# Invitation to Quote

Invitation to Quote (ITQ) on behalf of the Low Pay Commission Subject UK SBS Call for research into the impact of the minimum wage regime on the labour market outcomes of young workers Sourcing reference number UK SBS BLOJEU-CR17030LPC

UK Shared Business Services Ltd (UK SBS) www.uksbs.co.uk

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# Section 1 – About UK Shared Business Services

Putting the business into shared services

UK Shared Business Services Ltd (UK SBS) brings a commercial attitude to the public sector; helping our customers improve efficiency, generate savings and modernise.

It is our vision to become the leading provider for our customers of shared business services in the UK public sector, continuously reducing cost and improving quality of business services for Government and the public sector.

Our broad range of expert services is shared by our customers. This allows our customers the freedom to focus resources on core activities; innovating and transforming their own organisations.

Core services include Procurement, Finance, Grants Admissions, Human Resources, Payroll, ISS, and Property Asset Management all underpinned by our Service Delivery and Contact Centre teams.

UK SBS is a people rather than task focused business. It's what makes us different to the traditional transactional shared services centre. What is more, being a not-for-profit organisation owned by its customers, UK SBS' goals are aligned with the public sector and delivering best value for the UK taxpayer.

UK Shared Business Services Ltd changed its name from RCUK Shared Services Centre Ltd in March 2013.

#### **Our Customers**

Growing from a foundation of supporting the Research Councils, 2012/13 saw Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) transition their procurement to UK SBS and Crown Commercial Services (CCS – previously Government Procurement Service) agree a Memorandum of Understanding with UK SBS to deliver two major procurement categories (construction and research) across Government.

UK SBS currently manages £700m expenditure for its Customers.

Our Customers who have access to our services and Contracts are detailed here.

# Section 2 – About Our Customer

Low Pay Commission (LPC)

The Low Pay Commission (LPC) is an independent public body (sponsored by The Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy: BEIS) that advises the Government about the National Minimum Wage. There are 9 Low Pay Commissioners drawn from a range of employee, employer and academic backgrounds. All the commissioners serve in an individual capacity. They are supported by a small secretariat, which has 8 members of staff.

The Low Pay Commission makes evidence-based recommendations based on:

- commissioned and independent research;
- analysis of relevant data regarding the state of the economy and the impact of the minimum wage;
- consultations with employers, workers and their representatives;
- written and oral evidence from a wide range of organisations; and
- fact-finding visits across the UK to meet employers, employees and representative organisations.

https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/low-pay-commission

# Section 3 - Working with UK Shared Business Services Ltd.

Section 3 – Contact details		
3.1	Customer Name and address	Low Pay Commission
		8th Floor Fleetbank House
		2-6 Salisbury Square
		London
		EC4Y 8JX
3.2	Buyer name	Jenny Stratton
3.3	Buyer contact details	Research@uksbs.co.uk
3.4	Estimated value of the Opportunity	Up to £60,000 excl VAT
3.5	Process for the submission of	All correspondence shall be submitted
	clarifications and Bids	within the Emptoris e-sourcing tool.
		Guidance Notes to support the use of
		Emptoris is available <u>here</u> .
		Please note submission of a Bid to any
		email address including the Buyer will
		result in the Bid not being considered.

In this section you will find details of your Procurement contact point and the timescales relating to this opportunity.

Sectio	on 3 - Timescales	
3.6	Date of Issue of Contract Advert and location of original Advert	23/02/2017 Location: Contracts Finder
3.7	Latest date/time ITQ clarification questions should be received through Emptoris messaging system	06/03/2017 14.00
3.8	Latest date/time ITQ clarification answers should be sent to all potential Bidders by the Buyer through Emptoris	08/03/2017
3.9	Latest date/time ITQ Bid shall be submitted through Emptoris	13/03/2017 14.00
3.10	Anticipated rejection of unsuccessful Bids date	17/03/2017
3.11	Anticipated Award date	17/03/2017
3.12	Anticipated Contract Start date	20/03/2017
3.13	Anticipated Contract End date	31/12/2018
3.14	Bid Validity Period	60 Days

# Section 4 – Specification

## 1. Background

The Low Pay Commission (LPC) invites tenders for an econometric study of the impact of the National Minimum Wage (NMW) and National Living Wage (NLW) on employment and hours of young workers aged 16-24, including differential effects by sector, firm size, geography and age.

The LPC has an ongoing remit to monitor the operation of the National Minimum Wage, and to assess the impact of increases in the level of the NMW. An important part of assessing the impact of the minimum wage is to examine the effect on the labour market. Previous research conducted or commissioned by the Commission (as well as independent research) suggests that minimum wages have had limited adverse effects on the employment levels of older workers but may have harmed the youngest workers during recession. With the introduction of the National Living Wage on 1 April 2016 for those aged 25 and above, and the commitment to move towards 60 per cent of median earnings by 2020, it is important that the Commission understands how the NLW is affecting the employment and hours of younger workers including 21-24 year olds, who are now subject to their own rate. In particular, the Commission needs to understand whether the increasing differential between the youth rates and the NLW encourages downward substitution of jobs and/or hours to younger, less expensive, workers. Or, alternatively, whether there is evidence of upward substitution, with employers simultaneously unwilling to introduce age-related pay and unwilling to employ the youngest workers at the 'going rate' of the NLW. There is additional interest in understanding whether the large jump between the new 21-24 Year Old Rate and the NLW has adversely affected the employment of workers around the age threshold (e.g. 24 and 25 year olds). There are also similar jumps at ages 18 and 21, when workers progress from the 16-17 Year Old Rate and the 18-20 Year Old Rate, respectively.

## 2. Aims and Objectives of the Project

The study has two aims: (1) to re-examine the impact of minimum wage increases on young people's employment and hours, distinguishing, if possible, between the effect of increases to the applicable age rates and the effect of increases to other rates (including the adult rate); (2) to assess the impact of the NLW on young people's employment and hours, covering the period from the announcement of the NLW in July 2015. Sample sizes permitting, we are interested in understanding how employment and hours effects vary by age, sector, firm size and geography. There is additional interest in understanding how the effects vary by level of educational qualification if possible.

The Low Pay Commission invites tenders for research that will provide interim findings by September 2017 with more comprehensive findings by October 2018. The interim findings will refresh our understanding of the historical impact of the minimum wage on young people; and provide preliminary evidence on the impact of the NLW. The research will inform the LPC's assessment of the implications of the current relativities of the youth rates to each other and to the NLW.

Information about previous LPC research projects is available on our website at

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/low-pay-commission-research-autumn-2016

Detailed descriptive analysis of young people and the youth rates is provided in Chapter 3 of our Autumn 2016 Report <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-minimum-wage-low-pay-commission-autumn-2016-report</u>

## 3. Suggested Methodology

The research should use up to date, appropriate, econometric techniques, in line with recent studies. The methods should take account, for example, of the work conducted by Brewer, Crossley and Zilio (2015), which has highlighted potential limitations in the application of some econometric techniques. It is essential that the methodology and analysis stands up to external scrutiny by professional academics, economists, statisticians and analysts.

Potential contractors should specify the techniques that they intend to employ. Tenders should also state which data are to be used, and give some indication of their strengths and limitations and in particular whether the available data will restrict the analysis in any way.

Appropriate data sources for this type of analysis might be the Labour Force Survey and the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings. The tender should outline the time period of the data to be analysed.

## Any other specific requirements

We will support gaining access to the latest data, which we anticipate would enable researchers to use ASHE 2016 and the LFS up to 2017Q1 for the 2017 deadline with a further year of data by the 2018 deadline.

## 4. Deliverables

The initial primary audience for this work will be the LPC. The main output of the study will be a report, detailing the aims and objectives of the research, the methodology adopted and the main findings. The report should include a brief non-technical Executive Summary and a synopsis of the evidence from past research into the impact of the NMW on young people's hours and employment. Three bound copies of the final report and an electronic copy (preferably Word and pdf format) for the LPC website will be required. The LPC will make the findings publicly available, and a synopsis of the report will be included in the Low Pay Commission's 2018 Report. A brief summary of the interim report will also be included in our 2017 Report.

In addition, there would be other deliverables expected. Deliverables may vary according to individual projects but will include:

- A methodology paper;
- A synopsis of the evidence from past research;
- Regular updates on emerging findings and project progress;
- An interim report;
- A draft final report;

- A final report incorporating comments from LPC;
- Up to four presentations of the key aspects of the work; and
- Key datasets and syntax files.

The timescale for delivery of the research is flexible according to the needs of the project, but we would be looking in the first instance for a presentation on data sources and methodology at the technical research workshop on 6 April 2017, a detailed methodology paper by 30 June 2017, some initial findings for a presentation to the 5th Annual LPC Research Symposium on 7 September 2017 and a draft interim report by 29 September 2017. We would then expect more detailed findings for the LPC research workshop in spring 2018 and the 6th Annual LPC Research Symposium in September 2018. A final paper would be required by 28 September 2018. Project management is likely to include attendance at an inception meeting at LPC, and review meetings as required.

## **Project Timescales**

Initial manting	20 March 2017 (Drevisional)
Initial meeting	20 March 2017 (Provisional)
Presentation at research workshop	6 April 2017
Fresentation at research workshop	
Methodology paper and initial findings	1 June 2017
methodology paper and millioninge	
Presentation of methodology and emerging	7 September 2017
findings at the Sixth Annual LPC Research	
Symposium	
- 7	
Interim findings report	29 September 2017
	-
Agreed interim report	18 October 2016
Publication of interim report	November/December 2017
Presentation of findings at LPC research	April 2018 (tbc)
workshop	
Presentation of final findings at the 7th Annual	September 2018 (tbc)
LPC Research Symposium	
Draft final report	28 September 2018
Agreed final report	31 October 2018
Publication	November/December 2018

## **Terms and Conditions**

Bidders are to note that any requested modifications to UK SBS Terms and Conditions on the grounds of statutory and legal matters only, shall be raised as a formal clarification during the permitted clarification period.

# Section 5 – Evaluation model

The evaluation model below shall be used for this ITQ, which will be determined to two decimal places.

Where a question is 'for information only' it will not be scored.

The evaluation team may comprise staff from UK SBS, the Customer and any specific external stakeholders UK SBS deem required. After evaluation the scores will be finalised by performing a calculation to identify (at question level) the mean average of all evaluators (Example – a question is scored by three evaluators and judged as scoring 5, 5 and 6. These scores will be added together and divided by the number of evaluators to produce the final score of 5.33 (5+5+6 =16÷3 = 5.33)

Pass / fail criteria		
Questionnaire	Q No.	Question subject
Commercial	SEL1.2	Employment breaches/ Equality
Commercial	FOI1.1	Freedom of Information Exemptions
Commercial	AW1.1	Form of Bid
Commercial	AW1.3	Certificate of Bona Fide Bid
Commercial	AW3.1	Validation check
Commercial	AW4.1	Contract Terms
Price	AW5.5	E Invoicing
Price	AW5.6	Implementation of E-Invoicing
Quality	AW6.1	Compliance to the Specification
-	-	Invitation to Quote – received on time within e-sourcing tool

The Response Question and Answer Document must be used by all tenderers to answer the PROJ (Quality Questions). This should then be uploaded as an attachment to PROJ1.1. This is the <u>only</u> document assessors will evaluate; any other method used by bidders to answer questions will not be evaluated. Scoring shall be based on 0-100 scoring methodology (as outlined below). Each question has a page limit and this should be adhered to. Any additional content provided beyond this will not be considered or scored during the evaluation process

## Scoring criteria

#### **Evaluation Justification Statement**

In consideration of this particular requirement UK SBS has decided to evaluate Potential Providers by adopting the weightings/scoring mechanism detailed within this ITQ. UK SBS considers these weightings to be in line with existing best practice for a requirement of this type.

Questionnaire	Q No.	Question subject	Maximum Marks
Price	AW5.2	Price	10.00%
Quality	PROJ1.1	Approach	40.00%
Quality	PROJ1.2	Project Plan, Resource and	20.00%
		Deliverables	
Quality	PROJ1.3	Understanding the Environment 30.00%	

## Evaluation of criteria

#### **Non-Price elements**

Each question will be judged on a score from 0 to 100, which shall be subjected to a multiplier to reflect the percentage of the evaluation criteria allocated to that question.

Where an evaluation criterion is worth 20% then the 0-100 score achieved will be multiplied by 20.

**Example** if a Bidder scores 60 from the available 100 points this will equate to 12% by using the following calculation: Score/Total Points available multiplied by 20 ( $60/100 \times 20 = 12$ )

Where an evaluation criterion is worth 10% then the 0-100 score achieved will be multiplied by 10.

**Example** if a Bidder scores 60 from the available 100 points this will equate to 6% by using the following calculation: Score/Total Points available multiplied by  $10 (60/100 \times 10 = 6)$ 

The same logic will be applied to groups of questions which equate to a single evaluation criterion.

The 0-100 score shall be based on (unless otherwise stated within the question):

0	The Question is not answered or the response is completely unacceptable.
10	Extremely poor response – they have completely missed the point of the question.
20	Very poor response and not wholly acceptable. Requires major revision to the response to make it acceptable. Only partially answers the requirement, with major deficiencies and little relevant detail proposed.
40	Poor response only partially satisfying the selection question requirements with deficiencies apparent. Some useful evidence provided but response falls well short of expectations. Low probability of being a capable supplier.
60	Response is acceptable but remains basic and could have been expanded upon.

	Response is sufficient but does not inspire.
80	Good response which describes their capabilities in detail which provides high levels of assurance consistent with a quality provider. The response includes a
	full description of techniques and measurements currently employed.
100	Response is exceptional and clearly demonstrates they are capable of meeting the requirement. No significant weaknesses noted. The response is compelling in its description of techniques and measurements currently employed, providing full assurance consistent with a quality provider.

All questions will be scored based on the above mechanism. Please be aware that the final score returned may be different as there may be multiple evaluators and their individual scores will be averaged (mean) to determine your final score.

#### Example

Evaluator 1 scored your bid as 60 Evaluator 2 scored your bid as 60 Evaluator 3 scored your bid as 40 Evaluator 4 scored your bid as 40 Your final score will  $(60+60+40+40) \div 4 = 50$ **Price elements** will be judged on the following criteria.

The lowest price for a response which meets the pass criteria shall score 100. All other bids shall be scored on a pro rata basis in relation to the lowest price. The score is then subject to a multiplier to reflect the percentage value of the price criterion.

For example - Bid 1 £100,000 scores 100.

Bid 2 £120,000 differential of £20,000 or 20% remove 20% from price scores 80

Bid 3 £150,000 differential £50,000 remove 50% from price scores 50.

Bid 4 £175,000 differential £75,000 remove 75% from price scores 25.

Bid 5 £200,000 differential £100,000 remove 100% from price scores 0.

Bid 6 £300,000 differential £200,000 remove 100% from price scores 0.

Where the scoring criterion is worth 50% then the 0-100 score achieved will be multiplied by 50.

In the example if a supplier scores 80 from the available 100 points this will equate to 40% by using the following calculation: Score/Total Points multiplied by 50 ( $80/100 \times 50 = 40$ )

The lowest score possible is 0 even if the price submitted is more than 100% greater than the lowest price.

Once the evaluation process and due diligence is complete, should the result of the process result in a tied place(s) then the supplier(s) who scored the highest total in the Quality criterion shall be considered the successful supplier and shall be awarded the opportunity.

Should the above still result in a tie we will go to a secondary tie decision which will be who scored the highest total in the Price criterion (Question AW5.2) they shall be considered the successful supplier and shall be awarded the opportunity.

# Section 6 – Evaluation questionnaire

Bidders should note that the evaluation questionnaire is located within the **e-sourcing questionnaire**.

Guidance on completion of the questionnaire is available at <a href="http://www.uksbs.co.uk/services/procure/Pages/supplier.aspx">http://www.uksbs.co.uk/services/procure/Pages/supplier.aspx</a>

PLEASE NOTE THE QUESTIONS ARE NOT NUMBERED SEQUENTIALLY

# **Section 7 – General Information**

#### What makes a good bid – some simple do's 🙂

#### DO:

- 7.1 Do comply with Procurement document instructions. Failure to do so may lead to disqualification.
- 7.2 Do provide the Bid on time, and in the required format. Remember that the date/time given for a response is the last date that it can be accepted; we are legally bound to disqualify late submissions.
- 7.3 Do ensure you have read all the training materials to utilise e-sourcing tool prior to responding to this Bid. If you send your Bid by email or post it will be rejected.
- 7.4 Do use Microsoft Word, PowerPoint Excel 97-03 or compatible formats, or PDF unless agreed in writing by the Buyer. If you use another file format without our written permission we may reject your Bid.
- 7.5 Do ensure you utilise the Emptoris messaging system to raise any clarifications to our ITQ. You should note that typically we will release the answer to the question to all bidders and where we suspect the question contains confidential information we may modify the content of the question to protect the anonymity of the Bidder or their proposed solution
- 7.6 Do answer the question, it is not enough simply to cross-reference to a 'policy', web page or another part of your Bid, the evaluation team have limited time to assess bids and if they can't find the answer, they can't score it.
- 7.7 Do consider who your customer is and what they want a generic answer does not necessarily meet every customer's needs.
- 7.8 Do reference your documents correctly, specifically where supporting documentation is requested e.g. referencing the question/s they apply to.
- 7.9 Do provide clear and concise contact details; telephone numbers, e-mails and fax details.
- 7.10 Do complete all questions in the questionnaire or we may reject your Bid.
- 7.11 Do check and recheck your Bid before dispatch.

#### What makes a good bid – some simple do not's $\otimes$

#### DO NOT

- 7.12 Do not cut and paste from a previous document and forget to change the previous details such as the previous buyer's name.
- 7.13 Do not attach 'glossy' brochures that have not been requested, they will not be read unless we have asked for them. Only send what has been requested and only send supplementary information if we have offered the opportunity so to do.
- 7.14 Do not share the Procurement documents, they are confidential and should not be shared with anyone without the Buyers written permission.
- 7.15 Do not seek to influence the procurement process by requesting meetings or contacting UK SBS or the Customer to discuss your Bid. If your Bid requires clarification the Buyer will contact you.
- 7.16 Do not contact any UK SBS staff or Customer staff without the Buyers written permission or we may reject your Bid.
- 7.17 Do not collude to fix or adjust the price or withdraw your Bid with another Party as we will reject your Bid.
- 7.18 Do not offer UK SBS or Customer staff any inducement or we will reject your Bid.
- 7.19 Do not seek changes to the Bid after responses have been submitted and the deadline for Bids to be submitted has passed.
- 7.20 Do not cross reference answers to external websites or other parts of your Bid, the cross references and website links will not be considered.
- 7.21 Do not exceed word counts, the additional words will not be considered.
- 7.22 Do not make your Bid conditional on acceptance of your own Terms of Contract, as your Bid will be rejected.

## Some additional guidance notes

- 7.23 All enquiries with respect to access to the e-sourcing tool and problems with functionality within the tool may be submitted to Crown Commercial Service (previously Government Procurement Service), Telephone 0345 010 3503.
- 7.24 Bidders will be specifically advised where attachments are permissible to support a question response within the e-sourcing tool. Where they are not permissible any attachments submitted will not be considered.
- 7.25 Question numbering is not sequential and all questions which require submission are included in the Section 6 Evaluation Questionnaire.
- 7.26 Any Contract offered may not guarantee any volume of work or any exclusivity of supply.
- 7.27 We do not guarantee to award any Contract as a result of this procurement
- 7.28 All documents issued or received in relation to this procurement shall be the property of UK SBS.
- 7.29 We can amend any part of the procurement documents at any time prior to the latest date / time Bids shall be submitted through Emptoris.
- 7.30 If you are a Consortium you must provide details of the Consortiums structure.
- 7.31 Bidders will be expected to comply with the Freedom of Information Act 2000 or your Bid will be rejected.
- 7.32 Bidders should note the Government's transparency agenda requires your Bid and any Contract entered into to be published on a designated, publicly searchable web site. By submitting a response to this ITQ Bidders are agreeing that their Bid and Contract may be made public
- 7.33 Your bid will be valid for 60 days or your Bid will be rejected.
- 7.34 Bidders may only amend the Contract terms if you can demonstrate there is a legal or statutory reason why you cannot accept them. If you request changes to the Contract and UK SBS fail to accept your legal or statutory reason is reasonably justified we may reject your Bid.
- 7.35 We will let you know the outcome of your Bid evaluation and where requested will provide a written debrief of the relative strengths and weaknesses of your Bid.
- 7.36 If you fail mandatory pass / fail criteria we will reject your Bid.
- 7.37 Bidders are required to use IE8, IE9, Chrome or Firefox in order to access the functionality of the Emptoris e-sourcing tool.
- 7.38 Bidders should note that if they are successful with their proposal UK SBS reserves the right to ask additional compliancy checks prior to the award of any Contract. In

the event of a Bidder failing to meet one of the compliancy checks UK SBS may decline to proceed with the award of the Contract to the successful Bidder.

- 7.39 All timescales are set using a 24 hour clock and are based on British Summer Time or Greenwich Mean Time, depending on which applies at the point when Date and Time Bids shall be submitted through Emptoris.
- 7.40 All Central Government Departments and their Executive Agencies and Non Departmental Public Bodies are subject to control and reporting within Government. In particular, they report to the Cabinet Office and HM Treasury for all expenditure. Further, the Cabinet Office has a cross-Government role delivering overall Government policy on public procurement - including ensuring value for money and related aspects of good procurement practice.

For these purposes, UK SBS may disclose within Government any of the Bidders documentation/information (including any that the Bidder considers to be confidential and/or commercially sensitive such as specific bid information) submitted by the Bidder to UK SBS during this Procurement. The information will not be disclosed outside Government. Bidders taking part in this ITQ consent to these terms as part of the competition process.

7.41 From 2nd April 2014 the Government is introducing its new Government Security Classifications (GSC) classification scheme to replace the current Government Protective Marking System (GPMS). A key aspect of this is the reduction in the number of security classifications used. All Bidders are encouraged to make themselves aware of the changes and identify any potential impacts in their Bid, as the protective marking and applicable protection of any material passed to, or generated by, you during the procurement process or pursuant to any Contract awarded to you as a result of this tender process will be subject to the new GSC from 2nd April 2014. The link below to the Gov.uk website provides information on the new GSC:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-security-classifications

UK SBS reserves the right to amend any security related term or condition of the draft contract accompanying this ITQ to reflect any changes introduced by the GSC. In particular where this ITQ is accompanied by any instructions on safeguarding classified information (e.g. a Security Aspects Letter) as a result of any changes stemming from the new GSC, whether in respect of the applicable protective marking scheme, specific protective markings given, the aspects to which any protective marking applies or otherwise. This may relate to the instructions on safeguarding classified information (e.g. a Security Aspects Letter) as they apply to the procurement as they apply to the procurement process and/or any contracts awarded to you as a result of the procurement process.

#### **USEFUL INFORMATION LINKS**

- Emptoris Training Guide
- Emptoris e-sourcing tool
- <u>Contracts Finder</u>
- <u>Tenders Electronic Daily</u>
- Equalities Act introduction
- Bribery Act introduction
- Freedom of information Act