- (b) an assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations in relation to the Services;
- (c) an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects; and
- (d) the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of Personal Data.
- 17.5 The Processor shall, in relation to any Personal Data processed in connection with its obligations under this Contract:
  - (a) process that Personal Data only in accordance with Schedule 13 (Processing, Personal Data and Data Subjects), unless the Processor is required to do otherwise by Law. If it is so required the Processor shall promptly notify the Authority before processing the Personal Data unless prohibited by Law;
  - (b) ensure that it has in place Protective Measures, including in the case of the Controller the measures set out in Clause 16 (Authority Data), which the Controller may reasonably reject (but failure to reject shall not amount to approval by the Controller of the adequacy of the Protective Measures) having taken account of the:
    - (i) nature of the data to be protected;
    - (ii) harm that might result from a Data Loss Event;
    - (iii) state of technological development; and
    - (iv) cost of implementing any measures;
  - (c) ensure that:
    - (i) the Processor Personnel do not process Personal Data except in accordance with this Contract (and in particular Schedule 13 (Processing, Personal Data and Data Subjects));

- (ii) it takes all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Processor Personnel who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
  - (A) are aware of and comply with the Processor's duties under this Clause, Clauses 15 (Confidential Information) and 16 (Authority Data);
  - (B) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Processor or any Sub-processor;
  - (C) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not publish, disclose or divulge any of the Personal Data to any third Party unless directed in writing to do so by the Controller or as otherwise permitted by this Contract; and (D) have undergone; and
  - (D) adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data;
- (d) not transfer Personal Data outside of the EU unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:
  - (i) the Controller or the Processor has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer (whether in accordance with Article 46 of the GDPR or Section 75 of the DPA 2018) as determined by the Controller;
  - (ii) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;
  - (iii) the Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the Controller in meeting its obligations); and
  - (iv) the Processor complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the Controller with respect to the processing of the Personal Data; and

- (e) at the written direction of the Controller, delete or return Personal Data (and any copies of it) to the Controller on termination of the Contract unless the Processor is required by Law to retain the Personal Data.
- 17.6 Subject to Clause 17.7, the Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if it:
  - (a) receives a Data Subject Request (or purported Data Subject Request);
  - (b) receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
  - (c) receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
  - (d) receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data processed under this Contract;
  - (e) receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with such request is required or purported to be required by Law; or
  - (f) becomes aware of a Data Loss Event.
- 17.7 The Processor's obligation to notify under Clause 17.6 shall include the provision of further information to the Controller in phases, as details become available.
- 17.8 Taking into account the nature of the processing, the Processor shall provide the Controller with reasonable assistance in relation to either Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under Clause 17.6 (and insofar as possible within the timescales reasonably required by the Controller) including by promptly providing:
  - (a) the Controller with full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
  - (b) such assistance as is reasonably requested by the Controller to enable it to comply with a Data Subject Request within the relevant timescales set out in the Data Protection Legislation;

- (c) the Controller, at its request, with any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject;
- (d) assistance as requested by the Controller following any Data Loss Event; and/or
- (e) assistance as requested by the Controller with respect to any request from the Information Commissioner's Office, or any consultation by the Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 17.9 The Processor shall maintain complete and accurate records and information to demonstrate its compliance with this Clause. This requirement does not apply where the Processor employs fewer than 250 staff, unless:
  - (a) the Controller determines that the processing is not occasional;
  - (b) the Controller determines the processing includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the GDPR; or
  - (c) the Controller determines that the processing is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 17.10 The Processor shall allow for audits of its Data Processing activity by the Controller or the Controller's designated auditor.
- 17.11 The Parties shall designate a Data Protection Officer if required by the Data Protection Legislation.
- 17.12 Before allowing any Sub-processor to process any Personal Data related to this Agreement, the Processor must:
  - (a) notify the Controller in writing of the intended Sub-processor and processing;
  - (b) obtain the written consent of the Controller;
  - (c) enter into a written agreement with the Sub-processor which give effect to the terms set out in this Clause 17 such that they apply to the Sub-processor; and

- (d) provide the Controller with such information regarding the Sub-processor as the Controller may reasonably require.
- 17.13 The Processor shall remain fully liable for all acts or omissions of any of its Sub-processors.
- 17.14 The Authority may, at any time on not less than 30 Working Days' notice, revise this Clause by replacing it with any applicable controller to processor standard clauses or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme (which shall apply when incorporated by attachment to this Contract).
- 17.15 The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The Authority may on not less than 30 Working Days' notice to the Contractor amend this Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

#### Where the Parties are Joint Controllers of Personal Data

17.16 In the event that the Parties are Joint Controllers in respect of Personal Data under this Contract, the Parties shall implement Clauses that are necessary to comply with Article 26 of the GDPR.

#### Where the Parties are Independent Controllers of Personal Data

- 17.17 With respect to Personal Data provided by one Party to another Party for which each Party acts as Controller but which is not under a Joint Controller arrangement of the Parties, each Party undertakes to comply with the applicable Data Protection Legislation in respect of their processing of such Personal Data as Controller.
- 17.18 Each Party shall process the Personal Data in compliance with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and not do anything to cause the other Party to be in breach of it.
- 17.19 Where a Party has provided Personal Data to the other Party in accordance with Clause 17.17, the recipient of the Personal Data will provide all such relevant documents and information relating to its data protection policies and procedures as the other Party may reasonably require.
- 17.20 The Parties shall be responsible for their own compliance with Articles 13 and 14 of the GDPR in respect of the processing of Personal Data for the purposes of this Contract.

- 17.21 The Parties shall only provide Personal Data to each other:
  - (a) to the extent necessary to perform the respective obligations under this Contract;
  - (b) in compliance with the Data Protection Legislation (including by ensuring all required fair processing information has been given to affected Data Subjects); and
  - (c) where it has recorded it in Schedule 13 (Processing, Personal Data and Data Subjects).
- 17.22 Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, each Party shall, with respect to its processing of Personal Data as independent Controller, implement and maintain appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to that risk, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the GDPR, and the measures shall, at a minimum, comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Legislation, including Article 32 of the GDPR.
- 17.23 A Party processing Personal Data for the purposes of this Contract shall maintain a record of its processing activities in accordance with Article 30 of the GDPR and shall make the record available to the other Party upon reasonable request.
- 17.24 Where a Party receives a request by any Data Subject to exercise any of their rights under the Data Protection Legislation in relation to the Personal Data provided to it by the other Party pursuant to this Contract ("the Request Recipient"):
  - (a) the other Party shall provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the Request Recipient to help it respond to the request or correspondence, at the cost of the Request Recipient; or
  - (b) where the request or correspondence is directed to the other party and/or relates to the other party's Processing of the Personal Data, the Request Recipient will:
    - (i) promptly, and in any event within five (5) Working Days of receipt of the request or correspondence, inform the other party that it has received the

same and shall forward such request or correspondence to the other party; and

- (ii) provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the other party to help it respond to the request.
- 17.25 Each party shall promptly notify the other Party upon it becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach relating to Personal Data provided by the other party pursuant to this Contract and shall:
  - (a) do all such things as reasonably necessary to assist the other Party in mitigating the effects of the Data Breach;
  - (b) implement any measures necessary to restore the security of any compromised Personal Data;
  - (c) work with the other Party to make any required notifications to the Information Commissioner's Office and affected Data Subjects in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation (including the timeframes set out therein); and
  - (d) not do anything which may damage the reputation of the other Party or that Party's relationship with the relevant Data Subjects, save as required by Law.
- 17.26 Personal Data provided by one Party to the other Party may be used exclusively to exercise rights and obligations under this Contract as specified in Schedule 13 (Processing, Personal Data and Data Subjects).
- 17.27 Personal Data shall not be retained or processed for longer than is necessary to perform each Party's obligations under this Contract which is specified in Schedule 13 (Processing, Personal Data and Data Subjects).
- 17.28 Notwithstanding the general application of Clauses 17.2 to 17.15 to Personal Data, where the Contractor is required to exercise its regulatory and/or legal obligations in respect of Personal Data, it shall act as an Independent Controller of Personal Data in accordance with Clause 17.16 to 17.27.

#### 18. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

- 18.1 All Intellectual Property Rights in any guidance, know-how, specifications, instructions, toolkits, plans, data, drawings, databases, patents, patterns, models, designs or other material, but for the avoidance of doubt not including any Intellectual Property Rights in the Products (as defined in Clause 1 of Schedule 4) (the "IP Materials"):
  - 18.1.1 furnished to or made available to the Contractor by or on behalf of the Authority shall remain the property of the Authority; and
  - 18.1.2 prepared by or for the Contractor on behalf of the Authority for use, or intended use, in relation to the performance by the Contractor of its obligations under the Contract shall belong to the Authority;

and the Contractor shall not, and shall ensure that the Contractor Personnel shall not, (except when necessary for the performance of the Contract) without prior written consent, use or disclose any Intellectual Property Rights in the IP Materials.

- 18.2 The Contractor hereby assigns to the Authority, with full title guarantee, all Intellectual Property Rights which may subsist in the IP Materials prepared in accordance with Clause 18.1.2 of this Schedule 2. This assignment shall take effect on the date of the Contract or as a present assignment of future rights that will take effect immediately on the coming into existence of the Intellectual Property Rights produced by the Contractor. The Contractor shall execute all documentation necessary to execute such assignment.
- 18.3 The Authority hereby grants a royalty free, non-exclusive, licence (with no right to sub-licence) for the duration of the Term to the Contractor to use all Intellectual Property which may subsist in the IP Materials prepared in accordance with Clause 18.1.2 of this Schedule 2. This licence shall take effect on the date of the Contract.
- 18.4 The Contractor grants to the Authority a royalty-free, irrevocable and non-exclusive licence (with a right to sub-licence) to use any Intellectual Property Rights that the Contractor owned or developed prior to the Commencement Date and which the Authority reasonably requires in order to exercise its rights and take the benefit of the Contract including the Services provided.

- 18.5 The Contractor shall waive or procure a waiver of any moral rights subsisting in copyright produced by the Contract, the Services or the performance thereof.
- 18.6 The Contractor shall ensure that the third party owner of any Intellectual Property Rights that are or which may be used to perform the Contract grants to the Authority a non-exclusive licence or, if itself a licensee of those rights, shall grant to the Authority an authorised sublicence, to use, reproduce, modify, develop and maintain such Intellectual Property Rights. Such licence or sub-licence shall be non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty free and irrevocable and shall include the right for the Authority to sub-license, transfer, novate or assign to other Contracting Authorities, the Replacement Contractor or to any other third party supplying services to the Authority.
- 18.7 The Contractor shall not infringe any Intellectual Property Rights of any third party in supplying the Services and the Contractor shall, during and after the Term, indemnify and keep indemnified and hold the Authority and the Crown harmless from and against all actions, suits, claims, demands, losses, charges, damages, costs and expenses and other liabilities which the Authority or the Crown may suffer or incur as a result of or in connection with any breach of this Clause, except where any such claim arises from:
  - 18.7.1 items or materials based upon designs supplied by the Authority; or
  - the use of data supplied by the Authority which is not required to be verified by the Contractor under any provision of the Contract.
- 18.8 The Authority shall notify the Contractor in writing of any claim or demand brought against the Authority for infringement or alleged infringement of any Intellectual Property Right in materials supplied or licensed by the Contractor.
- 18.9 The Contractor shall at its own expense conduct all negotiations and any litigation arising in connection with any claim for breach of Intellectual Property Rights in materials supplied or licensed by the Contractor, provided always that the Contractor:
  - 18.9.1 shall consult the Authority on all substantive issues which arise during the conduct of such litigation and negotiations;
  - 18.9.2 shall take due and proper account of the interests of the Authority; and

- 18.9.3 shall not settle or compromise any claim without the Authority's prior written consent (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed).
- 18.10 The Authority shall at the request of the Contractor afford to the Contractor all reasonable assistance for the purpose of contesting any claim or demand made or action brought against the Authority or the Contractor by a third party for infringement or alleged infringement of any third party Intellectual Property Rights in connection with the performance of the Contractor's obligations under the Contract and the Contractor shall indemnify the Authority for all costs and expenses (including, but not limited to, legal costs and disbursements) incurred in doing so. The Contractor shall not, however, be required to indemnify the Authority in relation to any costs and expenses incurred in relation to or arising out of a claim, demand or action which relates to the matters in Clause 18.7.1 or 18.7.2 of this Schedule 2.
- 18.11 The Authority shall not make any admissions which may be prejudicial to the defence or settlement of any claim, demand or action for infringement or alleged infringement of any Intellectual Property Right by the Authority or the Contractor in connection with the performance of its obligations under the Contract.
- 18.12 If a claim, demand or action for infringement or alleged infringement of any Intellectual Property Right is made in connection with the Contract or, in the reasonable opinion of the Contractor, is likely to be made, the Contractor shall notify the Authority and, at its own expense and subject to the consent of the Authority (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), use its best endeavours to:
  - 18.12.1 modify any or all of the Services without reducing the performance or functionality of the same, or substitute alternative Services of equivalent performance and functionality, so as to avoid the infringement or the alleged infringement, provided that the provisions herein shall apply mutates mutandis to such modified Services or to the substitute Services; or
  - 18.12.2 procure a licence to use and supply the Services, which are the subject of the alleged infringement, on terms which are acceptable to the Authority; and
  - 18.12.3 in the event that the Contractor is unable to comply with Clauses 18.12.1 or 18.12.2 within twenty (20) Working Days of receipt of the Contractor's notification the Authority may terminate the Contract with immediate effect by written notice.

#### 19. LIABILITY

- 19.1 Neither Party excludes or limits liability to the other Party for:
  - 19.1.1 death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or Sub-contractors;
  - 19.1.2 bribery or Fraud by it or its employees;
  - 19.1.3 fraudulent misrepresentation; or
  - 19.1.4 any liability to the extent that it cannot be excluded or limited by any applicable law.
- 19.2 The Contractor does not exclude or limit its liability in respect of the indemnity at Clause 18.7 and in each case whether before or after the making of a demand pursuant to the indemnity therein.
- 19.3 Subject to Clauses 19.4, 19.5, 19.6 and 19.7 of this Schedule 2, the Contractor shall indemnify the Authority and keep the Authority indemnified fully against all claims, proceedings, actions, damages, costs, expenses and any other liabilities which may arise out of, or in consequence of, the supply, or the late or purported supply, of the Services or the performance or non-performance by the Contractor of its obligations under the Contract or the presence of the Contractor or any Contractor Personnel on the Premises, including in respect of any death or personal injury, loss of or damage to property, financial loss arising from any advice given or omitted to be given by the Contractor, or any other loss which is caused directly or indirectly by any act or omission of the Contractor.
- 19.4 The Contractor shall not be responsible for any injury, loss, damage, cost or expense if and to the extent that it is caused by the negligence or wilful misconduct of the Authority or by breach by the Authority of its obligations under the Contract.
- 19.5 Subject always to Clauses 19.1, 19.2, 19.6, 19.7 and 19.8 of this Schedule 2, the total liability of each Party to the other under or in connection with this Contract whether arising in contract, tort, negligence, breach of statutory duty or otherwise shall in no event exceed the greater of:

	19.5.1	; or
	19.5.2	of the total Contract Price paid of payable by the Authority to the Contractor for the Services.
19.6	Subject	always to Clause 19.1, in no event shall either Party be liable to the other for any:
	19.6.1	loss of profits, loss of business, loss of revenue, loss of an opportunity, or loss of goodwill; and/or
	19.6.2	loss of savings (whether anticipated or otherwise); and/or
	19.6.3	indirect or consequential loss or damage.
19.7	If the to	tal Contract Price paid or payable by the Authority to the Contractor over the Term:
	19.7.1	not used;
	19.7.2	not used;
	19.7.3	is equal to, exceeds or will exceed then the figure of a Clause 19.5 of this Schedule 2 shall be replaced with and the figure of at Clause 19.5 of this Schedule 2 shall
		be deemed to have been deleted and replaced with
19.8	Subject always to Clauses 19.1, 19.2, 19.6 and 19.9 of this Schedule 2 the Contractor's aggregate liability in respect of loss of or damage to Authority Data or breach of the Data Protection Legislation that is caused by Default of the Contractor occurring in each and any Contract Year shall in no event exceed	
19.9	The Contractor acknowledges that the Authority may, amongst other things, recover from the Contractor the following losses incurred by the Authority to the extent that they arise as a result of a Default by the Contractor:	

- 19.9.1 any additional operational and/or administrative costs and expenses incurred by the Authority, including costs relating to time spent by or on behalf of the Authority in dealing with the consequences of the Default;
- 19.9.2 any wasted expenditure or charges;
- 19.9.3 the additional costs of procuring replacement Services from an alternative provider for the remainder of the Term where possible, which shall include any incremental costs associated with such replacement Services from an alternative provider above those which would have been payable under the Contract;
- 19.9.4 any compensation or interest paid to a third party by the Authority; and
- 19.9.5 any fine, penalty or costs incurred by the Authority pursuant to Law.
- 19.10 Each Party shall use its respective reasonable endeavours to mitigate any loss or damage suffered arising out of or connection with the Contract.
- 19.11 Where the Contractor is a consortium, for the avoidance of doubt, the organisations comprising the Contractor shall be jointly and severally liable with regard to the performance by the Contractor of any and all of its obligations under the Contract and in respect of any losses incurred by the Authority under or in connection with this Contract as a result of Defaults by the Contractor.
- 19.12 Clause 19 of this Schedule 2 shall survive the expiry of or earlier termination of this Contract for any reason.

#### 20. INSURANCE

20.1 The Contractor shall effect and maintain with a reputable insurance company a policy or policies of insurance providing an adequate level of cover in respect of all risks which may be incurred by the Contractor, arising out of the Contractor's performance of its obligations under the Contract, including death or personal injury, loss of or damage to property or any other loss. Such insurance shall be maintained for the duration of the Term and for a minimum of six (6) years following the expiration or earlier termination of the Contract.

- 20.2 The Contractor shall hold employer's liability insurance in respect of Contractor Personnel in accordance with any legal requirement from time to time in force.
- 20.3 Without limitation to any insurance arrangements as required by Law, the Contractor shall put in place and/or maintain the different types and/or levels of indemnity arrangements explicitly required by the Authority, if specified in the Key Provisions.
- 20.4 The Contractor shall from time to time and in any event within five (5) Working Days of written demand provide documentary evidence to the Authority that insurance arrangements taken out by the Contractor pursuant to Clause 20 of this Schedule 2 and the Key Provisions are fully maintained and that any premiums on them and/or contributions in respect of them (if any) are fully paid.
- 20.5 If, for whatever reason, the Contractor fails to give effect to and maintain the insurances required by the provisions of the Contract the Authority may make alternative arrangements to protect its interests and may recover the costs of such arrangements from the Contractor.
- 20.6 The provisions of any insurance or the amount of cover shall not relieve the Contractor of any liabilities under the Contract. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the amount of insurance cover that will be adequate to enable the Contractor to satisfy any liability referred to in Clause 19 (Liability) of this Schedule 2.

### 21. TRANSFER AND SUB-CONTRACTING

- 21.1 The Contractor shall not assign, novate, sub-contract or otherwise dispose of or create any trust in relation to any or all of its rights, obligations or liabilities under the Contract or any part of it without the prior written consent of the Authority.
- 21.2 The Authority may assign, novate or otherwise dispose of any or all of its rights, liabilities and obligations under the Contract or any part thereof to:
  - 21.2.1 any other body established by the Crown; or
  - 21.2.2 under statute in order substantially to perform any of the functions that had previously been performed by the Authority; or
  - 21.2.3 any private sector body which substantially performs the functions of the Authority,

and the Contractor shall, at the Authority's request, enter into a novation agreement in such form as the Authority shall reasonably specify in order to enable the Authority to exercise its rights pursuant to this Clause 21.2.

- 21.3 A change in the legal status of the Authority shall not, subject to Clause 21.4 of this Schedule 2 affect the validity of the Contract and the Contract shall be binding on any successor body to the Authority.
- 21.4 If the Authority assigns, novates or otherwise disposes of any of its rights, obligations or liabilities under the Contract to a private sector body in accordance with Clause 21.2.3 of this Schedule 2 (the "Transferee" in the rest of this Clause) the right of termination of the Authority in Clause 22 (Termination on Insolvency and Change of Control) of this Schedule 2 shall be available to the Contractor in the event of insolvency of the Transferee (as if the references to Contractor in Clause 22 (Termination on Insolvency and Change of Control) of this Schedule 2 were references to the Transferee).
- 21.5 The Contractor shall exercise due skill and care in the selection of any Sub-contractors to ensure that the Contractor is able to:
  - 21.5.1 manage any Sub-contractors in accordance with Good Industry Practice;
  - 21.5.2 comply with its obligations under the Contract in the provision of the Services; and
  - 21.5.3 assign, novate or otherwise transfer to the Authority or any Replacement Contractor any of its rights and/or obligations under each Sub-contract that relates exclusively to the Contract.
- 21.6 Prior to sub-contacting any of its obligations under the Contract, the Contractor shall notify the Authority and provide the Authority with:
  - 21.6.1 the proposed Sub-contractor's name, registered office and company registration number; and
  - 21.6.2 the scope of any Services to be provided by the proposed Sub-contractor.

- 21.7 If requested by the Authority within ten (10) Working Days of receipt of the Contractor's notice issued pursuant to Clause 21.6 of this Schedule 2, the Contractor shall also provide:
  - 21.7.1 a copy of the proposed Sub-contract; and
  - 21.7.2 any further information reasonably requested by the Authority.
- 21.8 The Authority may, within ten (10) Working Days of receipt of the Contractor's notice issued pursuant to Clause 21.6 of this Schedule 2 (or, if later, receipt of any further information requested pursuant to Clause 21.7 of this Schedule 2), object to the appointment of the relevant Sub-contractor if they consider that:
  - 21.8.1 the appointment of a proposed Sub-contractor may prejudice the provision of the Services or may be contrary to the interests respectively of the Authority under the Contract;
  - 21.8.2 the proposed Sub-contractor is unreliable and/or has not provided reliable goods and or reasonable services to its other customers;
  - 21.8.3 the proposed Sub-contractor employs unfit persons; and/or
  - 21.8.4 the proposed Sub-contractor should be excluded in accordance with Clause 21.14 of this Schedule 2.

in which case, the Contractor shall not proceed with the proposed appointment.

- 21.9 If the Authority has not notified the Contractor that it objects to the proposed Subcontractor's appointment by the later of ten (10) Working Days of receipt of:
  - 21.9.1 the Contractor's notice issued pursuant to Clause 21.6 of this Schedule 2; and
  - 21.9.2 any further information requested by the Authority pursuant to Clause 21.7 of this Schedule 2,

the Contractor may proceed with the proposed appointment.

- 21.10 The Contractor shall ensure that all Sub-contracts (which in this sub-clause includes any contract in the Contractor's supply chain made wholly or substantially for the purpose of performing or contributing to the performance of the whole or any part of this Contract) contain provisions:
  - 21.10.1 requiring the Contractor or other party receiving goods or services under the contract to consider and verify invoices under that contract in a timely fashion;
  - 21.10.2 that if the Contractor or other party fails to consider and verify an invoice in accordance with Clause 21.10.1 of this Schedule 2, the invoice shall be regarded as valid and undisputed for the purpose of Clause 21.10.3 of this Schedule 2 after a reasonable time has passed;
  - 21.10.3 requiring the Contractor or other party to pay any undisputed sums which are due from it to the Sub-contractor within a specified period not exceeding thirty (30) days of verifying that the invoice is valid and undisputed; and
  - 21.10.4 giving the Authority a right to publish the Contractor's compliance with its obligation to pay undisputed invoices within the specified payment period; and
  - 21.10.5 requiring the Sub-contractor to include a clause to the same effect as this Clause 21.10 in any contracts it enters into wholly or substantially for the purpose of performing or contributing to the performance of the whole or any part of this Contract.
- 21.11 The Contractor shall pay any undisputed sums which are due from it to a Sub-contractor within thirty (30) days of verifying that the invoice is valid and undisputed.
- 21.12 Notwithstanding any provision of Clauses 15 (Confidential Information) and 30 (Publicity) of this Schedule 2 if the Contractor notifies the Authority that the Contractor has failed to pay an undisputed Sub-contractor's invoice within thirty (30) days of receipt, or the Authority otherwise discovers the same, the Authority shall be entitled to publish the details of the late or non-payment (including on government websites and in the press).
- 21.13 Notwithstanding the Contractor's right to sub-contract pursuant to this Clause 21, the Contractor shall remain responsible for all acts and omissions of its Sub-contractors and the

acts and omissions of those employed or engaged by the Sub-contractors as if they were its own.

- 21.14 Where the Authority considers whether there are grounds for exclusion of a Sub-contractor under Regulation 57 of the Regulations, then:
  - 21.14.1 if the Authority finds there are compulsory grounds for exclusion, the Contractor shall replace or shall not appoint the Sub-contractor;
  - 21.14.2 if the Authority finds there are non-compulsory grounds for exclusion, the Authority may require the Contractor to replace or not appoint the Sub-contractor

and the Contractor shall comply with such a requirement.

#### 22 TERMINATION ON INSOLVENCY AND CHANGE OF CONTROL

- 22.1 The Authority may terminate the Contract with immediate effect by giving written notice where the Contractor is a company and in respect of the Contractor:
  - a proposal is made for a voluntary arrangement within Part I of the Insolvency Act 1986 or of any other composition scheme or arrangement with, or assignment for the benefit of, the Contractor's creditors; or
  - a shareholders', members' or partners' meeting is convened for the purpose of considering a resolution that the Contractor be wound up or a resolution for the winding-up of the Contractor is passed (other than as part of, and exclusively for the purpose of, a bona fide reconstruction or amalgamation); or
  - a petition is presented for the winding-up of the Contractor (which is not dismissed within five (5) Working Days of its service) or an application is made for the appointment of a provisional liquidator or a creditors' meeting is convened in respect of the Contractor pursuant to section 98 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
  - a receiver, administrative receiver or similar officer is appointed over the whole or any part of the Contractor's business or assets; or

- a creditor or encumbrancer attaches or takes possession of, or a distress, execution, sequestration or other such process is levied or enforced on or sued against, the whole or any part of the Contractor's assets and such attachment or process is not discharged within ten (10) Working Days;
- an application is made in respect of the Contractor either for the appointment of an administrator or for an administration order and an administrator is appointed, or notice of intention to appoint an administrator is given; or
- 22.1.7 if the Contractor is or becomes insolvent within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
- 22.1.8 the Contractor suspends or ceases, or threatens to suspend or cease, to carry on all or a substantial part of his business; or
- in the reasonable opinion of the Authority, there is a material detrimental change in the financial standing and/or the credit rating of the Contractor which:
  - (a) adversely impacts on the Contractor's ability to supply the Services in accordance with the Contract; or
  - (b) could reasonably be expected to have an adverse impact on the Contractor's ability to supply the Services in accordance with the Contract; or
- 22.1.10 the Contractor demerges into two or more firms, merges with another firm, incorporates or otherwise changes its legal form and the new entity has or could reasonably be expected to have a materially less good financial standing or weaker credit rating than the Contractor; or
- 22.1.11 being a "small company" within the meaning of section 382(3) of the Companies Act 2006, a moratorium in respect of the Contractor comes into force pursuant to Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
- the Contractor being an individual dies or is adjudged incapable of managing his affairs within the meaning of Part VII of the Mental Health Act 1983; or

- 22.1.13 the Contractor being an individual or any partner or partners in the Contractor who together are able to exercise control of the Contractor where the Contractor is a firm shall at any time become bankrupt or shall have a receiving order or administration order made against him or them, or shall make any composition or arrangement with or for the benefit for his or their creditors, or shall make any conveyance or assignment for the benefit of his or their creditors, or shall purport to do any of these things, or appears or appear unable to pay or to have no reasonable prospect of being able to pay a debt within the meaning of section 268 of the Insolvency Act 1986, or he or they shall become apparently insolvent within the meaning of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985, or any application shall be made under any bankruptcy or insolvency act for the time being in force for sequestration of his or their estate(s) or a trust deed shall be granted by him or them on behalf of his or their creditors; or
- 22.1.14 any event similar to those listed in Clauses 22.1.1 to 22.1.13 occurs under the law of any other jurisdiction.
- 22.2 The Contractor shall notify the Authority immediately if the Contractor undergoes a change of control within the meaning of sections 450 and 451 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 ("Change of Control"). The Authority may terminate the Contract by notice in writing with immediate effect within six (6) Months of:
  - 22.2.1 being notified that a Change of Control has occurred or is planned or is in contemplation; or
  - 22.2.2 where no notification has been made, the date that the Authority becomes aware of the Change of Control,

but shall not be permitted to terminate where the Authority's written consent to the continuation of the Contract was granted prior to the Change of Control.

#### 23 TERMINATION ON DEFAULT

23.1 In the case of a breach of any of the terms of this Contract by the Contractor that is capable of remedy (including, without limitation any failure to pay any sums due under this Contract), the Authority shall, without prejudice to its other rights and remedies under this Contract, issue notice of the breach and allow the Contractor the opportunity to remedy such breach

Proposal") before exercising any right to terminate this Contract in accordance with Clause 23.2 of this Schedule 2. Such Remedial Proposal must be agreed with the Authority (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) and must be implemented by the Contractor in accordance with the timescales referred to in the agreed Remedial Proposal. Once agreed, any changes to a Remedial Proposal must be approved by the Parties in writing. Any failure by the Contractor to:

- 23.1.1 put forward and agree a Remedial Proposal with the Authority in relation to the relevant default or breach within a period of ten (10) Working Days (or such other period as the non-breaching Party may agree in writing) from written notification of the relevant default or breach from the Authority;
- 23.1.2 comply with such Remedial Proposal (including, without limitation, as to its timescales for implementation, which shall be thirty (30) days unless otherwise agreed between the Parties); and/or
- 23.1.3 remedy the default or breach notwithstanding the implementation of such Remedial Proposal in accordance with the agreed timescales for implementation,

shall be deemed, for the purposes of Clause 23.2.1(b) of this Schedule 2, a material breach of this Contract by the Contractor not remedied in accordance with an agreed Remedial Proposal.

- 23.2 The Authority may terminate the Contract, or terminate the provision of any part of the Services, with immediate effect by giving written notice to the Contractor if the Contractor:
  - 23.2.1 commits a material breach of any of the terms of this Contract which is:
    - (a) not capable of remedy; or
    - (b) in the case of a breach capable of remedy, which is not remedied in accordance with a Remedial Proposal; or
  - 23.2.2 has been served with at least two (2) previous breach notices as a result of any material breaches which are capable of remedy within any twelve (12) Month rolling period whether or not the Contractor has remedied the breach in accordance with

- a Remedial Proposal. The twelve (12) Months rolling period is the twelve (12) Months immediately preceding the date of the third breach notice.
- 23.3 The Authority shall be entitled to terminate the Contract with immediate effect by giving written notice to the Contractor:
  - 23.3.1 if the Contractor does not commence delivery of the Services by the Services Commencement Date, if any;
  - 23.3.2 pursuant to and in accordance with the Key Provisions and Clauses 9.6, 15.11, 18.2.3, 26.4, 28.5, 31.2, 34.4 and 41.1 of this Schedule 2;
  - 23.3.3 where the warranty given by the Contractor pursuant to Clause 6.2 of this Schedule 2 is materially untrue, the Contractor commits a material breach of its obligation to notify the Authority of any Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance as required by Clause 6.2 of this Schedule 2, or the Contractor fails to provide details of proposed mitigating factors as required by Clause 6.2 of this Schedule 2 that in the reasonable opinion of the Authority are acceptable; or
  - 23.3.4 if the Contractor commits a breach of the Anti-slavery Policy.
- 23.4 If the Authority fails to pay the Contractor undisputed sums of money after thirty (30) days of having received a valid invoice, the Contractor shall notify the Authority in writing of such failure to pay. If the Authority fails to pay such undisputed sums within ninety (90) Working Days of the date of such written notice, the Contractor may terminate the Contract in writing with immediate effect, save that such right of termination shall not apply where the failure to pay is due to the Authority exercising its rights under Clause 14 (Recovery of Sums Due) of this Schedule 2.

### 24 TERMINATION FOR BREACH OF THE REGULATIONS

24.1 The Authority may terminate the Contract with immediate effect by giving written notice to the Contractor on the occurrence of any of the statutory provisions contained in Regulation 73(1)(a) to (c)) of the Regulations.

### 25 CONSEQUENCES OF EXPIRY OR EARLIER TERMINATION

- 25.1 Where the Authority terminates the Contract under Clause 23 (Termination on Default) of this Schedule 2 and then makes other arrangements for the supply of Services, the Authority may recover from the Contractor the cost reasonably incurred of making those other arrangements and any additional expenditure incurred by the Authority throughout the remainder of the Term. The Authority shall take all reasonable steps to mitigate such additional expenditure. Where the Contract is terminated under Clause 23 (Termination on Default) of this Schedule 2, no further payments shall be made by the Authority to the Contractor (for Services supplied by the Contractor prior to termination and in accordance with the Contract but where the payment has yet to be made by the Authority), until the Authority has established the final cost of arranging an alternative supplier of the Services.
- 25.2 Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Contract:
  - 25.2.1 termination or expiry of the Contract shall be without prejudice to any rights, remedies or obligations accrued under the Contract prior to termination or expiration and nothing in the Contract shall prejudice the right of either Party to recover any amount outstanding at such termination or expiry; and
  - 25.2.2 termination of the Contract shall not affect the continuing rights, remedies or obligations of the Authority or the Contractor under Clauses 4 (Payment and VAT),
    12 (Right of Audit), 14 (Recovery of Sums Due), 15 (Confidential Information), 17 (Protection of Personal Data), 18 (Intellectual Property Rights), 19 (Liability), 20 (Insurance), 25 (Consequences of Expiry or Termination), 27 (Recovery upon Termination), 29 (Waiver and Remedies Cumulative), 31 (Official Secrets Acts and Finance Act), 32 (Prevention of Fraud and Bribery), 39 (Freedom of Information Act) and 47 (Law and Jurisdiction).

#### **26 DISRUPTION**

26.1 The Contractor shall take reasonable care to ensure that, in the performance of its obligations under the Contract, it does not disrupt the operations of the Authority, its employees or any other contractor employed or engaged by the Authority.

- 26.2 The Contractor shall immediately inform the Authority of any actual or potential industrial action, whether such action be by their own employees or others, which affects or might affect its ability at any time to perform its obligations under the Contract.
- 26.3 In the event of industrial action by the Contractor Personnel, the Contractor shall prepare proposals for the continuation of its obligations under the Contract for the Authority to approve.
- 26.4 If the Contractor's proposals referred to in Clause 26.3 of this Schedule 2 are considered insufficient or unacceptable by the Authority, acting reasonably, then the Contract may be terminated with immediate effect by the Authority by written notice.
- 26.5 If the Contractor is temporarily unable to fulfil the requirements of the Contract owing to disruption of normal business of the Authority, the Contractor may request a reasonable allowance of time and in addition, the Authority will reimburse any additional expense reasonably incurred by the Contractor as a direct result of such disruption.

#### 27 RECOVERY UPON EXPIRY OR EARLIER TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT

- 27.1 Upon expiry or earlier termination (for any reason) of this Contract, the Contractor shall at the request of the Authority and at the Contractor's cost:
  - 27.1.1 immediately return to the Authority all Confidential Information, Personal Data and IP Materials in its possession or in the possession or under the control of any permitted suppliers or Sub-contractors, which was obtained or produced in the course of providing the Services (but excluding copies of such Confidential Information, Personal Data or IP Materials that the Contractor is required to retain pursuant to the Law or for regulatory purposes);
  - 27.1.2 except where the retention of Personal Data is required by Law or regulatory purposes, promptly destroy all copies of the Personal Data and provide written confirmation to the Authority that the data has been destroyed;
  - immediately deliver to the Authority all Property (including materials, documents, information and access keys) provided to the Contractor under Clause 13 (Property) of this Schedule 2. Such property shall be handed back in good working order (allowance shall be made for reasonable wear and tear);

- 27.1.4 vacate and procure that the Contractor Personnel vacate any premises of the Authority occupied for the purposes of providing the Services;
- 27.1.5 return to the Authority any sums prepaid in respect of the Services not provided by the date of expiry or termination (howsoever arising);
- 27.1.6 comply with its obligations under any agreed exit plan; and
- 27.1.7 promptly provide all information concerning the provision of the Services which may reasonably be requested by the Authority for the purposes of adequately understanding the manner in which the Services have been provided or for the purpose of allowing the Authority or any Replacement Contractor to conduct due diligence.
- 27.2 If the Contractor fails to comply with Clause 27.1.1 and 27.1.2 of this Schedule 2, the Authority may recover possession of the items mentioned in those Clauses. The Contractor shall grant, and shall procure that any Sub-contractor shall grant, a licence to the Authority for its appointed agents to enter (for the purposes of such recovery) any premises of the Contractor or its Sub-contractors where any such items may be held.

### 28 REMEDIES IN THE EVENT OF INADEQUATE PERFORMANCE

- 28.1 Where a complaint is received about the standard of Services or about the manner in which any Services have been supplied or work has been performed or about the materials or procedures used or about any other matter connected with the performance of the Contractor's obligations under the Contract, then the Authority shall notify the Contractor, and where considered appropriate by the Authority, investigate the complaint. The Authority may, in its sole discretion, uphold the complaint and take further action in accordance with Clause 23 (Termination on Default) of this Schedule 2.
- 28.2 Should the Authority be of the view, acting reasonably, that the Contractor can no longer provide the Services, then without prejudice to the Authority's rights and remedies under this Contract, the Authority shall be entitled to exercise its Step In Rights if the Key Provisions refer to the Authority having such rights under this Contract.

- 28.3 Without prejudice to its right under Clause 14 (Recovery of Sums Due), the Authority may charge the Contractor for any costs reasonably incurred and any reasonable administration costs in respect of the supply of any part of the Services by the Authority or a third party to the extent that such costs exceed the payment which would otherwise have been payable to the Contractor for such part of the Services and provided that the Authority uses its reasonable endeavours to mitigate any additional expenditure in obtaining replacement Services.
- 28.4 If the Contractor fails to supply any of the Services in accordance with the provisions of the Contract and such failure is capable of remedy, then the Authority shall instruct the Contractor to remedy the failure and the Contractor shall, at its own cost and expense, remedy such failure (and any damage resulting from such failure) within ten (10) Working Days or such other period of time as the Authority may direct.

#### 28.5 In the event that:

- 28.5.1 the Contractor fails to comply with Clause 28.4 of this Schedule 2 and the failure is materially adverse to the interests of the Authority or prevents the Authority from discharging a statutory duty; or
- 28.5.2 the Contractor persistently fails to comply with Clause 28.4 of this Schedule 2;

the Authority may terminate the Contract with immediate effect by giving written notice.

#### 29 WAIVER AND CUMULATIVE REMEDIES

- 29.1 The failure of either Party to insist upon strict performance of any provision of the Contract, or the failure of either Party to exercise, or any delay in exercising, any right or remedy shall not constitute a waiver of that right or remedy and shall not cause a diminution of the obligations established by the Contract.
- 29.2 No waiver shall be effective unless it is expressly stated to be a waiver and communicated to the other Party in writing in accordance with Clause 38 (Service of Notices and Communications) of this Schedule 2.
- 29.3 A waiver of any right or remedy arising from a breach of contract shall not constitute a waiver of any right or remedy arising from any other breach of the Contract.

29.4 Except as otherwise expressly provided by the Contract, all remedies available to either Party for breach of the Contract are cumulative and may be exercised concurrently or separately, and the exercise of any one remedy shall not be deemed an election of such remedy to the exclusion of other remedies.

#### 30 PUBLICITY

- 30.1 The Contractor shall not and shall procure that its Sub-contractors shall not:
  - 30.1.1 make any press announcements or publicise the Contract in any way; or
  - 30.1.2 use the Authority's name or brand in any promotion or marketing or announcement,
  - without the prior written consent of the Authority.
- 30.2 The Authority shall be entitled to publicise the Contract in accordance with any legal obligation upon the Authority, including any examination of the Contract, by the National Audit Office pursuant to the National Audit Act 1983 or otherwise.
- 30.3 The provisions of this Clause 30 (Publicity) shall apply during the Term and indefinitely after its expiry or the earlier termination of the Contract.

#### 31 OFFICIAL SECRETS ACTS AND FINANCE ACT

- 31.1 The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure the Contractor Personnel comply with, the provisions of:
  - 31.1.1 the Official Secrets Acts 1911 to 1989; and
  - 31.1.2 section 182 of the Finance Act 1989.
- 31.2 The Authority may terminate the Contract with immediate effect by giving written notice to the Contractor if the Contractor or any of the Contractor Personnel do not comply with Clause 31.1 of this Schedule 2.

#### 32 PREVENTION OF FRAUD AND BRIBERY

- 32.1 The Contractor warrants and undertakes to the Authority that neither it, nor to the best of its knowledge any Contractor Personnel, have at any time prior to the Commencement Date:
  - 32.1.1 committed a Prohibited Act or been formally notified that it is subject to an investigation or prosecution which relates to an alleged Prohibited Act; and/or
  - 32.1.2 been listed by any government department or agency as being debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or otherwise ineligible for participation in government procurement programmes or contracts on the grounds of a Prohibited Act.
- 32.2 The Contractor shall not during the Term:
  - 32.2.1 commit a Prohibited Act; and/or
  - do or suffer anything to be done which would cause the Authority or any of the Authority's employees, consultants, contractors, Sub-contractors or agents to contravene any of the Relevant Requirements or otherwise incur any liability in relation to the Relevant Requirements.
- 32.3 The Contractor shall during the Term:
  - 32.3.1 establish, maintain and enforce, and require that its Sub-contractors establish, maintain and enforce, policies and procedures which are adequate to ensure compliance with the Relevant Requirements and prevent the occurrence of a Prohibited Act;
  - 32.3.2 keep appropriate records of its compliance with its obligations under Clause 32.3.1 of this Schedule 2 and make such records available to the Authority on request;
  - 32.3.3 if so required by the Authority, within twenty (20) Working Days of the Commencement Date, and annually thereafter, certify in writing to the Authority, the compliance with this Clause of all persons associated with the Contractor or its Sub-contractors who are responsible for supplying the Services in connection with

- the Contract. The Contractor shall provide such supporting evidence as the Authority may reasonably request; and
- 32.3.4 have, maintain and, where appropriate, enforce an anti-bribery policy (which shall be disclosed to the Authority on request) to prevent it and any Contractor Personnel or any person acting on the Contractor's behalf from committing a Prohibited Act.
- 32.4 The Contractor shall immediately notify the Authority in writing if it becomes aware of any breach of Clause 32.1 of this Schedule 2, or has reason to believe that it has or any of the Contractor Personnel has:
  - 32.4.1 been subject to an investigation or prosecution which relates to an alleged Prohibited Act;
  - 32.4.2 been listed by any government department or agency as being debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or otherwise ineligible for participation in government procurement programmes or contracts on the grounds of a Prohibited Act; and/or
  - 32.4.3 received a request or demand for any undue financial or other advantage of any kind in connection with the performance of the Contract or otherwise suspects that any person or party directly or indirectly connected with the Contract has committed or attempted to commit a Prohibited Act.
- 32.5 If the Contractor makes a notification to the Authority pursuant to Clause 32.4, the Contractor shall respond promptly to the Authority's enquiries, co-operate with any investigation, and allow the Authority to audit any books, records and/or any other relevant documentation in accordance with Clause 12 (Right of Audit) of this Schedule 2.
- 32.6 If the Contractor breaches Clause 32.1 of this Schedule 2, the Authority may by notice:
  - 32.6.1 require the Contractor to remove from the performance of the Contract any Contractor Personnel whose acts or omissions have caused the Contractor's breach; or
  - 32.6.2 immediately terminate the Contract pursuant to Clause 23.2.1(a) of this Schedule 2.

32.7 Any notice served by the Authority under Clause 32.6 of this Schedule 2 shall specify the nature of the Prohibited Act, the identity of the party who the Authority believes has committed the Prohibited Act and the action that the Authority has elected to take (including, where relevant, the date on which the Contract shall terminate).

#### 33 NON-SOLICITATION

- 33.1 Except in respect of any transfer of staff pursuant to Schedule 10, neither Party shall (except with the prior written consent of the other Party) directly or indirectly solicit or entice away (or attempt to solicit or entice away) from the employment of the other Party any person employed or engaged by such other Party in the provision of the Services or (in the case of the Authority) in the receipt of the Services at any time during the Term or for a further period of twelve (12) Months after the termination of the Contract other than by means of a national advertising campaign open to all comers and not specifically targeted at any of the employees of the other Party.
- 33.2 If either the Contractor or the Authority commits any breach of Clause 33.1 of this Schedule 2 the breaching party shall, on demand, pay to the claiming party a sum equal to one year's basic salary or the annual fee that was payable by the claiming party to that employee, worker or independent contractor plus the recruitment costs incurred by the claiming party in replacing such person.

### 34 CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- 34.1 The Contractor recognises that the Authority is subject to PPN 01/19: Applying Exclusions in Public Procurement, Managing Conflicts of Interest and Whistleblowing: (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0119-applying-exclusions-in-public-procurement-managing-conflicts-of-interest-and-whistleblowing). The Contractor shall comply with the provision of this Clause 34 in order to assist the Authority with its compliance with its obligations under that PPN.
- 34.2 The Contractor shall take appropriate steps to ensure that neither the Contractor nor the Contractor Personnel are placed in a position where (in the reasonable opinion of the Authority) there is or may be an actual conflict, or a potential conflict, between the pecuniary or personal interest of the Contractor or the Contractor Personnel and the duties owed to the Authority and other Contracting Authorities under the provisions of the Contract.