## **Key 2b** continued **Table 4** Go6 – Lowland meadows – BAP habitat

Soils and topography	Wildflower indicator species	Species abundance threshold	Typical grasses (do not count as indicator species)
Free-draining, neutral soils in the lowlands and upland fringes, including species-rich flood plain grasslands. (If there is high rush cover, go to Table 5.)	agrimony, autumn hawkbit, betony, bird's- foot-trefoil, bitter- vetch, black knapweed, bugle, burnet saxifrage, common bistort, common meadow-rue, cowslip, devil's-bit scabious, dropwort, Dyer's greenweed, eyebright, field scabious, goat's-beard, great burnet, greater bird's-foot-trefoil, lady's bedstraw, lady's-mantles, marsh/fen bedstraw, marsh marigold, marsh valerian, meadow vetchling, meadowsweet, milkworts, narrow- leaved water- dropwort, orchids, ox-eye daisy, pepper- saxifrage, pignut, ragged robin, rough hawkbit, salad burnet, saw-wort, sneezewort, tormentil, water avens, water mint, wood anemone, yellow rattle, small blue-green sedges (glaucous, common, carnation)	At least two frequent and two occasional in the sward, or, for flood plain meadows, one frequent <b>bold</b> species and three occasional.  If three indicator species are occasional or four are present at lower frequencies (but not limited to field corners or edges), then record as Go6 in condition C. Record as failing condition 5 in the notes column.	cock's-foot common bent crested dog's- tail meadow fescue red fescue sweet vernal grass, yellow oat-grass Yorkshire-fog