NEC4 Engineering and Construction

Short Contract

FORM Operational Framework – LNA Hub A contract between And For LNA FY2022-23 Embankments & Badgers Programme Contract Forms - Contract Data - The Contractor's Offer and Client's Acceptance - Price List - Scope - Site Information

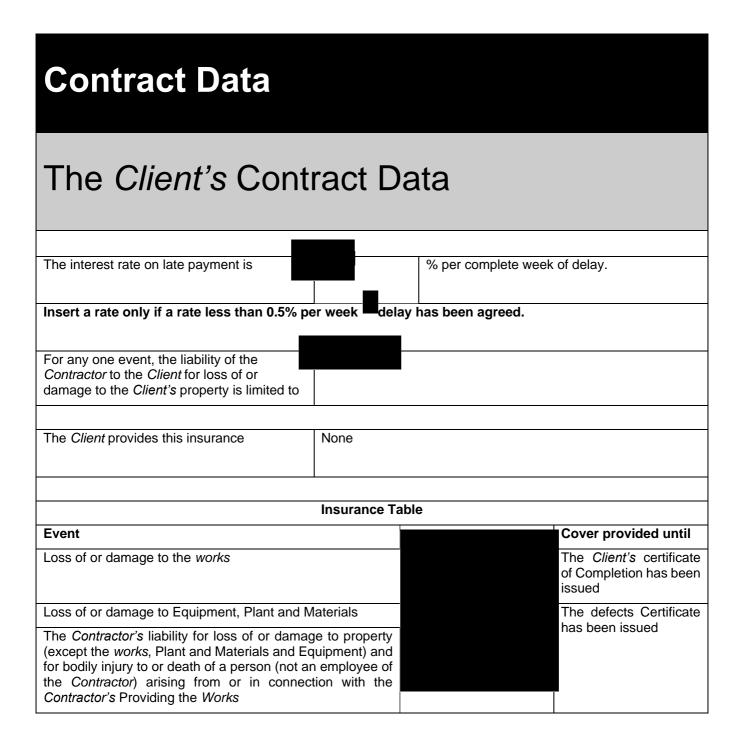
Contract Data					
The Client's Contract Data					
Name	The <i>Client</i> is				
Address for communications					
Address for electronic communications					
The works are	Badger exclusion and embankme	ent repairs			
The site is	Various in LNA Witham & SHEC				
The starting date is					
The completion date for each Section of the works is	Section 1 – All badger works Section 2 - site 4 - SP22-03 Tetn Timberland Bank Seepage and to clearance for all sites	ney Bank and Headwall and site 10 - opsoiling, grass seeding, and site			
The completion date is					
The delay damages are					
The <i>period</i> for reply is	2	weeks			
The defects date is	52	weeks after Completion			
The defects correction period is	4	weeks			
The assessment day is	TBC	of each month			

The retention is

The United Kingdom Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act (1996) does apply

The Adjudicator is:

In the event that a first dispute is referred to adjudication, the referring Party at the same time applies to the Institution of Civil Engineers to appoint an *Adjudicator*. The application to the Institution includes a copy of this definition of the *Adjudicator*. The referring Party pays the administrative charge made by the Institution. The person appointed is also *Adjudicator* for later disputes.



1/09/22

Contrac	ty for death of or bodily injury to employees of th actor arising out of and in the course of the byment in connection with this contract					
	Failure of the <i>Contractor</i> to use the skill and care normally used by professionals providing <i>works</i> similar to the <i>works</i> 6 years following Completion of the works earlier termination					
The 4 1	170 to 60	1 (O) 11 F (1				
The Adj	djudicator nominating body is The Institut	ion of Civil Engineers				
The trib	ribunal is litigation in	the courts				
1110 1110	inigation in					
	onditions of contract are the NEC4 Engineering and ing additional conditions	Construction Short Contract	June 2017 and the			
Only en	enter details here if additional conditions are req	uired.				
Z1.0	Sub-contracting					
Z1.1	The Contractor submits the name of each propression for not accepting the subcontractor is the Provide the Works. The Contractor does not a accepted them.	nat their appointment will no	ot allow the Contractor to			
Z1.2	Payment to subcontractors and suppliers will be	no more than 30 days from	receipt of invoice.			
Z2.0	Environment Agency as a regulatory authority					
Z2.1	The Environment Agency's position as a regulatory authority and as <i>Client</i> under the contract is separate and distinct. Actions taken in one capacity are deemed not to be taken in the other.					
Z2.2	Where statutory consents must be obtained from the Environment Agency in its capacity as a regulatory authority, the <i>Contractor</i> is responsible for obtaining these and paying fees (unless stated otherwise in the Scope). The <i>Client's</i> acceptance of a tender and the <i>Client's</i> instruction or variation of the <i>works</i> does not constitute statutory approval or consent.					
Z2.3	An action by the Environment Agency as regular a compensation event.	ory authority is not in its cap	pacity as <i>Client</i> and is not			
Z3.0	Confidentiality & Publicity					
Z3.1	The Contractor may publicise the works only with	n the <i>Client's</i> written agreem	ent.			
Z4.0	Correctness of Site Information					
Z4.1	Site Information about the ground, subsoil, ducts by the <i>Client</i> but is not warranted correct. The Information they rely on for the purpose of Providence.	Contractor checks the corre				
Z5.0	The Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999					
Z5.1	For the purposes of the Contracts (Rights of Thir purports to confer on a third party any benefit or					
Z6.0	Design					
Z6.1	Where design is undertaken, it is the obligation normally used by professionals providing similar		the use of skill and care			
Z6.2	The Contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the contractor designs the parts of the works when the contractor designs the contracto	nich the Scope states they a	re to design.			
Z6.3	The Contractor submits the particulars of the acceptance. A reason for not accepting the Conthe Scope or the applicable law.					
	The Contractor does not proceed with the releva	nt work until the <i>Client</i> has a	accepted this design.			

Z6.4	The Contractor may submit their design for acceptance in parts if the design of each part can be assessed fully.
Z7.0	Change to Compensation Events
Z7.1	Delete the text of Clause 60.1(11) and replace by:
	The works are affected by any one of the following events
	War, civil war, rebellion revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power
	• Strikes, riots and civil commotion not confined to the employees of the Contractor and sub-contractors
	Ionising radiation or radioactive contamination from nuclear fuel or nuclear waste resulting from the combustion of nuclear fuel
	Radioactive, toxic, explosive or other hazardous properties of an explosive nuclear device
	Natural disaster
	Fire and explosion
	Impact by aircraft or other device or thing dropped from them
Z8.0	Framework Agreement
Z8.1	The Contractor shall ensure at all times during this contract it complies with all the obligations and conditions of the Framework Agreement made with the Client.
Z9.0	Termination
Z9.1	Delete the text of Clause 92.3 and replace with:
	If the <i>Contractor</i> terminates for Reason 1 or 6, the amount due on termination also includes 5% of any excess of a forecast of the amount due at Completion had there been no termination over the amount due on termination assessed as for normal payments.
Z10.0	Data Protection
Z10.1	The requirements of the Data Protection Schedule shall be incorporated into this contract
Z11.0	Liabilities and Insurance
Z11.1	Civil data protection claims and regulatory fines for breaches of Data Protection Legislation are excluded from any limit of liability stated.
Z12.0	Packaging
Z12.1	For contracts containing packages of projects the <i>Client's</i> Site Information, Specifications and constraints particular to an individual project are contained within its Scheme Information Document (SID).
Z30.0	Material Price Volatility
	The <i>Client</i> recognises the ongoing pricing uncertainty in relation to materials for the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 the <i>Client</i> will mitigate this additional cost through this clause. Payment is made per assessment based upon a general average material proportion within assessments, calculated at 40%.
Z30.1	Defined terms
	a) The Latest Index (L) is the latest index as issued by the Client. The L, which is at the discretion of the Client, is based upon the issued consumer price index ((CPI) based upon the 12-month rate) before the date of assessment of an amount due.
	b) The Price Volatility Provision (PVP) at each date of assessment of an amount due is the total of the Material Factor as defined below multiplied by L for the index linked to it.
	c) Material Factor (MF) 40% is used, based on a general average material proportion across our programme. The volatility provision is only associated with material element. No volatility provision is applicable to any other component of costs.
Z30.2	Price Volatility Provision
	Through a Compensation Event the Client shall pay the PVP. PVP is calculated as:

	Assessment x MF x L = PVP
Z30.3	Price Increase
	Each time the amount due is assessed, an amount for price increase is added to the total of the Prices which is the change in the Price for Work Done to Date for the materials component only (and the corresponding proportion) since the last assessment of the amount due multiplied PVP for the date of the current assessment.
730 4	Compensation Events

The *Contractor* shall submit a compensation event for the PVP on a monthly basis (where applicable) capturing Defined Cost only for the PWDD increase in month. Forecasted costs should only be considered for the June 2023 period compensation event.

Assessment Date	Defined Cost?	Forecasted Cost?
31 st Jul 21	In period costs only	No
31 st Aug 21	In period costs only	No
30 th Sept 21	In period costs only	No
31st Oct 21	In period costs only	No
30 th Nov 21	In period costs only	No
31 st Dec 21	In period costs only	No
31 st Jan 22	In period costs only	No
28 th Feb 22	In period costs only	No
31 st Mar 22	In period costs only	No
30 th Apr 22	In period costs only	No
31 st May 22	In period costs only	No
30 th Jun 22	In period costs only	No
31 st Jul 22	In period costs only	No
31 st Aug 22	In period costs only	No
30 th Sept 22	In period costs only	No
31st Oct 22	In period costs only	No
30 th Nov 22	In period costs only	No
31 st Dec 22	In period costs only	No
31 st Jan 23	In period costs only	No
28 th Feb 23	In period costs only	No
31 st Mar 23	In period costs only	No
30 th Apr 23	In period costs only	No
31 st May 23	In period costs only	No
30 th Jun 23	In period costs only	Forecasted costs for remainder of contract

The Defined Cost for compensation events is assessed using

- the Defined Cost at base date levels for amounts calculated from rates stated in the Contract Data for People and Equipment and
- the Defined Cost current at the date the compensation event was notified, adjusted to the base date by 1+PVP for the last assessment of the amount due before that date, for other amounts.

Z31 Sectional Completion

 $\underline{\text{In these conditions of contract, unless stated as the whole of the } \textit{works}, \textit{ each reference and clause} \\ \underline{\text{relevant to}}$

- the works
- Completion and
- completion date

applies, as the case may be to either the whole of the works or any section of the works.

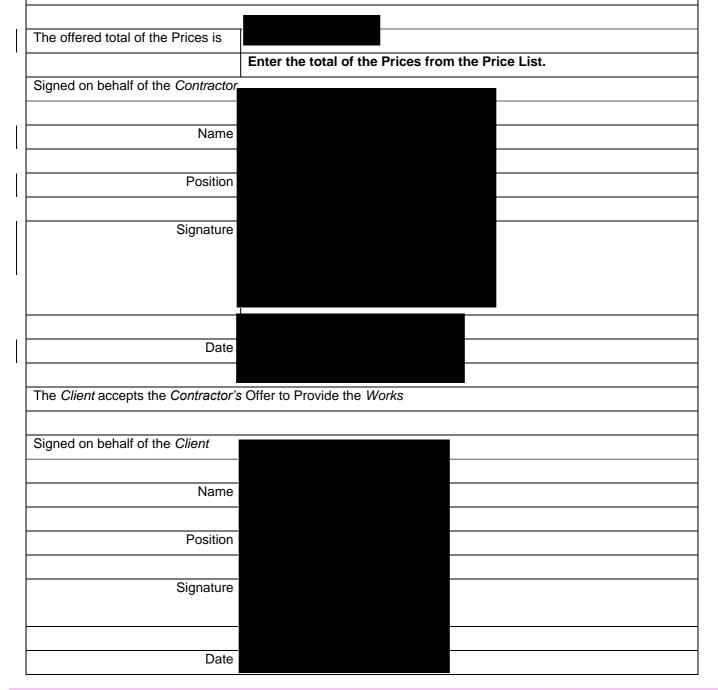
Contract Data The Contractor's Contract Data The Contractor is Name Address for communications Address for electronic communications The fee percentage is The people rates are category of person unit rate The published list of Equipment is The percentage for adjustment for Equipment is

1/09/22

Contract Data

The Contractor's Offer and Client's Acceptance

The Contractor offers to Provide the Works in accordance with these conditions of contract for an amount to be determined in accordance with these conditions of contract.



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Price List

Entries in the first four columns in this Price List are made either by the Client or the tenderer.

If the *Contractor* is to be paid an amount for the item which is not adjusted if the quantity of work in the item changes, the tenderer enters the amount in the Price Column only: the Unit, Quantity and rate columns being left blank.

If the *Contractor* is to be paid an amount for the item of work which is the rate for the work multiplied by the quantity completed, the tenderer enters the rate which is then multiplied by the expected quantity to produce the Price, which is also entered.

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantity	Rate	Price
	Delivery of all works, including but not limited to site access; accommodation; management; survey; enabling works; repair; and production of H&S/ O&M manual at the following sites:				
01	River Till Broxholme				
	1.1 Prelims				
	1.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood Bank				
	1.2.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use				
	1.2.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for reuse				_
	1.2.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use				
	1.2.4 Supply and install a piled barrier between the rear berm and embankment (piles to be minimum 2.5 metres in length)				
	1.2.5 Prep area for permanent meshing (embankment and berm outside of newly constructed piled area) by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (50 linear meters)				
	1.2.6 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres)				

	1.2.7 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)		
	1.2.8 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)		
	1.2.9 Secure meshing with ground pins		
	1.2.10 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides). Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>		
	1.2.11 Re-Lay and comp		
	1.2.12 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile at excavated topsoil 150mm deep		
	1.3 Install a further 200 metres of permanent mesh		
	1.3.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (200 linear meters)		
	1.3.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design		
	1.3.3 Secure meshing with ground pins	_	
	1.3.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep		
	1.3.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile		
	1.3.6 Grass seed complete area of works with the Client's recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)		
	1.3.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)		_
02	SP31-05R Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby		
	2.1 Prelims		
	2.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood Bank		
	2.2.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use		_
	2.2.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for reuse		
	2.2.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use		_

		2.2.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)		
		2.2.5 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres)		
		2.2.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)		
		2.2.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent from toe to toe plus 1m deep on each side, inserted into narrow trench		
		2.2.8 Secure meshing with ground pins		
		2.2.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>		
		2.2.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep		
		2.2.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile		
		2.2.12 Grass seed complete area of <i>works</i> with the <i>Client's</i> recommended mix for embankment usage		
		2.2.13 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)		
	03	SP5-03C Torksey		
		3.1 Prelims		
I		3.2 Works Required for Outlier Setts 2 and 4 Exclusion: Mesh Covering of Existing Sett in Embankment		
		3.2.1 Secure meshing with ground pins (both setts)		
		3.2.2 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers		
		3.2.3 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification		
		3.2.4 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification (once exclusion licence received)		
		3.2.5 Undertake monitoring of the badger gates as per licence conditions (minimum of every 3 days for a 21day inclusive period)		
			<u> </u>	

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	3.2.6 Localised deconstruction of tunnels. All			
	tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends and bank reinstated (estimated length			
	of tunnel section 5 linear metres)			
	3.3 Works Required to Live-Dig Main Badger Sett 1 and Rebuild Flood bank			
	3.3.1 Supply 3.6m piles to be installed as underground barrier as per design			
	3.3.2 Dig trench to install piles as per design and identify tunnel systems extending underneath floodbank			
	3.3.3 Install piles and back fill			
	3.3.4 Deconstruct all badger tunnels within/under flood bank. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 70 linear metres)			
	3.3.5 Remove piles from centre of the embankment (estimated)			
	3.3.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials (Note that volume measurement is based on half section of the embankment as it thought badgers have not breached piles)			
	3.4 Works Required Following Rebuilding of Flood bank	_		
	3.4.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil off to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (135 linear meters)			
	3.4.2 Supply HT weld mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture, 12 gauge			
	3.4.3 Lay permanent mesh in full wrap design, ensuring dug in 1.15m deep on each side, as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)			
	3.4.4 Secure meshing with ground pins			
	3.4.5 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep			
	3.4.6 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile			
	3.4.7 Grass seed complete area of <i>works</i> with the <i>Client's</i> recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)			
	3.4.8 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (12 months)			
04	SP22-03 Tetney Bank and Headwall			
	4.1 Prelims			
	4.2 Design and build an inlet/outfall into Mother Drain ensuring the crest is at the required height and plant can safely pass over.			
05	SP22-02C Louth Canal			

5.1 Prelims

5.2 Works Required for Exclusion: Mesh Covering of Existing Sett in Embankment

- 5.2.1 Undertake 50 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification, when installed as permanent). Mesh to be HT welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)
- 5.2.2 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 5.2.3 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers
- 5.2.4 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification
- 5.2.5 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification
- 5.2.6 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification (once exclusion licence received)
- 5.2.7 Undertake monitoring of the badger gates as per licence conditions (minimum of every 3 days for a 21day inclusive period)

5.3 *Works* Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 5.3.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 5.3.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-
- 5.3.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 5.3.4 Prep area for permanent meshing (embankment and berm outside of newly constructed piled area) by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (50 linear meters)
- 5.3.5 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres)
- 5.3.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 5.3.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 5.3.8 Secure meshing with ground pins

	5.3.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>
	5.3.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	5.3.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	5.4 Install a further 200 metres of permanent mesh
	5.4.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
	5.4.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
	5.4.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
	5.4.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	5.4.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	5.4.6 Grass seed complete area of <i>works</i> with the <i>Client's</i> recommended mix for embankment usage
I	5.4.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to
	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank 6.2.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank 6.2.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (30 linear meters) 6.2.2 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank 6.2.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (30 linear meters) 6.2.2 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres) 6.2.3 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank 6.2.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (30 linear meters) 6.2.2 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres) 6.2.3 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment) 6.2.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil
06	ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024) SP24-04C Louth Canal 6.1 Prelims 6.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank 6.2.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (30 linear meters) 6.2.2 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres) 6.2.3 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment) 6.2.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep 6.2.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent

	6.2.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)	
07	SP22-09C West of Lordships	
	7.1 Prelims	
	7.2 Install 100 metres of permanent mesh adjacent to the Artificial Sett (Under supervision of ECoW)	
	7.2.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)	
	7.2.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design	
	7.2.3 Secure meshing with ground pins	
	7.2.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep	
	7.2.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile	
	7.3 Works Required for Exclusion	
	7.3.1 Undertake 50 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank at each of the two setts to be excluded as per scope and in line with Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification, when installed as permanent). Mesh to be HT welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)	
	7.3.2 Secure meshing with ground pins	
	7.3.3 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers	
	7.3.4 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)	
	7.3.5 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)	
	7.3.6 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3) (once exclusion licence received)	
	7.3.7 Undertake monitoring of the badger gates as per Badger exclusion licence conditions (minimum of every 3 days for a 21day inclusive period)	
	7.4 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank	
	7.4.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use	
	1	

	7.4.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for reuse
	7.4.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
	7.4.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (2 x 50 linear meters)
	7.4.5 Remove to tip, sheet piling located between embankment and watercourse. 20lm length unknown.
	7.4.6 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 2 x 20 linear metres
	7.4.7 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
	7.4.8 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
	7.4.9 Secure meshing with ground pins
	7.4.10 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>
	7.4.11 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	7.4.12 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	7.5 Install a further 100 metres of permanent mesh
	7.5.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
	7.5.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
	7.5.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
	7.5.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	7.5.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	7.5.6 Grass seed complete area of <i>works</i> with the <i>Client's</i> recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
	7.5.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

	7.5.8 Mow the vegetation on the embankment on completion of the rebuilding <i>works</i> . Approx. length 2km.	
08	SP22-17C North Somercotes	
	8.1 Prelims	
	8.2 Works Required for Exclusion	
	8.2.1 Cut vegetation on the embankment to accommodate the installation of exclusion mesh	
	8.2.2 Undertake 75 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank in line with Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2). (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification, when installed as permanent). Mesh to be HT welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)	
	8.2.3 Secure meshing with ground pins	
	8.2.4 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers	
	8.2.5 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)	
	8.2.6 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)	
	8.2.7 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3) (once exclusion licence received)	
	8.2.8 If required by the <i>Client's</i> badger ecologist, attend site to fix or alter the exclusion meshing. (<i>Works</i> to be stopped whilst the <i>Client's</i> badger ecologist monitors the sett for minimum of 21 days to confirm the exclusion has been thorough and complete).	
	8.3 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank	
	8.3.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use	
	8.3.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re- use	
	8.3.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use	
	8.3.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use	
	8.3.5 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres	
	8.3.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent	

	embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re- use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
	8.3.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
	8.3.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
	8.3.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>
	8.3.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	8.3.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	8.4 Install a further 100 metres of permanent mesh
	8.4.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
	8.4.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
	8.4.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
	8.4.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
	8.4.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
	8.4.6 Grass seed complete area of <i>works</i> with the <i>Client's</i> recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
	8.4.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)
09	SP7-03C Stapleford
	9.1 Prelims
	9.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank
	9.2.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
	9.2.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for reuse
	9.2.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
	9.2.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
	9.2.5 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be

		7
		(estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres)
		9.2.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for reuse. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
		9.2.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent from toe to toe plus 1m deep on each side, inserted into narrow trench as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
		9.2.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
		9.2.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the <i>Client</i>
		9.2.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
		9.2.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
		9.2.12 Grass seed complete area of works with the Client's recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix)
		9.2.13 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)
	10	<u>Timberland Bank Seepage</u>
1		10.1 Prelims
		10.1 Prelims 10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed with brash chipped and spread on the rear berm.
		10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed
		10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed with brash chipped and spread on the rear berm. 10.3 For a length of 200m starting 30m from the access gate, strip the topsoil from the crest and landward side of the embankment and set aside
 		10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed with brash chipped and spread on the rear berm. 10.3 For a length of 200m starting 30m from the access gate, strip the topsoil from the crest and landward side of the embankment and set aside for reuse. 10.4 Dig to a depth of 2m below topsoil level over a total length of 200m, 600mm width and replace
 		 10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed with brash chipped and spread on the rear berm. 10.3 For a length of 200m starting 30m from the access gate, strip the topsoil from the crest and landward side of the embankment and set aside for reuse. 10.4 Dig to a depth of 2m below topsoil level over a total length of 200m, 600mm width and replace dug embankment material with imported clay. 10.5 Humanely despatch any rabbits residing in
		 10.2 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed with brash chipped and spread on the rear berm. 10.3 For a length of 200m starting 30m from the access gate, strip the topsoil from the crest and landward side of the embankment and set aside for reuse. 10.4 Dig to a depth of 2m below topsoil level over a total length of 200m, 600mm width and replace dug embankment material with imported clay. 10.5 Humanely despatch any rabbits residing in the embankment and collapse tunnel systems.

The total of the Prices

The method and rules used to compile the Price List are

Civil Engineering Specification for the Water Industry, 7th Edition (CESWI7) as per the Framework Price Workbook.

Quantities in the price list are given as an indication and the paid amount for an item will be adjusted if the quantity of work in the item changes.

The total of the Prices (and therefore, the Price for each item) must include all items necessary to deliver the works and meet the requirements of the Scope, including all prelims, overheads and profit. This includes, but is not limited to, items such as: site accommodation; technological provisions (eq. Wifi); progress meetings; and project administration.

The Contractor may sub-divide each item in the Price List as necessary, but the total of each sub-item must add to the Price for that item, and the total of each Price must add to the total of the Prices.

Scope

1. Description of the works

Give a detailed description of what the Contractor is required to do and of any work the Contractor is to design.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of conflict, this Scope takes precedence over any 'scope' items included within the Scheme Information Document (SID) for each site. The SID is provided as Site Information only.

Background

Sites included for this Embankments and Badgers works bundle for 2022/23 are:

- 1. River Till left bank at Broxholme
- SP31-05R Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby
 SP5-03C Torksey
 SP22-03 Tetney Bank and Headwall

Version 1

5. SP22-02C Louth Canal

- 6. SP24-04C Louth Canal
- 7. SP22-09C West of Lordships
- 8. SP22-17C North Somercotes
- 9. SP7-03C Stapleford
- 10. Timberland Bank Seepage

The Client has included 10 projects in the scope of *works*, for delivery in the 22/23 financial year. The Client may also, at its sole discretion, add a similar amount of projects through a compensation event, for similar maintenance and improvement *works* in the same or next financial year 2023/24.

The *Client* has engaged the services of a specialist approved badger Ecologist who will act as ECoW on these projects. The *Contractor* will be expected to co-ordinate the *works* with the approved Ecologist who will apply for the exclusion licences for each sett. The *Client's* badger ecologist will also supervise all *works* to each badger sett including the fitting of gates, mesh and excavations.

Sectional Completion

All badger works are to be delivered by the Badger works are any works related to or enabling badger exclusion, sett collapsing and remediation of the embankments. The only works not considered to be badger works for each site are: the topsoiling, grass seeding and final site clearance.

The sites/ works which can be completed after this date, but before the

- Site 4 SP22-03 Tetney Bank and Headwall
- Site 10 Timberland Bank Seepage
- The topsoiling, grass seeding, and final site clearance for all sites.

Delay damages will be applied to both the sectional completion date and the completion date.

Location Plans for Sites

Appendix 2.1 – River Till Left Bank at Broxholme

Appendix 2.2 – Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby

Appendix 2.3 - Torksey

Appendix 2.4 - Tetney Bank and Headwall

Appendix 2.5 - Louth Canal

Appendix 2.6 - Louth Canal

Appendix 2.7 - West of Lordships

Appendix 2.8 - North Somercotes

Appendix 2.9 - Stapleford

Appendix 2.10 -Timberland Bank Seepage

1.1.1 – The Objectives

Work is required to ensure that the assets continue to deliver the required level of service for the duration of their design lives.

1.1.2 - The works

For each Site, The *Contractor* will undertake the following requirements:

• Identify what associated licences/permits/consents/approvals (for example; environmental permits, entry into water permits, Natural England approvals, MMO licence, Highway closures/restrictions, utilities works requirement and other project related approvals) are needed for specific works (using the tracker in Appendix 4.1). The Environment Agency FRAP has been applied for by the Client. This will be transferred to the Contractor following successful tender and payment of transfer fee to the Environment Agency. Additional information may be required by the Environment Agency on the methodology before this transfer can be completed.

- Produce detailed programme/schedule and project plan to ensure that the scope, project deliverables and milestones are clearly defined. This project plan should include key risks and mitigation plan.
- Develop and maintain a weekly report on the projects with focus on critical path, deliverables, key milestones, risks and mitigation.
- Liaise with *Client's* Ecologist before starting the *works* and during.

The Contractor, shall undertake the following works, as set out on a site-by-site basis:

1. River Till left bank at Broxholme

Background:

There is an active badger sett in the berm behind the raised earth flood embankment which has existed for a number of years. Recent badger activity has included burrowing close to and under the flood embankment thus providing paths for flood water to pass under and through the raised earth flood embankment.

A project is required to ensure the integrity of the flood defence for the next ten years. *Works* to be carried out and funding available in 2022/23.

Works to construct an artificial badger sett and exclude badgers from existing sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the works below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

- 1.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 1.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use
- 1.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 1.4 Supply and install a piled barrier between the rear berm and embankment (piles to be minimum 2.5 metres in length and installed below topsoil level.)
- 1.5 Prep area for permanent meshing (embankment and berm outside of newly constructed piled area) by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (50 linear meters)
- 1.6 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres)
- 1.7 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 1.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 1.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides). Mesh supplied by *Client*.
- 1.10 Re-Lay and compact
- 1.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile at excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 1.12 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (200 linear meters)
- 1.13 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
- 1.14 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 1.15 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep

- 1.16 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 1.17 Grass seed complete area of *works* with the *Client's* recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 1.18 Provide maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

2. SP31-05R Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby

Background

Greyfleet Drain is included in the Louth Coastal CFMP and it is in a policy 4 area, where policy 4 is to: Take further action to sustain the current level of flood risk into the future (responding to the potential increases in risk from urban development, land use change and climate change).

Greyfleet Drain flows in an easterly direction between raised earth flood embankments down to the tidal limit at Saltfleet. Inspection has highlighted that the flood defence has fallen below its target asset condition score due to the presence of a badger sett. *Works* are funded and to be completed during 2022/23

Works to construct an artificial badger sett and exclude badgers from existing sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the *works* below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

2.1 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood Bank

- 2.1.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 2.1.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use
- 2.1.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 2.1.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 2.1.5 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres)
- 2.1.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 2.1.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent from toe to toe plus 1m deep on each side, inserted into narrow trench as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 2.1.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 2.2.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides). Mesh supplied by *Client*.
- 2.1.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 2.1.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 2.1.12 Grass seed complete area of *works* with the *Client's* recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 2.1.13 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

3. SP5-03C Torksey

Background

An active badger sett is located mainly in the soak dyke and berm which has been in existence for a number of years; through natural expansion entrances are now present in the flood embankment. Piles have been inserted through the crest of the flood embankment, probably to contain the badgers, however the piles are now protruding through the crest in places and the sett/tunnels are causing the bank to slump, making maintenance unsafe. A project is required to ensure the integrity of the flood defence for the next ten years. *Works* funding is available 2022/23.

Scope

3.1 Works Required for 2 Outlier Setts Exclusion: Mesh Covering of Existing Sett in Embankment

- 3.1.1 Secure meshing with ground pins (both setts)
- 3.1.2 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers
- 3.1.3 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)
- 3.1.4 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3) (once exclusion licence received)
- 3.1.5 Stop works whilst the *Client's* badger ecologist monitors the sett for minimum of 21 days to confirm the exclusion has been thorough and complete.
- 3.1.6 If required by the Client's badger ecologist, attend site to fix or alter the exclusion meshing.
- 3.1.7 Localised deconstruction of tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends and bank reinstated (estimated length of tunnel section 5 linear metres)

3.2 Works Required to Live-Dig Main Badger Sett 1 and Rebuild Flood bank

- 3.2.1 Supply 3.6m piles to be installed as underground barrier
- 3.2.2 Dig trench to install piles and identify tunnel systems extending underneath floodbank
- 3.2.3 Remove piles from centre of the embankment (estimated)
- 3.2.4 Install piles and back fill
- 3.2.5 Deconstruct all badger tunnels within/under flood bank. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 70 linear metres)
- 3.2.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials (Note that volume measurement is based on half section of the embankment as it is thought that the badgers have not breached the piles)

3.3 Works Required Following Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 3.3.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil off to a depth of 150mm and store for reuse (135 linear meters)
- 3.3.2 Supply HT weld mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture, 12 gauge
- 3.3.3 Lay permanent mesh in full wrap design, ensuring dug in 1.15m deep on each side, as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 3.3.4 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 3.3.5 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 3.3.6 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 3.3.7 Grass seed complete area of *works* with the *Client's* recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 3.3.8 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (12 months)

4. SP22-03 Tetney Bank and Headwall

Background

Mother Drain is included in the Louth Coastal CFMP and it is in a policy 4 area, where policy 4 is to: Take further action to sustain the current level of flood risk into the future (responding to the potential increases in risk from urban development, land use change and climate change).

Mother Drain flows in an easterly direction between raised earth flood embankments into the Louth Canal at Tetney Lock. Upstream of Tetney Lock a section of the right-hand flood embankment, outfall asset number 304672, has been identified as having a defect resulting in becoming BRC (below required condition), see below:

Asset 304672 - 08/03/21 Asset Inspection Comments: Flap in visually good condition, 3/4 submerged through clear water, headwall is leaning very significantly towards channel. Flap cannot close fully with the amount of lean on wall.

Work is required to build an inlet/outfall to allow plant to safely pass over.

Scope

4.1 Design and build an outfall into Mother Drain ensuring the crest is at the required height and plant can safely pass over. Replacement will be like for like with crest level to match adjacent embankment. Pipe to be set at same level as existing and have a minimum diameter as existing. Pricing should be for a minimum 600mm Dia pipe through a 3m high headwall and one way valve with access to the valve for maintenance. Embankment over culvert to be 1.5m higher than the headwall top which would require an additional 12m³ import. New headwall can be sited up to 1.5m downstream of current headwall.

5. SP22-02C Louth Canal

Scope

5.1 Works Required for Exclusion: Mesh Covering of Existing Sett in Embankment

- 5.1.1 Undertake 50 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank. (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2), when installed as permanent). Mesh to be High Tensile (HT) welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)
- 5.1.2 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 5.1.3 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers
- 5.1.4 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)
- 5.1.5 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)
- 5.1.6 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3) (once exclusion licence received by the *Client's* badger ecologist)
- 5.1.7 Stop works whilst the *Client's* badger ecologist monitors the sett for minimum of 21 days to confirm the exclusion has been thorough and complete.
- 5.1.8 If required by the *Client's* badger ecologist, attend site to fix or alter the exclusion meshing.

5.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 5.2.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 5.2.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 5.2.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 5.2.4 Prep area for permanent meshing (embankment and berm outside of newly constructed piled area) by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (50 linear meters)
- 5.2.5 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres)

- 5.2.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 5.2.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 5.2.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 5.2.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides). Mesh supplied by the *Client*.
- 5.2.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 5.2.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile

5.3 Install a further 200 metres of permanent mesh

- 5.3.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 5.3.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 5.3.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 5.3.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 5.3.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 5.3.6 Grass seed complete area of *works* with the *Client's* recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 5.3.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

6. SP24-04C Louth Canal

Background

Works to construct an artificial badger sett and exclude badgers from existing sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the works below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

6.1 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 6.1.1 Strip topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (30 linear meters)
- 6.1.2 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 20 linear metres)
- 6.1.3 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 6.1.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 6.1.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 6.1.6 Grass seed complete area of *works* with the *Client's* recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 6.1.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

7. SP22-09C West of Lordships

Background

Works to construct an artificial badger sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the works below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

7.1 Install 100 metres of permanent mesh adjacent to Artificial Sett (Under supervision of ECoW)

- 7.1.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 7.1.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
- 7.1.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 7.1.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 7.1.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile

7.2 Works Required for Exclusion

- 7.2.1 Undertake 50 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank at each of the two setts to be excluded as per scope and in line with Specifications. (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2), when installed as permanent). Mesh to be HT welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)
- 7.2.2 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 7.2.3 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers
- 7.2.4 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)
- 7.2.5 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3)
- 7.2.6 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification for Installation of Badger Gates v1 (Appendix 3.3) (once exclusion licence received)
- 7.2.7 Stop works whilst the *Client's* badger ecologist monitors the sett for minimum of 21 days to confirm the exclusion has been thorough and complete.
- 7.2.8 If required by the Client's badger ecologist, attend site to fix or alter the exclusion meshing.

7.3 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 7.3.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 7.3.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use
- 7.3.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 7.3.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (2 \times 50 linear meters)
- 7.3.5 Remove sheet piling located between embankment and watercourse and dispose of appropriately. 20lm length unknown.
- 7.3.6 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 2 x 20 linear metres)
- 7.3.7 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 7.3.8 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 7.3.9 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 7.3.10 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the *Client*

- 7.3.11 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 7.3.12 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile

7.4 Install a further 100 metres of permanent mesh

- 7.4.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 7.4.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design
- 7.4.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 7.4.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 7.4.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 7.4.6 Grass seed complete area of works with the Client's recommended mix for embankment usage
- 7.4.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)
- 7.4.8 Mow the vegetation on the embankment on completion of the rebuilding *works*. Approx. length 2km.

8. North Somercotes

Background

Works to construct an artificial badger sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the works below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

8.1 Works Required for Exclusion

- 8.1.1 Cut vegetation on the embankment to accommodate the installation of exclusion mesh.
- 8.1.2 Undertake 75 linear metre temporary meshing of riverbank. (Wrap length is to be increased by 2m to allow for underground barrier, as per Specification, when installed as permanent). Mesh to be HT welded mesh, 50mm x 50mm aperture (12 gauge)
- 8.1.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 8.1.4 Cut mesh in readiness for badger gate installation. All badger sett entrances must be left clear and accessible to provide unhindered access to badgers
- 8.1.5 Supply one-way badger gates as per Specification
- 8.1.6 Supply 1x 6m x 300mm drainage pipe to use for badger entrances as per Specification
- 8.1.7 Install one-way badger gates as per Specification (once exclusion licence received)
- 8.1.8 Stop works whilst the *Client's* badger ecologist monitors the sett for minimum of 21 days to confirm the exclusion has been thorough and complete.
- 8.1.9 If required by the Client's badger ecologist, attend site to fix or alter the exclusion meshing.

8.2 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 8.2.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 8.2.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 8.2.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 8.2.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use
- 8.2.5 Deconstruct all tunnels within the embankment. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres
- 8.2.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 8.2.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)

- 8.2.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 8.2.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the Client.
- 8.2.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 8.2.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile

8.3 Install a further 100 metres of permanent mesh

- 8.3.1 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 8.3.2 Lay mesh as permanent to a full wrap design as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 8.3.3 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 8.3.4 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 8.3.5 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 8.3.6 Grass seed complete area of works with the Client's recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 8.3.7 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

9. SP7-03C Stapleford

Background

There is a large badger sett near Stapleford Village (upstream of Lincoln). The poor condition of the embankment increases flood risk in Stapleford. In places the crest level is artificially high and may be used as a source of fill material for remediation works if required (assume no imported material required).

The site is accessed by the track east of the village which leads to the left bank of the Witham. Previous inspections have also identified minor badger excavations approx. 200m north and south of the main defect location

Works to construct an artificial badger sett and exclude badgers from existing sett (including monitoring) will have been carried out prior to the works below and do not need to be priced.

Scope

9.1 Works Required Following Successful Monitoring: Rebuilding of Flood bank

- 9.1.1 Remove and set aside one-way badger gates for re-use
- 9.1.2 Remove temporary mesh and store for re-use as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)
- 9.1.3 Remove ground pins and store for re-use
- 9.1.4 Prep area for permanent meshing by stripping topsoil to a depth of 150mm and store for re-use (100 linear meters)
- 9.1.5 Deconstruct all tunnels. All tunnels must be collapsed and chased back to their ends (estimated length of tunnel section 30 linear metres)
- 9.1.6 Reconstruct bank in compacted layers, using existing materials to a height of 150mm lower than the profile of the existing adjacent embankments. Excess topsoil to be stored for re-use. (Note that the estimated linear measurement is for the full cross section of the embankment)
- 9.1.7 Relay the previously removed temporary mesh as permanent from toe to toe plus 1m deep on each side, inserted into narrow trench as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2)

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- 9.1.8 Secure meshing with ground pins
- 9.1.9 Re-proof any gaps in meshing left from badger gate removal as per Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design (Appendix 3.2) (minimum 150mm overlap on all sides) Mesh supplied by the Client.
- 9.1.10 Re-Lay and compact excavated topsoil 150mm deep
- 9.1.11 Trim and grade bank to match adjacent profile
- 9.1.12 Grass seed complete area of works with the Client's recommended mix for embankment usage (Appendix 3.5)
- 9.1.13 Maintenance of repaired embankment to ensure good grass coverage (until 31 March 2024)

10. Timberland Bank Seepage

Background

During high water in the Delph the embankments at this location are seen to leak through animal burrows. There is visible animal burrowing (mainly rabbits) along this section.

A project is required to ensure the integrity of the flood defence for the next ten years. Works to be carried out and funding available in 2022/23.

Scope

- 10.1 Remove all trees/bushes along with root balls, for 200 metres upstream of the confluence. Root ball holes to be filled with a clay material and compacted with the excavator bucket. Material specification within the SID document. Tree roots to be carted off site and correctly disposed, and brash to be chipped and spread on the rear berm
- 10.2 For a length of 200m starting 30m from the access gate, strip the topsoil from the crest and landward side of the embankment and set aside for reuse.
- 10.3 Dig to a depth of 2m below topsoil level over a total length of 200m, 600mm width and replace dug embankment material with imported clay. See SID for specification.
- 10.4 Topsoil should be placed on the embankment as soon as practical after final profiling to prevent the clay drying out. It may be necessary to harrow the banks prior to topsoiling.
- 10.5 Humanely despatch any rabbits residing in the embankment and collapse tunnel systems.
- 10.6 Seed all worked areas of embankment
- 10.7 Maintain re-seeded area to prevent weed growth and establish healthy grass swath up to March 2024 after completion of construction works.

2. Drawings

List the drawings that apply to the contract. **Drawing Number** Revision **Title**

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3. Specifications

List the Specifications which apply to the contract.

Title	Date or Revision	Tick if publicly available
Latest Ciria Guidance: Culvert, screen and outfall manual - New CIRIA guidance	12/2019	yes
Civil Engineering Specification for the Water Industry, 7th Edition	03/2011	yes
412_13_SD01 Minimum Tech Standards	01/2008	yes
Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design	Rev1	
Specification for Installation of Badger Gates	Rev1	
Permanent Meshing Installation Detail Drawing	Rev1	

4. Constraints on how the *Contractor* Provides the *Works*

State any constraints on the sequence and timing of work and on the methods and conduct of work including the requirements for any work by the *Client*.

4.1. Operations and access;

The *Contractor* shall obtain all consents, permits and approvals required for the *works* to be undertaken.

- 1. All works shall be planned and carried out in agreement with the *Client's* operations team and in accordance with any constraints due to existing access required to operational assets. No routine visits have been identified for any of the sites within this contract.
- 2. The *Contractor* shall not commence any work on the site until the *Client*, or their representative, has accepted the Construction Phase Plan and RAMS ahead of each project in this contract. Acceptance will be by way of a written communication from the *Client* confirming the *Contractor* may take possession of the site from the agreed starting date.
- 3. The *Contractor* is responsible for the security of the *works* at the site and is the interface between any visitors and the site operation
- 4. The *Contractor* shall follow the relevant pollution prevention guidance (e.g., CIRIA Guidance: Control of water pollution from construction sites. Guidance for Consultants and Contractors (C532D) (Master-Williams, 2001)
- 5. Statutory constraints imposed to meet requirements of others (e.g., Waterways/Navigation, Nat England, etc.). See but not limited to: Programme Permits Licences and Consents Tracker Rev-Tender.
- 6. The Contractor shall not let any person enter confined spaces unauthorised.
- 7. The Contractor shall not dispose any hazardous waste including silts on site.
- 8. The site shall only be used for the works intended.

9. The rebuilding of each embankment following the exclusion period should commence without delay as soon as given the go ahead by the Client's badger ecologist. Any delay in this section of the works may cause additional cost to the Client which shall be re-charged to the Contractor.

4.2. Environment and Heritage;

- 1. The Contractor shall consult with the Client's National Environment Assessment Service (NEAS) team on all activities to be undertaken and undertake works in accordance with their recommendations. Initial NEAS screening is available in the document Programme Permits Licences and Consents Tracker Rev-Tender.
- 2. The Contractor shall liaise with the Client's Badger Ecologist before and during the works.
- 3. The Contractor's ecologist shall survey the area for any potential hazard prior to starting on site and a competent person should check the working area each day before work commences to identify any new ecological activity. Due to the timing of the works it is assumed that pricing will not need to consider nesting bird issues.
- 4. The Contractor must start collapsing tunnels immediately after monitoring period. If there is any delay, the 21-day monitoring period is to be extended until collapsing can take place.
- 5. All tunnels must be collapsed by 31st November following an exclusion under licence.
- 6. The Contractor shall comply with all relevant legislation regarding the protection of biodiversity.
- 7. The Contractor shall notify the relevant enforcing authority and take steps to prevent the damage if Contractor activities pose an imminent threat to the environment and habitat. If the Contractor's activities cause actual environmental damage, the Contractor must take remedial action to repair the damage.
- 8. All environmental incidents and near misses shall be notified to the Client.
- 9. For detailed information about each scheme, please refer to the relevant SID in the Appendices.

4.3. Health and Safety;

Maintaining Health and safety at work is an absolute priority for the Client. The Client expects all works to be undertaken on-site in line with their Safety, Health, Environment and Wellbeing Code of Practice (SHEW CoP).

The Contractor shall;

- 1. promote and adopt safe working practices for their own activities and Subcontractors working for them and shall, in consultation with the Client, deliver the works with due regard for health and safety in their performance with regard to the public and anyone else concerned.
- 2. demonstrate that they have followed the principles of hazard identification, elimination and management in their works.
- 3. report to the *Client* any near miss, hazard or accident that happens during the delivery of the *works*, in addition to any statutory body such as the HSE.
- 4. report to the *Client* any brilliant safety behaviours highlighted during the delivery of the services.

4.4 Working times

The Contractor will be permitted to work between 7.30am and 6.00pm on weekdays (Monday to Friday)

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5. Requirements for the programme	
State whether a programme is required and, if it is, state what form it is to be in be shown on it, when it is to be submitted and when it is to be updated.	, what information is to
State what the use of the works is intended to be at their Completion as defined	d in clause 11.2(1).
The Contractor submits their programme with the Contractor's Offer for acceptance each programme which they submit for acceptance (in form of Gantt chart showing order and timing to undertake the works and proposed plant and labour resources) the	the critical path, proposed
(a) All dates for gaining all permissions, approvals, consents and permits needed to c	deliver the project
(b) Period required for mobilisation/ planning & post contract award	
(c) Starting date	
(d) Each of the activities listed within the Price List	
(e) All key activities required to deliver the services shall be identified on the Program	nme
(f) Any key third party interfaces: lead in periods for materials and subcontractor consents or permits; stated constraints; <i>Contractor's</i> risks.	rs; time required to obtain
(g) Completion Date and handover dates.	
(h) Submission date of the H&S File	
The programme shall be updated and submitted to the <i>Client</i> for acceptance on a mo payment application to confirm <i>works</i> complete to that assessment date. Any early event that impacts on the Completion Date shall be supported by an updated program	warning or compensation
6. Services and other things provided by the Clie	ent
Describe what the <i>Client</i> will provide, such as services (including water and ele Plant and Materials and equipment.	ectricity) and "free issue"
	T =
Item	Date by which it will be provided

Previous Surveys & Drawings on SharePoint or Similar online file storage and sharing platform	
Initial Induction to be arranged to enable access to the Client's Sites	
Statutory Notices of Entry for all private land within the site (if necessary) Landowner contact information however, it is the <i>Contractor's</i> responsibility to contact landowners and arrange letter drops to residents where required	At least seven days before the possession dates
Site Information	
For further Site Information about each scheme, please refer to the relevant SID in	the Appendices
For further Site Information about each scheme, please refer to the relevant SID in	n the Appendices
For further Site Information about each scheme, please refer to the relevant SID in	the Appendices

Proposed subcontractors			
	Name and address of	Nature and extent of work	
1.			
2.			
	Form of Contract:		
3.			
	Form of Contract:		

4.			
	Form of Contract:		

Appendices

1. SIDS

- 1.1 River Till left bank at Broxholme
- 1.2 SP31-05R Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby
- 1.3 SP5-03C Torksey
- 1.4 SP22-03 Tetney Bank and Headwall
- 1.5 SP7-03C Stapleford
- 1.6 Timberland Bank Seepage

2. Location Plans

- 2.1 River Till Left Bank at Broxholme
- 2.2 Greyfleet Drain Grimoldby
- 2.3 Torksey
- 2.4 Tetney Bank and Headwall
- 2.5 Louth Canal
- 2.6 West of Lordships
- 2.7 North Somercotes
- 2.8 Stapleford
- 2.9 Timberland Bank Seepage (site access and location)
- 2.10 Timberland Bank Seepage (cross-section)

3. Specifications

- 3.1 Latest Ciria Guidance: Culvert, screen and outfall manual New CIRIA guidance
- 3.2 Specification for Laying Temporary and Permanent Meshing Full and Half Wrap Design
- 3.3 Specification for Installation of Badger Gates
- 3.4 Permanent Meshing Installation Detail Drawing
- 3.5 Recommended Grass Seed Mix
- 4. Other
- 4.1 Programme Permits Licences and Consents Tracker

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