Joint Schedule 7 (Financial Difficulties)

1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Credit Rating Threshold"	the minimum credit rating level for the Monitored Company as set out in Annex 2			
"Financial Distress	the occurrence of one or more of the following events:			
Event"	a)	dro	credit rating of the Monitored Company pping below the applicable Credit Rating reshold;	
	b)	wa oth det	Monitored Company issuing a profits rning to a stock exchange or making any er public announcement about a material erioration in its financial position or spects;	
	c)	fina fra	re being a public investigation into improper ancial accounting and reporting, suspected ud or any other impropriety of the Monitored mpany;	
	d)		nitored Company committing a material each of covenant to its lenders;	
	e)	not sat spe	Key Subcontractor (where applicable) ifying the Authority that the Supplier has not isfied any sums properly due under a ecified invoice and not subject to a genuine pute; or	
	f)	any	of the following:	
		i)	commencement of any litigation against the Monitored Company with respect to financial indebtedness or obligations under a contract;	
		ii)	non-payment by the Monitored Company of any financial indebtedness;	
		iii)	any financial indebtedness of the Monitored Company becoming due as a result of an event of default; or	
		iv)	the cancellation or suspension of any financial indebtedness in respect of the Monitored Company	
	in each case which the Authority reasonably believe (or would be likely reasonably to believe) could dire impact on the continued performance of any Contra and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with any Call-Off Contract;			
"Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan"	a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure the continued performance and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract in the event that a Financial Distress Event occurs;			

"Financial Indicators"	in respect of the Supplier, Key Sub-contractors and the Guarantor, means the indicators relevant to the Ratings Agencies in Annex A; and in respect of each Monitored Supplier, means those Applicable Financial Indicators;	
"Monitored Company"	Supplier or any Key Subcontractor	
"Rating Agencies"	the rating agencies listed in Annex 1.	

2. When This Schedule Applies

- 2.1 The Parties shall comply with the provisions of this Schedule in relation to the assessment of the financial standing of the Monitored Companies and the consequences of a change to that financial standing.
- 2.2 The terms of this Schedule shall survive:
 - 2.2.1 under the Framework Contract until the later of (a) the termination or expiry of the Framework Contract or (b) the latest date of termination or expiry of any Call-Off Contract entered into under the Framework Contract (which might be after the date of termination or expiry of the Framework Contract); and
 - 2.2.2 under the Call-Off Contract until the termination or expiry of the Call-Off-Contract.

3. What Happens When Your Credit Rating or Financial Indicator Changes

- 3.1 The Supplier warrants and represents to the Authority that as at the Start Date the long-term credit ratings or financial indicators issued for the Monitored Companies by each of the Rating Agencies are as set out in Annex 2.
- 3.2 The Supplier shall promptly (and in any event within 5 Working Days) notify the Authority in writing if there is any downgrade in the credit rating or financial indicator issued by any Rating Agency for a Monitored Company.
- 3.3 If there is any downgrade credit rating issued by any Rating Agency for the Monitored Company the Supplier shall ensure that the Monitored Company's auditors thereafter provide the Authority within 10 Working Days of the end of each Contract Year and within 10 Working Days of written request by the Authority (such requests not to exceed 4 in any Contract Year) with written calculations of the quick ratio for the Monitored Company as at the end of each Contract Year or such other date as may be requested by the Authority. For these purposes the "quick ratio" on any date means:

$$\frac{A+B+C}{D}$$

where:

А	is the value at the relevant date of all cash in hand and at the bank of the Monitored Company;
В	is the value of all marketable securities held by the Supplier the Monitored Company determined using closing prices on the Working Day preceding the relevant date;
С	is the value at the relevant date of all account receivables of the Monitored; and
D	is the value at the relevant date of the current liabilities of the Monitored Company.

- 3.4 The Supplier shall:
 - 3.4.1 regularly monitor the credit ratings of each Monitored Company with the Rating Agencies; and
 - 3.4.2 promptly notify (or shall procure that its auditors promptly notify) the Authority in writing following the occurrence of a Financial Distress Event or any fact, circumstance or matter which could cause a Financial Distress Event and in any event, ensure that such notification is made within 10 Working Days of the date on which the Supplier first becomes aware of the Financial Distress Event or the fact, circumstance or matter which could cause a Financial Distress Event.
- 3.5 For the purposes of determining whether a Financial Distress Event has occurred the credit rating of the Monitored Company shall be deemed to have dropped below the applicable Credit Rating Threshold if any of the Rating Agencies have rated the Monitored Company at or below the applicable Credit Rating or Financial Indicator Threshold.

4. What Happens If There Is A Financial Distress Event

- 4.1 In the event of a Financial Distress Event then, immediately upon notification of the Financial Distress Event (or if the Authority becomes aware of the Financial Distress Event without notification and brings the event to the attention of the Supplier), the Supplier shall have the obligations and the Authority shall have the rights and remedies as set out in Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.6.
- 4.2 In the event that a Financial Distress Event arises due to a Key Subcontractor notifying the Authority that the Supplier has not satisfied any sums properly due under a specified invoice and not subject to a genuine dispute then, the Authority shall not exercise any of its rights or remedies under Paragraph 4.3 without first giving the Supplier 10 Working Days to:
 - 4.2.1 rectify such late or non-payment; or
 - 4.2.2 demonstrate to the Authority's reasonable satisfaction that there is a valid reason for late or non-payment.
- 4.3 The Supplier shall and shall procure that the other Monitored Companies shall:
 - 4.3.1 at the request of the Authority meet the Authority as soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event within 3 Working Days of the initial notification (or awareness) of the Financial Distress Event) to review the effect of the Financial Distress Event on the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance each Call-Off Contract; and
 - 4.3.2 where the Authority reasonably believes (taking into account the discussions and any representations made under Paragraph 4.3.1) that the Financial Distress Event could impact on the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract:
 - (a) submit to the Authority for its Approval, a draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan as soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event, within 10 Working Days of the initial notification (or awareness) of the Financial Distress Event); and
 - (b) provide such financial information relating to the Monitored Company as the Authority may reasonably require.
- 4.4 If the Authority does not (acting reasonably) approve the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan, it shall inform the Supplier of its reasons and the Supplier shall take those reasons into account in the preparation of a further draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan, which shall be resubmitted to the Authority within 5 Working Days of the rejection of the first or subsequent (as the case may be) drafts. This process shall be repeated until the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is Approved by the Authority or referred to the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 4.5 If the Authority considers that the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is insufficiently detailed to be properly evaluated, will take too long to complete or will not remedy the relevant Financial Distress Event, then it may either agree a further time period for the

development and agreement of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan or escalate any issues with the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan using the Dispute Resolution Procedure.

- 4.6 Following Approval of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan by the Authority, the Supplier shall:
 - 4.6.1 on a regular basis (which shall not be less than Monthly), review the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan and assess whether it remains adequate and up to date to ensure the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract:
 - 4.6.2 where the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is not adequate or up to date in accordance with Paragraph 4.6.1, submit an updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan to the Authority for its Approval, and the provisions of Paragraphs 4.5 and 4.6 shall apply to the review and Approval process for the updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan; and
 - 4.6.3 comply with the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (including any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan).
- 4.7 Where the Supplier reasonably believes that the relevant Financial Distress Event (or the circumstance or matter which has caused or otherwise led to it) no longer exists, it shall notify the Authority and subject to the agreement of the Parties, the Supplier may be relieved of its obligations under Paragraph 4.6.

5. When the Authority Can Terminate For Financial Distress

- 5.1 The Authority shall be entitled to terminate this Contract and/or any Call-Off Contracts for Material Default if:
 - 5.1.1 the Supplier fails to notify the Authority of a Financial Distress Event in accordance with Paragraph 3.4;
 - 5.1.2 The Authority and the Supplier fail to agree a Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (or any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan) in accordance with Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.5; and/or
 - 5.1.3 the Supplier fails to comply with the terms of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (or any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan) in accordance with Paragraph 4.6.3.

6. What Happens If Your Credit Rating or Financial Indicators are Still Good

- 6.1 Without prejudice to the Supplier's obligations and the Authority's rights and remedies under Paragraph 5, if, following the occurrence of a Financial Distress Event, the Rating Agencies review and report subsequently that the credit ratings do not drop below the relevant Credit Rating or Financial Indicator Threshold, then:
 - 6.1.1 the Supplier shall be relieved automatically of its obligations under Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.6; and
 - 6.1.2 the Authority shall not be entitled to require the Supplier to provide financial information in accordance with Paragraph 4.3.2(b).

ANNEX 1: RATING AGENCIES

Dun & Bradstreet

[Rating Agency 2]

ANNEX 2: CREDIT RATINGS / FINANCIAL INDICATOR & THRESHOLDS Part 1: Current Rating

Entity	Credit rating (long term) / Financial Indicator
Supplier	<mark>51</mark>
Framework Guarantor/ and Call-Off Guarantor	<mark>51</mark>
Key Subcontractor	<mark>51</mark>