Invitation to Quote



Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

Invitation to Quote (ITQ) on behalf of the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy

Subject: Financial and System Barriers to Rooftop Solar

Sourcing Reference Number: PS23075

UK OFFICIAL

Table of Contents

Section	Content
1	About UK Shared Business Services Ltd.
2	About the Contracting Authority
3	Working with the Contracting Authority.
4	Specification
5	Evaluation model
6	Evaluation questionnaire
7	General Information

Section 1 – About UK Shared Business Services

Putting the business into shared services

UK Shared Business Services Ltd (UK SBS) brings a commercial attitude to the public sector; helping our Contracting Authorities improve efficiency, generate savings and modernise.

It is our vision to become the leading service provider for the Contracting Authorities of shared business services in the UK public sector, continuously reducing cost and improving quality of business services for Government and the public sector.

Our broad range of expert services is shared by our Contracting Authorities. This allows Contracting Authorities the freedom to focus resources on core activities; innovating and transforming their own organisations.

Core services include Procurement, Finance, Grants Admissions, Human Resources, Payroll, ISS, and Property Asset Management all underpinned by our Service Delivery and Contact Centre teams.

UK SBS is a people rather than task focused business. It's what makes us different to the traditional transactional shared services centre. What is more, being a not-for-profit organisation owned by the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS), UK SBS' goals are aligned with the public sector and delivering best value for the UK taxpayer.

UK Shared Business Services Ltd changed its name from RCUK Shared Services Centre Ltd in March 2013.

Our Customers

Growing from a foundation of supporting the Research Councils, 2012/13 saw Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) transition their procurement to UK SBS and Crown Commercial Services (CCS – previously Government Procurement Service) agree a Memorandum of Understanding with UK SBS to deliver two major procurement categories (construction and research) across Government.

UK SBS currently manages £700m expenditure for its Contracting Authorities. Our Contracting Authorities who have access to our services and Contracts are detailed here.

Privacy Statement

At UK Shared Business Services (UK SBS) we recognise and understand that your privacy is extremely important, and we want you to know exactly what kind of information we collect about you and how we use it.

This privacy notice link below details what you can expect from UK SBS when we collect your personal information.

- We will keep your data safe and private.
- We will not sell your data to anyone.

• We will only share your data with those you give us permission to share with and only for legitimate service delivery reasons.

https://www.uksbs.co.uk/use/pages/privacy.aspx

Privacy Notice

This notice sets out how the Contracting Authority will use your personal data, and your rights. It is made under Articles 13 and/or 14 of the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR).

YOUR DATA

The Contracting Authority will process the following personal data:

Names and contact details of employees involved in preparing and submitting the bid; Names and contact details of employees proposed to be involved in delivery of the contract; Names, contact details, age, qualifications and experience of employees whose CVs are submitted as part of the bid.

Purpose

The Contracting Authority are processing your personal data for the purposes of the tender exercise, or in the event of legal challenge to such tender exercise.

Legal basis of processing

The legal basis for processing your personal data is processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the data controller, such as the exercise of a function of the Crown, a Minister of the Crown, or a government department; the exercise of a function conferred on a person by an enactment; the exercise of a function of either House of Parliament; or the administration of justice.

Recipients

Your personal data will be shared by us with other Government Departments or public authorities where necessary as part of the tender exercise. The Contracting Authority may share your data if required to do so by law, for example by court order or to prevent fraud or other crime.

Retention

All submissions in connection with this tender exercise will be retained for a period of (7) years from the date of contract expiry, unless the contract is entered into as a deed in which case it will be kept for a period of (12) years from the date of contract expiry.

Your Rights

You have the right to request information about how your personal data are processed, and to request a copy of that personal data.

You have the right to request that any inaccuracies in your personal data are rectified without delay.

You have the right to request that any incomplete personal data are completed, including by means of a supplementary statement.

You have the right to request that your personal data are erased if there is no longer a justification for them to be processed.

You have the right in certain circumstances (for example, where accuracy is contested) to request that the processing of your personal data is restricted.

You have the right to object to the processing of your personal data where it is processed for direct marketing purposes.

You have the right to object to the processing of your personal data.

International Transfers

As your personal data is stored on our IT infrastructure and shared with our data processors Microsoft and Amazon Web Services, it may be transferred and stored securely in the UK and European Economic Area. Where your personal data is stored outside the UK and EEA it will be subject to equivalent legal protection through the use of Model Contract Clauses.

Complaints

If you consider that your personal data has been misused or mishandled, you may make a complaint to the Information Commissioner, who is an independent regulator. The Information Commissioner can be contacted at:

Information Commissioner's Office Wycliffe House Water Lane Wilmslow Cheshire SK9 5AF 0303 123 1113 casework@ico.org.uk

Any complaint to the Information Commissioner is without prejudice to your right to seek redress through the courts.

Contact Details

The data controller for your personal data is:

The Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS)

You can contact the Data Protection Officer at:

BEIS Data Protection Officer, Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy, 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H 0ET. Email: dataprotection@beis.gov.uk

Section 2 – About the Contracting Authority

Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS)

The Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) was created as a result of a merger between the Department of Energy and Climate Change (DECC) and the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills (BIS), as part of the Machinery of Government (MoG) changes in July 2016.

The Department is responsible for:

- developing and delivering a comprehensive industrial strategy and leading the government's relationship with business;
- ensuring that the country has secure energy supplies that are reliable, affordable and clean:
- ensuring the UK remains at the leading edge of science, research and innovation;
 and
- tackling climate change.

BEIS is a ministerial department, supported by 46 agencies and public bodies. We have around 2,500 staff working for BEIS. Our partner organisations include 9 executive agencies employing around

Section 3 – Working with the Contracting Authority

In this section you will find details of your Procurement contact point and the timescales relating to this opportunity.

Section 3 – Contact details		
3.1.	Contracting Authority Name and address	The Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy, 1 Victoria Street, London, SW1H 0ET
3.2.	Buyer name	Alex Marks
3.3.	Buyer contact details	professionalservices@uksbs.co.uk
3.4.	Indicative value of the Opportunity	£60,000.00 excluding VAT
3.5.	Process for the submission of clarifications and Bids	All correspondence shall be submitted within the Messaging Centre of the Jaggaer eSourcing portal. Guidance on how to obtain support on using the Jaggaer eSourcing portal can be found in Section 7.25. Please note submission of a Bid to any email address including the Buyer will result in the Bid not being considered, unless formally advised to do so by UKSBS.

Section 3 - Timescales			
3.6.	Date of Issue of Contract Advert on Contracts Finder	Monday 17 th April 2023	
3.7.	Latest date / time ITQ clarification questions shall be received through the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal	Thursday 20 th April 2023 @ 11:00am	
3.8.	Latest date / time ITQ clarification answers should be sent to all Bidders by the Buyer through the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal	Friday 21 st April 2023	
3.9.	Latest date and time ITQ Bid shall be submitted through the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal (the Deadline)	Tuesday 25 th April 2023 @ 11:00am	
3.10.	Anticipated notification date of successful and unsuccessful Bids	Thursday 27 th April 2023	
3.11.	Anticipated Contract Award date	Thursday 27 th April 2023	
3.12.	Anticipated Contract Start date	Monday 1 st May	
3.13.	Anticipated Contract End date	Thursday, 31st August 2023	
3.14.	Bid Validity Period	90 Days	

Section 4 – Specification

1. Background

In the British Energy Security Strategy (BESS), published in April 2022, the Government stated it expects up to a fivefold increase in UK solar PV capacity by 2035, up to 70GW by that year. Both large-scale ground-mounted, and smaller-scale commercial and domestic rooftop installations are essential to meeting that commitment. This will support decarbonisation, help reduce Britain's reliance of imported fossil fuels, reduce electricity bills for households and businesses, and support job creation. It can also help bring valuable system flexibility, especially when collocated with electric vehicles, heat pumps, and innovative AI enabled batteries ('smart solar' systems).

The five-fold ambition for total capacity implies a substantial and sustained level of rooftop deployment over the next decade, implying a significant amount of total investment by households and firms. BEIS data does suggest the rate of rooftop scale deployment has increased in 2022¹, likely due to consumers' concerns about high and rising retail electricity bills; ensuring this trend continues, and where possible accelerates, is a key Government ambition. BEIS continues to work on the future of policy and strategy for rooftop PV, as it is an important technology to support wider decarbonisation, energy affordability and energy security objectives. Existing BEIS commissioned evidence has highlighted the significance of upfront financial costs as a barrier to rooftop deployment for some households, and concerns around financial returns as a key factor for small businesses, suggesting financing support as the main avenue for future policymaking.²

There is currently limited up to date and detailed evidence on the numerical range of costs and benefits from rooftop PV to consumers, now and into the future, and what this implies for how this deployment can be supported through financing arrangements. Present cost of living and energy price rises mean securing detailed and current evidence on these issues is even more critical than would otherwise be the case. BEIS publishes data annually on estimated PV costs from actual installations. Whilst useful as an assessment of current market conditions, these data exist only at the £ per kW level for relatively wide ranges of kW size installations, do not breakdown by components or project future costs, and do not include details on financial benefits. 'Calculator' style products for comparing costs and benefits do exist online, but these are consumer focussed services that are not well suited to detailed policymaking. ⁵

This project will develop a robust evidence base on costs and benefits of rooftop solar for

¹ During August 2022, there were 12,355 PV installations, another record monthly volume since the closure of FiTs to new entrants in March 2019. The majority (75%) of these new installations were sub-4kW schemes, and the total installed capacity for the month increased by 49 MW. Between 2016 and 2021, the median number of new installations was around 3,000 per month. The median over the past 6 months has been over 10,000. See https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/solar-photovoltaics-deployment

² Behavioural research in 2021 found that for households 'Addressing concerns about financing is also key, with up-front costs a clear barrier to installation. This could be mitigated ... by spreading the costs over time..', and identified financial returns as a key concerns for SMEs. See:

 $[\]underline{\underline{\text{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/adoption-of-rooftop-solar-photovoltaic-panels-in-the-uk.}}$

³ BEIS Public Attitudes Tracker data from Spring 2022 shows among those unlikely to install panels (N=845);, 63% identified costs as a reason; 76% of all respondents (N= 2,907) said better financial incentives would encourage them to install. See third document in https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/beis-public-attitudes-tracker-spring-2022

⁴ https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/solar-pv-cost-data

⁵ Government itself also currently provides households with potential savings from rooftop PV as part of the wider 'Energy Improvements' service at https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency

households and small businesses, and what this implies for routes to supporting low-cost financing for installations. This is in the context of the British Energy Security Strategy⁶ (BESS) commitment to facilitate 'low-cost finance from retail lenders to drive rooftop [PV] deployment'.

2. Aims and Objectives

The project will help provide the numerical evidence base to inform decisions and formal economic appraisal on how policy intervention could support more affordable financing for rooftop PV.

Research Questions

- i. What are the costs (excluding wider power system costs) for households and small businesses in the UK of installing rooftop PV now and (through illustrative scenarios) over time into the future (ideally, out to 2050)?
 - Where possible this should include costs breakdown by module, inverter, labour, connection costs, ongoing maintenance costs etc.
 - Attention should be paid to how costs vary by size of installation (in kW), including economies of scale.
- ii. What are the costs of domestic batteries now (through illustrative scenarios) and into future (ideally, out to 2050)?
 - Where possible this should include a breakdown of different components of overall costs.
 - Where possible this should make note of the role of 'smart' batteries that automatically manage electricity use to respond to price signals.⁷
- iii. What are the benefits over time from foregone retail bills and SEG (or other?) payments?
 - Ideally this should consider benefits across solar only, solar and (smart) storage, solar and storage + EVs/Heat Pumps, and different tariff option scenarios.
 - Numerical analysis should be based on plausible illustrative ranges for key variables (most notably retail electricity costs and export payments) into future.
- iv. Given these costs and benefits, what are potential high level viable financing arrangements (led by retail banks or other private financial institutions with Government backing/support) to support sustainable affordable deployment by households and small businesses?
 - This does not need to be answered through detailed financial product design suggestions or policy recommendations or take consideration of detailed legal or regulatory matters (BEIS is considering these elements through internal policy work and engagement).
 - Rather, from this research we want a sense of what design choices in a finance product (e.g. levels of interest rate, loan period length, repayment structure) could accommodate full or partial upfront financing whilst ensuring affordable repayments from the perspective of the household/ small business, i.e. repayments should not overly outweigh financing savings from the asset, and thus should still enable net savings.

⁶ The British Energy Security Strategy (April 2022) at : <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/british-energy-security-strategy/british-energy-security-sec

⁷ See https://solarenergyuk.org/resource/smart-solar-homes/?cn-reloaded=1 for details of what this can involve.

We also anticipate that it will be helpful to provide evidence of these types
of financial product being used in comparable markets/overcoming similar
constraints (see methodology section for more details on this element)

3. Suggested Methodology

Please note that we are amenable to alternative suggested approaches (including different levels of primary and secondary and quantitative and qualitative research) to answer our questions within our timeline and budget.

We suggest the first three research questions be approached through structured desk research to identify and analyse existing key datasets. This will likely need to be followed as needed by bespoke and structured expert elicitation of those with detailed industry knowledge of costs / benefits of rooftop solar systems. It may be helpful to use a typology of hard vs soft costs, particular to inform analysis on how/why costs may change over time; see Beck and Rai 2019 as one example for solar PV. ⁸ Where used, expert elicitation should be highly targeted to ensure delivery within budget and timelines and focus on gathering evidence on variables for which there is the greatest uncertainty about values into the future according to the existing evidence gathered through desk research.

Existing BEIS published work on heat pump costs could serve as a useful high level reference point for the types of analysis we are interested in, although note for this project we are also interested in benefits (i.e., savings, and export revenues) from rooftop PV. ⁹ Key data inputs on benefits are likely to include trajectories for future retail electricity payments, and export (Smart Export Guarantee) payments.

Existing work by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme on PV self-consumption is likely to also be useful. ¹⁰ Numerical evidence and modelling should be structured and presented clearly, with a record of relevant inputs and calculations in Excel or other suitable software. To answer the research question on viable financing approaches, we would also anticipate the supplier of this research to conduct a structured Rapid Evidence Assessment (e.g. using a structured approach to finding and filtering evidence by relevance and reliability) of the considerable existing literature on rooftop PV deployment and existing international financing policy schemes for PV and related technologies, as well as the existing PV financing market in the UK, and relevant policies in other markets (such as the PACE scheme in the United States). ¹¹

It may also be productive to compare at a high-level examples of financing support for PV against those for complementary technologies like domestic energy efficiency measures, heat pumps, and electric vehicles, although the main focus must be on PV. We would expect numerical results from the first three questions could be used to describe high level case studies of possible financing approaches to support rooftop deployment in the UK, now and into the future, taking note of factors such as interest rates, loan length and its relation to PV 'payback periods', and repayment structure.

Note that we do *not* expect detailed financial modelling within the scope of the research project as listed in this tender; such modelling is a possible next step of analysis for this workstream which BEIS may look to commission at a later stage.

⁸ Beck, A. and Rai, V., 2019. Solar soft cost ontology: a review of solar soft costs. Progress in Energy, 2(1), p.012001. https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/2516-1083/ab59be

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/cost-of-installing-heating-measures-in-domestic-properties https://mcscertified.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/MGD-003-Solar-PV-Self-Consumption-Issue-2.0-Final pdf

¹¹ e.g. PACE in the US, Home Energy Scotland, KfW backed loans in Germany, Italian 'superbonus'.

4. Deliverables

Research report of publishable quality detailing the approach, results, and key insights of the project. Exact timelines can be subject to discussion with a successful contractor, but ideally an interim version of this should be completed and sent to BEIS by end of January 2023 or early February., with a final version completed and provided to BEIS (following drafting and iteration as needed) by the end of February 2022 or early March.

Spreadsheet(s) with all data inputs/assumptions and sources, and as needed an assessment of data quality and uncertainty. This would ideally function as an interactive tool to assess costs and benefits under different input assumptions.

PowerPoint slide deck and presentation to key officials, on same content as in the research report.

Questionnaire documentation for if applicable

Quality Assurance (QA) summary.

QA log for modelling if applicable, in line with Aqua book/BEIS modelling standards.

Terms and Conditions

Bidders are to note that any requested modifications to the Contracting Authority Terms and Conditions on the grounds of statutory and legal matters only, shall be raised as a formal clarification during the permitted clarification period.

Section 5 - Evaluation of Bids

The evaluation model below shall be used for this ITQ, which will be determined to two decimal places.

Where a question is 'for information only' it will not be scored.

The evaluation team may comprise staff from UK SBS and the Contracting Authority and any specific external stakeholders the Contracting Authority deems required.

To maintain a high degree of rigour in the evaluation of your bid, a process of commercial moderation will be undertaken to ensure consistency by all evaluators.

Pass / Fail criteria		
Evaluation Envelope	Q No.	Question subject
Qualification	SEL1.2	Employment breaches/ Equality
Qualification	SEL1.3	Compliance to Section 54 of the Modern Slavery Act
Qualification	SEL1.10	Information security requirements
Qualification	FOI1.1	Freedom of Information
Qualification	AW1.1	Form of Bid
Qualification	AW1.3	Certificate of Bona Fide Bid
Qualification	AW3.1	Validation check
Qualification	AW3.2	Conflict of Interest Declaration
Qualification	AW3.2.1	Conflict of Interest Declaration Supporting Information
Qualification	AW4.1	Compliance to the Contract Terms
Qualification	AW4.2	Changes to the Contract Terms
Commercial	AW5.3	Firm and Fixed Price
Technical	AW6.1	Compliance to the Specification
Technical	AW6.2	Variable Bids
-	-	Invitation to Quote response received on time within the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal
	In the event of a Bidder failing to meet the requirements of a Mandatory pass / fail criteria, the Contracting Authority reserves the right to disqualify the Bidder and not consider evaluation of any of the Award stage scoring methodology or Mandatory pass / fail criteria.	

Scoring criteria

Evaluation Justification Statement

In consideration of this particular requirement the Contracting Authority has decided to evaluate Potential Providers by adopting the weightings / scoring mechanism detailed within this ITQ. The Contracting Authority considers these weightings to be in line with existing best practice for a requirement of this type.

Evaluation	Q No.	Question subject	Maximum Marks	
Envelope	Q NO.	Question subject	Overall	Breakdown
Commercial	AW5.1	Price	20.00%	20.00%
Technical	PROJ1.1	Understanding, Approach and Methodology		50.00%
Technical	PROJ1.2	Ability & Staff to Deliver	80.00%	20.00%
Technical	PROJ1.3	Social Value - Fighting Climate Change		10.00%

Evaluation of criteria

Non-Commercial Elements

Each question will be judged on a score from 0 to 100, which shall be subjected to a multiplier to reflect the percentage of the evaluation criteria allocated to that question.

Where an evaluation criterion is worth 20% then the 0-100 score achieved will be multiplied by 20%.

Example if a Bidder scores 60 from the available 100 points this will equate to 12% by using the following calculation:

Score = {weighting percentage} x {bidder's score} = 20% x 60 = 12

The same logic will be applied to groups of questions which equate to a single evaluation criterion.

The 0-100 score shall be based on (unless otherwise stated within the question):

0	The Question is not answered, or the response is completely unacceptable.		
10	Extremely poor response - they have completely missed the point of the		
	question.		
20	Very poor response and not wholly acceptable. Requires major revision to the		
	response to make it acceptable. Only partially answers the requirement, with		
	major deficiencies and little relevant detail proposed.		
40	Poor response only partially satisfying the question requirements with		
	deficiencies apparent. Some useful evidence provided but response falls well		
	short of expectations. Low probability of being a capable supplier.		
60	Response is acceptable but remains basic and could have been expanded		
	upon. Response is sufficient but does not inspire.		
80	Good response which describes their capabilities in detail which provides high		
	levels of assurance consistent with a quality provider. The response includes a		

		full description of techniques and measurements currently employed.	
ſ	100	Response is exceptional and clearly demonstrates they are capable of meeting	
		the requirement. No significant weaknesses noted. The response is compelling	
		in its description of techniques and measurements currently employed,	
		providing full assurance consistent with a quality provider.	

All questions will be scored based on the above mechanism. As there will be multiple evaluators their individual scores and commentary will be recorded, then a consensus meeting will be convened by the evaluators to determine your score. Note this will include a chairperson or lead and all evaluators are of equal status.

Example

Evaluator 1 scored your bid as 60

Evaluator 2 scored your bid as 60

Evaluator 3 scored your bid as 40

The convened meeting came to a consensus that the final recorded score to given to your submission against this question should be 60, with the justification and reasons for this score recorded.

Once the consensus process has been finalised, all justifications recorded and all nonpriced scores are agreed, this will then be subject to an independent commercial moderation review.

Commercial Elements will be evaluated on the following criteria.

The lowest price for a response which meets the pass criteria shall score 100. All other bids shall be scored on a pro rata basis in relation to the lowest price. The score is then subject to a multiplier to reflect the percentage value of the Commercial criterion.

For example - Bid 1 £100,000 scores 100.

Bid 2 £120,000 differential of £20,000 or 20% remove 20% from price scores 80

Bid 3 £150,000 differential £50,000 remove 50% from price scores 50.

Bid 4 £175,000 differential £75,000 remove 75% from price scores 25.

Bid 5 £200,000 differential £100,000 remove 100% from price scores 0.

Bid 6 £300,000 differential £200,000 remove 100% from price scores 0.

Where the scoring criterion is worth 50% then the 0-100 score achieved will be multiplied by 50.

In the example if a supplier scores 80 from the available 100 points this will equate to 40% by using the following calculation: Score/Total Points multiplied by 50 (80/100 x 50 = 40)

The lowest score possible is 0 even if the price submitted is more than 100% greater than the lowest price.

This evaluation criteria will therefore not be subject to any averaging, as this is a mathematical scoring criterion, but will still be subject to a commercial review.

Evaluation process

The evaluation process will feature some, if not all, the following phases.

Stage	Summary of activity	
Receipt and Opening	 ITQ logged upon opening in alignment with UK SBS's procurement procedures. Any ITQ Bid received after the closing date will be rejected unless circumstances attributed to UK SBS, the Contracting Authority or the eSourcing Portal beyond the bidder control are responsible for late submission. 	
Compliance check	 Check all Mandatory requirements are acceptable to the Contracting Authority. Unacceptable Bids maybe subject to clarification by the Contracting Authority or rejection of the Bid. 	
Scoring of the Bid	 Evaluation team will independently score the Bid and provide a commentary of their scoring justification against the criteria. 	
Clarifications	The Evaluation team may require written clarification to Bids	
Re - scoring of the Bid and Clarifications	 Following Clarification responses, the Evaluation team reserve the right to independently re-score the Bid and Clarifications and provide a commentary of their re-scoring justification against the Evaluation criteria. 	
Moderation meeting (if required to reach an award decision)	 To review the outcomes of the Commercial review To agree final scoring for each Bid, relative rankings of the Bids To confirm contents of the feedback letters to provide details of scoring and relative and proportionate feedback on the unsuccessful Bidders response in comparison with the successful Bidders response 	
Due diligence of the Bid	 the Contracting Authority may request the following requirements at any stage of the Procurement: Submission of insurance documents from the Bidder Request for evidence of documents / accreditations referenced in the / Invitation to Quote response / Bid and / or Clarifications from the Bidder Taking up of Bidder references from the Bidders Customers. Financial Credit check for the Bidder 	
Validation of unsuccessful Bidders	To confirm contents of the letters to provide details of scoring and meaningful feedback on the unsuccessful Bidders Bid in comparison with the successful Bidders Bid.	

Section 6 – Evaluation Response Questionnaire

Bidders should note that the evaluation response questionnaire is located within the **Jaggaer eSourcing Portal.**

Guidance on how to register and use the Jaggaer eSourcing portal is available at

https://beisgroup.ukp.app.jaggaer.com/

PLEASE NOTE THE QUESTIONS ARE NOT NUMBERED SEQUENTIALLY

Section 7 – General Information

What makes a good bid – some simple do's ©

DO:

- 7.1 Do comply with Procurement document instructions. Failure to do so may lead to disqualification.
- 7.2 Do provide the Bid on time, and in the required format. Remember that the date / time given for a response is the last date that it can be accepted; we are legally bound to disqualify late submissions. Responses received after the date indicated in the Section 3 of the ITQ shall not be considered by the Contracting Authority, unless the Bidder can justify that the reason for the delay is solely attributable to the Contracting Authority
- 7.3 Do ensure you have read all the training materials to utilise the eSourcing portal prior to responding to this Bid. If you send your Bid by email or post it will be rejected.
- 7.4 Do use Microsoft Word, PowerPoint Excel 97-03 or compatible formats, or PDF unless agreed in writing by the Buyer. If you use another file format without our written permission, we may reject your Bid.
- 7.5 Do ensure you utilise the Jaggaer eSourcing messaging system to raise any clarifications to our ITQ. You should note that we will release the answer to the question to all Bidders and where we suspect the question contains confidential information, we may modify the content of the question to protect the anonymity of the Bidder or their proposed solution
- 7.6 Do answer the question, it is not enough simply to cross-reference to a 'policy', web page or another part of your Bid, the evaluation team have limited time to assess bids and if they can't find the answer, they can't score it.
- 7.7 Do consider who the Contracting Authority is and what they want a generic answer does not necessarily meet every Contracting Authority's needs.
- 7.8 Do reference your documents correctly, specifically where supporting documentation is requested e.g. referencing the question/s they apply to.
- 7.9 Do provide clear, concise and ideally generic contact details; telephone numbers, emails.
- 7.10 Do complete all questions in the evaluation response questionnaire or we may reject your Bid.
- 7.11 Do ensure that the Response and any documents accompanying it are in the English Language, the Contracting Authority reserve the right to disqualify any full or part responses that are not in English.
- 7.12 Do check and recheck your Bid before dispatch.

What makes a good bid – some simple do not's ⊗

DO NOT

- 7.13 Do not cut and paste from a previous document and forget to change the previous details such as the previous buyer's name.
- 7.14 Do not attach 'glossy' brochures that have not been requested, they will not be read unless we have asked for them. Only send what has been requested and only send supplementary information if we have offered the opportunity so to do.
- 7.15 Do not share the Procurement documents, they are confidential and should not be shared with anyone without the Buyers written permission.
- 7.16 Do not seek to influence the procurement process by requesting meetings or contacting UK SBS or the Contracting Authority to discuss your Bid. If your Bid requires clarification the Buyer will contact you. All information secured outside of formal Buyer communications shall have no Legal standing or worth and should not be relied upon.
- 7.17 Do not contact any UK SBS staff or the Contracting Authority staff without the Buyers written permission or we may reject your Bid.
- 7.18 Do not collude to fix or adjust the price or withdraw your Bid with another Party as we will reject your Bid.
- 7.19 Do not offer UK SBS or the Contracting Authority staff any inducement or we will reject your Bid.
- 7.20 Do not seek changes to the Bid after responses have been submitted and the deadline for Bids to be submitted has passed.
- 7.21 Do not cross reference answers to external websites or other parts of your Bid, the cross references and website links will not be considered.
- 7.22 Do not exceed word counts, the additional words will not be considered.
- 7.23 Do not make your Bid conditional on acceptance of your own Terms of Contract, as your Bid will be rejected.
- 7.24 Do not unless explicitly requested by the Contracting Authority either in the procurement documents or via a formal clarification from the Contracting Authority send your response by any way other than via the Jaggaer eSourcing portal. Responses received by any other method than requested will not be considered for the opportunity.

Some additional guidance notes 🗹

7.25 All enquiries with respect to access to the eSourcing portal and problems with functionality within the portal must be submitted to Jaggaer eSourcing Helpdesk

Phone 08000 698 632

Email customersupport@jaggaer.com

Please note; Jaggaer is a free self-registration portal. Bidders can complete the online registration at the following link: https://beisgroup.ukp.app.jaggaer.com/

- 7.26 Bidders will be specifically advised where attachments are permissible to support a question response within the eSourcing portal. Where they are not permissible any attachments submitted will not be considered as part of the evaluation process.
- 7.27 Question numbering is not sequential and all questions which require submission are included in the Section 6 Evaluation Response Questionnaire.
- 7.28 Any Contract offered may not guarantee any volume of work or any exclusivity of supply.
- 7.29 We do not guarantee to award any Contract as a result of this procurement
- 7.30 All documents issued or received in relation to this procurement shall be the property of the Contracting Authority / UK SBS.
- 7.31 We can amend any part of the procurement documents at any time prior to the latest date / time Bids shall be submitted through the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal.
- 7.32 If you are a Consortium you must provide details of the Consortiums structure.
- 7.33 Bidders will be expected to comply with the Freedom of Information Act 2000, or your Bid will be rejected.
- 7.34 Bidders should note the Government's transparency agenda requires your Bid and any Contract entered into to be published on a designated, publicly searchable web site. By submitting a response to this ITQ Bidders are agreeing that their Bid and Contract may be made public
- 7.35 Your bid will be valid for 90 days or your Bid will be rejected.
- 7.36 Bidders may only amend the contract terms during the clarification period only, only if you can demonstrate there is a legal or statutory reason why you cannot accept them. If you request changes to the Contract terms without such grounds and the Contracting Authority fail to accept your legal or statutory reason is reasonably justified, we may reject your Bid.
- 7.37 We will let you know the outcome of your Bid evaluation and where requested will provide a written debrief of the relative strengths and weaknesses of your Bid.

- 7.38 If you fail mandatory pass / fail criteria we will reject your Bid.
- 7.39 Bidders are required to use IE8, IE9, Chrome or Firefox in order to access the functionality of the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal.
- 7.40 Bidders should note that if they are successful with their proposal the Contracting Authority reserves the right to ask additional compliancy checks prior to the award of any Contract. In the event of a Bidder failing to meet one of the compliancy checks the Contracting Authority may decline to proceed with the award of the Contract to the successful Bidder.
- 7.41 All timescales are set using a 24-hour clock and are based on British Summer Time or Greenwich Mean Time, depending on which applies at the point when Date and Time Bids shall be submitted through the Jaggaer eSourcing Portal.
- 7.42 All Central Government Departments and their Executive Agencies and Non-Departmental Public Bodies are subject to control and reporting within Government. In particular, they report to the Cabinet Office and HM Treasury for all expenditure. Further, the Cabinet Office has a cross-Government role delivering overall Government policy on public procurement including ensuring value for money and related aspects of good procurement practice.

For these purposes, the Contracting Authority may disclose within Government any of the Bidders documentation/information (including any that the Bidder considers to be confidential and/or commercially sensitive such as specific bid information) submitted by the Bidder to the Contracting Authority during this Procurement. The information will not be disclosed outside Government. Bidders taking part in this ITQ consent to these terms as part of the competition process.

7.43 The Government revised its Government Security Classifications (GSC) classification scheme on the 2nd April 2014 to replace the previous Government Protective Marking System (GPMS). A key aspect of this is the reduction in the number of security classifications used. All Bidders are encouraged to make themselves aware of the changes and identify any potential impacts in their Bid, as the protective marking and applicable protection of any material passed to, or generated by, you during the procurement process or pursuant to any Contract awarded to you as a result of this tender process will be subject to the new GSC. The link below to the Gov.uk website provides information on the new GSC:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-security-classifications

The Contracting Authority reserves the right to amend any security related term or condition of the draft contract accompanying this ITQ to reflect any changes introduced by the GSC. In particular where this ITQ is accompanied by any instructions on safeguarding classified information (e.g. a Security Aspects Letter) as a result of any changes stemming from the new GSC, whether in respect of the applicable protective marking scheme, specific protective markings given, the aspects to which any protective marking applies or otherwise. This may relate to the instructions on safeguarding classified information (e.g. a Security Aspects Letter) as they apply to the procurement as they apply to the procurement process and/or any contracts awarded to you as a result of the procurement process.

USEFUL INFORMATION LINKS

- Contracts Finder
- Equalities Act introduction

- Bribery Act introduction
- Freedom of information Act

8.0 Freedom of information

- 8.1 In accordance with the obligations and duties placed upon public authorities by the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (the 'FolA') and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (the 'EIR') (each as amended from time to time), UK SBS or the Contracting Authority may be required to disclose information submitted by the Bidder to the to the Contracting Authority.
- 8.2 In respect of any information submitted by a Bidder that it considers to be commercially sensitive the Bidder should complete the Freedom of Information declaration question defined in the Question FOI1.2.
- 8.3 Where a Bidder identifies information as commercially sensitive, the Contracting Authority will endeavour to maintain confidentiality. Bidders should note, however, that, even where information is identified as commercially sensitive, the Contracting Authority may be required to disclose such information in accordance with the FolA or the Environmental Information Regulations. In particular, the Contracting Authority is required to form an independent judgment concerning whether the information is exempt from disclosure under the FolA or the EIR and whether the public interest favours disclosure or not. Accordingly, the Contracting Authority cannot guarantee that any information marked 'confidential' or "commercially sensitive" will not be disclosed.
- 8.4 Where a Bidder receives a request for information under the FoIA or the EIR during the procurement, this should be immediately passed on to UK SBS or the Contracting Authority and the Bidder should not attempt to answer the request without first consulting with the Contracting Authority.
- 8.5 Bidders are reminded that the Government's transparency agenda requires that sourcing documents, including ITQ templates such as this, are published on a designated, publicly searchable web site, and, that the same applies to other sourcing documents issued by UK SBS or the Contracting Authority, and any contract entered into by the Contracting Authority with its preferred supplier once the procurement is complete. By submitting a response to this ITQ Bidders are agreeing that their participation and contents of their Response may be made public.

9.0. Timescales

9.1 <u>Section 3</u> of the ITQ sets out the proposed procurement timetable. The Contracting Authority reserves the right to extend the dates and will advise potential Bidders of any change to the dates.

10.0. The Contracting Authority's Contact Details

10.1 Unless stated otherwise in these Instructions or in writing from UK SBS or the Contracting Authority, all communications from Bidders (including their subcontractors, consortium members, consultants, and advisers) during the period of this procurement must be directed through the eSourcing tool to the designated UK SBS contact. 10.2 Bidders should be mindful that the designated Contact should <u>not under any</u> <u>circumstances</u> be sent a copy of their Response outside of the Jaggaer eSourcing portal. Failure to follow this requirement will result in disqualification of the Response.

Appendix A – Glossary of Terms

TERM	MEANING
"UK SBS"	means UK Shared Business Services Ltd herein after referred to as UK SBS.
"Bid", "Response", "Submitted Bid ", or "ITQ Response"	means the Bidders formal offer in response to this Invitation to Quote
"Bidder(s)"	means the organisations being invited to respond to this Invitation to Quote
"Central Purchasing Body"	means a duly constituted public sector organisation which procures supplies / services / works for and on behalf of Contracting Authorities
"Conditions of Bid"	means the terms and conditions set out in this ITQ relating to the submission of a Bid
"Contract"	means the agreement to be entered by the Contracting Authority and the Supplier following any award under the procurement
"Contracting Bodies"	means the Contracting Authority and any other contracting authorities described in the Contracts Finder Contract Notice
"Contracting Authority"	A public body regulated under the Public Procurement Regulations on whose behalf the procurement is being run
"Customer" means the legal entity (or entities) for which any Contract agreed will be made accessable to.	
"Due Diligence Information"	means the background and supporting documents and information provided by the Contracting Authority for the purpose of better informing the Bidders responses to this ITQ
"EIR"	mean the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 together with any guidance and / or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such regulations
"FolA"	means the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under such Act from time to time together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation
"Invitation to Quote" or "ITQ"	means this Invitation to Quote documentation and all related documents published by the Contracting Authority and made available to Bidders and includes the Due Diligence Information. NOTE: This document is often referred to as an Invitation to Tender within other organisations
"Mandatory"	Means a pass / fail criteria which must be met in order for a Bid to be considered, unless otherwise specified.
"Named Procurement person"	means the single point of contact for the Contracting Authority based in UK SBS that will be dealing with the procurement
"Order"	means an order for served by any Contracting Body on the Supplier
"Supplier(s)"	means the organisation(s) awarded the Contract
"Supplies / Services / Works"	means any supplies/services and supplies or works set out at within Section 4 Specification