Schedule 1 - Contract including Order Form and Short Form Conditions

Order Form

1. Contract Reference	THEP3027	
2. Date	11th May 2022	
3. Buyer	Department for Transport,	
4. Supplier	Forward Data SL	
5. The Contract	 The Supplier shall supply the deliverables described below on the terms set out in this Order Form and the attached contract conditions ("Conditions") and associated Schedules. Unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions used in this Order Form have the same meanings as in Conditions. Please do not attach any Supplier terms and conditions to this Order Form as they will not be accepted by the Buyer and may delay conclusion of the Contract. 	
6. Deliverables	Services As specified within Schedule 2 Specification.	
7. Specification	The specification of the Deliverables is as set out in Schedule 2 Specification incorporating Schedule 5 Pricing Schedule and Schedule 6 Bidder Response.	

8. Term	The Term shall commence on 15 th May 2022.
	and the Expiry Date shall be 14 th May 2023.
	unless it is otherwise extended or terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract.
	The Buyer may extend the Contract for a period of up to 24 months in 12- month increments by giving not less than 10 Working Days' notice in writing to the Supplier prior to the Expiry Date. The terms and conditions of the Contract shall apply throughout any such extended period.
9. Charges	The Charges for the Deliverables shall be as set out within Schedule 5 Pricing Schedule dated 26 th April 2022 and Schedule 6 Bidder Response / the Supplier's tender dated 13 ^h April 2022.
10. Payment	Within 10 Working Days of receipt of your countersigned copy of this letter, we will send you a unique PO Number. You must be in receipt of a valid PO Number before submitting an invoice.
	Suppliers must be in possession of a written purchase order (PO), before commencing any work under this contract. The Purchase Order Number for this contract will be confirmed by the Contract Manager. You must quote the PO number on all invoices, and these must be submitted directly to:
	To avoid delay in payment it is important that the invoice is compliant and that it includes a valid PO Number, PO Number item number (if applicable) and the details (name and telephone number) of your Buyer contact (i.e. Contract Manager). Non-compliant invoices will be sent back to you, which may lead to a delay in payment.
	If you have a query regarding an outstanding payment please contact our Accounts Payable section:

11. Buyer Authorised Representative(s)		r contact will continue to be
12. Address for notices	Buyer:	Supplier:
13. Key Personnel	Buyer:	Supplier:
14. Procedures and Policies	the delivery of the Del Service check. The Supplier shall ens conviction that is relevand of the Buyer, or is of conviction a " Relevant Relevant Conviction (N	e the Supplier to ensure that any person employed in iverables has undertaken a Disclosure and Barring ure that no person who discloses that he/she has a ant to the nature of the Contract, relevant to the work a type otherwise advised by the Buyer (each such t Conviction "), or is found by the Supplier to have a whether as a result of a police check, a Disclosure heck or otherwise) is employed or engaged in the f the Deliverables.

- Schedule 2 Specification
- Schedule 5 Pricing Schedule
- Schedule 6 Bidder Response
- Schedule 8 Data Supplier Mandatory Terms
- Annex [1] [Schedule of Processing, Personal Data & Data Subjects]
- Annex [2] [Schedule for Joint Controller Agreements]

Short form Terms

1. Definitions used in the Contract

In this Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

- "Annex" means a document with the heading 'Annex' attached within this Contract;
- "Buyer" means the person identified in the letterhead of the Order Form;
- "Buyer Cause" any breach of the obligations of the Buyer or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Buyer, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Buyer is liable to the Supplier;
- "Central means a body listed in one of the following subcategories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics:
 - a) Government Department;
 - b) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);
 - c) Non-Ministerial Department; or
 - d) Executive Agency;
- "Charges" means the charges for the Deliverables as specified in the Order Form;
- "Confidential means all information, whether written or oral (however recorded), provided by the disclosing Party to the receiving Party and which (i) is known by the receiving Party to be confidential; (ii) is marked as or stated to be confidential; or (iii) ought reasonably to be considered by the receiving Party to be confidential;
- "Contract" means the contract between (i) the Buyer and (ii) the Supplier which is created by the Supplier's counter signing the Order Form and includes the Order Form, Schedules and Annexes;
- "Controller" has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
- "Date of means that date by which the Deliverables must be delivered to the Buyer, as specified in the Order Form;

"Data Protection (i) the GDPR, the LED and any applicable national implementing Laws as amended from time to time (ii) the Data

Legislation"	Protection Act 2018 to the extent that it relates to processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the processing of personal data and privacy;
"Data Protection Impact Assessment"	an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged processing on the protection of Personal Data;
"Data Protection Officer"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Loss Event"	any event that results, or may result, in unauthorised access to Personal Data held by the Supplier under this Contract, and/or actual or potential loss and/or destruction of Personal Data in breach of this Contract, including any Personal Data Breach;
"Data Subject Access Request"	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
"Data Supplier Mandatory Terms"	terms specified in [Schedule 8] which are solely binding on the Supplier with their data suppliers only. The Buyer is not bound to adhering to the Data Supplier Mandatory Terms. The Conditions will always take precedence, including in the event of any conflict between the Data Supplier Mandatory Terms and the Conditions;
"Deliver"	means hand over the Deliverables to the Buyer at the address and on the date specified in the Order Form, which shall include unloading and any other specific arrangements agreed by both Parties. Delivered and Delivery shall be construed accordingly;
"Existing IPR"	any and all intellectual property rights that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the date of the Contract or otherwise);
"Expiry Date"	means the date for expiry of the Contract as set out in the Order Form;
"FOIA"	means the Freedom of Information Act 2000 together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;
"Force Majeure Event"	any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance by either Party of its obligations under the Contract arising from acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond its reasonable control which prevent or materially delay it from performing its obligations under the Contract but excluding: i) any industrial dispute relating to the

> Supplier, the Supplier Staff (including any subsets of them) or any other failure in the Supplier or the Subcontractor's supply chain; ii) any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause which is attributable to the wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable precautions against it by the Party concerned; and iii) any failure of delay caused by a lack of funds;

- "GDPR" the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679);
- "Goods" means the goods to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under the Contract;
- "Good Industry Practice" standards, practices, methods and procedures conforming to the law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;
- "Government Data" a) the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Buyer's confidential information, and which: i) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer; or ii) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to the Contract; or b) any Personal Data for which the Buyer is the Data Controller;
- "Information" has the meaning given under section 84 of the FOIA;

"Information Commissioner" the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by public bodies;

- "Insolvency Event" in respect of a person: a) if that person is insolvent; ii) if an order is made or a resolution is passed for the winding up of the person (other than voluntarily for the purpose of solvent amalgamation or reconstruction); iii) if an administrator or administrative receiver is appointed in respect of the whole or any part of the persons assets or business; iv) if the person makes any composition with its creditors or takes or suffers any similar or analogous action to any of the actions detailed in this definition as a result of debt in any jurisdiction;
- "Key Personnel" means any persons specified as such in the Order Form or otherwise notified as such by the Buyer to the Supplier in writing;
- "LED" Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680);

- "New IPR" all and intellectual property rights in any materials created or developed by or on behalf of the Supplier pursuant to the Contract but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR;
- "Order Form" means the letter from the Buyer to the Supplier printed above these terms and conditions;
- "Party" the Supplier or the Buyer (as appropriate) and "Parties" shall mean both of them;
- "Personal Data" has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
- "Personal Data has the meaning given to it in the GDPR; Breach"
- "**Processor**" has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
- "Purchase means the Buyer's unique number relating to the order for Deliverables to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer in accordance with the terms of the Contract;
- "Regulations" the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires) as amended from time to time;
- "Request for has the meaning set out in the FOIA or the Environmental Information" has the meaning set out in the FOIA or the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 as relevant (where the meaning set out for the term "request" shall apply);
- "Schedule" means a document with the heading 'Schedule' attached within the Contract;
- "Services" means the services to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under the Contract;
- "Specification" means the specification for the Deliverables to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer (including as to quantity, description and quality) as specified in the Order Form;
- "Staff" means all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any sub-contractor of the Supplier engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract;
- "Storage Media" means the part of any device that is capable of storing and retrieving data;
- "Subprocessor" any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of the Supplier related to the Contract;
- "Supplier Staff" all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under

a Contract;

- "Supplier" means the person named as Supplier in the Order Form;
- "Term" means the period from the start date of the Contract set out in the Order Form to the Expiry Date as such period may be extended in accordance with clause [] or terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract;
- **"US-EU Privacy** Shield Register" a list of companies maintained by the United States of America Department for Commence that have self-certified their commitment to adhere to the European legislation relating to the processing of personal data to non-EU countries which is available online at: https://www.privacyshield.gov/list;
- "VAT" means value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;
- "Workers" any one of the Supplier Staff which the Buyer, in its reasonable opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policynote-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees) applies in respect of the Deliverables;
- "Working Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business in the City of London.

2. Understanding the Contract

In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 2.1 references to numbered clauses are references to the relevant clause in these terms and conditions;
- 2.2 any obligation on any Party not to do or omit to do anything shall include an obligation not to allow that thing to be done or omitted to be done;
- 2.3 the headings in this Contract are for information only and do not affect the interpretation of the Contract;
- 2.4 references to "writing" include printing, display on a screen and electronic transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form;
- 2.5 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- 2.6 a reference to any law includes a reference to that law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time and to any legislation or byelaw made under that law; and
- 2.7 the word 'including', "for example" and similar words shall be understood as if they were immediately followed by the words "without limitation".

3. How the Contract works

- 3.1 The Order Form is an offer by the Buyer to purchase the Deliverables subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract.
- 3.2 The Supplier is deemed to accept the offer in the Order Form when the Buyer receives a copy of the Order Form signed by the Supplier.
- 3.3 The Supplier warrants and represents that its tender and all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.

4. What needs to be delivered

4.1 All Deliverables

- (a) The Supplier must provide Deliverables: (i) in accordance with the Specification; (ii) to a professional standard; (iii) using reasonable skill and care; (iv) using Good Industry Practice; (v) using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they don't conflict with the Contract; (vi) on the dates agreed; and (vii) that comply with all law.
- (b) The Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days (or longer where the Supplier offers a longer warranty period to its Buyers) from Delivery against all obvious defects.

4.2 [Goods clauses

- (a) All Goods delivered must be new, or as new if recycled, unused and of recent origin.
- (b) All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods must be assignable to the Buyer on request and for free.
- (c) The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on completion of delivery (including off-loading and stacking) or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier.
- (d) Risk in the Goods transfers to the Buyer on delivery, but remains with the Supplier if the Buyer notices damage following delivery and lets the Supplier know within three Working Days of delivery.
- (e) The Supplier warrants that it has full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.
- (f) The Supplier must deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location during the Buyer's working hours.
- (g) The Supplier must provide sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of delivery safely and undamaged.
- (h) All deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type and quantity of Goods.

- (i) The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Buyer needs to make use of the Goods.
- (j) The Supplier will notify the Buyer of any request that Goods are returned to it or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects that might endanger health or hinder performance and shall indemnify the Buyer against the costs arising as a result of any such request.
- (k) The Buyer can cancel any order or part order of Goods which has not been delivered. If the Buyer gives less than 14 days' notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the cancelled order as long as the Supplier takes all reasonable steps to minimise these costs.
- (I) The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Buyer's option and request) any Goods that the Buyer rejects because they don't conform with clause 4.2. If the Supplier doesn't do this it will pay the Buyer's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.
- (m) The Buyer will not be liable for any actions, claims, costs and expenses incurred by the Supplier or any third party during delivery of the Goods unless and to the extent that it is caused by negligence or other wrongful act of the Buyer or its servant or agent. If the Buyer suffers or incurs any damage or injury (whether fatal or otherwise) occurring in the course of delivery or installation then the Supplier shall indemnify from any losses, charges costs or expenses which arise as a result of or in connection with such damage or injury where it is attributable to any act or omission of the Supplier or any of its [sub-suppliers].]

4.3 Services clauses

- (a) Late delivery of the Services will be a default of the Contract.
- (b) The Supplier must co-operate with the Buyer and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions including any security requirements.
- (c) The Buyer must provide the Supplier with reasonable access to its premises at reasonable times for the purpose of supplying the Services
- (d) The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all equipment required to deliver the Services. Any equipment provided by the Buyer to the Supplier for supplying the Services remains the property of the Buyer and is to be returned to the Buyer on expiry or termination of the Contract.
- (e) The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to the Contract.
- (f) The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Buyer's operations, employees or other contractors.
- (g) On completion of the Services, the Supplier is responsible for leaving the Buyer's premises in a clean, safe and tidy condition and making good any

damage that it has caused to the Buyer's premises or property, other than fair wear and tear.

- (h) The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to deliver the Services, are of good quality and free from defects.
- (i) The Buyer is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services, but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

5. Pricing and payments

- 5.1 In exchange for the Deliverables, the Supplier shall be entitled to invoice the Buyer for the charges in the Order Form as per the process set out within Schedule [2] Specification. The Supplier shall raise invoices promptly and in any event within 90 days from when the charges are due.
- 5.2 All Charges:
 - (a) exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice;
 - (b) include all costs connected with the supply of Deliverables.
- 5.3 The Buyer must pay the Supplier the charges within 30 days of receipt by the Buyer of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds to the Supplier's account stated in the Order Form.
- 5.4 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
 - (a) includes all appropriate references including the Purchase Order Number and other details reasonably requested by the Buyer;
 - (b) includes a detailed breakdown of Deliverables which have been delivered (if any).
- 5.5 If there is a dispute between the Parties as to the amount invoiced, the Buyer shall pay the undisputed amount. The Supplier shall not suspend the provision of the Deliverables unless the Supplier is entitled to terminate the Contract for a failure to pay undisputed sums in accordance with clause 11.6. Any disputed amounts shall be resolved through the dispute resolution procedure detailed in clause 33.
- 5.6 The Buyer may retain or set-off payment of any amount owed to it by the Supplier if notice and reasons are provided.
- 5.7 The Supplier must ensure that all subcontractors are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this doesn't happen, the Buyer can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.

6. The Buyer's obligations to the Supplier

- 6.1 If Supplier fails to comply with the Contract as a result of a Buyer Cause:
 - (a) the Buyer cannot terminate the Contract under clause 11;

- (b) the Supplier is entitled to reasonable and proven additional expenses and to relief from liability under this Contract;
- (c) the Supplier is entitled to additional time needed to deliver the Deliverables;
- (d) the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables.
- 6.2 Clause 6.1 only applies if the Supplier:
 - (a) gives notice to the Buyer within 10 Working Days of becoming aware;
 - (b) demonstrates that the failure only happened because of the Buyer Cause;
 - (c) mitigated the impact of the Buyer Cause.

7. Record keeping and reporting

- 7.1 The Supplier must ensure that suitably qualified representatives attend progress meetings with the Buyer and provide progress reports when specified in the Order Form and as specified in the Specification.
- 7.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts on everything to do with the Contract for seven years after the date of expiry or termination of the Contract.
- 7.3 The Supplier must allow any auditor appointed by the Buyer access to their premises to verify all contract accounts and records of everything to do with the Contract and provide copies for the audit.
- 7.4 The Supplier must provide information to the auditor and reasonable co-operation at their request.
- 7.5 If the Supplier is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:
 - (a) tell the Buyer and give reasons;
 - (b) propose corrective action;
 - (c) provide a deadline for completing the corrective action.
- 7.6 If the Buyer, acting reasonably, is concerned as to the financial stability of the Supplier such that it may impact on the continued performance of the Contract then the Buyer may:
 - (a) require that the Supplier provide to the Buyer (for its approval) a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure continued performance of the Contract and the Supplier will make changes to such plan as reasonably required by the Buyer and once it is agreed then the Supplier shall act in accordance with such plan and report to the Buyer on demand
 - (b) if the Supplier fails to provide a plan or fails to agree any changes which are requested by the Buyer or fails to implement or provide updates on progress

with the plan, terminate the Contract immediately for material breach (or on such date as the Buyer notifies).

8. Supplier staff

- 8.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of the Contract must:
 - (a) be appropriately trained and qualified;
 - (b) be vetted using Good Industry Practice and in accordance with the instructions issued by the Buyer in the Order Form;
 - (c) comply with all conduct requirements when on the Buyer's premises.
- 8.2 Where a Buyer decides one of the Supplier's Staff isn't suitable to work on the Contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.
- 8.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions have caused the Supplier to breach clause 8.
- 8.4 The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Buyer's premises and say why access is required.
- 8.5 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all claims brought by any person employed by the Supplier caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any Supplier Staff.
- 8.6 The Supplier shall use those persons nominated in the Order Form (if any) to provide the Deliverables and shall not remove or replace any of them unless:
 - (a) requested to do so by the Buyer (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed);
 - (b) the person concerned resigns, retires or dies or is on maternity or long-term sick leave; or
 - (c) the person's employment or contractual arrangement with the Supplier or any subcontractor is terminated for material breach of contract by the employee.

9. Rights and protection

- 9.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:
 - (a) it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform the Contract;
 - (b) the Contract is executed by its authorised representative;
 - (c) it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed;
 - (d) there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its affiliates that might affect its ability to perform the Contract;

- (e) it maintains all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents to perform its obligations under the Contract;
- (f) it doesn't have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform the Contract; and
- (g) it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event.
- 9.2 The warranties and representations in clause 9.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.
- 9.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against each of the following:
 - (a) wilful misconduct of the Supplier, any of its subcontractor and/or Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract;
 - (b) non-payment by the Supplier of any tax or National Insurance.
- 9.4 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify the Buyer.
- 9.5 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Buyer's benefit by the Supplier.

10. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)

- 10.1 Each Party keeps ownership of its own Existing IPRs. In accordance with the [Schedule 2] Specification and subject to the Conditions, the Supplier gives the Buyer a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free, irrevocable, transferable worldwide licence to use the Supplier's Existing IPR to enable it and, in accordance with the [Schedule 2] Specification, its sub-licensees to both:
 - (a) receive and use the Deliverables;
 - (b) use the New IPR.
- 10.2 Subject to clause 10.1, any New IPR created by the Buyer, under the Contract, such as reports, presentations and analysis produced using data from the Supplier's Service, is owned by the Buyer in accordance with [Schedule 2] Specification. Subject to clause 10.1, the Buyer gives the Supplier a licence to use any New IPRs for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations under the Contract.
- 10.3 Where a Party acquires ownership of intellectual property rights incorrectly under this Contract it must do everything reasonably necessary to complete a transfer assigning them in writing to the other Party on request and at its own cost.
- 10.4 Neither Party has the right to use the other Party's intellectual property rights, including any use of the other Party's names, logos or trademarks, except as provided in clause 10 or otherwise agreed in writing.
- 10.5 If any claim is made against the Buyer for actual or alleged infringement of a third party's intellectual property arising out of, or in connection with, the supply or use of the Deliverables (an "**IPR Claim**"), then the Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all

losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result of the IPR Claim.

- 10.6 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Buyer's sole option, either:
 - (a) obtain for the Buyer the rights in clauses 10.1 and 10.2 without infringing any third party intellectual property rights;
 - (b) replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that don't infringe intellectual property rights without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables.

11. Ending the contract

- 11.1 The Contract takes effect on the date of or (if different) the date specified in the Order Form and ends on the earlier of the date of expiry or termination of the Contract or earlier if required by Law.
- 11.2 The Buyer can extend the Contract where set out in the Order Form in accordance with the terms in the Order Form.

11.3 Ending the Contract without a reason

The Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract at any time without reason or liability by giving the Supplier not less than 90 days' written notice and if it's terminated clause 11.5(b) to 11.5(g) applies.

11.4 When the Buyer can end the Contract

- (a) If any of the following events happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a termination notice in writing to the Supplier:
 - (i) there's a Supplier Insolvency Event;
 - (ii) if the Supplier repeatedly breaches the Contract in a way to reasonably justify the opinion that its conduct is inconsistent with it having the intention or ability to give effect to the terms and conditions of the Contract;
 - (iii) if the Supplier is in material breach of any obligation which is capable of remedy, and that breach is not remedied within 30 days of the Supplier receiving notice specifying the breach and requiring it to be remedied;
 - (iv) there's a change of control (within the meaning of section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of the Supplier which isn't pre-approved by the Buyer in writing;
 - (v) if the Buyer discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57
 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded;
 - (vi) the Court of Justice of the European Union uses Article 258 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU) to declare that

the Contract should not have been awarded to the Supplier because of a serious breach of the TFEU or the Regulations;

- (vii) the Supplier or its affiliates embarrass or bring the Buyer into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them.
- (b) If any of the events in 73(1) (a) to (c) of the Regulations (substantial modification, exclusion of the Supplier, procurement infringement) happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate the Contract and clause 11.5(b) to 11.5(g) applies.

11.5 What happens if the Contract ends

Where the Buyer terminates the Contract under clause 11.4(a) all of the following apply:

- (a) the Supplier is responsible for the Buyer's reasonable costs of procuring replacement deliverables for the rest of the term of the Contract;
- (b) the Buyer's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately;
- (c) accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected;
- (d) the Supplier must promptly delete or return the Government Data except where required to retain copies by law;
- (e) the Supplier must promptly return any of the Buyer's property provided under the Contract;
- (f) the Supplier must, at no cost to the Buyer, give all reasonable assistance to the Buyer and any incoming supplier and co-operate fully in the handover and re-procurement;
- (g) the following clauses survive the termination of the Contract: [3.2.10, 6, 7.2, 9, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 34, 35] and any clauses which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.

11.6 When the Supplier can end the Contract

- (a) The Supplier can issue a reminder notice if the Buyer does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate the Contract if the Buyer fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the total Contract value or £1,000, whichever is the lower, within 30 days of the date of the reminder notice.
- (b) If a Supplier terminates the Contract under clause 11.6(a):
 - (i) the Buyer must promptly pay all outstanding charges incurred to the Supplier;
 - (ii) the Buyer must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and costed schedule with evidence - the maximum value of this payment is limited

to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated;

(iii) clauses 11.5(d) to 11.5(g) apply.

11.7 Partially ending and suspending the Contract

- (a) Where the Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Buyer suspends the Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.
- (b) The Buyer can only partially terminate or suspend the Contract if the remaining parts of it can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.
- (c) The Parties must agree (in accordance with clause 24) any necessary variation required by clause 11.7, but the Supplier may not either:
 - (i) reject the variation;
 - (ii) increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under clause 11.3.
- (d) The Buyer can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under clause 11.7.

12. How much you can be held responsible for

- 12.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability under or in connection with the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than 125% of the Charges paid or payable to the Supplier.
- 12.2 No Party is liable to the other for:
 - (a) any indirect losses;
 - (b) loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect).
- 12.3 In spite of clause 12.1, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:
 - (a) its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or subcontractors;
 - (b) its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees;
 - (c) any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by law.
- 12.4 In spite of clause 12.1, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under clauses 4.2(j), 4.2(m), 8.5, 9.3, 10.5, 13.2, 14.26(e) or 30.2(b).
- 12.5 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with the Contract, including any indemnities.

12.6 If more than one Supplier is party to the Contract, each Supplier Party is fully responsible for both their own liabilities and the liabilities of the other Suppliers

13. Obeying the law

- 13.1 The Supplier must, in connection with provision of the Deliverables, use reasonable endeavours to:
 - (a) comply and procure that its subcontractors comply with the Supplier Code of Conduct appearing at

(<u>https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/a</u> <u>ttachment_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier_Code_of_Conduct.pdf</u>) and such other corporate social responsibility requirements as the Buyer may notify to the Supplier from time to time;

- (b) support the Buyer in fulfilling its Public Sector Equality duty under S149 of the Equality Act 2010;
- (c) not use nor allow its subcontractors to use modern slavery, child labour or inhumane treatment;
- (d) meet the applicable Government Buying Standards applicable to Deliverables which can be found online at: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/sustainable-procurement-the-government-buying-standards-gbs</u>
- 13.2 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against any costs resulting from any default by the Supplier relating to any applicable law to do with the Contract.
- 13.3 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with Law, Clause 13.1 and Clauses 27 to 32
- 13.4 "Compliance Officer" the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal obligations

14. Data protection

- 14.1 The Buyer is the Controller and the Supplier is the Processor for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation.
- 14.2 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with this Contract.
- 14.3 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Government Data.
- 14.4 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Government Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Buyer copies every six Months.
- 14.5 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Government Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the security requirements specified [in writing] by the Buyer.

- 14.6 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Government Data provided under the Contract is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must notify the Buyer and immediately suggest remedial action.
- 14.7 If the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Buyer may either or both:
 - (a) tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Government Data as soon as practical but no later than five Working Days from the date that the Buyer receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier;
 - (b) restore the Government Data itself or using a third party.
- 14.8 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with clause 14.7 unless the Buyer is at fault.
- 14.9 Only the Buyer can decide what processing of Personal Data a Supplier can do under the Contract and must specify it for the Contract using the template in Annex 1 of the Order Form (*Authorised Processing*).
- 14.10 The Supplier must only process Personal Data if authorised to do so in the Annex to the Order Form (*Authorised Processing*) by the Buyer. Any further written instructions relating to the processing of Personal Data are incorporated into Annex 1 of the Order Form.
- 14.11 The Supplier must give all reasonable assistance to the Buyer in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment before starting any processing, including:
 - (a) a systematic description of the expected processing and its purpose;
 - (b) the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations;
 - (c) the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects;
 - (d) the intended measures to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to protect Personal Data.
- 14.12 The Supplier must notify the Buyer immediately if it thinks the Buyer's instructions breach the Data Protection Legislation.
- 14.13 The Supplier must put in place appropriate Protective Measures to protect against a Data Loss Event which must be approved by the Buyer.
- 14.14 If lawful to notify the Buyer, the Supplier must notify it if the Supplier is required to process Personal Data by Law promptly and before processing it.
- 14.15 The Supplier must take all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Supplier Staff who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
 - (a) are aware of and comply with the Supplier's duties under this clause 14;
 - (b) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Supplier or any Subprocessor;

- (c) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not provide any of the Personal Data to any third Party unless directed in writing to do so by the Buyer or as otherwise allowed by the Contract;
- (d) have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data.
- 14.16 The Supplier must not transfer Personal Data outside of the EU unless all of the following are true:
 - (a) it has obtained prior written consent of the Buyer;
 - (b) the Buyer has decided that there are appropriate safeguards (in accordance with Article 46 of the GDPR);
 - (c) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies when transferred;
 - (d) the Supplier meets its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred;
 - (e) where the Supplier is not bound by Data Protection Legislation it must use its best endeavours to help the Buyer meet its own obligations under Data Protection Legislation; and
 - (f) the Supplier complies with the Buyer's reasonable prior instructions about the processing of the Personal Data.
- 14.17 The Supplier must notify the Buyer immediately if it:
 - receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);
 - (b) receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
 - (c) receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
 - (d) receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data processed under this Contract;
 - (e) receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with the request is required or claims to be required by Law;
 - (f) becomes aware of a Data Loss Event.
- 14.18 Any requirement to notify under clause 14.17 includes the provision of further information to the Buyer in stages as details become available.
- 14.19 The Supplier must promptly provide the Buyer with full assistance in relation to any Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under clause 14.17. This includes giving the Buyer:

- (a) full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
- (b) reasonably requested assistance so that it can comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales in the Data Protection Legislation;
- (c) any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject on request;
- (d) assistance that it requests following any Data Loss Event;
- (e) assistance that it requests relating to a consultation with, or request from, the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 14.20 The Supplier must maintain full, accurate records and information to show it complies with this clause 14. This requirement does not apply where the Supplier employs fewer than 250 staff, unless either the Buyer determines that the processing:
 - (a) is not occasional;
 - (b) includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the GDPR;
 - (c) is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 14.21 The Supplier must appoint a Data Protection Officer responsible for observing its obligations in this Schedule and give the Buyer their contact details.
- 14.22 Before allowing any Subprocessor to process any Personal Data, the Supplier must:
 - (a) notify the Buyer in writing of the intended Subprocessor and processing;
 - (b) obtain the written consent of the Buyer;
 - (c) enter into a written contract with the Subprocessor so that this clause 14 applies to the Subprocessor;
 - (d) provide the Buyer with any information about the Subprocessor that the Buyer reasonably requires.
- 14.23 The Supplier remains fully liable for all acts or omissions of any Subprocessor.
- 14.24 At any time the Buyer can, with 30 Working Days notice to the Supplier, change this clause 14 to:
 - (a) replace it with any applicable standard clauses (between the controller and processor) or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme under GDPR Article 42;
 - (b) ensure it complies with guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 14.25 The Parties agree to take account of any non-mandatory guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

14.26 The Supplier:

- (a) must provide the Buyer with all Government Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request;
- (b) must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Government Data if the Supplier stops trading;
- (c) must securely destroy all Storage Media that has held Government Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice;
- (d) securely erase all Government Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by the Buyer unless required by Law to retain it;
- (e) indemnifies the Buyer against any and all Losses incurred if the Supplier breaches clause 14 and any Data Protection Legislation.

15. What you must keep confidential

- 15.1 Each Party must:
 - (a) keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure;
 - (b) not disclose, use or exploit the disclosing Party's Confidential Information without the disclosing Party's prior written consent, except for the purposes anticipated under the Contract;
 - (c) immediately notify the disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information.
- 15.2 In spite of clause 15.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the disclosing Party in any of the following instances:
 - (a) where disclosure is required by applicable Law or by a court with the relevant jurisdiction if the recipient Party notifies the disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure;
 - (b) if the recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the disclosing Party;
 - (c) if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality;
 - (d) if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure;
 - (e) if the information was independently developed without access to the disclosing Party's Confidential Information;
 - (f) to its auditors or for the purposes of regulatory requirements;
 - (g) on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis;

- (h) to the Serious Fraud Office where the recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010.
- 15.3 The Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Buyer at its request.
- 15.4 The Buyer may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:
 - (a) on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Buyer;
 - (b) on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any company that the Buyer transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to;
 - (c) if the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions;
 - (d) where requested by Parliament;
 - (e) under clauses 5.7 and 16.
- 15.5 For the purposes of clauses 15.2 to 15.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in clause 15.
- 15.6 Information which is exempt from disclosure by clause 16 is not Confidential Information.
- 15.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contract or any part of it in any way, without the prior written consent of the Buyer and must take all reasonable steps to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.

16. When you can share information

- 16.1 The Supplier must tell the Buyer within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.
- 16.2 Within the required timescales the Supplier must give the Buyer full co-operation and information needed so the Buyer can:
 - (a) comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request;
 - (b) comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request.
- 16.3 The Buyer may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under clause 16. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Buyer's decision, which does not need to be reasonable.

17. Invalid parts of the contract

If any part of the Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from that Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it's valid or enforceable.

18. No other terms apply

The provisions incorporated into the Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements and agreements whether written or oral. No other provisions apply.

19. Other people's rights in a contract

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

20. Circumstances beyond your control

- 20.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under the Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:
 - (a) provides written notice to the other Party;
 - (b) uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event.
- 20.2 Either party can partially or fully terminate the Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event which lasts for 90 days continuously.
- 20.3 Where a Party terminates under clause 20.2:
 - (a) each party must cover its own losses;
 - (b) clause 11.5(b) to 11.5(g) applies.

21. Relationships created by the contract

The Contract does not create a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

22. Giving up contract rights

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of the Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

23. Transferring responsibilities

23.1 The Supplier cannot assign the Contract without the Buyer's written consent.

- 23.2 The Buyer can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Crown Body, public or private sector body which performs the functions of the Buyer.
- 23.3 When the Buyer uses its rights under clause 23.2 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that the Buyer specifies.
- 23.4 The Supplier can terminate the Contract novated under clause 23.2 to a private sector body that is experiencing an Insolvency Event.
- 23.5 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.
- 23.6 If the Buyer asks the Supplier for details about Subcontractors, the Supplier must provide details of Subcontractors at all levels of the supply chain including:
 - (a) their name;
 - (b) the scope of their appointment;
 - (c) the duration of their appointment.

24. Changing the contract

24.1 Either Party can request a variation to the Contract which is only effective if agreed in writing and signed by both Parties. The Buyer is not required to accept a variation request made by the Supplier.

25. How to communicate about the contract

- 25.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they're delivered before 5:00pm on a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective when sent unless an error message is received.
- 25.2 Notices to the Buyer or Supplier must be sent to their address in the Order Form.
- 25.3 This clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.

26. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption

- 26.1 The Supplier shall not:
 - (a) commit any criminal offence referred to in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2);
 - (b) offer, give, or agree to give anything, to any person (whether working for or engaged by the Buyer or any other public body) an inducement or reward for doing, refraining from doing, or for having done or refrained from doing, any act in relation to the obtaining or execution of the Contract or any other public function or for showing or refraining from showing favour or disfavour to any person in relation to the Contract or any other public function.
- 26.2 The Supplier shall take all reasonable steps (including creating, maintaining and enforcing adequate policies, procedures and records), in accordance with good

> industry practice, to prevent any matters referred to in clause 26.1 and any fraud by the Staff and the Supplier (including its shareholders, members and directors) in connection with the Contract and shall notify the Buyer immediately if it has reason to suspect that any such matters have occurred or is occurring or is likely to occur.

- 26.3 If the Supplier or the Staff engages in conduct prohibited by clause 26.1 or commits fraud in relation to the Contract or any other contract with the Crown (including the Buyer) the Buyer may:
 - (a) terminate the Contract and recover from the Supplier the amount of any loss suffered by the Buyer resulting from the termination, including the cost reasonably incurred by the Buyer of making other arrangements for the supply of the Deliverables and any additional expenditure incurred by the Buyer throughout the remainder of the Contract; or
 - (b) recover in full from the Supplier any other loss sustained by the Buyer in consequence of any breach of this clause.

27. Equality, diversity and human rights

- 27.1 The Supplier must follow all applicable equality law when they perform their obligations under the Contract, including:
 - (a) protections against discrimination on the grounds of race, sex, gender reassignment, religion or belief, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy, maternity, age or otherwise;
 - (b) any other requirements and instructions which the Buyer reasonably imposes related to equality Law.
- 27.2 The Supplier must take all necessary steps, and inform the Buyer of the steps taken, to prevent anything that is considered to be unlawful discrimination by any court or tribunal, or the Equality and Human Rights Commission (or any successor organisation) when working on the Contract.

28. Health and safety

- 28.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:
 - (a) all applicable law regarding health and safety;
 - (b) the Buyer's current health and safety policy while at the Buyer's premises, as provided to the Supplier.
- 28.2 The Supplier and the Buyer must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents or material hazards they're aware of at the Buyer premises that relate to the performance of the Contract.

29. Environment

29.1 When working on Site the Supplier must perform its obligations under the Buyer's current Environmental Policy, which the Buyer must provide.

29.2 The Supplier must ensure that Supplier Staff are aware of the Buyer's Environmental Policy.

30. Tax

- 30.1 The Supplier must not breach any tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. The Buyer cannot terminate the Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor tax or social security contribution.
- 30.2 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under the Off Contract, the Supplier must both:
 - (a) comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions;
 - (b) indemnify the Buyer against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Contract Period in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff.
- 30.3 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:
 - (a) the Buyer may, at any time during the term of the Contract, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with clause 30.2, or why those requirements do not apply, the Buyer can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding;
 - (b) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Buyer within the time specified by the Buyer;
 - (c) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker provides information which the Buyer considers isn't good enough to demonstrate how it complies with clause 30.2 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements;
 - (d) the Buyer may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management.

31. Conflict of interest

31.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual or potential conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to the Buyer under the Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer.

- 31.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to the Buyer if a conflict of interest happens or is expected to happen.
- 31.3 The Buyer can terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier or take any steps it thinks are necessary where there is or may be an actual or potential conflict of interest.

32. Reporting a breach of the contract

- 32.1 As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to the Buyer any actual or suspected breach of law, clause 13.1, or clauses 26 to 31.
- 32.2 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in clause 32.1.

33. Resolving disputes

- 33.1 If there is a dispute between the Parties, their senior representatives who have authority to settle the dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the dispute.
- 33.2 If the dispute is not resolved at that meeting, the Parties can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure current at the time of the dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the dispute, the dispute must be resolved using clauses 33.3 to 33.5.
- 33.3 Unless the Buyer refers the dispute to arbitration using clause 33.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:
 - (a) determine the dispute;
 - (b) grant interim remedies;
 - (c) grant any other provisional or protective relief.
- 33.4 The Supplier agrees that the Buyer has the exclusive right to refer any dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules current at the time of the dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.
- 33.5 The Buyer has the right to refer a dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under clause 33.3, unless the Buyer has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under clause 33.4.
- 33.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of the Contract during any dispute.

34. Which law applies

This Contract and any issues arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.

[Annex 1 – Schedule of Processing, Personal Data & Data Subjects]

This Schedule shall be completed by the Controller. The Controller may take account of the view of the Processor(s), however the final decision as to the content of this Schedule shall be with the Controller at its absolute discretion.

- The contact details of the Controller's Data Protection Officer are: [insert contact details].
- The contact details of the Processor's Data Protection Officer are: [insert contact details].
- 3. The Processor shall comply with any further written instructions with respect to processing by the Controller.
- 4. Any such further instructions shall be incorporated into this Schedule.

Description	Details
Identity of the Controller and	The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data
Processor	Protection Legislation, the Authority is the Controller and the
	Contractor is the Processor in accordance with Clause [E1.1].
	[Note: clause numbers refer to DfT General Conditions of
	Contract for Services. Amend if necessary.]
	[Guidance: You may need to vary this section where (in the rare case) the Authority and Contractor have a different relationship. For example where the Parties are Joint Controllers of some
	Personal Data:
	"Notwithstanding Clause [E1.1] the Parties acknowledge that they are also Joint Controllers for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation in respect of: [Insert the scope of Personal Data which the purposes and means of the processing is determined by the both Parties]

Subject matter of the	In respect of Personal Data under Joint Control, Clause [E1.1- E1.14] will not apply and the Parties agree to put in place a Joint Controller Agreement as outlined in Schedule [Y] instead." [This should be a high level, short description of what the
processing	processing is about i.e. its subject matter of the contract.
	Example: The processing is needed in order to ensure that the
	Processor can effectively deliver the contract to provide a service
	to members of the public.]
Duration of the processing	[Clearly set out the duration of the processing including dates]
Nature and purposes of the	[Please be as specific as possible, but make sure that you cover
processing	all intended purposes.
	The nature of the processing means any operation such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction of data (whether or not by automated means) etc.
	The purpose might include: employment processing, statutory obligation, recruitment assessment, etc.]
Type of Personal Data being	[Examples here include: name, address, date of birth, NI number,
Processed	telephone number, pay, images, biometric data, etc.]

Categories of Data Subject	[Examples include: Staff (including volunteers, agents, and temporary workers), customers/ clients, suppliers, patients, students / pupils, members of the public, users of a particular website, etc.]
Plan for return and destruction of the data once the processing is complete UNLESS requirement under	[Describe how long the data will be retained for, how it be returned or destroyed]
union or member state law to preserve that type of data	

[Annex 2 – Schedule for Joint Controller Agreements]

In this Schedule the Parties must outline each party's responsibilities for:

- providing information to data subjects under <u>Article 13 and 14</u> of the GDPR.
- responding to data subject requests under <u>Articles 15-22</u> of the GDPR
- notifying the Information Commissioner (and data subjects) where necessary about data breaches
- maintaining records of processing under <u>Article 30</u> of the GDPR
- carrying out any required Data Protection Impact Assessment
- The agreement must include a statement as to who is the point of contact for data subjects.

The essence of this relationship shall be published.

You may wish to incorporate some clauses equivalent to those specified in Clause [E1.2-1.14].

You may also wish to include an additional clause apportioning liability between the parties arising out of data protection; of data that is jointly controlled.

Where there is a Joint Control relationship, but no controller-to-processor relationship under the contract, this completed Schedule [Y] should be used instead of Clause [E1.1-1.16].

Schedule 2 – Specification

1. Introduction

The Department for Transport (DfT) invites proposals from suppliers to provide a **Service** which allows access to flight ticketing data. This Contract will be subject to DfT's Schedule [1] (Draft) Order Form and Short Form Conditions (DfT Conditions).

The DfT will not accept other terms and conditions or proposed changes to the DfT Conditions. Bidders *may*, however, submit additional Data Supplier Mandatory Terms (DSMTs) as part of their bid submission, that they are required to adhere to as part of any existing agreements with data suppliers. DSMTs are solely binding on the Supplier with their data supplier[s] only.

Submitted DSMTs will be included as a Schedule ([Schedule 8]) within the DfT Conditions. However, the DfT is not legally bound to adhering to the DSMTs. The DfT Conditions will always take precedence, even in the event of any conflict between the DSMTs and the DfT Conditions. Bidders must accept this to be considered for contract award as per the Mandatory Requirements within Schedule 6 Bidder Response.

The DSMTs will not form part of a tenderer's offer when submitting their bid, they will however be included as a Schedule. The DfT Conditions will govern the provision of this Contract.

The anticipated value of the project is approximately £180,000. This value is given in good faith as a guide to aid bidders planning for submitting their Tender. It should not be interpreted as an undertaking to purchase any goods or services to any value and does not form part of the Contract.

The contract will be for an initial 1-year period commencing on the date highlighted in the indicative procurement timetable, with an option to extend by a further 24 months in 12-month increments reviewed on an annual basis. The contract must not include any provision for automatic renewal at the end of the contract period.

2. Background to the Requirement

COVID-19 has caused widespread disruption across the global aviation industry and subsequently affected global travel trends. The DfT requires access to a detailed dataset which allows it to query the nature of flight ticketing data for journeys between the UK and individual countries around the world. This data will help the DfT to monitor the air travel industry and track trends in volume of flight tickets being purchased, consumer behaviour in response to travel measures and also aide the DfT in operational and strategic decision making.

3. Procurement Timetable

Description	Date
Publication of the ITT	11 th March 2022
Clarification Period Closes	6 th April 2022
0 Clarification Response Deadline	11 th April 2022
1 Deadline for submission of Tenders	13 th April 2022
2 Evaluation of Bids	13 th – 20 th April 2022
3 Contract Award	20 th April 2022
4 Standstill Period	20 th – 2 nd May 2022
5 Potential Contract Commencement	6 th May 2022
6 Inception Meeting	Shortly thereafter

4. Scope

The deliverable (Service) will be full membership of a data portal or platform which the DfT will be able to access through a named user account. The deliverable should allow the DfT access to the required data (outlined below in Section 6).

The user account obtained through this subscription Service will be owned by the Aviation Statistics team at the DfT who will access the Service. Data and corresponding analysis, either generated from the Service itself or produced by the DfT from the data acquired from the Service will be distributed through appropriate dissemination mechanisms across the DfT (inclusive of the Civil Aviation Authority, which is a public corporation of the DfT) to meet specific user needs.

All data will be handled responsibly by the DfT and in accordance with <u>UK</u> <u>Government Security Standards</u>, and confidentiality will be maintained. The DfT will take reasonable steps to prevent unauthorised access to or use of the data Service, including to prevent third parties from obtaining login credentials. In the unlikely event of the loss or theft of any credentials, the DfT will inform the Supplier.

Subject to the DfT's obligations under the Freedom of Information (FOI) Act (2000) and any other relevant statutory provisions, raw data accessed via the Supplier's data Service will be treated as commercially sensitive information. Processed (aggregated) data and statistical reports, summaries or graphics derived using data from the data Service will not be treated as commercially sensitive information. In this context, data is considered processed (aggregated) where the level of aggregation is such that the original (raw) data cannot be reverse engineered.

The DfT will incorporate insubstantial portions, extracts, abstracts or summaries of the data and/or data Service provided into analyses or presentations which can be made available and shared with Other Government Departments (OGDs). This is to allow the

DfT to appropriately share insights into travel trends across the OGDs that may be involved in the management of international travel.

The DfT will also incorporate insubstantial portions, extracts, abstracts or summarises of the data and/or data Service provided into analyses, presentations and publications which could be made publicly available on the GOV.UK or other official UK Government websites should the need arise. In such circumstances, all references to the data or manipulations of the data provided will be sourced as "DfT analysis of [Supplier] data". Any other necessary disclaimers relating to the quality or use of the data will also be included.

The DfT will act as a reasonable contracting authority, and will not attempt to reverse engineer the data Service in order to build a competitive product or Service. The DfT acknowledges that the Supplier owns all rights, trademarks and patents relating to the data Service and will not challenge the Supplier's ownership of the data Service.

The DfT also requests that bidders provide a Price (OGD Price within Schedule 5 Pricing Schedule) which allows the DfT to share raw data extracted directly from the data Service with <u>Other UK Government Departments and Crown Bodies (OGDs)</u> throughout the Contract Term. The OGD Price will be fixed for each OGD granted access to the raw data, which, if invoked, will be applied on a pro rata basis for the remainder of the contract period. This OGD Price will enable the additional OGD to access the raw data extracted directly from the data Service. The DfT will put in place a mechanism for managing how OGDs access this data, to include informing the Supplier.

Should the initial 1-year contract period be extended by the DfT, continued sharing of the raw data with OGDs will be reviewed separately. If OGDs require continued access to raw data, this will be charged pro rata at the OGD Price provided by the Supplier in their original bid.

The DfT will inform the Supplier if/when they are required to share raw data extracted directly from the data Service with other OGDs. In this instance the Supplier should include the OGD Price when invoicing the DfT.

5. Implementation and Deliverables

The deliverable (Service) will be full membership to a data portal or platform which the DfT will be able to access through a named user account.

The deliverable should allow the DfT access to the required data (outlined below in Section 6).

The Contract will be for an initial 1-year period commencing on the date highlighted in the indicative procurement timetable with an option to extend by a further 24 months in 12-month increments reviewed on an annual basis. The Contract must not include any provision for automatic renewal at the end of the Contract period.

6. Specifying Goods and / or Services

The Service must fulfil the following criteria:

- A <u>hosted data solution, platform or portal containing the required flight ticketing</u> <u>data must be made accessible for a period of 12 months for 1 user account</u>. The hosted data solution should provide the user account the ability to download the data or any derived analysis of the data on the platform in a machine-readable format (e.g. Excel file).
- To aide with the facilitation of large-scale data analytics, the Supplier must additionally, <u>make available an Application Programming Interface (API) which</u> <u>allows access to the data stored on the hosted data solution.</u> Any restrictions in the number of 'calls' that can be made through the API service should be clearly specified in your response. The Supplier must additionally, as part of Schedule 5 Pricing Schedule, provide a breakdown of the cost of this API service.
- The flight ticketing data provided must have the following coverage:
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 - <u>Arrivals and departures to and from</u> the UK, including <u>connections</u> <u>through</u> the UK (that is, those that are continuing their air journey with a further departure after having arrived in the UK), both international and domestic.
 - <u>Worldwide markets</u> so that the DfT can query flight tickets between the UK and any overseas country or territory.
 - <u>Destination locations available at the country and airport level</u> (this for example would allow the DfT to identify flight trips at the country level such as the USA, and further identify the destination at an airport level such as New York – John F Kennedy).
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 - The flight ticketing data must be made available through two primary channels at minimum:
 - <u>Ticketing history</u> which displays data according to the dates when the trips were ticketed.
 - <u>Travel distribution</u> which displays data according to the date when trips happened, or when trips are planned to happen. For the forward-looking travel distribution, a period of 6 months into the future must be made available as a minimum.
- The data supplied must cover, at a minimum, a historical period from the start of the 2018 calendar year. The Supplier must make appropriate mechanisms available to allow for robust year-on-year comparisons to be made (for example, if in the comparison between two different time periods there is a

different coverage or airlines, a mechanism to choose to only retain airlines that are present in both time period could be made available).

- The data must be made available in a format which will allow DfT to interrogate it at a weekly, monthly and quarterly level with the flexibility to switch between the different levels as necessary.
- Furthermore, the tool must allow flexibility is specifying how the week is defined, e.g. from Monday to Sunday or from Sunday to Saturday.
- The data must be <u>updated as a minimum on a weekly basis</u>. The Supplier must specify the update timetable they would typically seek to provide.
- The data solution must allow the DfT to query the nature of air journeys and trips being booked by <u>providing appropriate segmentations</u> that include, but are not limited to:
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 - Nature of booking (initial booking, amendment or cancellation)
 - Number of people per booking
 - Lead time (length of time between booking travel and conducting the travel)
 - Length of stay at destinations
 - Total trip duration (in days)
 - Purpose of journey
 - o Airline name

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- The data solution must allow the DfT to <u>assess the nature of trip routings and</u> <u>air connectivity by providing breakdowns</u> that allow this to be assessed that include, but are not limited to:
 - The number of stops contained with the trip
 - The names of intermediate airports/countries, or next and last airports/countries, within the trip
 - The nature of stops (e.g. transfer or stay) at intermediate airports/countries within the trip
- The data provided must have sufficient coverage of the air travel market in the UK so that meaningful analysis can be conducted into travel trends. The Supplier is requested to provide their assessment of the coverage of UK air travel market that the data supplied may have. The Supplier should briefly describe how it intends on maintaining a suitable level of market coverage for the contract period.
- Recognising that the Supplier may not be able to provide a 100% market coverage of flight tickets booked, the DfT also requests any data – which may be inclusive of additional estimates – that provide a sense of the total volume of trips. Such data may be made available at a slower frequency, and with a

preferable monthly granularity. The Supplier should <u>briefly outline its</u> <u>methodology</u> in producing such data where applicable.

- Data provided must use standardised coding where applicable, for example the use of IATA (International Air Transport Association) or ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organisation) codes for airports and ISO-3166 standard for countries.
- The data the DfT acquires access to, must not be subject to unnecessary conditions on usage or limits; the DfT will be able to download as much or as little data as required during the contractual period. The DfT will reserve the right to use any acquired/downloaded data, including data acquired via an API, for producing analysis even after the end of the contract period without having to subscribe again or requiring any permission.
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 - An OGD Price to allow raw data extracted from the data service to be shared with OGDs during the Contract period must be provided. This OGD Price is an optional annual fixed fee per additional OGD granted access, which, if invoked, will be applied on a pro rata basis for the remainder of the contract period. For further details, see Section 4 (Scope).
 - The DfT will not consider trial periods to assess the proposed hosted data solutions, and so suppliers are encouraged to make clear the functionality and breadth of the hosted data service through written or visual content in their proposal.
 - To comply with financing and invoicing rules for goods and services used during financial years, the DfT requires that service is paid for through two invoices. The first invoice must be received at service commencement following DfT receipt of the user account that operates in accordance with the Deliverables outlined above, and the second six months after service commencement. Each invoice must be for half the total value of the service.

7. Skills and Apprenticeships

Not applicable.

8. Quality Assurance Requirements

The Supplier must ensure data is accessible through the entire subscription period and ensure it is of a suitable standard to produce statistical analysis.

Examples of criteria that would meet such quality requirements are outlined in the Quality section of Code of Practice for Statistics produced by the UK Statistics Authority.

Recognising the challenging nature of monitoring air travel trends, the DfT would require the provider to routinely assure the quality of data in line with their protocols and inform the DfT within 5 working days of any discrepancies that may arise in the

data for flight tickets to and from the UK, including any remedial actions that may be taken to address any identified issues.

9. Service Conditions and Environmental Factors

The Supplier must:

- make available customer support services through appropriate mechanism for the entire period of the contract, and outline the service levels it aims to provide (the DfT would expect a response within 5 working days of receiving a written/electronic request);
- communicate any changes, amendments and/or errors to the data supplied when identified in a timely manner through written correspondence to the contract lead;
- communicate any planned platform downtime, outages or maintenance periods at least 5 working days in advance through written correspondence.

Additionally, the Supplier may make improvements and changes to the data service during the contract term without giving DfT notice, provided that it does not reduce the availability, functionality or mandatory requirements of the Service.

10. Management and Contract Administration

The DfT Contract Manager will set in place contract review meetings at a frequency appropriate to the length, value and complexity of the contract. The Contract Manager will agree with the supplier at the contract implementation meeting what will be reviewed and measured at these meetings.

Sub-contracting to Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs)

DfT is committed to removing barriers to SME participation in its contracts, and would like to also actively encourage its larger suppliers to make their sub-contacts accessible to smaller companies and implement SME-friendly policies in their supply-chains (see our <u>website</u> for further information).

To help us measure the volume of business we do with SMEs, our Form of Tender document asks about the size of your own organisation and those in your supply chain.

If you tell us you are likely to sub-contract to SMEs, and are awarded this contract, we will send you a short questionnaire asking for further information. This data will help us contribute towards Government targets on the use of SMEs. We may also publish success stories and examples of good practice on our website.

11. Security

Not applicable.

12. Data Protection

The Supplier will be required to comply with all applicable requirements of the Data Protection Legislation (including the General Data Protection Regulation ((EU) 2016/679) ("GDPR"), the Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680), and all applicable Law about the processing of personal data and privacy).

The supplier will not be required to process any Personal Data on behalf of the DfT.

13. Training / Skills / Knowledge Transfer

The Supplier must offer an initial introductory training session on the use of the data service provided. Should there be a substantial change in the hosted solution provided throughout the contract period (e.g. substantial upgrade, or substantially new functionality), the Supplier must provide notification of this and offer any necessary training sessions or training materials.

14. Documentation

The Supplier should share or otherwise make available any documentation on the data provided and make available instructions on how to appropriately use the data service offered.

15. Arrangement for End of Contract

The DfT will reserve the right to use any acquired/downloaded data for producing analysis even after the end of the subscription period without having to subscribe again and without requiring any permission.

16. Evaluation Criteria

All suppliers must respond to all of the quality factor questions within Schedule 6 Bidder Response.

17. Points of Contact

Invitation to Tender documents and where to submit your tender responses can be accessed via the Jaggaer e-sourcing portal. This can be found at https://dft.app.jaggaer.com/web/login.html where the respective contract title and reference will be. Any queries you have should also be submitted via the e-sourcing suite.

Schedule 5 – Pricing Schedule

Crown Copyright 2019 Below-threshold ITT incorporating Short Form Contract Contract Reference: THEP3027

Schedule 8 – Data Supplier Mandatory Terms