

125mm CAVITY WALL - FULLY FILLED (FACING BRICKWORK) MIN 0.26w/m²/k

External Walls Below Ground

- Fill cavity, and all other loadbearing cavity walls below ground level with a weak mix concrete GEN 1 grade up struck off to the outer leaf.
- Cavity wall insulation is to extend 150mm below the top of the floor insulation to prevent thermal bridging at the perimeter.
- Inner leaf of external cavity wall below DPC level to be constructed of 100mm dense 7N concrete aggregate blockwork
- outer leaf of external cavity wall below DPC level to be constructed in red engineering quality brickwork (colour to match the main facing bricks to the building).

External Walls Above Ground

U Value threshold requirement from April/Oct 2013 is 0.35 W/(m2K). Part L2A recommends a notional U-value of 0.26W/(m2K). Note this specification should be read in conjunction with the Architects U-Value Calculations, information shown on the U-value schedules are to take precedence over information shown on drawings as these will have been calculated from current regulations to achieve the required thermal values, including any performance factors associated with SAP/SBEM calcs and services requirements, together with discussions with Building Control and Manufacturers or changes made to suit material availability

- Inner leaf of external cavity wall to be built up from DPC level with a 100mm 7N aerated concrete block.
- Form a 125mm cavity and fill with 125mm of fully filled insulation to give a u-value no worse than 0.26w/m²/k (refer to the U-value Schedule issued separately). Seek approval for any changes to blockwork/insulation
- specification as this will affect the thermal and structural performance. Different blocks and insulation carry different thermal lambda values. • Within the outer leaf cavity install rigid insulation board
- immediately in front of any steelwork projecting into the cavity and ensure the adjacent insulation is taped so that there are no air or thermal gaps.
- Outer leaf of cavity wall above DPC to be of a red multi stock brick in a Flemish bond, sample has been agreed with the Planning Department.

125mm CAVITY WALL (STUCCO RENDERED) MIN 0.26w/m²/k

- Inner leaf of external cavity walls to be built up from top of DPC as shown on detail drawing with a 100mm 7N aerated concrete block. • Form a 125mm cavity and fill with 125mm of fully filled insulation to give a u-value no worse than 0.26w/m²/k (refer to the U-value Schedule issued separately). Seek approval for any changes to blockwork/ insulation specification as this will affect the thermal and
- structural performance. Different blocks and insulation carry different thermal lambda values. • Outer leaf of cavity wall above DPC to be of 75mm wide dense
- concrete block 7.3N suitable for direct render applied. Apply a 3 coat lime based Ashlar through coloured cut render including
- forming joints where shown on the elevations. Installed to Manufacturers instructions.
- Insulation to cavity and inner blockwork leaf, and requirements for lintols and cavity closers are identical to main walls

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL EXTERNAL WALLS

Width to Height Ratio

For external walls and compartment walls in cavity construction, the combined thickness of both leaves plus 10mm should NOT be less than Approved Document A, clause 2C and Table 3 for solid walls of the same height and length.

Wall Ties and Restraint

Provide Staifix HRT4 Tie (Type 4/Type A) to suit 125mm cavity width [250 LENGTH], stainless steel wall ties at 900mm c/c horizontally & 450mm c/c vertically (2.5 ties per m2). Wall ties should be spaced not more than 300mm apart vertically, within a distance of 225mm from the vertical edges of all openings, movement joints and roof verges. Provide insulation clips for PIR insulation boards.

Where walls are to be joined onto existing walls use Ancon Staifix Universal Wall Starter System bed wall ties at 225mm centres.

FITTINGS TO EXTERNAL WALLS

- Close top of all new cavity walls with non-combustable material or
- cavity closer. Provide Thermabate/Manthorpe or similar insulated cavity closers around all openings for doors and windows.
- Fit EPDM expanding tape to perimeter of all window and door openings prior to fixing openings in appertures. All openings must be installed with cramps to the inner block so that the face of the aluminium frame projects 30mm over the inner face of the outer leaf - this is to ensure that there is no cold bridge
- Keystone' or similar approved galvanized steel lintels over new openings up to 1800mm in width, selected from Manufacturers load/span tables with a minimum end bearings of 150mm, insulated to avoid cold bridging. Refer to Structural Engineers calculations for lintels spanning openings wider than 1800mm.
- Lateral restraints to brick/blockwork to be provided by galvanised mild steel straps, fixed accross joists [where roof joists are specified] at ceiling level at 1200mm centres. Continuous runs of brickwork in buildings require movement joints
- at 10/12 meters. The joint width in (mm) should be at least equal to the joint spacing in (m) Continuous runs of blockwork in buildings require movement joints
- at 6/9 meters. The joint width in (mm) should be at least equal to the joint spacing in (m) Provide a continuous ribbon of adhesive behind plasterboard and
- flexible sealant below skirting board for air tightness • Fit flexible compressible filler /board at the tops of all inner leaf
- walls where they meet the underside of the roof/floor deck above NOTE that the roof to the extension and kitchen is designed as a future floor slab for future first floor extension.
- Foundations and Steels ahve been sized to allow for future loadings of 4kN/m2 Note this specification should be read in conjunction with the

Architects U-value calculations, where this value differs from the Uvalue schedules, then the U-value schedules are to take precedence as they will have been calculated from current regulations to achieve the required thermal values, including any performance factors associated with SAP calcs and services requirements.

Part D1 Cavity Insulation

If insulating material is inserted into a cavity in a cavity wall, reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent the subsequent permeation of any toxic fumes from that material into any part of the building occupied by people. Urea Formaldehyde (UF) Foam may be used if there is a continuous barrier which will minimise as far as practical the passage of fumes to the occupiable part by complying

with Approved Document D1, clasue 1.2. • Within the outer leaf cavity install Kingspan Kooltherm K106/K108 rigid insulation board immediately in front of any steelwork projecting into the cavity and ensure the adjacent full fill insulation is taped to this so that there are no air or thermal gaps.

Wall Accessories

- Cavity tray DPC's with stop ends to be built into walling over all vents, air bricks, lintels, service boxes and anything that crosses
- the cavity with weep holes every third perpend. • Provide cavity tray to top of cavity wall insulation in gables. Close cavity at eaves with a fire resistant material if using PIR
- insulation. • Provide and fix new vertical and horizontal DPCs to all jambs and cill closers. We suggest the use of IsoChemie BlocoOne EPDM when fitting all external windows. This is a proprietary expanding DPC/ insulation tape that fills the gap to the perimeter of all external openings ensuring an air and watertight seal
- Fit Thermabate/Manthorpe proprietary cavity closer [or similar approved] to perimeter of all new openings in external walls to eliminate cold bridging.
- Install Visqueen Brickgrip DPC to BS743 for all walls min 150 mm above ground level.

Ties to Steelwork

Tie walls to Steelwork as shown on teh Structural Engineers drawings Fit head restraints to all masonty walls in excess of 2.7m in height

Loadbearing Block Partitions at Ground Floor

100 mm dense aggregate concrete block generally, dry lined with 12.5mm plasterboard on mechanical dabs both sides or plastered with hardwall plaster. Walls are to be built up to below the structural ceiling and fire stopped with flexible FR filler

Walls will comply with Part E Resistance to the Passage of Sound. 5.19 Internal wall type C: Concrete block wall, plaster or plasterboard finish on both sides if:

- minimum mass per unit area, excluding finish 120kg/m².
- all joints are to be well sealed
- plaster or plasterboard finish on both sides.
- Hardwall plaster has been specified to the Means of Escape corridor to ensure a robust finish is achieved to ward off public

Non-loadbearing MF Stud Partitions

- Use GTEC Plasterboard
- Construct new partition walls in positions shown using CS70C studs up to a max height of 3.2m and CS90C studs above this height, all vertical studs at max 600 centres
- Fit softwood noggins for reinforcement at all door openings in accordance with manufacturers installation instructions.
- Fit softwood noggins to back all electrical outlets and where fixtures require additional support.
- Allow for installation of a insta-acoustic isolating strip underneath and to the head and perimeter junction with walls of all partitions where acoutic separation between rooms is required [the Multi purpose room], to prevent flanking sound transmission and all ioints to be well sealed
- Allow for a DPC below all timber stud partitions at ground floor level
- Megadeco pre finished board is to be used taped and jointed except where specified otherwise ie where tiling is required.

To be read in conjunction with Civic Hall drawings:-A2-001 to A2-005 Setting Out Plans · Detailed Set Out Elevations Window and Door Schedules A3-001 to A3-009 • Floor Finishes and Room Schedules A4-001 to A4-008

 Reflected Ceilings 	A6-001
 Detailed Room Layouts 	A7-001 to A7-046
 Fire Strategy Plan 	A8-001

A8-001 • External Works Drawings A9-001 to A9-003







3

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