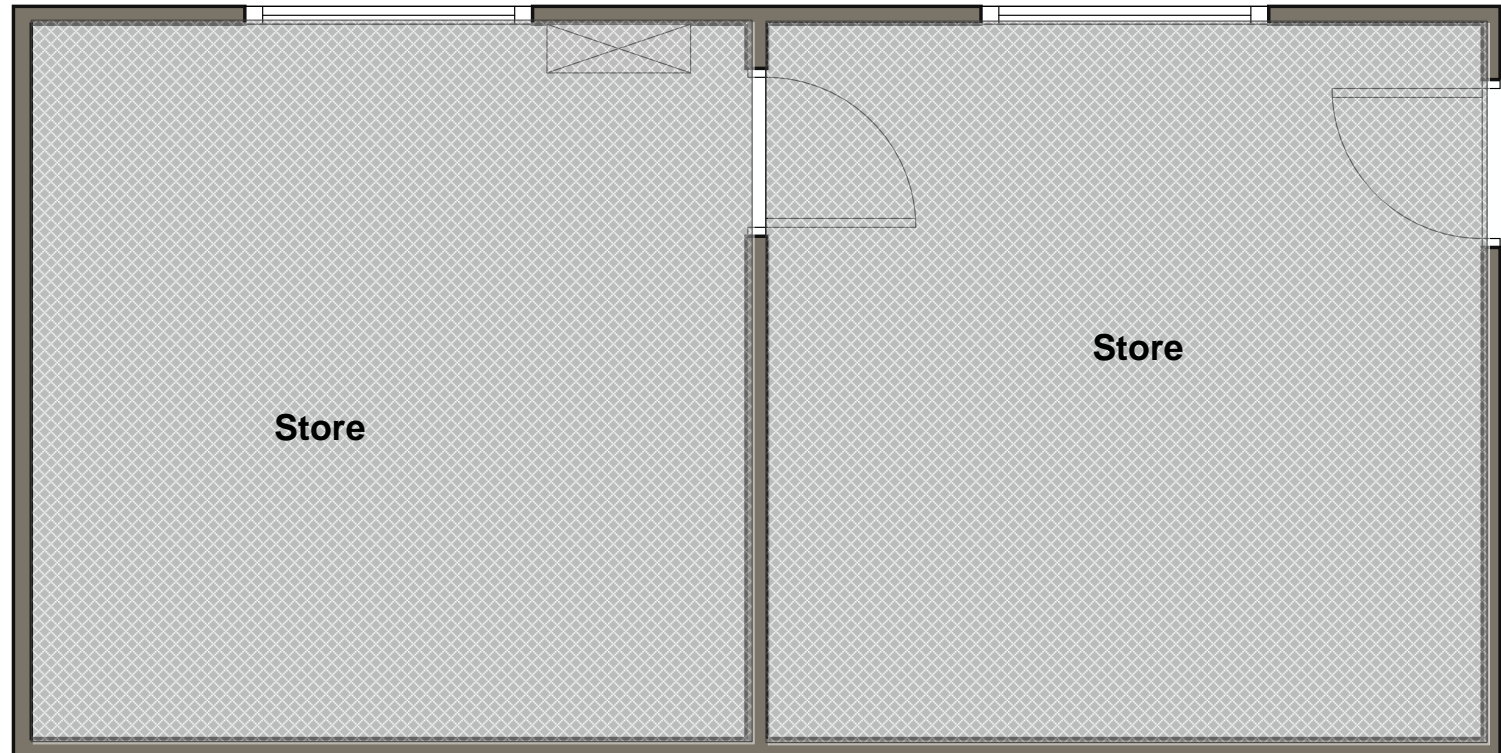


Site:	34 Sally Port St Marys Isles of Scilly TR21 0JE
Building:	1960's 3 storey block built end of terrace house with man-made tiled pitched roof.
Floor Level / Area:	Basement
Ref No & Plan No:	X-01044RV1- 1 of 3

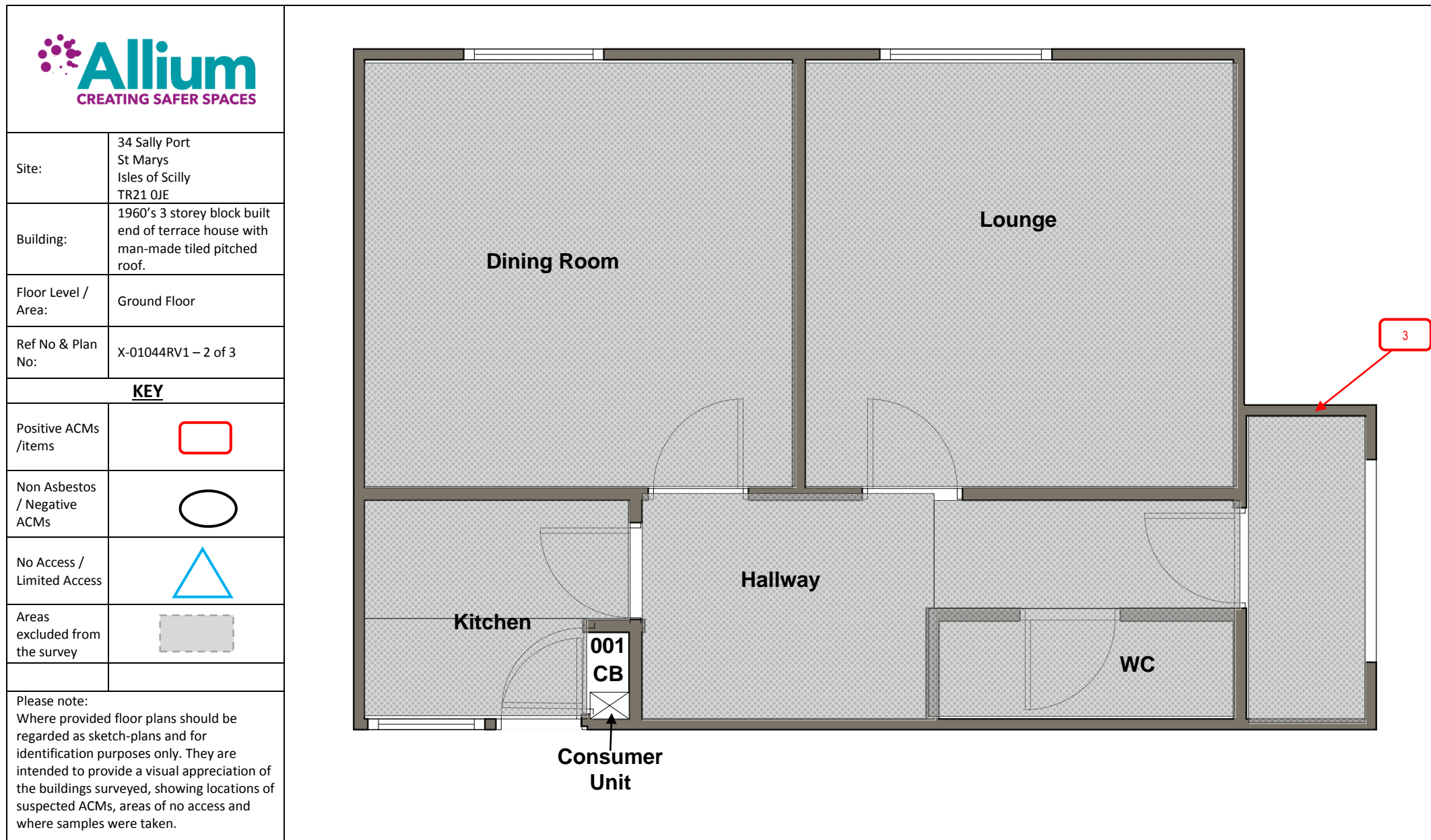
KEY

Positive ACMs /items	
Non Asbestos / Negative ACMs	
No Access / Limited Access	
Areas excluded from the survey	

Please note:
Where provided floor plans should be
regarded as sketch-plans and for
identification purposes only. They are
intended to provide a visual appreciation of
the buildings surveyed, showing locations of
suspected ACMs, areas of no access and
where samples were taken.



THIS PLAN SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE REPORT AND INDIVIDUAL ITEM RECORDS







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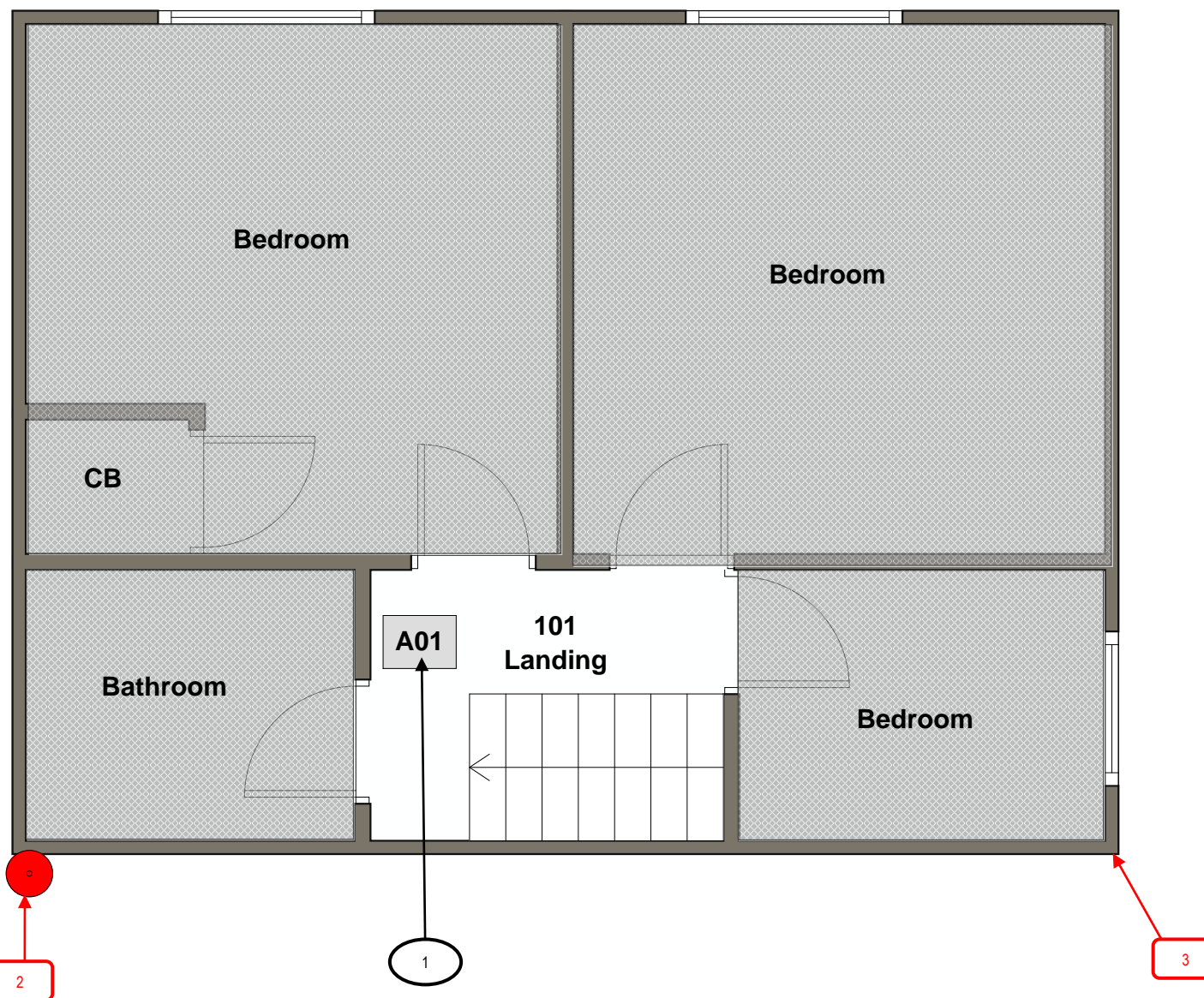


Site:	34 Sally Port St Marys Isles of Scilly TR21 0JE
Building:	1960's 3 storey block built end of terrace house with man-made tiled pitched roof.
Floor Level / Area:	First Floor and Externals
Ref No & Plan No:	X-01044RV1 – 3 of 3

KEY

Positive ACMs /items	
Non Asbestos / Negative ACMs	
No Access / Limited Access	
Areas excluded from the survey	

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Appendix 2: Certificate of Bulk Sample Analysis



2107

Falmouth Docks & Engineering Company
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LABORATORY REPORT

Report No.: 17/13508
Page 1 of 1
16 December 2017

SAMPLES

Location	34 Sally Port, Isles of Scilly	Nº of samples	2
Collected by	P Perkins	Date	15/12/2017
Sampled by	M Roberts	Date	14/12/2017
Tested by	M Pereir	Date	15/12/2017
Your Order N°	11149		

Analysis of the samples was carried out in accordance with standard laboratory procedure FDE/T02 and HSG 248

RESULTS

Lab Ref.	Client Identification	Description	Asbestos content
53800	X-01044/MR/001- roof space A01	felt	nad
53801	X-01044/MR/002- external	roof tiles	chrysotile

Notes:

1. nad means no asbestos detected
2. Appendix 2 of HSE document HSG264 is a table showing typical asbestos percentages in standard products.
3. Common asbestos minerals are also known by trivial names;
 - Crocidolite = blue asbestos
 - Amosite = brown asbestos
 - Chrysotile = white asbestos
4. Opinions and interpretations expressed herein including the sample description are outside the scope of our UKAS accreditation.

The report is presented in good faith based on the samples and information provided. No responsibility can be accepted for the acts or omissions of others.

For Falmouth Docks & Engineering Company



Mike Pereir
Environmental Manager

The Falmouth Docks & Engineering Company
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