## RM6187 Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form and Call-Off Schedules)

#### **Order Form**

CALL-OFF REFERENCE: itt\_3536

THE BUYER: Department for Education

BUYER ADDRESS Sanctuary Buildings, Great Smith Street, London,

SW1P 3BT

THE SUPPLIER: Mutual Ventures Ltd

SUPPLIER ADDRESS: 2-6 Boundary Row, London, SE1 8HP

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07490364

DUNS NUMBER: 21-705-0671

SID4GOV ID: N/A

#### **Applicable framework contract**

This Order Form is for the provision of the Call-Off Deliverables and dated 27<sup>th</sup> It's issued under the Framework Contract with the reference number RM6187 for the provision of Reducing Family Court Delays: Designated Family Judge Trailblazer Expansion Project – 25/26

CALL-OFF LOT(S): Lot 7

#### **Call-off incorporated terms**

The following documents are incorporated into this Call-Off Contract.

Where schedules are missing, those schedules are not part of the agreement and can not be used. If the documents conflict, the following order of precedence applies:

- 1. This Order Form includes the Call-Off Special Terms and Call-Off Special Schedules.
- 2. Joint Schedule 1(Definitions and Interpretation) RM6187

3. The following Schedules in equal order of precedence:

#### Joint Schedules for RM6187 Management Consultancy Framework Three

- Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions) Mandatory
- Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form) Mandatory
- Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements) Mandatory
- Joint Schedule 4 (Commercially Sensitive Information) Mandatory
- Joint Schedule 6 (Key Subcontractors) Optional
- Joint Schedule 7 (Financial Difficulties)- Optional
- Joint Schedule 8 (Guarantee) Optional
- Joint Schedule 9 (Minimum Standards of Reliability) Optional
- Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan) Mandatory
- Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data) Mandatory

#### **Call-Off Schedules**

- Call-Off Schedule 1 (Transparency Reports) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 3 (Continuous Improvement) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 6 (ICT Services) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 7 (Key Supplier Staff) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 8 (Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery) -Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 10 (Exit Management) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 12 (Clustering) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 14 (Service Levels) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 15 (Call-Off Contract Management) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 16 (Benchmarking) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 17 (MOD Terms) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 18 (Background Checks) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 19 (Scottish Law) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification)
   Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 21 (Northern Ireland Law) Optional
- Call-Off Schedule 23 (HMRC Terms) Optional
- 4. CCS Core Terms
- 5. Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility) Mandatory
- 6. Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender) as long as any parts of the Call-Off Tender that offer a better commercial position for the Buyer (as decided by the Buyer) take precedence over the documents above.

Supplier terms are not part of the Call-Off Contract. That includes any terms written on the back of, added to this Order Form, or presented at the time of delivery.

#### Call-off special terms

The following Special Terms are incorporated into this Call-Off Contract:

1. Schedule 31 Buyer Specific Terms

2. Schedule 16 Buyer Specific Security Requirements

Call-off start date: 18<sup>th</sup> August 2025

Call-off expiry date: 31st March 2026

Call-off initial period: 6 months

**CALL-OFF OPTIONAL EXTENSION PERIOD 6 months** 

#### Call-off deliverables:

See details in Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification)

#### Security

See schedule 16

#### **Maximum liability**

The limitation of liability for this Call-Off Contract is stated in Clause 11.2 of the Core Terms.

The Estimated Year 1 Charges used to calculate liability in the first contract year are:

Estimated Year 1 Charges of the Contract. £1,011,495.96 incl VAT

#### Call-off charges

See details in Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details)

Bids were evaluated exclusive of VAT. The total budget exclusive of VAT is £842,913.30. Bids above this value were excluded from the competition.

All changes to the Charges must use procedures that are equivalent to those in Paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 (if used) in Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices)

The Charges will not be impacted by any change to the Framework Prices. The Charges can only be changed by agreement in writing between the Buyer and the Supplier because of:

- Specific Change in Law
- Benchmarking using Call-Off Schedule 16 (Benchmarking)

#### Reimbursable expenses

Recoverable as stated in Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices) paragraph 4.

#### Payment method

See schedule 31

#### FINANCIAL TRANSPARENCY OBJECTIVES

The Financial Transparency Objectives do not apply to this Call-Off Contract.

**Buyer's authorised representative** 

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section

40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted

under Section 40 of FOI Act>

#### **Buyer's security policy**

Appended at Call-Off Schedule 16

#### Supplier's authorised representative

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

#### Supplier's contract manager

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>
<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>
<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

#### **Progress report frequency**

Monthly

#### **Progress meeting frequency**

Monthly

# Key staff <Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act> <Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act> <Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>

<Redacted under Section 40 of

FOI Act>

**Key subcontractor(s)** 

N/A

**Commercially sensitive information** 

See joint schedule 4

Service credits

See call off schedule 14

**Additional insurances** 

See joint schedule 3

Guarantee

See Joint Schedule 8

Buyer's environmental and social value policy

available online at:

Sustainability and climate change strategy - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

#### Social value commitment

The Supplier agrees, in providing the Deliverables and performing its obligations under the Call-Off Contract, that it will comply with the social value commitments in Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender)]

#### Formation of call off contract

By signing and returning this Call-Off Order Form the Supplier agrees to enter a Call-Off Contract with the Buyer to provide the Services in accordance with the Call-Off Order Form and the Call-Off Terms.

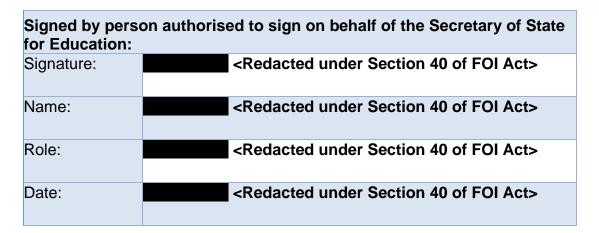
The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that they have read the Call-Off Order

Form and the Call-Off Terms and by signing below agree to be bound by this Call-Off Contract.

#### For and on behalf of the Supplier:

Signed by a person authorised to sign on behalf of Mutual Ventures Ltd:		
Signature:	<redacted 40="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>	
Name:	<redacted 40="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>	
Role:	<redacted 40="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>	
Date:	<redacted 40="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>	

#### For and on behalf of the Buyer:



### **Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions)**

- 1.1 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions shall have the meanings set out in this Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions) or the relevant Schedule in which that capitalised expression appears.
- 1.2 If a capitalised expression does not have an interpretation in this Schedule or any other Schedule, it shall, in the first instance, be interpreted in accordance with the common interpretation within the relevant market sector/industry where appropriate. Otherwise, it shall be interpreted in accordance with the dictionary meaning.
- 1.3 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:
  - 1.3.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
  - 1.3.2 reference to a gender includes the other gender and the neuter;
  - 1.3.3 references to a person include an individual, company, body corporate, corporation, unincorporated association, firm, partnership or other legal entity or Central Government Body;
  - 1.3.4 a reference to any Law includes a reference to that Law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time;
  - 1.3.5 the words "including", "other", "in particular", "for example" and similar words shall not limit the generality of the preceding words and shall be construed as if they were immediately followed by the words "without limitation":
  - 1.3.6 references to "writing" include typing, printing, lithography, photography, display on a screen, electronic and facsimile transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing shall be construed accordingly;
  - 1.3.7 references to "representations" shall be construed as references to present facts, to "warranties" as references to present and future facts and to "undertakings" as references to obligations under the Contract;
  - 1.3.8 references to "Clauses" and "Schedules" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the clauses and schedules of the Core Terms and references in any Schedule to parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables are, unless otherwise provided, references to the parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables of the Schedule in which these references appear;
  - 1.3.9 references to "**Paragraphs**" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the paragraph of the appropriate Schedules unless otherwise provided;
  - 1.3.10 references to a series of Clauses or Paragraphs shall be inclusive of the clause numbers specified;
  - 1.3.11 the headings in each Contract are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or construction of a Contract;
  - 1.3.12 where the Buyer is a Central Government Body it shall be treated as contracting with the Crown as a whole;
  - 1.3.13 any reference in a Contract which immediately before Exit Day is a reference

to (as it has effect from time to time):

- (a) any EU regulation, EU decision, EU tertiary legislation or provision of the EEA agreement ("EU References") which is to form part of domestic law by application of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 shall be read on and after Exit Day as a reference to the EU References as they form part of domestic law by virtue of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as modified by domestic law from time to time; and
- (b) any EU institution or EU authority or other such EU body shall be read on and after Exit Day as a reference to the UK institution, authority or body to which its functions were transferred; and
- 1.3.14 unless otherwise provided, references to "**Buyer**" shall be construed as including Exempt Buyers; and
- 1.3.15 unless otherwise provided, references to "Call-Off Contract" and "Contract" shall be construed as including Exempt Call-off Contracts.
- 1.4 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Achieve"	in respect of a Test, to successfully pass such Test without any Test Issues and in respect of a Milestone, the issue of a Satisfaction Certificate in respect of that Milestone and "Achieved", "Achieving" and "Achievement" shall be construed accordingly;
"Additional Insurances"	insurance requirements relating to a Call-Off Contract specified in the Order Form additional to those outlined in Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements);
"Admin Fee"	means the costs incurred by CCS in dealing with MI Failures calculated in accordance with the tariff of administration charges published by the CCS on: http://CCS.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/i-amsupplier/management-information/admin-fees;
"Affected Party"	the Party seeking to claim relief in respect of a Force Majeure Event;
"Affiliates"	in relation to a body corporate, any other entity which directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common Control of that body corporate from time to time;
"Annex"	extra information which supports a Schedule;
"Approval"	the prior written consent of the Buyer and "Approve" and "Approved" shall be construed accordingly;
"Audit"	the Relevant Authority's right to:
	a) verify the accuracy of the Charges and any other amounts payable by a Buyer under a Call-Off Contract (including

- proposed or actual variations to them in accordance with the Contract);
- b) verify the costs of the Supplier (including the costs of all Subcontractors and any third party suppliers) in connection with the provision of the Deliverables;
- c) verify the Open Book Data;
- d) verify the Supplier's and each Subcontractor's compliance with the applicable Law;
- e) identify or investigate actual or suspected breach of Clauses 27 to 33 and/or Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility), impropriety or accounting mistakes or any breach or threatened breach of security and in these circumstances the Relevant Authority shall have no obligation to inform the Supplier of the purpose or objective of its investigations:
- f) identify or investigate any circumstances which may impact upon the financial stability of the Supplier, any Guarantor, and/or any Subcontractors or their ability to provide the Deliverables;
- g) obtain such information as is necessary to fulfil the Relevant Authority's obligations to supply information for parliamentary, ministerial, judicial or administrative purposes including the supply of information to the Comptroller and Auditor General;
- h) review any books of account and the internal contract management accounts kept by the Supplier in connection with each Contract;
- i) carry out the Relevant Authority's internal and statutory audits and to prepare, examine and/or certify the Relevant Authority's annual and interim reports and accounts;
- j) enable the National Audit Office to carry out an examination pursuant to Section 6(1) of the National Audit Act 1983 of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which the Relevant Authority has used its resources;
- k) verify the accuracy and completeness of any:
  - (i) Management Information delivered or required by the Framework Contract; or
  - (ii) Financial Report and compliance with Financial Transparency Objectives as specified by the Buyer in the Order Form;

#### "Auditor"

- a) the Buyer's internal and external auditors;
- b) the Buyer's statutory or regulatory auditors;
- c) the Comptroller and Auditor General, their staff and/or any appointed representatives of the National Audit Office;

	d) HM Treasury or the Cabinet Office;
	e) any party formally appointed by the Buyer to carry out audit or similar review functions; and
	f) successors or assigns of any of the above;
"Authority"	CCS and each Buyer;
"Authority Cause"	any breach of the obligations of the Relevant Authority or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Relevant Authority, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Relevant Authority is liable to the Supplier;
"BACS"	the Bankers' Automated Clearing Services, which is a scheme for the electronic processing of financial transactions within the United Kingdom;
"Beneficiary"	a Party having (or claiming to have) the benefit of an indemnity under this Contract;
"Buyer"	the relevant public sector purchaser identified as such in the Order Form;
"Buyer Assets"	the Buyer's infrastructure, data, software, materials, assets, equipment or other property owned by and/or licensed or leased to the Buyer and which is or may be used in connection with the provision of the Deliverables which remain the property of the Buyer throughout the term of the Contract;
"Buyer Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by the Buyer from time to time in relation to the Call-Off Contract initially identified in the Order Form;
"Buyer Premises"	premises owned, controlled or occupied by the Buyer which are made available for use by the Supplier or its Subcontractors for the provision of the Deliverables (or any of them);
"Call-Off Contract"	the contract between the Buyer and the Supplier (entered into pursuant to the provisions of the Framework Contract), which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Contract Period"	the Contract Period in respect of the Call-Off Contract;
"Call-Off Expiry Date"	the scheduled date of the end of a Call-Off Contract as stated in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Incorporated Terms"	the contractual terms applicable to the Call-Off Contract specified under the relevant heading in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Initial Period"	the Initial Period of a Call-Off Contract specified in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Optional Extension	such period or periods beyond which the Call-Off Initial Period may

Period"	be extended as specified in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Procedure"	the process for awarding a Call-Off Contract pursuant to Clause 2 (How the contract works) and Framework Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure);
"Call-Off Special Terms"	any additional terms and conditions specified in the Order Form incorporated into the applicable Call-Off Contract;
"Call-Off Start Date"	the date of start of a Call-Off Contract as stated in the Order Form;
"Call-Off Tender"	the tender submitted by the Supplier in response to the Buyer's Statement of Requirements following a Further Competition Procedure and set out at Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender);
"CCS"	the Minister for the Cabinet Office as represented by Crown Commercial Service, which is an executive agency and operates as a trading fund of the Cabinet Office, whose offices are located at 9th Floor, The Capital, Old Hall Street, Liverpool L3 9PP;
"CCS Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by CCS from time to time in relation to the Framework Contract initially identified in the Framework Award Form;
"Central Government Body"	a body listed in one of the following subcategories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics:
	a) Government Department;
	b) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);
	c) Non-Ministerial Department; or
	d) Executive Agency;
"Change in Law"	any change in Law which impacts on the supply of the Deliverables and performance of the Contract which comes into force after the Start Date;
"Change of Control"	a change of control within the meaning of Section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010;
"Charges"	the prices (exclusive of any applicable VAT), payable to the Supplier by the Buyer under the Call-Off Contract, as set out in the Order Form, for the full and proper performance by the Supplier of its obligations under the Call-Off Contract less any Deductions;
"Claim"	any claim which it appears that a Beneficiary is, or may become, entitled to indemnification under this Contract;
"Commercially Sensitive Information"	the Confidential Information listed in the Framework Award Form or Order Form (if any) comprising of commercially sensitive information relating to the Supplier, its IPR or its business or which the Supplier has indicated to the Authority that, if disclosed by the Authority, would cause the Supplier significant commercial

	disadvantage or material financial loss;
"Comparable Supply"	the supply of Deliverables to another Buyer of the Supplier that are the same or similar to the Deliverables;
"Compliance Officer"	the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal obligations;
"Confidential Information"	means any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, trade secrets, Know-How, personnel and suppliers of CCS, the Buyer or the Supplier, including IPRs, together with information derived from the above, and any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential;
"Conflict of Interest"	a conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to CCS or any Buyer under a Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer or CCS;
"Contract"	either the Framework Contract or the Call-Off Contract, as the context requires;
"Contract Period"	the term of either a Framework Contract or Call-Off Contract on and from the earlier of the:
	a) applicable Start Date; or
	b) the Effective Date
	up to and including the applicable End Date;
"Contract Value"	the higher of the actual or expected total Charges paid or payable under a Contract where all obligations are met by the Supplier;
"Contract Year"	a consecutive period of twelve (12) Months commencing on the Start Date or each anniversary thereof;
"Control"	control in either of the senses defined in sections 450 and 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and "Controlled" shall be construed accordingly;
"Controller"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Core Terms"	CCS' standard terms and conditions for common goods and services which govern how Supplier must interact with CCS and Buyers under Framework Contracts and Call-Off Contracts;
"Costs"	the following costs (without double recovery) to the extent that they are reasonably and properly incurred by the Supplier in providing the Deliverables:
	e) the cost to the Supplier or the Key Subcontractor (as the context requires), calculated per Work Day, of engaging the Supplier Staff, including:
	i) base salary paid to the Supplier Staff;
	ii) employer's National Insurance contributions;

iii) pension contributions; iv) car allowances; v) any other contractual employment benefits; vi) staff training; vii) workplace accommodation; viii)workplace IT equipment and tools reasonably necessary to provide the Deliverables (but not including items included within limb (b) below); and ix) reasonable recruitment costs, as agreed with the Buyer; f) costs incurred in respect of Supplier Assets which would be treated as capital costs according to generally accepted accounting principles within the UK, which shall include the cost to be charged in respect of Supplier Assets by the Supplier to the Buyer or (to the extent that risk and title in any Supplier Asset is not held by the Supplier) any cost actually incurred by the Supplier in respect of those Supplier Assets; g) operational costs which are not included within (a) or (b) above, to the extent that such costs are necessary and properly incurred by the Supplier in the provision of the Deliverables; and h) Reimbursable Expenses to the extent these have been specified as allowable in the Order Form and are incurred in delivering any Deliverables; but excluding: Overhead; i) financing or similar costs: k) maintenance and support costs to the extent that these relate to maintenance and/or support Deliverables provided beyond the Call-Off Contract Period whether in relation to Supplier Assets or otherwise: I) taxation; fines and penalties; n) amounts payable under Call-Off Schedule 16 (Benchmarking) where such Schedule is used; and o) non-cash items (including depreciation, amortisation, impairments and movements in provisions); "CRTPA" the Contract Rights of Third Parties Act 1999; "Data Protection an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged **Impact** Processing on the protection of Personal Data; Assessment" "Data Protection the GDPR, the LED and any applicable national implementing

Legislation"	Laws as amended from time to time (ii) the DPA 2018 to the extent that it relates to Processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the Processing of personal data and privacy;
"Data Protection Liability Cap"	the amount specified in the Framework Award Form;
"Data Protection Officer"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject Access Request"	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
"Deductions"	all Service Credits, Delay Payments (if applicable), or any other deduction which the Buyer is paid or is payable to the Buyer under a Call-Off Contract;
"Default"	any breach of the obligations of the Supplier (including abandonment of a Contract in breach of its terms) or any other default (including material default), act, omission, negligence or statement of the Supplier, of its Subcontractors or any Supplier Staff howsoever arising in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of a Contract and in respect of which the Supplier is liable to the Relevant Authority;
"Default Management Charge"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.1.1 of Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
"Delay Payments"	the amounts (if any) payable by the Supplier to the Buyer in respect of a delay in respect of a Milestone as specified in the Implementation Plan;
"Deliverables"	Goods and/or Services that may be ordered under the Contract including the Documentation;
"Delivery"	delivery of the relevant Deliverable or Milestone in accordance with the terms of a Call-Off Contract as confirmed and accepted by the Buyer by the either (a) confirmation in writing to the Supplier; or (b) where Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) is used issue by the Buyer of a Satisfaction Certificate. "Deliver" and "Delivered" shall be construed accordingly;
"Disclosing Party"	the Party directly or indirectly providing Confidential Information to the other Party in accordance with Clause 15 (What you must keep confidential);

"Dispute	any claim, dispute or difference (whether contractual or non-contractual) arising out of or in connection with the Contract or in connection with the negotiation, existence, legal validity, enforceability or termination of the Contract, whether the alleged liability shall arise under English law or under the law of some other country and regardless of whether a particular cause of action may successfully be brought in the English courts;
Resolution Procedure"	disputes);
"Documentation"	descriptions of the Services and Service Levels, technical specifications, user manuals, training manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, system environment descriptions and all such other documentation (whether in hardcopy or electronic form) is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under a Contract as:  a) would reasonably be required by a competent third party
	capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Buyer to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide the Deliverables
	<ul><li>b) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Deliverables; and/or</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>c) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;</li> </ul>
"DOTAS"	the Disclosure of Tax Avoidance Schemes rules which require a promoter of tax schemes to tell HMRC of any specified notifiable arrangements or proposals and to provide prescribed information on those arrangements or proposals within set time limits as contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and in secondary legislation made under vires contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and as extended to National Insurance Contributions;
"DPA 2018"	the Data Protection Act 2018;
"Due Diligence Information"	any information supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority prior to the Start Date;
"Effective Date"	the date on which the final Party has signed the Contract;
"EIR"	the Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
"Electronic Invoice"	an invoice which has been issued, transmitted and received in a structured electronic format which allows for its automatic and electronic processing and which complies with (a) the European standard and (b) any of the syntaxes published in Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1870;
"Employment Regulations"	the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/246) as amended or replaced or any

	other Regulations implementing the European Council Directive 77/187/EEC;
"End Date"	the earlier of:
	<ul> <li>a) the Expiry Date (as extended by any Extension Period exercised by the Relevant Authority under Clause 10.1.2);</li> <li>or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b) if a Contract is terminated before the date specified in (a) above, the date of termination of the Contract;</li> </ul>
"Environmental Policy"	to conserve energy, water, wood, paper and other resources, reduce waste and phase out the use of ozone depleting substances and minimise the release of greenhouse gases, volatile organic compounds and other substances damaging to health and the environment, including any written environmental policy of the Buyer;
"Equality and Human Rights Commission"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
"Estimated Year 1 Charges"	the anticipated total Charges payable by the Buyer in the first Contract Year specified in the Order Form;

"Estimated Yearly Charges"	means for the purposes of calculating each Party's annual liability under clause 11.2:
	i) in the first Contract Year, the Estimated Year 1 Charges; or
	ii) in any subsequent Contract Years, the Charges paid or payable in the previous Call-off Contract Year; or
	iii) after the end of the Call-off Contract, the Charges paid or payable in the last Contract Year during the Call-off Contract Period;
"Exempt Buyer"	a public sector purchaser that is:
	a) eligible to use the Framework Contract; and
	b) is entering into an Exempt Call-off Contract that is not subject to (as applicable) any of:
	i) the Regulations;
	ii) the Concession Contracts Regulations 2016 (SI 2016/273);
	iii) the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2016 (SI 2016/274);
	iv) the Defence and Security Public Contracts Regulations 2011 (SI 2011/1848);

	v) the Remedies Directive (2007/66/EC);
	vi) Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and Council;
	vii) Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and Council;
	viii)Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and Council; or
	ix) Directive 2009/81/EC of the European Parliament and Council;
"Exempt Call-off Contract"	the contract between the Exempt Buyer and the Supplier for Deliverables which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Order Form incorporating and, where necessary, amending, refining or adding to the terms of the Framework Contract;
"Exempt Procurement Amendments"	any amendments, refinements or additions to any of the terms of the Framework Contract made through the Exempt Call-off Contract to reflect the specific needs of an Exempt Buyer to the extent permitted by and in accordance with any legal requirements applicable to that Exempt Buyer;

"Existing IPR"	any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise);
"Exit Day"	shall have the meaning in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;
"Expiry Date"	the Framework Expiry Date or the Call-Off Expiry Date (as the context dictates);
"Extension Period"	the Framework Optional Extension Period or the Call-Off Optional Extension Period as the context dictates;
"Financial Reports"	<ul> <li>a report by the Supplier to the Buyer that:</li> <li>(a) provides a true and fair reflection of the Costs and Supplier Profit Margin forecast by the Supplier;</li> <li>(b) provides detail a true and fair reflection of the costs and expenses to be incurred by Key Subcontractors (as requested by the Buyer);</li> </ul>
	(c) is in the same software package (Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word), layout and format as the blank templates which have been issued by the Buyer to the Supplier on or before the Start

	Date for the purposes of the Contract; and
	(d) is certified by the Supplier's Chief Financial Officer or Director of Finance;
"Financial	a reasonably skilled and experienced member of the Supplier
Representative"	Staff who has specific responsibility for preparing, maintaining, facilitating access to, discussing and explaining the records and accounts of everything to do with the Contract (as referred to in Clause 6), Financial Reports and Open Book Data;
"Financial Transparency Objectives"	(a) the Buyer having a clear analysis of the Costs, Overhead recoveries (where relevant), time spent by Supplier Staff in providing the Services and Supplier Profit Margin so that it can understand any payment sought by the Supplier;
	(b) the Parties being able to understand Costs forecasts and to have confidence that these are based on justifiable numbers and appropriate forecasting techniques;
	(c) the Parties being able to understand the quantitative impact of any Variations that affect ongoing Costs and identifying how these could be mitigated and/or reflected in the Charges;
	(d) the Parties being able to review, address issues with and reforecast progress in relation to the provision of the Services;
	(e) the Parties challenging each other with ideas for efficiency and improvements; and
	(f) enabling the Buyer to demonstrate that it is achieving value for money for the taxpayer relative to current market prices;
"FOIA"	the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under that Act from time to time together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;
"Force Majeure Event"	any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance by either the Relevant Authority or the Supplier of its obligations arising from acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party which prevent or materially delay the Affected Party from

	performing its obligations under a Contract and which are not attributable to any wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable preventative action by the Affected Party, including:
	a) riots, civil commotion, war or armed conflict;
	b) acts of terrorism;
	<ul> <li>c) acts of a Central Government Body, local government or regulatory bodies;</li> </ul>
	d) fire, flood, storm or earthquake or other natural disaster,
	but excluding any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier, the Supplier Staff or any other failure in the Supplier or the Subcontractor's supply chain;
"Force Majeure Notice"	a written notice served by the Affected Party on the other Party stating that the Affected Party believes that there is a Force Majeure Event;
"Framework Award Form"	the document outlining the Framework Incorporated Terms and crucial information required for the Framework Contract, to be executed by the Supplier and CCS;
"Framework Contract"	the framework agreement established between CCS and the Supplier in accordance with Regulation 33 by the Framework Award Form for the provision of the Deliverables to Buyers by the Supplier pursuant to the OJEU Notice;
"Framework Contract Period"	the period from the Framework Start Date until the End Date of the Framework Contract;
"Framework Expiry Date"	the scheduled date of the end of the Framework Contract as stated in the Framework Award Form;
"Framework Incorporated Terms"	the contractual terms applicable to the Framework Contract specified in the Framework Award Form;
"Framework Optional Extension Period"	such period or periods beyond which the Framework Contract Period may be extended as specified in the Framework Award Form;
"Framework Price(s)"	the price(s) applicable to the provision of the Deliverables set out in Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices);
"Framework Special Terms"	any additional terms and conditions specified in the Framework Award Form incorporated into the Framework Contract;
"Framework Start Date"	the date of start of the Framework Contract as stated in the Framework Award Form;
"Framework Tender Response"	the tender submitted by the Supplier to CCS and annexed to or referred to in Framework Schedule 2 (Framework Tender);
"Further	the further competition procedure described in Framework

Competition Procedure"	Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure);
"GDPR"	the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679);
"General Anti-	e) the legislation in Part 5 of the Finance Act 2013 and; and
Abuse Rule"	f) any future legislation introduced into parliament to counteract tax advantages arising from abusive arrangements to avoid National Insurance contributions;
"General Change in Law"	a Change in Law where the change is of a general legislative nature (including taxation or duties of any sort affecting the Supplier) or which affects or relates to a Comparable Supply;
"Goods"	goods made available by the Supplier as specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification) and in relation to a Call-Off Contract as specified in the Order Form;
"Good Industry Practice"	standards, practises, methods and procedures conforming to the Law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;
"Government"	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and other bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;
"Government Data"	the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Authority's Confidential Information, and which:
	<ul> <li>i) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority; or</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>ii) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to a Contract;</li></ul>
"Guarantor"	the person (if any) who has entered into a guarantee in the form set out in Joint Schedule 8 (Guarantee) in relation to this Contract;
"Halifax Abuse Principle"	the principle explained in the CJEU Case C-255/02 Halifax and others;
"HMRC"	Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;
"ICT Policy"	the Buyer's policy in respect of information and communications technology, referred to in the Order Form, which is in force as at the Call-Off Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time in accordance with the Variation Procedure;

"Impact Assessment"	an assessment of the impact of a Variation request by the Relevant Authority completed in good faith, including:
	<ul> <li>a) details of the impact of the proposed Variation on the Deliverables and the Supplier's ability to meet its other obligations under the Contract;</li> </ul>
	b) details of the cost of implementing the proposed Variation;
	<ul> <li>c) details of the ongoing costs required by the proposed Variation when implemented, including any increase or decrease in the Framework Prices/Charges (as applicable), any alteration in the resources and/or expenditure required by either Party and any alteration to the working practises of either Party;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>d) a timetable for the implementation, together with any proposals for the testing of the Variation; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>e) such other information as the Relevant Authority may reasonably request in (or in response to) the Variation request;</li> </ul>
"Implementation Plan"	the plan for provision of the Deliverables set out in Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) where that Schedule is used or otherwise as agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer;
"Indemnifier"	a Party from whom an indemnity is sought under this Contract;
"Independent Control"	where a Controller has provided Personal Data to another Party which is not a Processor or a Joint Controller because the recipient itself determines the purposes and means of Processing but does so separately from the Controller providing it with Personal Data and "Independent Controller" shall be construed accordingly;
"Indexation"	the adjustment of an amount or sum in accordance with Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices) and the relevant Order Form;
"Information"	has the meaning given under section 84 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000;
"Information Commissioner"	the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by public bodies;
"Initial Period"	the initial term of a Contract specified in the Framework Award Form or the Order Form, as the context requires;
"Insolvency	with respect to any person, means:
Event"	(a) that person suspends, or threatens to suspend, payment of its debts, or is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or admits

inability to pay its debts, or:

- (i) (being a company or a LLP) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986, or
- (ii) (being a partnership) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 222 of the Insolvency Act 1986;
- (b) that person commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors (using a voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) with a view to rescheduling any of its debts, or makes a proposal for or enters into any compromise or arrangement with one or more of its creditors or takes any step to obtain a moratorium pursuant to Section 1A and Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 other than (in the case of a company, a LLP or a partnership) for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;
- (c) another person becomes entitled to appoint a receiver over the assets of that person or a receiver is appointed over the assets of that person;
- (d) a creditor or encumbrancer of that person attaches or takes possession of, or a distress, execution or other such process is levied or enforced on or sued against, the whole or any part of that person's assets and such attachment or process is not discharged within 14 days;
- (e) that person suspends or ceases, or threatens to suspend or cease, carrying on all or a substantial part of its business;
- (f) where that person is a company, a LLP or a partnership:
- (i) a petition is presented (which is not dismissed within 14 days of its service), a notice is given, a resolution is passed, or an order is made, for or in connection with the winding up of that person other than for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person:
- (ii) an application is made to court, or an order is made, for the appointment of an administrator, or if a notice of intention to appoint an administrator is filed at Court or given or if an administrator is appointed, over that person;
- (iii) (being a company or a LLP) the holder of a qualifying floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an administrative receiver; or
- (iv) (being a partnership) the holder of an agricultural floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an agricultural receiver; or
- (g) any event occurs, or proceeding is taken, with respect to that person in any jurisdiction to which it is subject that has an effect

	equivalent or similar to any of the events mentioned above;
"Installation Works"	all works which the Supplier is to carry out at the beginning of the Call-Off Contract Period to install the Goods in accordance with the Call-Off Contract;
"Intellectual Property Rights" or "IPR"	<ul> <li>a) copyright, rights related to or affording protection similar to copyright, rights in databases, patents and rights in inventions, semi-conductor topography rights, trade marks, rights in internet domain names and website addresses and other rights in trade or business names, goodwill, designs, Know-How, trade secrets and other rights in Confidential Information;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b) applications for registration, and the right to apply for registration, for any of the rights listed at (a) that are capable of being registered in any country or jurisdiction; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>c) all other rights having equivalent or similar effect in any country or jurisdiction;</li> </ul>
"Invoicing Address"	the address to which the Supplier shall invoice the Buyer as specified in the Order Form;
"IPR Claim"	any claim of infringement or alleged infringement (including the defence of such infringement or alleged infringement) of any IPR, used to provide the Deliverables or otherwise provided and/or licensed by the Supplier (or to which the Supplier has provided access) to the Relevant Authority in the fulfilment of its obligations under a Contract;
"IR35"	the off-payroll rules requiring individuals who work through their company pay the same tax and National Insurance contributions as an employee which can be found online at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ir35-find-out-if-it-applies">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ir35-find-out-if-it-applies</a> ;
"Joint Controller Agreement"	the agreement (if any) entered into between the Relevant Authority and the Supplier substantially in the form set out in Annex 2 of Joint Schedule 11 ( <i>Processing Data</i> );
"Joint Controllers"	where two or more Controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of Processing;
"Key Staff"	the individuals (if any) identified as such in the Order Form;
"Key Sub- Contract"	each Sub-Contract with a Key Subcontractor;
"Key Subcontractor"	<ul> <li>any Subcontractor:</li> <li>a) which is relied upon to deliver any work package within the Deliverables in their entirety; and/or</li> <li>b) which, in the opinion of CCS or the Buyer performs (or</li> </ul>

	would perform if appointed) a critical role in the provision of all or any part of the Deliverables; and/or
	<ul> <li>with a Sub-Contract with a contract value which at the time of appointment exceeds (or would exceed if appointed) 10% of the aggregate Charges forecast to be payable under the Call-Off Contract,</li> </ul>
	and the Supplier shall list all such Key Subcontractors in section 19 of the Framework Award Form and in the Key Subcontractor Section in Order Form;
"Know-How"	all ideas, concepts, schemes, information, knowledge, techniques, methodology, and anything else in the nature of know-how relating to the Deliverables but excluding know-how already in the other Party's possession before the applicable Start Date;
"Law"	any law, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, enforceable right within the meaning of Section 2 of the European Communities Act 1972, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgement of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements with which the relevant Party is bound to comply;
"LED"	Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680);
"Losses"	all losses, liabilities, damages, costs, expenses (including legal fees), disbursements, costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgement, interest and penalties whether arising in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, misrepresentation or otherwise and "Loss" shall be interpreted accordingly;
"Lots"	the number of lots specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification), if applicable;
"Management Charge"	the sum specified in the Framework Award Form payable by the Supplier to CCS in accordance with Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
"Management Information" or "MI"	the management information specified in Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
"MI Default"	means when two (2) MI Reports are not provided in any rolling six (6) month period
"MI Failure"	means when an MI report:
	a) contains any material errors or material omissions or a missing mandatory field; or
	b) is submitted using an incorrect MI reporting Template; or
	c) is not submitted by the reporting date (including where a

	declaration of no business should have been filed);
"MI Report"	means a report containing Management Information submitted to the Authority in accordance with Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
"MI Reporting Template"	means the form of report set out in the Annex to Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information) setting out the information the Supplier is required to supply to the Authority;
"Milestone"	an event or task described in the Implementation Plan;
"Milestone Date"	the target date set out against the relevant Milestone in the Implementation Plan by which the Milestone must be Achieved;
"Month"	a calendar month and "Monthly" shall be interpreted accordingly;
"National Insurance"	contributions required by the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 and made in accordance with the Social Security (Contributions) Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1004);
"New IPR"	IPR in items created by the Supplier (or by a third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of a Contract and updates and amendments of these items including (but not limited to) database schema; and/or
	IPR in or arising as a result of the performance of the Supplier's obligations under a Contract and all updates and amendments to the same;
	but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR;
"Occasion of Tax	where:
Non– Compliance"	<ul> <li>a) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which is found on or after 1 April 2013 to be incorrect as a result of:</li> </ul>
	i) a Relevant Tax Authority successfully challenging the Supplier under the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle or under any tax rules or legislation in any jurisdiction that have an effect equivalent or similar to the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle;
	ii) the failure of an avoidance scheme which the Supplier was involved in, and which was, or should have been, notified to a Relevant Tax Authority under the DOTAS or any equivalent or similar regime in any jurisdiction; and/or
	<ul> <li>b) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which gives rise, on or after 1 April 2013, to a criminal conviction in any jurisdiction for tax related offences which is not spent at the Start Date or to a civil penalty for fraud or evasion;</li> </ul>

"Open Book Data	complete and accurate financial and non-financial information which is sufficient to enable the Buyer to verify the Charges already paid or payable and Charges forecast to be paid during the remainder of the Call-Off Contract, including details and all assumptions relating to:
	<ul> <li>a) the Supplier's Costs broken down against each Good and/or Service and/or Deliverable, including actual capital expenditure (including capital replacement costs) and the unit cost and total actual costs of all Deliverables;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b) operating expenditure relating to the provision of the Deliverables including an analysis showing:</li> </ul>
	iii) the unit costs and quantity of Goods and any other consumables and bought-in Deliverables;
	<ul> <li>iv) staff costs broken down into the number and grade/role of all Supplier Staff (free of any contingency) together with a list of agreed rates against each grade;</li> </ul>
	v) a list of Costs underpinning those rates for each grade, being the agreed rate less the Supplier Profit Margin; and
	vi) Reimbursable Expenses, if allowed under the Order Form;
	c) Overheads;
	<ul> <li>d) all interest, expenses and any other third party financing costs incurred in relation to the provision of the Deliverables;</li> </ul>
	e) the Supplier Profit achieved over the Framework Contract Period and on an annual basis;
	<li>f) confirmation that all methods of Cost apportionment and Overhead allocation are consistent with and not more onerous than such methods applied generally by the Supplier;</li>
	g) an explanation of the type and value of risk and contingencies associated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the amount of money attributed to each risk and/or contingency; and
	h) the actual Costs profile for each Service Period;
"Order"	means an order for the provision of the Deliverables placed by a Buyer with the Supplier under a Contract;
"Order Form"	a completed Order Form Template (or equivalent information issued by the Buyer) used to create a Call-Off Contract;

"Order Form Template"	the template in Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules);
"Other Contracting Authority"	any actual or potential Buyer under the Framework Contract;
"Overhead"	those amounts which are intended to recover a proportion of the Supplier's or the Key Subcontractor's (as the context requires) indirect corporate costs (including financing, marketing, advertising, research and development and insurance costs and any fines or penalties) but excluding allowable indirect costs apportioned to facilities and administration in the provision of Supplier Staff and accordingly included within limb (a) of the definition of "Costs";
"Parliament"	takes its natural meaning as interpreted by Law;
"Party"	in the context of the Framework Contract, CCS or the Supplier, and in the context of a Call-Off Contract the Buyer or the Supplier.  "Parties" shall mean both of them where the context permits;
"Performance Indicators" or "PIs"	the performance measurements and targets in respect of the Supplier's performance of the Framework Contract set out in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management);
"Personal Data"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Personal Data Breach"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Personnel"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of a Party and/or of any Subcontractor and/or Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;
"Prescribed Person"	a legal adviser, an MP or an appropriate body which a whistle-blower may make a disclosure to as detailed in 'Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies', 24 November 2016, available online at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies</a> ;
"Processing"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Processor"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Processor Personnel"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;
"Progress Meeting"	a meeting between the Buyer Authorised Representative and the Supplier Authorised Representative;
"Progress Meeting Frequency"	the frequency at which the Supplier shall conduct a Progress Meeting in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Order Form;

"Progress Report"	a report provided by the Supplier indicating the steps taken to achieve Milestones or delivery dates;
"Progress Report Frequency"	the frequency at which the Supplier shall deliver Progress Reports in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Order Form;
"Prohibited Acts"	a) to directly or indirectly offer, promise or give any person working for or engaged by a Buyer or any other public body a financial or other advantage to:
	vii) induce that person to perform improperly a relevant function or activity; or
	viii)reward that person for improper performance of a relevant function or activity;
	b) to directly or indirectly request, agree to receive or accept any financial or other advantage as an inducement or a reward for improper performance of a relevant function or activity in connection with each Contract; or
	c) committing any offence:
	ix) under the Bribery Act 2010 (or any legislation repealed or revoked by such Act); or
	x)under legislation or common law concerning fraudulent acts; or
	xi) defrauding, attempting to defraud or conspiring to defraud a Buyer or other public body; or
	d) any activity, practice or conduct which would constitute one of the offences listed under (c) above if such activity, practice or conduct had been carried out in the UK;
"Protective Measures"	appropriate technical and organisational measures which may include: pseudonymisation and encrypting Personal Data, ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of systems and services, ensuring that availability of and access to Personal Data can be restored in a timely manner after an incident, and regularly assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of the such measures adopted by it including those outlined in Framework Schedule 9 (Cyber Essentials Scheme), if applicable, in the case of the Framework Contract or Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security), if applicable, in the case of a Call-Off Contract.
"Recall"	a request by the Supplier to return Goods to the Supplier or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects (including defects in the right IPR rights) that might endanger health or hinder performance;
"Recipient Party"	the Party which receives or obtains directly or indirectly Confidential Information;
"Rectification	a) the Supplier's plan (or revised plan) to rectify it's breach using the template in Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan)

Plan"	which shall include:
	b) full details of the Default that has occurred, including a root cause analysis;
	c)the actual or anticipated effect of the Default; and
	d) the steps which the Supplier proposes to take to rectify the Default (if applicable) and to prevent such Default from recurring, including timescales for such steps and for the rectification of the Default (where applicable);
"Rectification Plan Process"	the process set out in Clause 10.3.1 to 10.3.4 (Rectification Plan Process);
"Regulations"	the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires);
"Reimbursable Expenses"	the reasonable out of pocket travel and subsistence (for example, hotel and food) expenses, properly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the Services, calculated at the rates and in accordance with the Buyer's expenses policy current from time to time, but not including:
	<ul> <li>a) travel expenses incurred as a result of Supplier Staff travelling to and from their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed, unless the Buyer otherwise agreed in advance in writing; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>b) subsistence expenses incurred by Supplier Staff whilst performing the Services at their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed;</li> </ul>
"Relevant Authority"	the Authority which is party to the Contract to which a right or obligation is owed, as the context requires;
"Relevant Authority's Confidential Information"	<ul> <li>a) all Personal Data and any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, property rights, trade secrets, Know-How and IPR of the Relevant Authority (including all Relevant Authority Existing IPR and New IPR);</li> <li>b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked "confidential") or which ought reasonably be considered confidential which comes (or has come) to the Relevant Authority's attention or</li> </ul>
	into the Relevant Authority's possession in connection with a Contract; and information derived from any of the above;

"Relevant Requirements"	all applicable Law relating to bribery, corruption and fraud, including the Bribery Act 2010 and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 9 of the Bribery Act 2010;
"Relevant Tax Authority"	HMRC, or, if applicable, the tax authority in the jurisdiction in which the Supplier is established;
"Reminder Notice"	a notice sent in accordance with Clause 10.5 given by the Supplier to the Buyer providing notification that payment has not been received on time;
"Replacement Deliverables"	any deliverables which are substantially similar to any of the Deliverables and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Deliverables following the Call-Off Expiry Date, whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;
"Replacement Subcontractor"	a Subcontractor of the Replacement Supplier to whom Transferring Supplier Employees will transfer on a Service Transfer Date (or any Subcontractor of any such Subcontractor);
"Replacement Supplier"	any third party provider of Replacement Deliverables appointed by or at the direction of the Buyer from time to time or where the Buyer is providing Replacement Deliverables for its own account, shall also include the Buyer;
"Request For Information"	a request for information or an apparent request relating to a Contract for the provision of the Deliverables or an apparent request for such information under the FOIA or the EIRs;
"Required Insurances"	the insurances required by Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements) or any additional insurances specified in the Order Form;
"Satisfaction Certificate"	the certificate (materially in the form of the document contained in of Part B of Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) or as agreed by the Parties where Call-Off Schedule 13 is not used in this Contract) granted by the Buyer when the Supplier has met all of the requirements of an Order, Achieved a Milestone or a Test;
"Security Management Plan"	the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security) (if applicable);
"Security Policy"	the Buyer's security policy, referred to in the Order Form, in force as at the Call-Off Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time and notified to the Supplier;
"Self Audit Certificate"	means the certificate in the form as set out in Framework Schedule 8 (Self Audit Certificate);
"Serious Fraud Office"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;

"Service Levels"	any service levels applicable to the provision of the Deliverables under the Call Off Contract (which, where Call Off Schedule 14 (Service Levels) is used in this Contract, are specified in the Annex to Part A of such Schedule);
"Service Period"	has the meaning given to it in the Order Form;
"Services"	services made available by the Supplier as specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification) and in relation to a Call-Off Contract as specified in the Order Form;
"Service Transfer"	any transfer of the Deliverables (or any part of the Deliverables), for whatever reason, from the Supplier or any Subcontractor to a Replacement Supplier or a Replacement Subcontractor;
"Service Transfer Date"	the date of a Service Transfer;
"Sites"	any premises (including the Buyer Premises, the Supplier's premises or third party premises) from, to or at which:
	a) the Deliverables are (or are to be) provided; or
	b) the Supplier manages, organises or otherwise directs the provision or the use of the Deliverables;
	<ul> <li>c) those premises at which any Supplier Equipment or any part of the Supplier System is located (where any part of the Deliverables provided falls within Call-Off Schedule 6 (ICT Services));</li> </ul>
"SME"	an enterprise falling within the category of micro, small and medium sized enterprises defined by the Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium enterprises;
"Special Terms"	any additional Clauses set out in the Framework Award Form or Order Form which shall form part of the respective Contract;
"Specific Change in Law"	a Change in Law that relates specifically to the business of the Buyer and which would not affect a Comparable Supply where the effect of that Specific Change in Law on the Deliverables is not reasonably foreseeable at the Start Date;
"Specification"	the specification set out in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification), as may, in relation to a Call-Off Contract, be supplemented by the Order Form;
"Standards"	any:  a) standards published by BSI British Standards, the National Standards Body of the United Kingdom, the International Organisation for Standardisation or other reputable or equivalent bodies (and their successor bodies) that a skilled and experienced operator in the same type of industry or

business sector as the Supplier would reasonably and ordinarily be expected to comply with;			
<ul><li>b) standards detailed in the specification in Schedule 1 (Specification);</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>c) standards detailed by the Buyer in the Order Form or agreed between the Parties from time to time;</li> </ul>			
d) relevant Government codes of practice and guidance applicable from time to time;			
in the case of the Framework Contract, the date specified on the Framework Award Form, and in the case of a Call-Off Contract, the date specified in the Order Form;			
a statement issued by the Buyer detailing its requirements in respect of Deliverables issued in accordance with the Call-Off Procedure;			
the part of any device that is capable of storing and retrieving data;			
any contract or agreement (or proposed contract or agreement), other than a Call-Off Contract or the Framework Contract, pursuant to which a third party:			
a) provides the Deliverables (or any part of them);			
b) provides facilities or services necessary for the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them); and/or			
and Deliverables (or any part or morn), and/or			
<ul> <li>c) is responsible for the management, direction or control of the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them);</li> </ul>			
any person other than the Supplier, who is a party to a Sub- Contract and the servants or agents of that person;			
any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of that Processor related to a Contract;			
the person, firm or company identified in the Framework Award Form;			
all assets and rights used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables in accordance with the Call-Off Contract but excluding the Buyer Assets;			
the representative appointed by the Supplier named in the Framework Award Form, or later defined in a Call-Off Contract;			
<ul> <li>a) any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, IPR of the Supplier (including the Supplier Existing IPR) trade secrets, Know-</li> </ul>			

	How and/or paragonal of the Cupalian		
	How, and/or personnel of the Supplier;		
	<ul> <li>b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential and which comes (or has come) to the Supplier's attention or into the Supplier's possession in connection with a Contract;</li> </ul>		
	c) Information derived from any of (a) and (b) above;		
"Supplier's Contract Manager	the person identified in the Order Form appointed by the Supplier to oversee the operation of the Call-Off Contract and any alternative person whom the Supplier intends to appoint to the role, provided that the Supplier informs the Buyer prior to the appointment;		
"Supplier Equipment"	the Supplier's hardware, computer and telecoms devices, equipment, plant, materials and such other items supplied and used by the Supplier (but not hired, leased or loaned from the Buyer) in the performance of its obligations under this Call-Off Contract;		
"Supplier Marketing Contact"	shall be the person identified in the Framework Award Form;		
"Supplier Non- Performance"	where the Supplier has failed to:  a) Achieve a Milestone by its Milestone Date;		
	<ul><li>b) provide the Goods and/or Services in accordance with the Service Levels; and/or</li><li>c) comply with an obligation under a Contract;</li></ul>		
"Supplier Profit"	in relation to a period, the difference between the total Charges (in nominal cash flow terms but excluding any Deductions and total Costs (in nominal cash flow terms) in respect of a Call-Off Contract for the relevant period;		
"Supplier Profit Margin"	in relation to a period or a Milestone (as the context requires), the Supplier Profit for the relevant period or in relation to the relevant Milestone divided by the total Charges over the same period or in relation to the relevant Milestone and expressed as a percentage;		
"Supplier Staff"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under a Contract;		
"Supporting Documentation"	sufficient information in writing to enable the Buyer to reasonably assess whether the Charges, Reimbursable Expenses and other sums due from the Buyer under the Call-Off Contract detailed in		

	,		
	the information are properly payable;		
"Termination Notice"	a written notice of termination given by one Party to the other, notifying the Party receiving the notice of the intention of the Party giving the notice to terminate a Contract on a specified date and setting out the grounds for termination;		
"Test Issue"	any variance or non-conformity of the Deliverables from their requirements as set out in a Call-Off Contract;		
"Test Plan"	a plan:		
	a) for the Testing of the Deliverables; and		
	<ul> <li>b) setting out other agreed criteria related to the achievement of Milestones;</li> </ul>		
"Tests "	any tests required to be carried out pursuant to a Call-Off Contract as set out in the Test Plan or elsewhere in a Call-Off Contract and "Tested" and "Testing" shall be construed accordingly;		
"Third Party IPR"	Intellectual Property Rights owned by a third party which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;		
"Transferring Supplier Employees"	those employees of the Supplier and/or the Supplier's Subcontractors to whom the Employment Regulations will apply on the Service Transfer Date;		
"Transparency Information"	the Transparency Reports and the content of a Contract, including any changes to this Contract agreed from time to time, except for –		
	(i) any information which is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of the FOIA, which shall be determined by the Relevant Authority; and		
	(ii) Commercially Sensitive Information;		
"Transparency Reports"	the information relating to the Deliverables and performance of the Contracts which the Supplier is required to provide to the Buyer in accordance with the reporting requirements in Call-Off Schedule 1 (Transparency Reports);		
"Variation"	any change to a Contract;		
"Variation Form"	the form set out in Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form);		
"Variation Procedure"	the procedure set out in Clause 24 (Changing the contract);		
"VAT"	value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;		
"VCSE"	a non-governmental organisation that is value-driven and which principally reinvests its surpluses to further social, environmental or cultural objectives;		
"Worker"	any one of the Supplier Staff which the Buyer, in its reasonable		

	opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees) applies in respect of the Deliverables;
"Working Day"	any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday in England and Wales unless specified otherwise by the Parties in the Order Form;
"Work Day"	8.0 Work Hours, whether or not such hours are worked consecutively and whether or not they are worked on the same day; and
"Work Hours"	the hours spent by the Supplier Staff properly working on the provision of the Deliverables including time spent travelling (other than to and from the Supplier's offices, or to and from the Sites) but excluding lunch breaks.

Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form)
This form is to be used in order to change a contract in accordance with Clause 24 (Changing the Contract)

Contract Details					
This variation is between:	[delete as applicable: CC Buyer")	S / Buyer] ("CCS" "the			
	And				
	[insert name of Supplier] ("the Supplier")				
Contract name:	[insert name of contract to be changed] ("the Contract")				
Contract reference number:	[insert contract reference number]				
Details of Proposed Variation					
Variation initiated by:	[delete as applicable: CCS/Buyer/Supplier]				
Variation number:	[insert variation number]				
Date variation is raised:	[insert date]				
Proposed variation					
Reason for the variation:	[insert reason]				
An Impact Assessment shall be provided within:	[insert number] days				
	Impact of Variation				
Likely impact of the proposed variation:	[Supplier to insert assessment of impact]				
	Outcome of Variation				
Contract variation:	This Contract detailed above	e is varied as follows:			
	<ul> <li>[CCS/Buyer to insert original Clauses or Paragraphs to be varied and the changed clause]</li> </ul>				
Financial variation:	Original Contract Value:	£ [insert amount]			
	Additional cost due to variation:	£ [insert amount]			
	New Contract value:	£ [insert amount]			

- This Variation must be agreed and signed by both Parties to the Contract and shall only be effective from the date it is signed by [delete] as applicable: CCS / Buyer]
- 2. Words and expressions in this Variation shall have the meanings given to them in the Contract.
- 3. The Contract, including any previous Variations, shall remain effective and unaltered except as amended by this Variation.

Signed by an authorised signatory for and on behalf of the **[delete** as applicable: CCS / Buyer**]** 

Signature		
Date		
Name Capitals)	(in	
Address		
Signed by an au	uthor	ised signatory to sign for and on behalf of the Supplier
Signature		
Date		
Name Capitals)	(in	
Address		

### **Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements)**

#### 1. The insurance you need to have

- 1.1 The Supplier shall take out and maintain, or procure the taking out and maintenance of the insurances as set out in the Annex to this Schedule, any additional insurances required under a Call-Off Contract (specified in the applicable Order Form) ("Additional Insurances") and any other insurances as may be required by applicable Law (together the "Insurances"). The Supplier shall ensure that each of the Insurances is effective no later than:
  - 1.1.1the Framework Start Date in respect of those Insurances set out in the Annex to this Schedule and those required by applicable Law; and
  - 1.1.2the Call-Off Contract Effective Date in respect of the Additional Insurances.
- 1.2 The Insurances shall be:
  - 1.2.1 maintained in accordance with Good Industry Practice;
  - 1.2.2(so far as is reasonably practicable) on terms no less favourable than those generally available to a prudent contractor in respect of risks insured in the international insurance market from time to time:
  - 1.2.3taken out and maintained with insurers of good financial standing and good repute in the international insurance market; and
  - 1.2.4maintained for at least six (6) years after the End Date.
- 1.3 The Supplier shall ensure that the public and products liability policy contain an indemnity to principals clause under which the Relevant Authority shall be indemnified in respect of claims made against the Relevant Authority in respect of death or bodily injury or third party property damage arising out of or in connection with the Deliverables and for which the Supplier is legally liable.

#### 2. How to manage the insurance

- 2.1 Without limiting the other provisions of this Contract, the Supplier shall:
  - 2.1.1 take or procure the taking of all reasonable risk management and risk control measures in relation to Deliverables as it would be reasonable to expect of a prudent contractor acting in accordance with Good Industry Practice, including the investigation and reports of relevant claims to insurers;
  - 2.1.2 promptly notify the insurers in writing of any relevant material fact under any Insurances of which the Supplier is or becomes aware; and
  - 2.1.3 Hold all policies in respect of the Insurances and cause any insurance broker affecting the Insurances to hold any insurance slips and other evidence of placing cover representing any of the Insurances to which it is a party.

#### 3. What happens if you aren't insured

- 3.1 The Supplier shall not take any action or fail to take any action or (insofar as is reasonably within its power) permit anything to occur in relation to it which would entitle any insurer to refuse to pay any claim under any of the Insurances.
- 3.2 Where the Supplier has failed to purchase or maintain any of the Insurances in full force and effect, the Relevant Authority may elect (but shall not be obliged) following written notice to the Supplier to purchase the relevant Insurances and recover the reasonable premium and other reasonable costs incurred in connection therewith as a debt due from the Supplier.

#### 4. Evidence of insurance you must provide

4.1 The Supplier shall upon the Start Date and within 15 Working Days after the renewal of each of the Insurances, provide evidence, in a form satisfactory to the Relevant Authority, that the Insurances are in force and effect and meet in full the requirements of this Schedule.

#### 5. Making sure you are insured to the required amount

5.1 The Supplier shall ensure that any Insurances which are stated to have a minimum limit "in the aggregate" are maintained at all times for the minimum limit of indemnity specified in this Contract and if any claims are made which do not relate to this Contract then the Supplier shall notify the Relevant Authority and provide details of its proposed solution for maintaining the minimum limit of indemnity.

#### 6. Cancelled Insurance

- 6.1 The Supplier shall notify the Relevant Authority in writing at least five (5) Working Days prior to the cancellation, suspension, termination or non-renewal of any of the Insurances.
- 6.2 The Supplier shall ensure that nothing is done which would entitle the relevant insurer to cancel, rescind or suspend any insurance or cover, or to treat any insurance, cover or claim as voided in whole or part. The Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to notify the Relevant Authority (subject to third party confidentiality obligations) as soon as practicable when it becomes aware of any relevant fact, circumstance or matter which has caused, or is reasonably likely to provide grounds to, the relevant insurer to give notice to cancel, rescind, suspend or void any insurance, or any cover or claim under any insurance in whole or in part.

#### 7. Insurance claims

7.1 The Supplier shall promptly notify to insurers any matter arising from, or in relation to, the Deliverables, or each Contract for which it may be entitled to claim under any of the Insurances. In the event that the Relevant Authority receives a claim relating to or arising out of a Contract or the Deliverables, the Supplier shall cooperate with the Relevant Authority and assist it in dealing with such claims including without limitation providing information and documentation in a timely manner.

- 7.2 Except where the Relevant Authority is the claimant party, the Supplier shall give the Relevant Authority notice within twenty (20) Working Days after any insurance claim in excess of 10% of the sum required to be insured pursuant to Paragraph 5.1 relating to or arising out of the provision of the Deliverables or this Contract on any of the Insurances or which, but for the application of the applicable policy excess, would be made on any of the Insurances and (if required by the Relevant Authority) full details of the incident giving rise to the claim.
- 7.3 Where any Insurance requires payment of a premium, the Supplier shall be liable for and shall promptly pay such premium.
- 7.4 Where any Insurance is subject to an excess or deductible below which the indemnity from insurers is excluded, the Supplier shall be liable for such excess or deductible. The Supplier shall not be entitled to recover from the Relevant Authority any sum paid by way of excess or deductible under the Insurances whether under the terms of this Contract or otherwise.

### **ANNEX: REQUIRED INSURANCES**

- 1. The Supplier shall hold the following standard insurance cover from the Framework Start Date in accordance with this Schedule:
- 1.1 professional indemnity insurance with cover (for a single event or a series of related events and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000);
- 1.2 public liability insurance with cover (for a single event or a series of related events and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000); and
- 1.3 employers' liability insurance with cover (for a single event or a series of related events and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000).

# Joint Schedule 4 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

#### 1. What is Commercially Sensitive Information?

- 1.1 In this Schedule the Parties have sought to identify the Supplier's Confidential Information that is genuinely commercially sensitive and the disclosure of which would be the subject of an exemption under the FOIA and the EIRs.
- 1.2 Where possible, the Parties have sought to identify when any relevant Information will cease to fall into the category of Information to which this Schedule applies in the table below and in the Order Form (which shall be deemed incorporated into the table below).
- 1.3 Without prejudice to the Relevant Authority's obligation to disclose Information in accordance with FOIA or Clause 16 (When you can share information), the Relevant Authority will, in its sole discretion, acting reasonably, seek to apply the relevant exemption set out in the FOIA to the following Information:

No.	Date	Item(s)	Duration of Confidentiality
1		Personal information	18/08/2025- 31/03/2026
2		Pricing	18/08/2025- 31/03/2026
3		Technical questionnaire	18/08/2025- 31/03/2026

## **Joint Schedule 6 (Key Subcontractors)**

#### 1. Restrictions on certain subcontractors

- 1.1 The Supplier is entitled to sub-contract its obligations under the Framework Contract to the Key Subcontractors set out in the Framework Award Form.
- 1.2 The Supplier is entitled to sub-contract its obligations under a Call-Off Contract to Key Subcontractors listed in the Framework Award Form who are specifically nominated in the Order Form.
- Key Sub-contract or replace a Key Subcontractor, it must obtain the prior written consent of CCS and the Buyer and the Supplier shall, at the time of requesting such consent, provide CCS and the Buyer with the information detailed in Paragraph 1.4. The decision of CCS and the Buyer to consent or not will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Where CCS consents to the appointment of a new Key Subcontractor then they will be added to section 18 of the Framework Award Form. Where the Buyer consents to the appointment of a new Key Subcontractor then they will be added to the Key Subcontractor section of the Order Form. CCS and the Buyer may reasonably withhold their consent to the appointment of a Key Subcontractor if it considers that:
  - the appointment of a proposed Key Subcontractor may prejudice the provision of the Deliverables or may be contrary to its interests;
  - 1.3.2 the proposed Key Subcontractor is unreliable and/or has not provided reliable goods and or reasonable services to its other customers; and/or
  - 1.3.3 the proposed Key Subcontractor employs unfit persons.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall provide CCS and the Buyer with the following information in respect of the proposed Key Subcontractor:
  - 1.4.1 the proposed Key Subcontractor's name, registered office and company registration number;
  - the scope/description of any Deliverables to be provided by the proposed Key Subcontractor;
  - 1.4.3 where the proposed Key Subcontractor is an Affiliate of the Supplier, evidence that demonstrates to the reasonable satisfaction of the CCS and the Buyer that the proposed Key Sub-Contract has been agreed on "arm's-length" terms;
  - 1.4.4 for CCS, the Key Sub-Contract price expressed as a percentage of the total projected Framework Price over the Framework Contract Period:
  - 1.4.5 for the Buyer, the Key Sub-Contract price expressed as a percentage of the total projected Charges over the Call Off Contract Period; and
  - 1.4.6 (where applicable) Credit Rating Threshold (as defined in Joint Schedule 7 (Financial Distress)) of the Key Subcontractor.

- 1.5 If requested by CCS and/or the Buyer, within ten (10) Working Days of receipt of the information provided by the Supplier pursuant to Paragraph 1.4, the Supplier shall also provide:
  - 1.5.1 a copy of the proposed Key Sub-Contract; and
  - 1.5.2 any further information reasonably requested by CCS and/or the Buyer.
- **1.6** The Supplier shall ensure that each new or replacement Key Sub-Contract shall include:
  - 1.6.1 provisions which will enable the Supplier to discharge its obligations under the Contracts;
  - 1.6.2 a right under CRTPA for CCS and the Buyer to enforce any provisions under the Key Sub-Contract which confer a benefit upon CCS and the Buyer respectively;
  - 1.6.3 a provision enabling CCS and the Buyer to enforce the Key Sub-Contract as if it were the Supplier;
  - 1.6.4 a provision enabling the Supplier to assign, novate or otherwise transfer any of its rights and/or obligations under the Key Sub-Contract to CCS and/or the Buyer;
  - obligations no less onerous on the Key Subcontractor than those imposed on the Supplier under the Framework Contract in respect of:
    - (a) the data protection requirements set out in Clause 14 (Data protection);
    - (b) the FOIA and other access request requirements set out in Clause 16 (When you can share information);
    - (c) the obligation not to embarrass CCS or the Buyer or otherwise bring CCS or the Buyer into disrepute;
    - (d) the keeping of records in respect of the goods and/or services being provided under the Key Sub-Contract, including the maintenance of Open Book Data; and
    - (e) the conduct of audits set out in Clause 6 (Record keeping and reporting);
  - 1.6.6 provisions enabling the Supplier to terminate the Key Sub-Contract on notice on terms no more onerous on the Supplier than those imposed on CCS and the Buyer under Clauses 10.4 (When CCS or the Buyer can end this contract) and 10.5 (What happens if the contract ends) of this Contract; and
  - 1.6.7 a provision restricting the ability of the Key Subcontractor to subcontractor all or any part of the provision of the Deliverables provided to the Supplier under the Key Sub-Contract without first seeking the written consent of CCS and the Buyer.

# **Joint Schedule 7 (Financial Difficulties)**

#### 1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Credit Rating Threshold"	the minimum credit rating level for the Monitored Company as set out in Annex 2	
"Financial Distress Event"	the occurrence or one or more of the following events:	
	a) the credit rating of the Monitored Company dropping below the applicable Credit Rating Threshold;	
	b)	the Monitored Company issuing a profits warning to a stock exchange or making any other public announcement about a material deterioration in its financial position or prospects;
	c) there being a public investigation into improper financial accounting and reporting, suspected fraud or any other impropriety of the Monitored Company;	
	d) Monitored Company committing a material breach of covenant to its lenders;	
	e) a Key Subcontractor (where applicable) notifying CCS that the Supplier has not satisfied any sums properly due under a specified invoice and not subject to a genuine dispute; or	
	f) any of the following:	
		i) commencement of any litigation against the Monitored Company with respect to financial indebtedness or obligations under a contract;
		ii) non-payment by the Monitored Company of any financial indebtedness;
		iii) any financial indebtedness of the Monitored Company becoming due as a result of an event of default; or

"Rating Agencies"	the rating agencies listed in Annex 1.
"Monitored Company"	Supplier
"Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan"	a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure the continued performance and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract in the event that a Financial Distress Event occurs;
	in each case which CCS reasonably believes (or would be likely reasonably to believe) could directly impact on the continued performance of any Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with any Call-Off Contract;
	iv) the cancellation or suspension of any financial indebtedness in respect of the Monitored Company

#### 2. When this Schedule applies

- 2.1 The Parties shall comply with the provisions of this Schedule in relation to the assessment of the financial standing of the Monitored Companies and the consequences of a change to that financial standing.
- 2.2 The terms of this Schedule shall survive:
  - 2.2.1 under the Framework Contract until the later of (a) the termination or expiry of the Framework Contract or (b) the latest date of termination or expiry of any Call-Off Contract entered into under the Framework Contract (which might be after the date of termination or expiry of the Framework Contract); and
  - 2.2.2 under the Call-Off Contract until the termination or expiry of the Call-Off-Contract.

#### 3. What happens when your credit rating changes

- 3.1 The Supplier warrants and represents to CCS that as at the Start Date the long term credit ratings issued for the Monitored Companies by each of the Rating Agencies are as set out in Annex 2.
- 3.2 The Supplier shall promptly (and in any event within five (5) Working Days) notify CCS in writing if there is any downgrade in the credit rating issued by any Rating Agency for a Monitored Company.
- 3.3 If there is any downgrade credit rating issued by any Rating Agency for the Monitored Company the Supplier shall ensure that the Monitored Company's auditors thereafter provide CCS within 10 Working Days of the end of each Contract Year and within 10 Working Days of written request by CCS (such requests not to exceed 4 in any Contract Year) with written calculations of the quick ratio for the Monitored Company as at the end of each Contract Year or

such other date as may be requested by CCS. For these purposes the "quick ratio" on any date means:

$$\frac{A+B+C}{D}$$

where:

А	is the value at the relevant date of all cash in hand and at the bank of the Monitored Company;
В	is the value of all marketable securities held by the Supplier the Monitored Company determined using closing prices on the Working Day preceding the relevant date;
С	is the value at the relevant date of all account receivables of the Monitored; and
D	is the value at the relevant date of the current liabilities of the Monitored Company.

#### 3.4 The Supplier shall:

- 3.4.1 regularly monitor the credit ratings of each Monitored Company with the Rating Agencies; and
- 3.4.2 promptly notify (or shall procure that its auditors promptly notify) CCS in writing following the occurrence of a Financial Distress Event or any fact, circumstance or matter which could cause a Financial Distress Event and in any event, ensure that such notification is made within 10 Working Days of the date on which the Supplier first becomes aware of the Financial Distress Event or the fact, circumstance or matter which could cause a Financial Distress Event.
- 3.5 For the purposes of determining whether a Financial Distress Event has occurred the credit rating of the Monitored Company shall be deemed to have dropped below the applicable Credit Rating Threshold if any of the Rating Agencies have rated the Monitored Company at or below the applicable Credit Rating Threshold.

#### 4. What happens if there is a financial distress event

- 4.1 In the event of a Financial Distress Event then, immediately upon notification of the Financial Distress Event (or if CCS becomes aware of the Financial Distress Event without notification and brings the event to the attention of the Supplier), the Supplier shall have the obligations and CCS shall have the rights and remedies as set out in Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.6.
- 4.2 The Supplier shall and shall procure that the other Monitored Companies shall:
  - 4.2.1 at the request of CCS meet CCS as soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event within three (3) Working Days of the initial notification (or awareness) of the Financial Distress

- Event) to review the effect of the Financial Distress Event on the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance each Call-Off Contract: and
- 4.2.2 where CCS reasonably believes (taking into account the discussions and any representations made under Paragraph 4.3.1) that the Financial Distress Event could impact on the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract:
  - (a) submit to CCS for its Approval, a draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan as soon as reasonably practicable (and in any event, within ten (10) Working Days of the initial notification (or awareness) of the Financial Distress Event); and
  - (b) provide such financial information relating to the Monitored Company as CCS may reasonably require.
- 4.3 If CCS does not (acting reasonably) approve the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan, it shall inform the Supplier of its reasons and the Supplier shall take those reasons into account in the preparation of a further draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan, which shall be resubmitted to CCS within five (5) Working Days of the rejection of the first or subsequent (as the case may be) drafts. This process shall be repeated until the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is Approved by CCS or referred to the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 4.4 If CCS considers that the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is insufficiently detailed to be properly evaluated, will take too long to complete or will not remedy the relevant Financial Distress Event, then it may either agree a further time period for the development and agreement of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan or escalate any issues with the draft Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan using the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 4.5 Following Approval of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan by CCS, the Supplier shall:
  - 4.5.1 on a regular basis (which shall not be less than Monthly), review the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan and assess whether it remains adequate and up to date to ensure the continued performance of each Contract and delivery of the Deliverables in accordance with each Call-Off Contract;
  - 4.5.2 where the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan is not adequate or up to date in accordance with Paragraph 4.6.1, submit an updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan to CCS for its Approval, and the provisions of Paragraphs 4.5 and 4.6 shall apply to the review and Approval process for the updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan; and
  - 4.5.3 comply with the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (including any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan).

- 4.6 Where the Supplier reasonably believes that the relevant Financial Distress Event (or the circumstance or matter which has caused or otherwise led to it) no longer exists, it shall notify CCS and subject to the agreement of the Parties, the Supplier may be relieved of its obligations under Paragraph 4.7.
- 4.7 CCS shall be able to share any information it receives from the Buyer in accordance with this Paragraph with any Buyer who has entered into a Call-Off Contract with the Supplier.

#### 5. When CCS or the Buyer can terminate for financial distress

- 5.1 CCS shall be entitled to terminate this Contract and Buyers shall be entitled to terminate their Call-Off Contracts for material Default if:
  - 5.1.1 the Supplier fails to notify CCS of a Financial Distress Event in accordance with Paragraph 3.4;
  - 5.1.2 CCS and the Supplier fail to agree a Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (or any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan) in accordance with Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.5; and/or
  - 5.1.3 the Supplier fails to comply with the terms of the Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan (or any updated Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan) in accordance with Paragraph 4.6.3.

#### 6. What happens If your credit rating is still good

- 6.1 Without prejudice to the Supplier's obligations and CCS' and the Buyer's rights and remedies under Paragraph 5, if, following the occurrence of a Financial Distress Event, the Rating Agencies review and report subsequently that the credit ratings do not drop below the relevant Credit Rating Threshold, then:
  - 6.1.1 the Supplier shall be relieved automatically of its obligations under Paragraphs 4.3 to 4.6; and
  - 6.1.2 CCS shall not be entitled to require the Supplier to provide financial information in accordance with Paragraph 4.3.2(b).

### **ANNEX 1: RATING AGENCIES**

#### **Dun & Bradstreet**

Metric	Description	Threshold to Pass
DnB Rating - Risk Indicator	The Risk Indicator number is derived from the DnB failure score and therefore takes a lot of financial and non-financial data into account. Scores 1 as minimum risk – 4 highest risk.	3 or below
Failure Score	This is a calculation that determines the likelihood of a business failing within the next 12 months. Scores 1 as highest risk – 100 lowest risk.	26 or above
Maximum Credit Recommendation (Bronze Tier ONLY)	The maximum credit rating shows the total value of goods and / or services the 'average' creditor should have outstanding with an organisation. The industry, DnB Failure Score and organisational size forms the basis for the recommendation	More than the annual contract value

Turnover Metric	Explanation	Result
>2	Annual contract value represents less than 50% of annual turnover.	Pass
1.5 – 2	Annual contract value represents between 50% and 75% of annual turnover.	Potential pass – dependant on cash availability
< 1.5	Annual contract value represents more than 75% of annual turnover	Potential fail – dependant on cash availability and mitigations. We should always try and mitigate growth risk if less than 1.5!

Cash Availability Metric	Action
Cash available is significantly more than annual contract value or sufficient for supplier costs pending regular invoice payments from DfE	
, ,	Potential fail – consider mitiga- tions

# ANNEX 2: CREDIT RATINGS & CREDIT RATING THRESHOLDS

Part 1: Current Rating

Entity	Credit rating (long term)
Supplier	<redacted p="" under<=""> Section 40 of FOI Act&gt;</redacted>

### Joint Schedule 9 (Minimum Standards of Reliability)

#### 1. Standards

- 1.1 No Call-Off Contract with an anticipated contract value in excess of £20 million (excluding VAT) shall be awarded to the Supplier if it does not show that it meets the minimum standards of reliability as set out in the OJEU Notice ("Minimum Standards of Reliability") at the time of the proposed award of that Call-Off Contract.
- **1.2** CCS shall assess the Supplier's compliance with the Minimum Standards of Reliability:
  - 1.2.1 upon the request of any Buyer; or
  - **1.2.2** whenever it considers (in its absolute discretion) that it is appropriate to do so.
- **1.3** In the event that the Supplier does not demonstrate that it meets the Minimum Standards of Reliability in an assessment carried out pursuant to Paragraph 1.2, CCS shall so notify the Supplier (and any Buyer in writing) and the CCS reserves the right to terminate its Framework Contract for material Default under Clause 10.4 (When CCS or the Buyer can end this contract).

Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan)

Request for [Revised] Rectification Plan			
Details of the Default:	[Guidance: Explain the Default, with clear schedule and clause references as appropriate]		
Deadline for receiving the [Revised] Rectification Plan:	[add date (minimum 10 days from request)]		
Signed by [CCS/Buyer]:		Date:	
Sup	plier [Revised] Rectification	Plan	
Cause of the Default	[add cause]		
Anticipated impact assessment:	[add impact]		
Actual effect of Default:	[add effect]		
Steps to be taken to rectification:	Steps	Timescale	
recuircation.	1.	[date]	
	2.	[date]	
	3.	[date]	
	4.	[date]	
	[]	[date]	
Timescale for complete Rectification of Default	[X] Working Days		
Steps taken to prevent recurrence of Default	Steps	Timescale	
recurrence of Delault	1.	[date]	
	2.	[date]	
	3.	[date]	
	4.	[date]	
	[]	[date]	
Signed by the Supplier:		Date:	

Review of Rectification Plan [CCS/Buyer]		
Outcome of review	[Plan Accepted] [Plan Rejected] [Revised Plan Requested]	
Reasons for Rejection (if applicable)	[add reasons]	
Signed by [CCS/Buyer]	Date:	

### Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data)

#### **Definitions**

1. In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Processor Personnel"

all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;

#### Status of the Controller

- 2. The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the nature of the activity carried out by each of them in relation to their respective obligations under a Contract dictates the status of each party under the DPA 2018. A Party may act as:
- (a) "Controller" in respect of the other Party who is "Processor";
- (b) "Processor" in respect of the other Party who is "Controller";
- (c) "Joint Controller" with the other Party;
- (d) "Independent Controller" of the Personal Data where the other Party is also "Controller",

in respect of certain Personal Data under a Contract and shall specify in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) which scenario they think shall apply in each situation.

#### Where one Party is Controller and the other Party its Processor

- 3. Where a Party is a Processor, the only Processing that it is authorised to do is listed in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) by the Controller.
- 4. The Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if it considers that any of the Controller's instructions infringe the Data Protection Legislation.
- 5. The Processor shall provide all reasonable assistance to the Controller in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment prior to commencing any Processing. Such assistance may, at the discretion of the Controller, include:
- (a) a systematic description of the envisaged Processing and the purpose of the Processing:
- (b) an assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the Processing in relation to the Deliverables;
- (c) an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects; and

- (d) the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of Personal Data.
- **6.** The Processor shall, in relation to any Personal Data Processed in connection with its obligations under the Contract:
- (a) Process that Personal Data only in accordance with Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*), unless the Processor is required to do otherwise by Law. If it is so required the Processor shall notify the Controller before Processing the Personal Data unless prohibited by Law;
- (b) ensure that it has in place Protective Measures, including in the case of the Supplier the measures set out in Clause 14.3 of the Core Terms, which the Controller may reasonably reject (but failure to reject shall not amount to approval by the Controller of the adequacy of the Protective Measures) having taken account of the:
  - (i) nature of the data to be protected;
  - (ii) harm that might result from a Personal Data Breach;
  - (iii) state of technological development; and
  - (iv) cost of implementing any measures;
- (c) ensure that:
  - (i) the Processor Personnel do not Process Personal Data except in accordance with the Contract (and in particular Annex 1 (Processing Personal Data));
  - (ii) it takes all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Processor Personnel who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
    - (A) are aware of and comply with the Processor's duties under this Joint Schedule 11, Clauses 14 (*Data protection*), 15 (*What you must keep confidential*) and 16 (*When you can share information*) of the Core Terms;
    - (B) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Processor or any Subprocessor;
    - (C) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not publish, disclose or divulge any of the Personal Data to any third party unless directed in writing to do so by the Controller or as otherwise permitted by the Contract; and
    - (D) have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data;
- (d) not transfer Personal Data outside of the UK or EU unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:
  - (i) the Controller or the Processor has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer (whether in accordance with

- UK GDPR Article 46 or LED Article 37) as determined by the Controller:
- (ii) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;
- (iii) the Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the Controller in meeting its obligations); and
- (iv) the Processor complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the Controller with respect to the Processing of the Personal Data; and
- (e) at the written direction of the Controller, delete or return Personal Data (and any copies of it) to the Controller on termination of the Contract unless the Processor is required by Law to retain the Personal Data.
- 7. Subject to paragraph 8 of this Joint Schedule 11, the Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if in relation to it Processing Personal Data under or in connection with the Contract it:
- (a) receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);
- (b) receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
- (c) receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
- (d) receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data Processed under the Contract:
- receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with such request is required or purported to be required by Law; or
- (f) becomes aware of a Personal Data Breach.
- 8. The Processor's obligation to notify under paragraph 7 of this Joint Schedule 11 shall include the provision of further information to the Controller, as details become available.
- Taking into account the nature of the Processing, the Processor shall provide the Controller with assistance in relation to either Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under paragraph 7 of this Joint Schedule 11 (and insofar as possible within the timescales reasonably required by the Controller) including by immediately providing:
- (a) the Controller with full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
- (b) such assistance as is reasonably requested by the Controller to enable it to

- comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales set out in the Data Protection Legislation;
- (c) the Controller, at its request, with any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject;
- (d) assistance as requested by the Controller following any Personal Data Breach; and/or
- (e) assistance as requested by the Controller with respect to any request from the Information Commissioner's Office, or any consultation by the Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 10. The Processor shall maintain complete and accurate records and information to demonstrate its compliance with this Joint Schedule 11. This requirement does not apply where the Processor employs fewer than 250 staff, unless:
- (a) the Controller determines that the Processing is not occasional;
- (b) the Controller determines the Processing includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the UK GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the UK GDPR; or
- (c) the Controller determines that the Processing is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 11. The Processor shall allow for audits of its Data Processing activity by the Controller or the Controller's designated auditor.
- **12.** The Parties shall designate a Data Protection Officer if required by the Data Protection Legislation.
- **13.** Before allowing any Subprocessor to Process any Personal Data related to the Contract, the Processor must:
- (a) notify the Controller in writing of the intended Subprocessor and Processing;
- (b) obtain the written consent of the Controller;
- (c) enter into a written agreement with the Subprocessor which give effect to the terms set out in this Joint Schedule 11 such that they apply to the Subprocessor; and
- (d) provide the Controller with such information regarding the Subprocessor as the Controller may reasonably require.
- **14.** The Processor shall remain fully liable for all acts or omissions of any of its Subprocessors.
- 15. The Relevant Authority may, at any time on not less than thirty (30) Working Days' notice, revise this Joint Schedule 11 by replacing it with any applicable controller to processor standard clauses or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme (which shall apply when incorporated by attachment to the Contract).

16. The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The Relevant Authority may on not less than thirty (30) Working Days' notice to the Supplier amend the Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

#### Where the Parties are Joint Controllers of Personal Data

17. In the event that the Parties are Joint Controllers in respect of Personal Data under the Contract, the Parties shall implement paragraphs that are necessary to comply with UK GDPR Article 26 based on the terms set out in Annex 2 to this Joint Schedule 11.

#### **Independent Controllers of Personal Data**

- 18. With respect to Personal Data provided by one Party to another Party for which each Party acts as Controller but which is not under the Joint Control of the Parties, each Party undertakes to comply with the applicable Data Protection Legislation in respect of their Processing of such Personal Data as Controller.
- 19. Each Party shall Process the Personal Data in compliance with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and not do anything to cause the other Party to be in breach of it.
- 20. Where a Party has provided Personal Data to the other Party in accordance with paragraph 18 of this Joint Schedule 11 above, the recipient of the Personal Data will provide all such relevant documents and information relating to its data protection policies and procedures as the other Party may reasonably require.
- 21. The Parties shall be responsible for their own compliance with Articles 13 and 14 UK GDPR in respect of the Processing of Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract.
- **22.** The Parties shall only provide Personal Data to each other:
- (a) to the extent necessary to perform their respective obligations under the Contract;
- (b) in compliance with the Data Protection Legislation (including by ensuring all required data privacy information has been given to affected Data Subjects to meet the requirements of Articles 13 and 14 of the UK GDPR); and
- (c) where it has recorded it in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 23. Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of Processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, each Party shall, with respect to its Processing of Personal Data as Independent Controller, implement and maintain appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to that risk, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the UK GDPR, and the measures shall, at a minimum, comply with the

- requirements of the Data Protection Legislation, including Article 32 of the UK GDPR.
- 24. A Party Processing Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract shall maintain a record of its Processing activities in accordance with Article 30 UK GDPR and shall make the record available to the other Party upon reasonable request.
- 25. Where a Party receives a request by any Data Subject to exercise any of their rights under the Data Protection Legislation in relation to the Personal Data provided to it by the other Party pursuant to the Contract ("Request Recipient"):
- (a) the other Party shall provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the Request Recipient to help it respond to the request or correspondence, at the cost of the Request Recipient; or
- (b) where the request or correspondence is directed to the other Party and/or relates to that other Party's Processing of the Personal Data, the Request Recipient will:
  - (i) promptly, and in any event within five (5) Working Days of receipt of the request or correspondence, inform the other Party that it has received the same and shall forward such request or correspondence to the other Party; and
  - (ii) provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the other Party to help it respond to the request or correspondence in the timeframes specified by Data Protection Legislation.
- **26.** Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party upon it becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach relating to Personal Data provided by the other Party pursuant to the Contract and shall:
- (a) do all such things as reasonably necessary to assist the other Party in mitigating the effects of the Personal Data Breach;
- (b) implement any measures necessary to restore the security of any compromised Personal Data;
- (c) work with the other Party to make any required notifications to the Information Commissioner's Office and affected Data Subjects in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation (including the timeframes set out therein); and
- (d) not do anything which may damage the reputation of the other Party or that Party's relationship with the relevant Data Subjects, save as required by Law.
- 27. Personal Data provided by one Party to the other Party may be used exclusively to exercise rights and obligations under the Contract as specified in Annex 1

(Processing Personal Data).

- 28. Personal Data shall not be retained or processed for longer than is necessary to perform each Party's respective obligations under the Contract which is specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 29. Notwithstanding the general application of paragraphs 2 to 16 of this Joint Schedule 11 to Personal Data, where the Supplier is required to exercise its regulatory and/or legal obligations in respect of Personal Data, it shall act as an Independent Controller of Personal Data in accordance with paragraphs 18 to 28 of this Joint Schedule 11.

#### **Annex 1 - Processing Personal Data**

This Annex shall be completed by the Controller, who may take account of the view of the Processors, however the final decision as to the content of this Annex shall be with the Relevant Authority at its absolute discretion.

- 1.1.1.1 The contact details of the Relevant Authority's Data Protection Officer are: **Redacted under Section 40 of FOI Act>**
- 1.1.1.2 The contact details of the Supplier's Data Protection Officer are:
- 1.1.1.3 <a href="#"><Redacted under Section 40 of FOI</a>
  Act>The Processor shall comply with any further written instructions with respect to Processing by the Controller.
- 1.1.1.4 Any such further instructions shall be incorporated into this Annex.

Description	Details
Identity of Controller for each	The Relevant Authority is Controller and the Supplier is Processor
Category of Personal Data	The Parties acknowledge that in accordance with paragraph 3 to paragraph 16 and for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the Relevant Authority is the Controller and the Supplier is the Processor of the following Personal Data:
	<ul><li>Name</li><li>Contact number</li></ul>
	Email addresses
	<ul><li>Age</li><li>Gender</li></ul>
	• Ethnicity
	<ul> <li>Learning disability</li> <li>(long list, some of the above Personal Data may not be used)</li> </ul>
	The Supplier is Controller and the Relevant Authority is Processor
	N/A

	The Parties are Joint Controllers				
	N/A				
	The Parties are Independent Controllers of Personal Data				
	N/A				
Duration of the Processing	25/09/2025-31/03/2025				
Nature and purposes of the Processing	Nature of the processing: collection, recording, structuring, storage, dissemination				
	Purpose of the processing: interviewing & consultation for the purposes of gathering insights on what works for children, young people and families in care proceeding				
Type of Personal Data	<ul> <li>Name</li> <li>Contact number</li> <li>Email addresses</li> <li>Age</li> <li>Gender</li> <li>Ethnicity</li> <li>Learning disability</li> <li>(long list, some of the above Personal Data may not be used)</li> </ul>				
Categories of Data Subject	<ul> <li>People with lived experience</li> <li>LA staff</li> <li>Other stakeholders staff (Cafcass, HMCTS, judiciary)</li> <li>Local Family Justice Board members</li> </ul>				

Plan for return and destruction of the data once the Processing is complete

UNLESS requirement under Union or Member State law to preserve that type of data The company will delete data held in the following circumstances:

- The data is no longer required for the purposes for which it was originally collected or processed;
- Subject wishes to withdraw to your consent for or object to the Company holding and processing their data;
- The data has been processed unlawfully;
- The data must be erased to comply with a particular legal obligation.

The company may not be able to comply with a request for erasure where there is an overriding legitimate interest, for example providing the service of employment.

### Annex 2 - Joint Controller Agreement Not applicable

### **Call-Off Schedule 3 (Continuous Improvement)**

#### 1. Buyer's Rights

1.1 The Buyer and the Supplier recognise that, where specified in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management), the Buyer may give CCS the right to enforce the Buyer's rights under this Schedule.

#### 2. Supplier's Obligations

- 2.1 The Supplier must, throughout the Contract Period, identify new or potential improvements to the provision of the Deliverables with a view to reducing the Buyer's costs (including the Charges) and/or improving the quality and efficiency of the Deliverables and their supply to the Buyer.
- 2.2 The Supplier must adopt a policy of continuous improvement in relation to the Deliverables, which must include regular reviews with the Buyer of the Deliverables and the way it provides them, with a view to reducing the Buyer's costs (including the Charges) and/or improving the quality and efficiency of the Deliverables. The Supplier and the Buyer must provide each other with any information relevant to meeting this objective.
- 2.3 In addition to Paragraph 2.1, the Supplier shall produce at the start of each Contract Year a plan for improving the provision of Deliverables and/or reducing the Charges (without adversely affecting the performance of this Contract) during that Contract Year ("Continuous Improvement Plan") for the Buyer's Approval. The Continuous Improvement Plan must include, as a minimum, proposals:
  - 2.3.1 identifying the emergence of relevant new and evolving technologies;
  - 2.3.2 changes in business processes of the Supplier or the Buyer and ways of working that would provide cost savings and/or enhanced benefits to the Buyer (such as methods of interaction, supply chain efficiencies, reduction in energy consumption and methods of sale);
  - 2.3.3 new or potential improvements to the provision of the Deliverables including the quality, responsiveness, procedures, benchmarking methods, likely performance mechanisms and customer support services in relation to the Deliverables; and
  - 2.3.4 measuring and reducing the sustainability impacts of the Supplier's operations and supply-chains relating to the Deliverables, and identifying opportunities to assist the Buyer in meeting their sustainability objectives.
- 2.4 The initial Continuous Improvement Plan for the first (1st) Contract Year shall be submitted by the Supplier to the Buyer for Approval within one hundred (100) Working Days of the first Order or six (6) Months following the Start Date, whichever is earlier.

- 2.5 The Buyer shall notify the Supplier of its Approval or rejection of the proposed Continuous Improvement Plan or any updates to it within twenty (20) Working Days of receipt. If it is rejected then the Supplier shall, within ten (10) Working Days of receipt of notice of rejection, submit a revised Continuous Improvement Plan reflecting the changes required. Once Approved, it becomes the Continuous Improvement Plan for the purposes of this Contract.
- 2.6 The Supplier must provide sufficient information with each suggested improvement to enable a decision on whether to implement it. The Supplier shall provide any further information as requested.
- 2.7 If the Buyer wishes to incorporate any improvement into this Contract, it must request a Variation in accordance with the Variation Procedure and the Supplier must implement such Variation at no additional cost to the Buyer or CCS.
- 2.8 Once the first Continuous Improvement Plan has been Approved in accordance with Paragraph 2.5:
  - 2.8.1 the Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to implement any agreed deliverables in accordance with the Continuous Improvement Plan; and
  - 2.8.2 the Parties agree to meet as soon as reasonably possible following the start of each quarter (or as otherwise agreed between the Parties) to review the Supplier's progress against the Continuous Improvement Plan.
- 2.9 The Supplier shall update the Continuous Improvement Plan as and when required but at least once every Contract Year (after the first (1st) Contract Year) in accordance with the procedure and timescales set out in Paragraph 2.3.
- 2.10 All costs relating to the compilation or updating of the Continuous Improvement Plan and the costs arising from any improvement made pursuant to it and the costs of implementing any improvement, shall have no effect on and are included in the Charges.
- 2.11 Should the Supplier's costs in providing the Deliverables to the Buyer be reduced as a result of any changes implemented, all of the cost savings shall be passed on to the Buyer by way of a consequential and immediate reduction in the Charges for the Deliverables.
- 2.12 At any time during the Contract Period of the Call-Off Contract, the Supplier may make a proposal for gainshare. If the Buyer deems gainshare to be applicable then the Supplier shall update the Continuous Improvement Plan so as to include details of the way in which the proposal shall be implemented in accordance with an agreed gainshare ratio.

# Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details)

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### **Call-Off Schedule 6 (ICT Services)**

#### 1. Definitions

**1.1.** In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Buyer Property"

the property, other than real property and IPR, including the Buyer System, any equipment issued or made available to the Supplier by the Buyer in connection with this Contract;

"Buyer Software"

any software which is owned by or licensed to the Buyer and which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purposes of providing the Deliverables:

"Buyer System"

the Buyer's computing environment (consisting of hardware, software and/or telecommunications networks or equipment) used by the Buyer or the Supplier in connection with this Contract which is owned by or licensed to the Buyer by a third party and which interfaces with the Supplier System or which is necessary for the Buyer to receive the Deliverables:

"Commercial off the shelf Software" or "COTS Software" Non-customised software where the IPR may be owned and licensed either by the Supplier or a third party depending on the context, and which is commercially available for purchase and subject to standard licence terms

"Defect"

any of the following:

- a) any error, damage or defect in the manufacturing of a Deliverable; or
- any error or failure of code within the Software which causes a Deliverable to malfunction or to produce unintelligible or incorrect results; or
- c) any failure of any Deliverable to provide the performance, features and functionality specified in the requirements of the Buyer or the Documentation (including any adverse effect on response times) regardless of whether or not it prevents the relevant Deliverable from passing any Test required under this Call Off Contract; or

 d) any failure of any Deliverable to operate in conjunction with or interface with any other Deliverable in order to provide the performance, features and functionality specified in the requirements of the Buyer or the Documentation (including any adverse effect on response times) regardless of whether or not it prevents the relevant Deliverable from passing any Test required under this Contract;

#### "Emergency Maintenance"

ad hoc and unplanned maintenance provided by the Supplier where either Party reasonably suspects that the ICT Environment or the Services, or any part of the ICT Environment or the Services, has or may have developed a fault;

#### "ICT Environment"

the Buyer System and the Supplier System;

#### "Licensed Software"

all and any Software licensed by or through the Supplier, its Subcontractors or any third party to the Buyer for the purposes of or pursuant to this Call Off Contract, including any COTS Software;

# "Maintenance Schedule"

has the meaning given to it in paragraph 8 of this Schedule;

#### "Malicious Software"

any software program or code intended to destroy, interfere with, corrupt, or cause undesired effects on program files, data or other information, executable code or application software macros, whether or not its operation is immediate or delayed, and whether the malicious software is introduced wilfully, negligently or without knowledge of its existence;

#### "New Release"

an item produced primarily to extend, alter or improve the Software and/or any Deliverable by providing additional functionality or performance enhancement (whether or not defects in the Software and/or Deliverable are also corrected) while still retaining the original designated purpose of that item;

# "Open Source Software"

computer software that has its source code made available subject to an open-source licence under which the owner of the copyright and other IPR in such software provides the rights to use, study, change and distribute the software to any and all persons and for any and all purposes free of charge;

# "Operating Environment"

means the Buyer System and any premises (including the Buyer Premises, the Supplier's premises or third party premises) from, to or at which:

- a) the Deliverables are (or are to be) provided;
   or
- b) the Supplier manages, organises or otherwise directs the provision or the use of the Deliverables: or
- c) where any part of the Supplier System is situated:

# "Permitted Maintenance"

has the meaning given to it in paragraph 8.2 of this Schedule:

#### "Quality Plans"

has the meaning given to it in paragraph 6.1 of this Schedule:

#### "Sites"

has the meaning given to it in Joint Schedule 1(Definitions), and for the purposes of this Call Off Schedule shall also include any premises from, to or at which physical interface with the Buyer System takes place;

#### "Software"

Specially Written Software COTS Software and non-COTS Supplier and third party Software;

# "Software Supporting Materials"

has the meaning given to it in paragraph 9.1 of this Schedule;

#### "Source Code"

computer programs and/or data in eye-readable form and in such form that it can be compiled or interpreted into equivalent binary code together with all related design comments, flow charts, technical information and documentation necessary for the use, reproduction, maintenance, modification and enhancement of such software:

# "Specially Written Software"

any software (including database software, linking instructions, test scripts, compilation instructions and test instructions) created by the Supplier (or by a Subcontractor or other third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of this Contract, including any modifications or enhancements to COTS Software. For the avoidance of doubt Specially Written Software does not constitute New IPR;

"Supplier System"

the information and communications technology system used by the Supplier in supplying the Deliverables, including the COTS Software, the Supplier Equipment, configuration and management utilities, calibration and testing tools and related cabling (but excluding the Buyer System);

#### 2. When this Schedule should be used

**2.1.** This Schedule is designed to provide additional provisions necessary to facilitate the provision of ICT Services which are part of the Deliverables.

#### 3. Buyer due diligence requirements

- **3.1.** The Supplier shall satisfy itself of all relevant details, including but not limited to, details relating to the following;
  - 3.1.1. suitability of the existing and (to the extent that it is defined or reasonably foreseeable at the Start Date) future Operating Environment;
  - 3.1.2. operating processes and procedures and the working methods of the Buyer;
  - 3.1.3. ownership, functionality, capacity, condition and suitability for use in the provision of the Deliverables of the Buyer Assets; and
  - 3.1.4. existing contracts (including any licences, support, maintenance and other contracts relating to the Operating Environment) referred to in the Due Diligence Information which may be novated to, assigned to or managed by the Supplier under this Contract and/or which the Supplier will require the benefit of for the provision of the Deliverables.
- **3.2.** The Supplier confirms that it has advised the Buyer in writing of:
  - 3.2.1. each aspect, if any, of the Operating Environment that is not suitable for the provision of the ICT Services;
  - 3.2.2. the actions needed to remedy each such unsuitable aspect; and
  - 3.2.3. a timetable for and the costs of those actions.

#### 4. Licensed software warranty

- **4.1.** The Supplier represents and warrants that:
  - 4.1.1. it has and shall continue to have all necessary rights in and to the Licensed Software made available by the Supplier (and/or any Subcontractor) to the Buyer which are necessary for the performance

of the Supplier's obligations under this Contract including the receipt of the Deliverables by the Buyer;

- 4.1.2. all components of the Specially Written Software shall:
  - 4.1.2.1. be free from material design and programming errors;
  - 4.1.2.2. perform in all material respects in accordance with the relevant specifications contained in Call Off Schedule 14 (Service Levels) and Documentation; and
  - 4.1.2.3. not infringe any IPR.

#### 5. Provision of ICT Services

- **5.1.** The Supplier shall:
  - 5.1.1. ensure that the release of any new COTS Software in which the Supplier owns the IPR, or upgrade to any Software in which the Supplier owns the IPR complies with the interface requirements of the Buyer and (except in relation to new Software or upgrades which are released to address Malicious Software) shall notify the Buyer three (3) Months before the release of any new COTS Software or Upgrade;
  - 5.1.2. ensure that all Software including upgrades, updates and New Releases used by or on behalf of the Supplier are currently supported versions of that Software and perform in all material respects in accordance with the relevant specification;
  - 5.1.3. ensure that the Supplier System will be free of all encumbrances;
  - 5.1.4. ensure that the Deliverables are fully compatible with any Buyer Software, Buyer System, or otherwise used by the Supplier in connection with this Contract:
  - 5.1.5. minimise any disruption to the Services and the ICT Environment and/or the Buyer's operations when providing the Deliverables;

#### 6. Standards and Quality Requirements

- **6.1.** The Supplier shall develop, in the timescales specified in the Order Form, quality plans that ensure that all aspects of the Deliverables are the subject of quality management systems and are consistent with BS EN ISO 9001 or any equivalent standard which is generally recognised as having replaced it ("Quality Plans").
- 6.2. The Supplier shall seek Approval from the Buyer (not be unreasonably withheld or delayed) of the Quality Plans before implementing them. Approval shall not act as an endorsement of the Quality Plans and shall not relieve the Supplier of its responsibility for ensuring that the Deliverables are provided to the standard required by this Contract.
- **6.3.** Following the approval of the Quality Plans, the Supplier shall provide all Deliverables in accordance with the Quality Plans.
- **6.4.** The Supplier shall ensure that the Supplier Personnel shall at all times during the Call Off Contract Period:

- 6.4.1. be appropriately experienced, qualified and trained to supply the Deliverables in accordance with this Contract;
- 6.4.2. apply all due skill, care, diligence in faithfully performing those duties and exercising such powers as necessary in connection with the provision of the Deliverables; and
- 6.4.3. obey all lawful instructions and reasonable directions of the Buyer (including, if so required by the Buyer, the ICT Policy) and provide the Deliverables to the reasonable satisfaction of the Buyer.

#### 7. ICT Audit

- **7.1.** The Supplier shall allow any auditor access to the Supplier premises to:
  - 7.1.1. inspect the ICT Environment and the wider service delivery environment (or any part of them);
  - 7.1.2. review any records created during the design and development of the Supplier System and pre-operational environment such as information relating to Testing;
  - 7.1.3. review the Supplier's quality management systems including all relevant Quality Plans.

#### 8. Maintenance of the ICT Environment

- **8.1.** If specified by the Buyer in the Order Form, the Supplier shall create and maintain a rolling schedule of planned maintenance to the ICT Environment ("**Maintenance Schedule**") and make it available to the Buyer for Approval in accordance with the timetable and instructions specified by the Buyer.
- **8.2.** Once the Maintenance Schedule has been Approved, the Supplier shall only undertake such planned maintenance (which shall be known as "**Permitted Maintenance**") in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.
- **8.3.** The Supplier shall give as much notice as is reasonably practicable to the Buyer prior to carrying out any Emergency Maintenance.
- 8.4. The Supplier shall carry out any necessary maintenance (whether Permitted Maintenance or Emergency Maintenance) where it reasonably suspects that the ICT Environment and/or the Services or any part thereof has or may have developed a fault. Any such maintenance shall be carried out in such a manner and at such times so as to avoid (or where this is not possible so as to minimise) disruption to the ICT Environment and the provision of the Deliverables.

#### 9. Intellectual Property Rights in ICT

#### 9.1. Assignments granted by the Supplier: Specially Written Software

9.1.1. The Supplier assigns (by present assignment of future rights to take effect immediately on it coming into existence) to the Buyer with full guarantee (or shall procure assignment to the Buyer), title to and all rights and interest in the Specially Written Software together with and including:

- 9.1.1.1. the Documentation, Source Code and the Object Code of the Specially Written Software; and
- 9.1.1.2. all build instructions, test instructions, test scripts, test data, operating instructions and other documents and tools necessary for maintaining and supporting the Specially Written Software and the New IPR (together the "Software Supporting Materials").

#### 9.1.2. The Supplier shall:

- 9.1.2.1. inform the Buyer of all Specially Written Software or New IPRs that are a modification, customisation, configuration or enhancement to any COTS Software;
- 9.1.2.2. deliver to the Buyer the Specially Written Software and any computer program elements of the New IPRs in both Source Code and Object Code forms together with relevant Documentation and all related Software Supporting Materials within seven days of completion or, if a relevant Milestone has been identified in an Implementation Plan, Achievement of that Milestone and shall provide updates of them promptly following each new release of the Specially Written Software, in each case on media that is reasonably acceptable to the Buyer and the Buyer shall become the owner of such media upon receipt; and
- 9.1.2.3. without prejudice to paragraph 9.1.2.2, provide full details to the Buyer of any of the Supplier's Existing IPRs or Third Party IPRs which are embedded or which are an integral part of the Specially Written Software or New IPR and the Supplier hereby grants to the Buyer and shall procure that any relevant third party licensor shall grant to the Buyer a perpetual, irrevocable, non-exclusive, assignable, royalty-free licence to use, sub-license and/or commercially exploit such Supplier's Existing IPRs and Third Party IPRs to the extent that it is necessary to enable the Buyer to obtain the full benefits of ownership of the Specially Written Software and New IPRs.
- 9.1.3. The Supplier shall promptly execute all such assignments as are required to ensure that any rights in the Specially Written Software and New IPRs are properly transferred to the Buyer.

# 9.2. Licences for non-COTS IPR from the Supplier and third parties to the Buyer

- 9.2.1. Unless the Buyer gives its Approval the Supplier must not use any:
  - a) of its own Existing IPR that is not COTS Software;
  - b) third party software that is not COTS Software
- 9.2.2. Where the Buyer Approves the use of the Supplier's Existing IPR that is not COTS Software the Supplier shall grants to the Buyer a perpetual, royalty-free and non-exclusive licence to use adapt, and

sub-license the same for any purpose relating to the Deliverables (or substantially equivalent deliverables) or for any purpose relating to the exercise of the Buyer's (or, if the Buyer is a Central Government Body, any other Central Government Body's) business or function including the right to load, execute, store, transmit, display and copy (for the purposes of archiving, backing-up, loading, execution, storage, transmission or display) for the Call Off Contract Period and after expiry of the Contract to the extent necessary to ensure continuity of service and an effective transition of Services to a Replacement Supplier.

- 9.2.3. Where the Buyer Approves the use of third party Software that is not COTS Software the Supplier shall procure that the owners or the authorised licensors of any such Software grant a direct licence to the Buyer on terms at least equivalent to those set out in Paragraph 9.2.2. If the Supplier cannot obtain such a licence for the Buyer it shall:
  - 9.2.3.1. notify the Buyer in writing giving details of what licence terms can be obtained and whether there are alternative software providers which the Supplier could seek to use; and
  - 9.2.3.2. only use such third party IPR as referred to at paragraph9.2.3.1 if the Buyer Approves the terms of the licence from the relevant third party.
- 9.2.4. Where the Supplier is unable to provide a licence to the Supplier's Existing IPR in accordance with Paragraph 9.2.2 above, it must meet the requirement by making use of COTS Software or Specially Written Software.
- by giving at least thirty (30) days' notice in writing if there is an Authority Cause which constitutes a material Default which, if capable of remedy, is not remedied within twenty (20) Working Days after the Supplier gives the Buyer written notice specifying the breach and requiring its remedy.

# 9.3. Licences for COTS Software by the Supplier and third parties to the Buyer

- 9.3.1. The Supplier shall either grant, or procure that the owners or the authorised licensors of any COTS Software grant, a direct licence to the Buyer on terms no less favourable than those standard commercial terms on which such software is usually made commercially available.
- 9.3.2. Where the Supplier owns the COTS Software it shall make available the COTS software to a Replacement Supplier at a price and on terms no less favourable than those standard commercial terms on which such software is usually made commercially available.
- 9.3.3. Where a third party is the owner of COTS Software licensed in accordance with this Paragraph 9.3 the Supplier shall support the

Replacement Supplier to make arrangements with the owner or authorised licensee to renew the licence at a price and on terms no less favourable than those standard commercial terms on which such software is usually made commercially available.

- 9.3.4. The Supplier shall notify the Buyer within seven (7) days of becoming aware of any COTS Software which in the next thirty-six (36) months:
  - 9.3.4.1. will no longer be maintained or supported by the developer; or
  - 9.3.4.2. will no longer be made commercially available

#### 9.4. Buyer's right to assign/novate licences

- 9.4.1. The Buyer may assign, novate or otherwise transfer its rights and obligations under the licences granted pursuant to paragraph 9.2 (to:
  - 9.4.1.1. a Central Government Body; or
  - 9.4.1.2. to any body (including any private sector body) which performs or carries on any of the functions and/or activities that previously had been performed and/or carried on by the Buyer.
- 9.4.2. If the Buyer ceases to be a Central Government Body, the successor body to the Buyer shall still be entitled to the benefit of the licences granted in paragraph 9.2.

#### 9.5. Licence granted by the Buyer

9.5.1. The Buyer grants to the Supplier a royalty-free, non-exclusive, non-transferable licence during the Contract Period to use the Buyer Software and the Specially Written Software solely to the extent necessary for providing the Deliverables in accordance with this Contract, including the right to grant sub-licences to Sub-Contractors provided that any relevant Sub-Contractor has entered into a confidentiality undertaking with the Supplier on the same terms as set out in Clause 15 (Confidentiality).

#### 9.6. Open Source Publication

- 9.6.1. Unless the Buyer otherwise agreed in advance in writing (and subject to paragraph 9.6.3) all Specially Written Software and computer program elements of New IPR shall be created in a format, or able to be converted (in which case the Supplier shall also provide the converted format to the Buyer) into a format, which is:
  - 9.6.1.1. suitable for publication by the Buyer as Open Source; and
  - 9.6.1.2. based on Open Standards (where applicable),

and the Buyer may, at its sole discretion, publish the same as Open Source.

- 9.6.2. The Supplier hereby warrants that the Specially Written Software and the New IPR:
  - 9.6.2.1. are suitable for release as Open Source and that the Supplier has used reasonable endeavours when developing the same to ensure that publication by the Buyer will not

- enable a third party to use them in any way which could reasonably be foreseen to compromise the operation, running or security of the Specially Written Software, New IPRs or the Buyer System;
- 9.6.2.2. have been developed using reasonable endeavours to ensure that their publication by the Buyer shall not cause any harm or damage to any party using them;
- 9.6.2.3. do not contain any material which would bring the Buyer into disrepute;
- 9.6.2.4. can be published as Open Source without breaching the rights of any third party;
- 9.6.2.5. will be supplied in a format suitable for publication as Open Source ("the Open Source Publication Material") no later than the date notified by the Buyer to the Supplier; and
- 9.6.2.6. do not contain any Malicious Software.
- 9.6.3. Where the Buyer has Approved a request by the Supplier for any part of the Specially Written Software or New IPRs to be excluded from the requirement to be in an Open Source format due to the intention to embed or integrate Supplier Existing IPRs and/or Third Party IPRs (and where the Parties agree that such IPRs are not intended to be published as Open Source), the Supplier shall:
  - 9.6.3.1. as soon as reasonably practicable, provide written details of the nature of the IPRs and items or Deliverables based on IPRs which are to be excluded from Open Source publication; and
  - 9.6.3.2. include in the written details and information about the impact that inclusion of such IPRs or Deliverables based on such IPRs, will have on any other Specially Written Software and/or New IPRs and the Buyer's ability to publish such other items or Deliverables as Open Source.

#### 9.7. Malicious Software

- 9.7.1. The Supplier shall, throughout the Contract Period, use the latest versions of antivirus definitions and software available from an industry accepted anti-virus software vendor to check for, contain the spread of, and minimise the impact of Malicious Software.
- 9.7.2. If Malicious Software is found, the Parties shall cooperate to reduce the effect of the Malicious Software and, particularly if Malicious Software causes loss of operational efficiency or loss or corruption of Government Data, assist each other to mitigate any losses and to restore the provision of the Deliverables to its desired operating efficiency.

- 9.7.3. Any cost arising out of the actions of the Parties taken in compliance with the provisions of paragraph 9.7.2 shall be borne by the Parties as follows:
  - 9.7.3.1. by the Supplier, where the Malicious Software originates from the Supplier Software, the third party Software supplied by the Supplier or the Government Data (whilst the Government Data was under the control of the Supplier) unless the Supplier can demonstrate that such Malicious Software was present and not quarantined or otherwise identified by the Buyer when provided to the Supplier; and
  - 9.7.3.2. by the Buyer, if the Malicious Software originates from the Buyer Software or the Buyer Data (whilst the Buyer Data was under the control of the Buyer).

### **Call-Off Schedule 7 (Key Supplier Staff)**

- 1.1 The Order Form lists the key roles ("**Key Roles**") and names of the persons who the Supplier shall appoint to fill those Key Roles at the Start Date.
- 1.2 The Supplier shall ensure that the Key Staff fulfil the Key Roles at all times during the Contract Period.
- 1.3 The Buyer may identify any further roles as being Key Roles and, following agreement to the same by the Supplier, the relevant person selected to fill those Key Roles shall be included on the list of Key Staff.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall not and shall procure that any Subcontractor shall not remove or replace any Key Staff unless:
  - 1.4.1 requested to do so by the Buyer or the Buyer Approves such removal or replacement (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed);
  - 1.4.2 the person concerned resigns, retires or dies or is on maternity or longterm sick leave; or
  - 1.4.3 the person's employment or contractual arrangement with the Supplier or Subcontractor is terminated for material breach of contract by the employee.

#### 1.5 The Supplier shall:

- 1.5.1 notify the Buyer promptly of the absence of any Key Staff (other than for short-term sickness or holidays of two (2) weeks or less, in which case the Supplier shall ensure appropriate temporary cover for that Key Role);
- 1.5.2 ensure that any Key Role is not vacant for any longer than ten (10) Working Days;
- 1.5.3 give as much notice as is reasonably practicable of its intention to remove or replace any member of Key Staff and, except in the cases of death, unexpected ill health or a material breach of the Key Staff's employment contract, this will mean at least three (3) Months' notice;
- 1.5.4 ensure that all arrangements for planned changes in Key Staff provide adequate periods during which incoming and outgoing staff work together to transfer responsibilities and ensure that such change does not have an adverse impact on the provision of the Deliverables; and
- 1.5.5 ensure that any replacement for a Key Role has a level of qualifications and experience appropriate to the relevant Key Role and is fully

competent to carry out the tasks assigned to the Key Staff whom he or she has replaced.

1.6 The Buyer may require the Supplier to remove or procure that any Subcontractor shall remove any Key Staff that the Buyer considers in any respect unsatisfactory. The Buyer shall not be liable for the cost of replacing any Key Staff.

# Call-Off Schedule 8 (Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery)

#### 1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"BCDR Plan"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2.2 of this Schedule;
"Business Continuity Plan"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2.3.2 of this Schedule;
"Disaster"	the occurrence of one or more events which, either separately or cumulatively, mean that the Deliverables, or a material part thereof will be unavailable (or could reasonably be anticipated to be unavailable);
"Disaster Recovery Deliverables"	the Deliverables embodied in the processes and procedures for restoring the provision of Deliverables following the occurrence of a Disaster;
"Disaster Recovery Plan"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2.3.3 of this Schedule;
"Disaster Recovery System"	the system embodied in the processes and procedures for restoring the provision of Deliverables following the occurrence of a Disaster;
"Related Supplier"	any person who provides Deliverables to the Buyer which are related to the Deliverables from time to time;
"Review Report"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 6.3 of this Schedule; and
"Supplier's Proposals"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 6.3 of this Schedule;

#### 2. BCDR Plan

- 2.1 The Buyer and the Supplier recognise that, where specified in Schedule 4 (Framework Management), CCS shall have the right to enforce the Buyer's rights under this Schedule.
- 2.2 At least ninety (90) Working Days prior to the Start Date the Supplier shall prepare and deliver to the Buyer for the Buyer's written approval a plan (a

- "BCDR Plan"), which shall detail the processes and arrangements that the Supplier shall follow to:
- 2.2.1 ensure continuity of the business processes and operations supported by the Services following any failure or disruption of any element of the Deliverables; and
- 2.2.2 the recovery of the Deliverables in the event of a Disaster
- 2.3 The BCDR Plan shall be divided into three sections:
  - 2.3.1 Section 1 which shall set out general principles applicable to the BCDR Plan:
  - 2.3.2 Section 2 which shall relate to business continuity (the **"Business Continuity Plan"**); and
  - 2.3.3 Section 3 which shall relate to disaster recovery (the "Disaster Recovery Plan").
- 2.4 Following receipt of the draft BCDR Plan from the Supplier, the Parties shall use reasonable endeavours to agree the contents of the BCDR Plan. If the Parties are unable to agree on the contents of the BCDR Plan within twenty (20) Working Days of its submission, then such Disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 3. General Principles of the BCDR Plan (Section 1)
- 3.1 Section 1 of the BCDR Plan shall:
  - 3.1.1 set out how the business continuity and disaster recovery elements of the BCDR Plan link to each other;
  - 3.1.2 provide details of how the invocation of any element of the BCDR Plan may impact upon the provision of the Deliverables and any goods and/or services provided to the Buyer by a Related Supplier;
  - 3.1.3 contain an obligation upon the Supplier to liaise with the Buyer and any Related Suppliers with respect to business continuity and disaster recovery;
  - 3.1.4 detail how the BCDR Plan interoperates with any overarching disaster recovery or business continuity plan of the Buyer and any of its other Related Suppliers in each case as notified to the Supplier by the Buyer from time to time:
  - 3.1.5 contain a communication strategy including details of an incident and problem management service and advice and help desk facility which can be accessed via multiple channels;
  - 3.1.6 contain a risk analysis, including:
  - (a) failure or disruption scenarios and assessments of likely frequency of occurrence;
  - (b) identification of any single points of failure within the provision of Deliverables and processes for managing those risks;

- (c) identification of risks arising from the interaction of the provision of Deliverables with the goods and/or services provided by a Related Supplier; and
- (d) a business impact analysis of different anticipated failures or disruptions;
- 3.1.7 provide for documentation of processes, including business processes, and procedures;
- 3.1.8 set out key contact details for the Supplier (and any Subcontractors) and for the Buyer;
- 3.1.9 identify the procedures for reverting to "normal service";
- 3.1.10 set out method(s) of recovering or updating data collected (or which ought to have been collected) during a failure or disruption to minimise data loss;
- 3.1.11 identify the responsibilities (if any) that the Buyer has agreed it will assume in the event of the invocation of the BCDR Plan; and
- 3.1.12 provide for the provision of technical assistance to key contacts at the Buyer as required by the Buyer to inform decisions in support of the Buyer's business continuity plans.
- 3.2 The BCDR Plan shall be designed so as to ensure that:
  - 3.2.1 the Deliverables are provided in accordance with this Contract at all times during and after the invocation of the BCDR Plan;
  - 3.2.2 the adverse impact of any Disaster is minimised as far as reasonably possible;
  - 3.2.3 it complies with the relevant provisions of ISO/IEC 27002; ISO22301/ISO22313 and all other industry standards from time to time in force; and
  - 3.2.4 it details a process for the management of disaster recovery testing.
- 3.3 The BCDR Plan shall be upgradeable and sufficiently flexible to support any changes to the Deliverables and the business operations supported by the provision of Deliverables.
- 3.4 The Supplier shall not be entitled to any relief from its obligations under the Performance Indicators (PI's) or Service Levels, or to any increase in the Charges to the extent that a Disaster occurs as a consequence of any breach by the Supplier of this Contract.

#### 4. Business Continuity (Section 2)

- 4.1 The Business Continuity Plan shall set out the arrangements that are to be invoked to ensure that the business processes facilitated by the provision of Deliverables remain supported and to ensure continuity of the business operations supported by the Services including:
  - 4.1.1 the alternative processes, options and responsibilities that may be adopted in the event of a failure in or disruption to the provision of Deliverables; and

- 4.1.2 the steps to be taken by the Supplier upon resumption of the provision of Deliverables in order to address the effect of the failure or disruption.
- 4.2 The Business Continuity Plan shall:
  - 4.2.1 address the various possible levels of failures of or disruptions to the provision of Deliverables;
  - 4.2.2 set out the goods and/or services to be provided and the steps to be taken to remedy the different levels of failures of and disruption to the Deliverables:
  - 4.2.3 specify any applicable Performance Indicators with respect to the provision of the Business Continuity Services and details of any agreed relaxation to the Performance Indicators (Pl's) or Service Levels in respect of the provision of other Deliverables during any period of invocation of the Business Continuity Plan; and
  - 4.2.4 set out the circumstances in which the Business Continuity Plan is invoked.

#### 5. Disaster Recovery (Section 3)

- 5.1 The Disaster Recovery Plan (which shall be invoked only upon the occurrence of a Disaster) shall be designed to ensure that upon the occurrence of a Disaster the Supplier ensures continuity of the business operations of the Buyer supported by the Services following any Disaster or during any period of service failure or disruption with, as far as reasonably possible, minimal adverse impact.
- 5.2 The Supplier's BCDR Plan shall include an approach to business continuity and disaster recovery that addresses the following:
  - 5.2.1 loss of access to the Buyer Premises;
  - 5.2.2 loss of utilities to the Buyer Premises;
  - 5.2.3 loss of the Supplier's helpdesk or CAFM system;
  - 5.2.4 loss of a Subcontractor;
  - 5.2.5 emergency notification and escalation process;
  - 5.2.6 contact lists:
  - 5.2.7 staff training and awareness;
  - 5.2.8 BCDR Plan testing;
  - 5.2.9 post implementation review process;
  - 5.2.10 any applicable Performance Indicators (PI's) with respect to the provision of the disaster recovery services and details of any agreed relaxation to the Performance Indicators (PI's) or Service Levels in respect of the provision of other Deliverables during any period of invocation of the Disaster Recovery Plan;
  - 5.2.11 details of how the Supplier shall ensure compliance with security standards ensuring that compliance is maintained for any period during which the Disaster Recovery Plan is invoked;

- 5.2.12 access controls to any disaster recovery sites used by the Supplier in relation to its obligations pursuant to this Schedule; and
- 5.2.13 testing and management arrangements.

#### 6. Review and changing the BCDR Plan

- 6.1 The Supplier shall review the BCDR Plan:
  - 6.1.1 on a regular basis and as a minimum once every six (6) Months;
  - 6.1.2 within three (3) calendar Months of the BCDR Plan (or any part) having been invoked pursuant to Paragraph 7; and
  - 6.1.3 where the Buyer requests in writing any additional reviews (over and above those provided for in Paragraphs 6.1.1 and 6.1.2 of this Schedule) whereupon the Supplier shall conduct such reviews in accordance with the Buyer's written requirements. Prior to starting its review, the Supplier shall provide an accurate written estimate of the total costs payable by the Buyer for the Buyer's approval. The costs of both Parties of any such additional reviews shall be met by the Buyer except that the Supplier shall not be entitled to charge the Buyer for any costs that it may incur above any estimate without the Buyer's prior written approval.
- 6.2 Each review of the BCDR Plan pursuant to Paragraph 6.1 shall assess its suitability having regard to any change to the Deliverables or any underlying business processes and operations facilitated by or supported by the Services which have taken place since the later of the original approval of the BCDR Plan or the last review of the BCDR Plan, and shall also have regard to any occurrence of any event since that date (or the likelihood of any such event taking place in the foreseeable future) which may increase the likelihood of the need to invoke the BCDR Plan. The review shall be completed by the Supplier within such period as the Buyer shall reasonably require.
- The Supplier shall, within twenty (20) Working Days of the conclusion of each such review of the BCDR Plan, provide to the Buyer a report (a "Review Report") setting out the Supplier's proposals (the "Supplier's Proposals") for addressing any changes in the risk profile and its proposals for amendments to the BCDR Plan.
- 6.4 Following receipt of the Review Report and the Supplier's Proposals, the Parties shall use reasonable endeavours to agree the Review Report and the Supplier's Proposals. If the Parties are unable to agree on the Review Report and the Supplier's Proposals within twenty (20) Working Days of its submission, then such Disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 6.5 The Supplier shall as soon as is reasonably practicable after receiving the approval of the Supplier's Proposals effect any change in its practises or procedures necessary so as to give effect to the Supplier's Proposals. Any such change shall be at the Supplier's expense unless it can be reasonably shown that the changes are required because of a material change to the risk profile of the Deliverables.

#### 7. Testing the BCDR Plan

- 7.1 The Supplier shall test the BCDR Plan:
  - 7.1.1 regularly and in any event not less than once in every Contract Year;
  - 7.1.2 in the event of any major reconfiguration of the Deliverables
  - 7.1.3 at any time where the Buyer considers it necessary (acting in its sole discretion).
- 7.2 If the Buyer requires an additional test of the BCDR Plan, it shall give the Supplier written notice and the Supplier shall conduct the test in accordance with the Buyer's requirements and the relevant provisions of the BCDR Plan. The Supplier's costs of the additional test shall be borne by the Buyer unless the BCDR Plan fails the additional test in which case the Supplier's costs of that failed test shall be borne by the Supplier.
- 7.3 The Supplier shall undertake and manage testing of the BCDR Plan in full consultation with and under the supervision of the Buyer and shall liaise with the Buyer in respect of the planning, performance, and review, of each test, and shall comply with the reasonable requirements of the Buyer.
- 7.4 The Supplier shall ensure that any use by it or any Subcontractor of "live" data in such testing is first approved by the Buyer. Copies of live test data used in any such testing shall be (if so required by the Buyer) destroyed or returned to the Buyer on completion of the test.
- 7.5 The Supplier shall, within twenty (20) Working Days of the conclusion of each test, provide to the Buyer a report setting out:
  - 7.5.1 the outcome of the test;
  - 7.5.2 any failures in the BCDR Plan (including the BCDR Plan's procedures) revealed by the test; and
  - 7.5.3 the Supplier's proposals for remedying any such failures.
- 7.6 Following each test, the Supplier shall take all measures requested by the Buyer to remedy any failures in the BCDR Plan and such remedial activity and re-testing shall be completed by the Supplier, at its own cost, by the date reasonably required by the Buyer.

#### 8. Invoking the BCDR Plan

8.1 In the event of a complete loss of service or in the event of a Disaster, the Supplier shall immediately invoke the BCDR Plan (and shall inform the Buyer promptly of such invocation). In all other instances the Supplier shall invoke or test the BCDR Plan only with the prior consent of the Buyer.

#### 9. Circumstances beyond your control

9.1 The Supplier shall not be entitled to relief under Clause 20 (Circumstances beyond your control) if it would not have been impacted by the Force Majeure Event had it not failed to comply with its obligations under this Schedule.

# **Call-Off Schedule 10 (Exit Management)**

#### 1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Exclusive Assets"	1 Supplier Assets used exclusively by the Supplier in the provision of the Deliverables;	
"Exit Information"	2 has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 3.1 of this Schedule;	
"Exit Manager"	3 the person appointed by each Party to manage their respective obligations under this Schedule;	
"Exit Plan"	4 the plan produced and updated by the Supplier during the Initial Period in accordance with Paragraph 4 of this Schedule;	
"Net Book Value"	5 the current net book value of the relevant Supplier Asset(s) calculated in accordance with the Framework Tender or Call-Off Tender (if stated) or (if not stated) the depreciation policy of the Supplier (which the Supplier shall ensure is in accordance with Good Industry Practice);	
"Non-Exclusive Assets"	6 those Supplier Assets used by the Supplier in connection with the Deliverables but which are also used by the Supplier for other purposes;	
"Registers"	7 the register and configuration database referred to in Paragraph 2.2 of this Schedule;	
"Replacement Goods"	8 any goods which are substantially similar to any of the Goods and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Goods following the End Date, whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;	
"Replacement Services"	9 any services which are substantially similar to any of the Services and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Services following the End Date,	

	whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;	
"Termination Assistance"	10 the activities to be performed by the Supplier pursuant to the Exit Plan, and other assistance required by the Buyer pursuant to the Termination Assistance Notice;	
"Termination Assistance Notice"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 5.1 of this Schedule;	
"Termination Assistance Period"	12 the period specified in a Termination Assistance Notice for which the Supplier is required to provide the Termination Assistance as such period may be extended pursuant to Paragraph 5.2 of this Schedule;	
"Transferable Assets"	13 Exclusive Assets which are capable of legal transfer to the Buyer;	
"Transferable Contracts"	14 Sub-Contracts, licences for Supplier's Software, licences for Third Party Software or other agreements which are necessary to enable the Buyer or any Replacement Supplier to provide the Deliverables or the Replacement Goods and/or Replacement Services, including in relation to licences all relevant Documentation;	
"Transferring Assets"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.2.1 of this Schedule;	
"Transferring Contracts"	16 has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.2.3 of this Schedule.	

#### 2. Supplier must always be prepared for contract exit

- 2.1 The Supplier shall within 30 days from the Start Date provide to the Buyer a copy of its depreciation policy to be used for the purposes of calculating Net Book Value.
- 2.2 During the Contract Period, the Supplier shall promptly:
- 2.2.1 create and maintain a detailed register of all Supplier Assets (including description, condition, location and details of ownership and status as either Exclusive Assets or Non-Exclusive Assets and Net Book Value) and Subcontracts and other relevant agreements required in connection with the Deliverables; and
- 2.2.2 create and maintain a configuration database detailing the technical infrastructure and operating procedures through which the Supplier provides the Deliverables

#### ("Registers").

- 2.3 The Supplier shall:
- 2.3.1 ensure that all Exclusive Assets listed in the Registers are clearly physically identified as such; and
- 2.3.2 procure that all licences for Third Party Software and all Sub-Contracts shall be assignable and/or capable of novation (at no cost or restriction to the Buyer) at the request of the Buyer to the Buyer (and/or its nominee) and/or any Replacement Supplier upon the Supplier ceasing to provide the Deliverables (or part of them) and if the Supplier is unable to do so then the Supplier shall promptly notify the Buyer and the Buyer may require the Supplier to procure an alternative Subcontractor or provider of Deliverables.
  - 2.4 Each Party shall appoint an Exit Manager within three (3) Months of the Start Date. The Parties' Exit Managers will liaise with one another in relation to all issues relevant to the expiry or termination of this Contract.

#### 3. Assisting re-competition for Deliverables

- 3.1 The Supplier shall, on reasonable notice, provide to the Buyer and/or its potential Replacement Suppliers (subject to the potential Replacement Suppliers entering into reasonable written confidentiality undertakings), such information (including any access) as the Buyer shall reasonably require in order to facilitate the preparation by the Buyer of any invitation to tender and/or to facilitate any potential Replacement Suppliers undertaking due diligence (the "Exit Information").
- 3.2 The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer may disclose the Supplier's Confidential Information (excluding the Supplier's or its Subcontractors' prices or costs) to an actual or prospective Replacement Supplier to the extent that such disclosure is necessary in connection with such engagement.
- 3.3 The Supplier shall provide complete updates of the Exit Information on an as-requested basis as soon as reasonably practicable and notify the Buyer within five (5) Working Days of any material change to the Exit Information which may adversely impact upon the provision of any Deliverables (and shall consult the Buyer in relation to any such changes).
- 3.4 The Exit Information shall be accurate and complete in all material respects and shall be sufficient to enable a third party to prepare an informed offer for those Deliverables; and not be disadvantaged in any procurement process compared to the Supplier.

#### 4. Exit Plan

- 4.1 The Supplier shall, within three (3) Months after the Start Date, deliver to the Buyer an Exit Plan which complies with the requirements set out in Paragraph 4.3 of this Schedule and is otherwise reasonably satisfactory to the Buyer.
- 4.2 The Parties shall use reasonable endeavours to agree the contents of the Exit Plan. If the Parties are unable to agree the contents of the Exit Plan

within twenty (20) Working Days of the latest date for its submission pursuant to Paragraph 4.1, then such Dispute shall be resolved in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure.

- 4.3 The Exit Plan shall set out, as a minimum:
- 4.3.1 a detailed description of both the transfer and cessation processes, including a timetable;
- 4.3.2 how the Deliverables will transfer to the Replacement Supplier and/or the Buyer;
- 4.3.3 details of any contracts which will be available for transfer to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier upon the Expiry Date together with any reasonable costs required to effect such transfer;
- 4.3.4 proposals for the training of key members of the Replacement Supplier's staff in connection with the continuation of the provision of the Deliverables following the Expiry Date;
- 4.3.5 proposals for providing the Buyer or a Replacement Supplier copies of all documentation relating to the use and operation of the Deliverables and required for their continued use;
- 4.3.6 proposals for the assignment or novation of all services utilised by the Supplier in connection with the supply of the Deliverables;
- 4.3.7 proposals for the identification and return of all Buyer Property in the possession of and/or control of the Supplier or any third party;
- 4.3.8 proposals for the disposal of any redundant Deliverables and materials;
- 4.3.9 how the Supplier will ensure that there is no disruption to or degradation of the Deliverables during the Termination Assistance Period; and
- 4.3.10 any other information or assistance reasonably required by the Buyer or a Replacement Supplier.
  - 4.4 The Supplier shall:
- 4.4.1 maintain and update the Exit Plan (and risk management plan) no less frequently than:
  - (a) every six (6) months throughout the Contract Period; and
  - (b) no later than twenty (20) Working Days after a request from the Buyer for an up-to-date copy of the Exit Plan;
  - (c) as soon as reasonably possible following a
    Termination Assistance Notice, and in any event no
    later than ten (10) Working Days after the date of the
    Termination Assistance Notice;
  - (d) as soon as reasonably possible following, and in any event no later than twenty (20) Working Days following, any material change to the Deliverables

(including all changes under the Variation Procedure); and

- 4.4.2 jointly review and verify the Exit Plan if required by the Buyer and promptly correct any identified failures.
  - 4.5 Only if (by notification to the Supplier in writing) the Buyer agrees with a draft Exit Plan provided by the Supplier under Paragraph 4.2 or 4.4 (as the context requires), shall that draft become the Exit Plan for this Contract.
  - 4.6 A version of an Exit Plan agreed between the parties shall not be superseded by any draft submitted by the Supplier.

#### 5. Termination Assistance

- 5.1 The Buyer shall be entitled to require the provision of Termination
  Assistance at any time during the Contract Period by giving written notice to
  the Supplier (a "Termination Assistance Notice") at least four (4) Months
  prior to the Expiry Date or as soon as reasonably practicable (but in any
  event, not later than one (1) Month) following the service by either Party of a
  Termination Notice. The Termination Assistance Notice shall specify:
- 5.1.1 the nature of the Termination Assistance required; and
- 5.1.2 the start date and initial period during which it is anticipated that Termination Assistance will be required, which shall continue no longer than twelve (12) Months after the End Date.
  - 5.2 The Buyer shall have an option to extend the Termination Assistance Period beyond the initial period specified in the Termination Assistance Notice in one or more extensions, in each case provided that:
- 5.2.1 no such extension shall extend the Termination Assistance Period beyond the date twelve (12) Months after the End Date; and
- 5.2.2 the Buyer shall notify the Supplier of any such extension no later than twenty (20) Working Days prior to the date on which the Termination Assistance Period is otherwise due to expire.
  - 5.3 The Buyer shall have the right to terminate its requirement for Termination Assistance by serving not less than twenty (20) Working Days' written notice upon the Supplier.
  - 5.4 In the event that Termination Assistance is required by the Buyer but at the relevant time the parties are still agreeing an update to the Exit Plan pursuant to Paragraph 4, the Supplier will provide the Termination Assistance in good faith and in accordance with the principles in this Schedule and the last Buyer approved version of the Exit Plan (insofar as it still applies).

#### 6. Termination Assistance Period

- 6.1 Throughout the Termination Assistance Period the Supplier shall:
- 6.1.1 continue to provide the Deliverables (as applicable) and otherwise perform its obligations under this Contract and, if required by the Buyer, provide the Termination Assistance:

- 6.1.2 provide to the Buyer and/or its Replacement Supplier any reasonable assistance and/or access requested by the Buyer and/or its Replacement Supplier including assistance and/or access to facilitate the orderly transfer of responsibility for and conduct of the Deliverables to the Buyer and/or its Replacement Supplier;
- 6.1.3 use all reasonable endeavours to reallocate resources to provide such assistance without additional costs to the Buyer;
- 6.1.4 subject to Paragraph 6.3, provide the Deliverables and the Termination Assistance at no detriment to the Performance Indicators (PI's) or Service Levels, the provision of the Management Information or any other reports nor to any other of the Supplier's obligations under this Contract;
- 6.1.5 at the Buyer's request and on reasonable notice, deliver up-to-date Registers to the Buyer;
- 6.1.6 seek the Buyer's prior written consent to access any Buyer Premises from which the de-installation or removal of Supplier Assets is required.
  - 6.2 If it is not possible for the Supplier to reallocate resources to provide such assistance as is referred to in Paragraph 6.1.2 without additional costs to the Buyer, any additional costs incurred by the Supplier in providing such reasonable assistance shall be subject to the Variation Procedure.
  - 6.3 If the Supplier demonstrates to the Buyer's reasonable satisfaction that the provision of the Termination Assistance will have a material, unavoidable adverse effect on the Supplier's ability to meet one or more particular Service Levels, the Parties shall vary the relevant Service Levels and/or the applicable Service Credits accordingly.

#### 7. Obligations when the contract is terminated

- 7.1 The Supplier shall comply with all of its obligations contained in the Exit Plan.
- 7.2 Upon termination or expiry or at the end of the Termination Assistance Period (or earlier if this does not adversely affect the Supplier's performance of the Deliverables and the Termination Assistance), the Supplier shall:
- 7.2.1 vacate any Buyer Premises;
- 7.2.2 remove the Supplier Equipment together with any other materials used by the Supplier to supply the Deliverables and shall leave the Sites in a clean, safe and tidy condition. The Supplier is solely responsible for making good any damage to the Sites or any objects contained thereon, other than fair wear and tear, which is caused by the Supplier;
- 7.2.3 provide access during normal working hours to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier for up to twelve (12) Months after expiry or termination to:
  - (a) such information relating to the Deliverables as remains in the possession or control of the Supplier; and

- (b) such members of the Supplier Staff as have been involved in the design, development and provision of the Deliverables and who are still employed by the Supplier, provided that the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier shall pay the reasonable costs of the Supplier actually incurred in responding to such requests for access.
- 7.3 Except where this Contract provides otherwise, all licences, leases and authorisations granted by the Buyer to the Supplier in relation to the Deliverables shall be terminated with effect from the end of the Termination Assistance Period.

#### 8. Assets, Sub-contracts and Software

- 8.1 Following notice of termination of this Contract and during the Termination Assistance Period, the Supplier shall not, without the Buyer's prior written consent:
- 8.1.1 terminate, enter into or vary any Subcontract or licence for any software in connection with the Deliverables; or
- 8.1.2 (subject to normal maintenance requirements) make material modifications to, or dispose of, any existing Supplier Assets or acquire any new Supplier Assets.
  - 8.2 Within twenty (20) Working Days of receipt of the up-to-date Registers provided by the Supplier, the Buyer shall notify the Supplier setting out:
- 8.2.1 which, if any, of the Transferable Assets the Buyer requires to be transferred to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier ("**Transferring Assets**");
- 8.2.2 which, if any, of:
- (a) the Exclusive Assets that are not Transferable Assets; and
- (b) the Non-Exclusive Assets,

the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier requires the continued use of; and

- 8.2.3 which, if any, of Transferable Contracts the Buyer requires to be assigned or novated to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier (the "Transferring Contracts"),
  - in order for the Buyer and/or its Replacement Supplier to provide the Deliverables from the expiry of the Termination Assistance Period. The Supplier shall provide all reasonable assistance required by the Buyer and/or its Replacement Supplier to enable it to determine which Transferable Assets and Transferable Contracts are required to provide the Deliverables or the Replacement Goods and/or Replacement Services.
  - 8.3 With effect from the expiry of the Termination Assistance Period, the Supplier shall sell the Transferring Assets to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier for their Net Book Value less any amount already paid for them through the Charges.

- 8.4 Risk in the Transferring Assets shall pass to the Buyer or the Replacement Supplier (as appropriate) at the end of the Termination Assistance Period and title shall pass on payment for them.
- 8.5 Where the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier requires continued use of any Exclusive Assets that are not Transferable Assets or any Non-Exclusive Assets, the Supplier shall as soon as reasonably practicable:
- 8.5.1 procure a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free licence for the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier to use such assets (with a right of sub-licence or assignment on the same terms); or failing which
- 8.5.2 procure a suitable alternative to such assets, the Buyer or the Replacement Supplier to bear the reasonable proven costs of procuring the same.
  - 8.6 The Supplier shall as soon as reasonably practicable assign or procure the novation of the Transferring Contracts to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier. The Supplier shall execute such documents and provide such other assistance as the Buyer reasonably requires to effect this novation or assignment.
  - 8.7 The Buyer shall:
- 8.7.1 accept assignments from the Supplier or join with the Supplier in procuring a novation of each Transferring Contract; and
- 8.7.2 once a Transferring Contract is novated or assigned to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier, discharge all the obligations and liabilities created by or arising under that Transferring Contract and exercise its rights arising under that Transferring Contract, or as applicable, procure that the Replacement Supplier does the same.
  - 8.8 The Supplier shall hold any Transferring Contracts on trust for the Buyer until the transfer of the relevant Transferring Contract to the Buyer and/or the Replacement Supplier has taken place.
  - 8.9 The Supplier shall indemnify the Buyer (and/or the Replacement Supplier, as applicable) against each loss, liability and cost arising out of any claims made by a counterparty to a Transferring Contract which is assigned or novated to the Buyer (and/or Replacement Supplier) pursuant to Paragraph 8.6 in relation to any matters arising prior to the date of assignment or novation of such Transferring Contract. Clause 19 (Other people's rights in this contract) shall not apply to this Paragraph 8.9 which is intended to be enforceable by Third Parties Beneficiaries by virtue of the CRTPA.

#### 9. No charges

9.1 Unless otherwise stated, the Buyer shall not be obliged to pay for costs incurred by the Supplier in relation to its compliance with this Schedule.

#### 10. Dividing the bills

10.1 All outgoings, expenses, rents, royalties and other periodical payments receivable in respect of the Transferring Assets and Transferring Contracts

- shall be apportioned between the Buyer and/or the Replacement and the Supplier as follows:
- 10.1.1 the amounts shall be annualised and divided by 365 to reach a daily rate;
- 10.1.2 the Buyer or Replacement Supplier (as applicable) shall be responsible for or entitled to (as the case may be) that part of the value of the invoice pro rata to the number of complete days following the transfer, multiplied by the daily rate; and
- 10.1.3 the Supplier shall be responsible for or entitled to (as the case may be) the rest of the invoice.

### **Call-Off Schedule 15 (Call-Off Contract Management)**

#### 1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

"Operational Board"	the board established in accordance with paragraph 4.1 of this Schedule;
"Project Manager"	the manager appointed in accordance with paragraph 2.1 of this Schedule;

#### 2. Project Management

- 2.1 The Supplier and the Buyer shall each appoint a Project Manager for the purposes of this Contract through whom the provision of the Services and the Deliverables shall be managed day-to-day.
- 2.2 The Parties shall ensure that appropriate resources are made available on a regular basis such that the aims, objectives and specific provisions of this Contract can be fully realised.
- 2.3 Without prejudice to paragraph 4 below, the Parties agree to operate the boards specified as set out in the Annex to this Schedule.

#### 3. Role of the Supplier Contract Manager

- 3.1 The Supplier's Contract Manager'(s) shall be:
  - 3.1.1 the primary point of contact to receive communication from the Buyer and will also be the person primarily responsible for providing information to the Buyer;
  - able to delegate his position to another person at the Supplier but must inform the Buyer before proceeding with the delegation and it will be delegated person's responsibility to fulfil the Supplier's Contract Manager's responsibilities and obligations;
  - 3.1.3 able to cancel any delegation and recommence the position himself; and
  - 3.1.4 replaced only after the Buyer has received notification of the proposed change.
- 3.2 The Buyer may provide revised instructions to the Supplier's Contract Manager(s) in regards to the Contract and it will be the Supplier's Contract Manager's responsibility to ensure the information is provided to the Supplier and the actions implemented.

3.3 Receipt of communication from the Supplier's Contract Manager(s) by the Buyer does not absolve the Supplier from its responsibilities, obligations or liabilities under the Contract.

#### 4. Role of the Operational Board

- 4.1 The Operational Board shall be established by the Buyer for the purposes of this Contract on which the Supplier and the Buyer shall be represented.
- 4.2 The Operational Board members, frequency and location of board meetings and planned start date by which the board shall be established are set out in the Order Form.
- 4.3 In the event that either Party wishes to replace any of its appointed board members, that Party shall notify the other in writing for approval by the other Party (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed). Each Buyer board member shall have at all times a counterpart Supplier board member of equivalent seniority and expertise.
- 4.4 Each Party shall ensure that its board members shall make all reasonable efforts to attend board meetings at which that board member's attendance is required. If any board member is not able to attend a board meeting, that person shall use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that a delegate attends the Operational Board meeting in his/her place (wherever possible) and that the delegate is properly briefed and prepared and that he/she is debriefed by such delegate after the board meeting.
- 4.5 The purpose of the Operational Board meetings will be to review the Supplier's performance under this Contract. The agenda for each meeting shall be set by the Buyer and communicated to the Supplier in advance of that meeting.

#### 5. Contract Risk Management

- 5.1 Both Parties shall pro-actively manage risks attributed to them under the terms of this Call-Off Contract.
- 5.2 The Supplier shall develop, operate, maintain and amend, as agreed with the Buyer, processes for:
  - 5.2.1 the identification and management of risks;
  - 5.2.2 the identification and management of issues; and
  - 5.2.3 monitoring and controlling project plans.
- 5.3 The Supplier allows the Buyer to inspect at any time within working hours the accounts and records which the Supplier is required to keep.
- 5.4 The Supplier will maintain a risk register of the risks relating to the Call Off Contract which the Buyer and the Supplier have identified.

### **Annex: Contract Boards**

The Parties agree to operate the following boards at the locations and at the frequencies set out below:

Meeting	Frequency	Attendees
Weekly progress meetings	Weekly for first 3 months of contract (September – November 2025)	
Monthly contract review meetings to report against KPIs	Monthly meetings at the end of each month (September 2025 – March 2026)	

# **Call-Off Schedule 16 (Benchmarking)**

#### 1. Definitions

1.1 In this Schedule, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

"Benchmark Review"	a review of the Deliverables carried out in accordance with this Schedule to determine whether those Deliverables represent Good Value;
"Benchmarked Deliverables"	any Deliverables included within the scope of a Benchmark Review pursuant to this Schedule;
"Comparable Rates"	the Charges for Comparable Deliverables;
"Comparable Deliverables"	deliverables that are identical or materially similar to the Benchmarked Deliverables (including in terms of scope, specification, volume and quality of performance) provided that if no identical or materially similar Deliverables exist in the market, the Supplier shall propose an approach for developing a comparable Deliverables benchmark;
"Comparison Group"	a sample group of organisations providing Comparable Deliverables which consists of organisations which are either of similar size to the Supplier or which are similarly structured in terms of their business and their service offering so as to be fair comparators with the Supplier or which, are best practice organisations;
"Equivalent Data"	data derived from an analysis of the Comparable Rates and/or the Comparable Deliverables (as applicable) provided by the Comparison Group;
"Good Value"	that the Benchmarked Rates are within the Upper Quartile; and
"Upper Quartile"	In respect of Benchmarked Rates, based on an analysis of Equivalent Data, the Benchmarked Rates, as compared to the range of prices for Comparable Deliverables, are within the top 25% in terms of best value for money for the recipients of Comparable Deliverables.

#### 2. When you should use this Schedule

- **2.1** The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer wishes to ensure that the Deliverables, represent value for money to the taxpayer throughout the Contract Period.
- 2.2 This Schedule sets to ensure the Contracts represent value for money throughout and that the Buyer may terminate the Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier if the Supplier refuses or fails to comply with its obligations as set out in Paragraphs 3 of this Schedule.
- **2.3** Amounts payable under this Schedule shall not fall with the definition of a Cost.

#### 3. Benchmarking

#### 3.1 How benchmarking works

- 3.1.1 The Buyer and the Supplier recognise that, where specified in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management), the Buyer may give CCS the right to enforce the Buyer's rights under this Schedule.
- 3.1.2 The Buyer may, by written notice to the Supplier, require a Benchmark Review of any or all of the Deliverables.
- 3.1.3 The Buyer shall not be entitled to request a Benchmark Review during the first six (6) Month period from the Contract Commencement Date or at intervals of less than twelve (12) Months after any previous Benchmark Review.
- 3.1.4 The purpose of a Benchmark Review will be to establish whether the Benchmarked Deliverables are, individually and/or as a whole, Good Value.
- 3.1.5 The Deliverables that are to be the Benchmarked Deliverables will be identified by the Buyer in writing.
- 3.1.6 Upon its request for a Benchmark Review the Buyer shall nominate a benchmarker. The Supplier must approve the nomination within ten (10) Working Days unless the Supplier provides a reasonable explanation for rejecting the appointment. If the appointment is rejected then the Buyer may propose an alternative benchmarker. If the Parties cannot agree the appointment within twenty (20) days of the initial request for Benchmark review then a benchmarker shall be selected by the Chartered Institute of Financial Accountants.
- 3.1.7 The cost of a benchmarker shall be borne by the Buyer (provided that each Party shall bear its own internal costs of the Benchmark Review) except where the Benchmark Review demonstrates that the Benchmarked Service and/or the Benchmarked Deliverables are not Good Value, in which case the Parties shall share the cost of the benchmarker in such proportions as the Parties agree (acting reasonably). Invoices by the benchmarker shall be raised against the Supplier and the relevant portion shall be reimbursed by the Buyer.

#### 3.2 Benchmarking Process

- 3.2.1 The benchmarker shall produce and send to the Buyer, for Approval, a draft plan for the Benchmark Review which must include:
  - (a) a proposed cost and timetable for the Benchmark Review;
  - (b) a description of the benchmarking methodology to be used which must demonstrate that the methodology to be used is capable of fulfilling the benchmarking purpose; and
  - (c) a description of how the benchmarker will scope and identify the Comparison Group.
- 3.2.2 The benchmarker, acting reasonably, shall be entitled to use any model to determine the achievement of value for money and to carry out the benchmarking.
- 3.2.3 The Buyer must give notice in writing to the Supplier within ten (10) Working Days after receiving the draft plan, advising the benchmarker and the Supplier whether it Approves the draft plan, or, if it does not approve the draft plan, suggesting amendments to that plan (which must be reasonable). If amendments are suggested then the benchmarker must produce an amended draft plan and this Paragraph 3.2.3 shall apply to any amended draft plan.
- 3.2.4 Once both Parties have approved the draft plan then they will notify the benchmarker. No Party may unreasonably withhold or delay its Approval of the draft plan.
- 3.2.5 Once it has received the Approval of the draft plan, the benchmarker shall:
  - (a) finalise the Comparison Group and collect data relating to Comparable Rates. The selection of the Comparable Rates (both in terms of number and identity) shall be a matter for the Supplier's professional judgement using:
- (i) market intelligence;
- (ii) the benchmarker's own data and experience;
- (iii) relevant published information; and
- (iv) pursuant to Paragraph 3.2.6 below, information from other suppliers or purchasers on Comparable Rates;
  - (b) by applying the adjustment factors listed in Paragraph 3.2.7 and from an analysis of the Comparable Rates, derive the Equivalent Data;
  - (c) using the Equivalent Data, calculate the Upper Quartile;
  - (d) determine whether or not each Benchmarked Rate is, and/or the Benchmarked Rates as a whole are, Good Value.

- 3.2.6 The Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours and act in good faith to supply information required by the benchmarker in order to undertake the benchmarking. The Supplier agrees to use its reasonable endeavours to obtain information from other suppliers or purchasers on Comparable Rates.
- 3.2.7 In carrying out the benchmarking analysis the benchmarker may have regard to the following matters when performing a comparative assessment of the Benchmarked Rates and the Comparable Rates in order to derive Equivalent Data:
  - the contractual terms and business environment under which the Comparable Rates are being provided (including the scale and geographical spread of the customers);
  - (b) exchange rates;
  - (c) any other factors reasonably identified by the Supplier, which, if not taken into consideration, could unfairly cause the Supplier's pricing to appear non-competitive.

#### 3.3 Benchmarking Report

- 3.3.1 For the purposes of this Schedule "Benchmarking Report" shall mean the report produced by the benchmarker following the Benchmark Review and as further described in this Schedule;
- 3.3.2 The benchmarker shall prepare a Benchmarking Report and deliver it to the Buyer, at the time specified in the plan Approved pursuant to Paragraph 3.2.3, setting out its findings. Those findings shall be required to:
- (a) include a finding as to whether or not a Benchmarked Service and/or whether the Benchmarked Deliverables as a whole are, Good Value:
- (b) if any of the Benchmarked Deliverables are, individually or as a whole, not Good Value, specify the changes that would be required to make that Benchmarked Service or the Benchmarked Deliverables as a whole Good Value; and
- (c) include sufficient detail and transparency so that the Party requesting the Benchmarking can interpret and understand how the Supplier has calculated whether or not the Benchmarked Deliverables are, individually or as a whole, Good Value.
- 3.3.3 The Parties agree that any changes required to this Contract identified in the Benchmarking Report shall be implemented at the direction of the Buyer in accordance with Clause 24 (Changing the contract).

### Call-Off Schedule 18 (Background Checks)

#### When you should use this Schedule

This Schedule should be used where Supplier Staff must be vetted before working on Contract.

#### 2. Definitions

"Relevant Conviction" means any conviction listed in Annex 1 to this Schedule.

#### 3. Relevant Convictions

- 3.1.1 The Supplier must ensure that no person who discloses that they have a Relevant Conviction, or a person who is found to have any Relevant Convictions (whether as a result of a police check or through the procedure of the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) or otherwise), is employed or engaged in any part of the provision of the Deliverables without Approval.
- 3.1.2 Notwithstanding Paragraph 3.1.1 for each member of Supplier Staff who, in providing the Deliverables, has, will have or is likely to have access to children, vulnerable persons or other members of the public to whom the Buyer owes a special duty of care, the Supplier must (and shall procure that the relevant Sub-Contractor must):
  - (a) carry out a check with the records held by the Department for Education (DfE);
  - (b) conduct thorough questioning regarding any Relevant Convictions; and
  - (c) ensure a police check is completed and such other checks as may be carried out through the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS),

and the Supplier shall not (and shall ensure that any Subcontractor shall not) engage or continue to employ in the provision of the Deliverables any person who has a Relevant Conviction or an inappropriate record.

## **Annex 1 – Relevant Convictions**

COMMON LAW		
Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the suicide of a child or young person (Northern Ireland)	Common Law	
False Imprisonment (England and Wales)	Common Law	Towards an adult or a child
Infanticide (contrary to the common law of Northern Ireland)	Common Law	
Lewd, indecent or libidinous behaviour or practices (Contrary to the common law of Scotland)	Common Law	Towards a child under the age of 17 years
Manslaughter (England and Wales)	Common Law	Towards an adult or a child
Murder (contrary to the common law of England & Wales)	Common Law	Towards an adult or a child
Kidnapping (contrary to the common law of England & Wales)	Kidnapping	Towards an adult or a child
Murder or manslaughter of a child or young person (contrary to the common law of Northern Ireland)	Common Law	
Plagium (contrary to the common law of Scotland)	Theft of a child below the age of puberty	

ASYLUM AND IMMIGRATION (TREATMENT OF CLAIMANTS, ETC.) ACT 2004		
Section 4	Trafficking people for exploitation	

CARE STANDARDS ACT 2000		
Section 11(1)	Failure to register	
Section 24	Failure to comply with conditions	
Section 25	Contravention of regulations	
Section 26	False descriptions of establishments and agencies	
Section 27	False statements in applications	

CHILD ABDUCTION ACT 1	984 (ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND	))
Section 1	Offence of abduction of child by parent, etc.	
Section 2	Offence of abduction of child by other persons	
Section 6	Offence in Scotland of parent, etc. taking or sending child out of United Kingdom	
CHILDREN ACT 1958		
Section 14	Offences relating to private fostering	
CHILDREN ACT 1989		
Schedule 5, para 1(5)	Offences relating to voluntary homes and children's homes	
Schedule 6, para 2(3)	Offences relating to voluntary homes and children's homes	
Section 49	Abduction of child in care	
Section 50(9)	Abduction of child in care (obstruction of recovery)	
Section 63(10)	Where any child is at any time cared for and accommodated in a children's home which is not a registered children's home	
Section 70	Offences relating to private fostering	
CHILDREN AND YOUNG P	ERSONS ACT 1933	
Section 1	Cruelty to persons under sixteen	
CHILDREN AND YOUNG P	ERSONS ACT 1969	
	1	
Section 32(3)	Detention of absentees	
COMMUNICATIONS ACT 2	2003	
	Improper use of public	
Section 127	electronic communications network	n.b. at time of publication this offence may be filtered and considered spent
	<del>-</del>	

CORONERS AND JUST	TICE ACT 2009	
Section 62	Possession of prohibited images of children	
Section 71	Slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour	
CRIMINAL ILISTICE AL	ND COURTS ACT 2015	: 
Section 20	Care worker ill-treat /wilfully neglect an individual	
Section 21 (1)	Care provider breach duty of care resulting in ill-treatment/neglect of individual	
Section 33	Disclose private sexual photographs with intent to cause distress	
CRIMINAL JUSTICE A	CT 1988	
Section 160	Summary offence of possession of indecent photograph of child	
CRIMINAL LAW ACT 1	977	
Section 54	Inciting girl under sixteen to have incestuous sexual intercourse	
CUSTOMS AND EXCIS	E MANAGEMENT ACT 1979	*
Section 170	Penalty for fraudulent evasion of duty, etc.	In relation to goods prohibited to be imported under Section 42 of the Customs Consolidation Act 1876 (prohibitions and restrictions) where the prohibited goods included indecent photographs of a child. (S.I. 2009/1547 Reg4(7) and Sch.3 para 7(1))
	•	•
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	, CRIME AND VICTIMS ACT 2004	
Section 5	Causing or allowing the death of a child or vulnerable adult	

Section 1	Female genital mutilation	
Section 2	Assisting a girl to mutilate	
Section 3	her own genitalia  Assisting a non-UK person to mutilate overseas a girls genitalia	
FOSTER CHILDREN /	ACT 1090	
Section 16	Offences relating to private fostering	
INDECENCY WITH CH	III DREN ACT 1960	
Section 1	Indecent conduct towards young child	
INFANTICIDE ACT 19	38	
	Manslaughter of child	
	under 1 year	
	under 1 year  NICATIONS ACT 1988  Sending letters etc. with intent to cause distress or	
	under 1 year  NICATIONS ACT 1988  Sending letters etc. with	
MALICIOUS COMMUN	under 1 year  NICATIONS ACT 1988  Sending letters etc. with intent to cause distress or anxiety	
MALICIOUS COMMUN Section 1	under 1 year  NICATIONS ACT 1988  Sending letters etc. with intent to cause distress or anxiety	
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MALICIOUS COMMUN Section 1  MENTAL HEALTH AC Section 127	Sending letters etc. with intent to cause distress or anxiety  T 1959  Intercourse with defective Sexual intercourse with patients	may be filtered and considered sp

MODERN SLAVERY ACT 2015		
Section 1 (1) (a)	Hold person in slavery or servitude	
Section 1 (1) (b)	Require person to perform forced or compulsory labour	
Section 2 (1)	Arrange or facilitate travel of another person with a view to exploitation	
Section 4 & 5 (2)	Commit offence other than kidnapping or false imprisonment with intention of arranging travel with view to exploitation	
Section 4 & 5 (3)	Commit offence of kidnapping or false imprisonment with intention of arranging travel with view to exploitation	
Section 30 (1) & (3)	Do act prohibited by slavery and trafficking risk or prevention order	

OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON ACT 1861		
Section 16	Threats to Kill	Threat to kill a child
Section 18	Shooting or attempting to shoot, or wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm (GBH)	Towards an adult or a child
Section 20	Inflicting bodily injury, with or without weapon	
Section 27	Exposing child, whereby life is endangered, or health permanently injured	
Section 42	Persons committing any common assault or battery	Any offence against a child or young person
Section 43	Persons convicted of aggravated assaults on females and boys under fourteen years of age	Any offence against a child or young person
Section 47	Assault occasioning actual bodily harm (ABH)	Towards an adult or a child
Section 52	Indecent assault upon a female	Any offence against a child or young person
Section 55	Assaults	Any offence against a child or young person

PROTECTION FROM HARRASSMENT ACT 1997		
Section 4	Putting people in fear of violence	
Section 4A	Stalking involving fear of violence or serious alarm or distress	

PROTECTION OF CHILDREN ACT 1978		
Section 1	Indecent photographs of children	

PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES ACT 2016		
Section 5	Supply a psychoactive substance	Supplying or offering to supply a substance to a child or, or being concerned in the making to a child of an offer to supply such a drug.

SERIOUS CRIME ACT 2015		
Section 69	Possess a paedophile manual	
Section 76	Engage in controlling/coercive behaviour in an intimate / family relationship	

SEXUAL OFFENCES (AMENDMENT) ACT 2000		
Section 3	Abuse of position of trust	

SEXUAL OFFENCES ACT 1956		
Section 1	Rape of woman or man	
Section 2	Procurement of woman by threats or intimidation	
Section 3	Procurement of woman by false pretences or false representations	
Section 4	Administering drugs to obtain or facilitate intercourse	
Section 5	Intercourse with girl under thirteen	
Section 6	Intercourse with girl between thirteen and sixteen	
Section 7	Intercourse with defective	Committed against or involving a child
Section 9	Procurement of defective	Committed against or involving a child
Section 10	Incest by a man	Committed against or involving a child

Section 11	Incest by a woman	Committed against or involving a child
Section 12	Buggery	Committed against or involving a chil and except if the other party to the ac of buggery was aged 16 or over and consented to the act
Section 13	Gross Indecency between men	Committed against or involving a chill and except if the other party to the ac of gross indecency was aged 16 or over and consented to the act
Section 14	Indecent assault on a woman	
Section 15	Indecent assault on a man	
Section 16	Assault with intent to commit Buggery	
Section 17	Abduction of women by force or for the sake of her property	
Section 19	Abduction of unmarried girl under eighteen from parent or guardian	
Section 20	Abduction of unmarried girl under sixteen from parent or guardian	
Section 21	Abduction of defective from parent or guardian	Committed against or involving a chil
Section 22	Causing prostitution of women.	Committed against or involving a chil
Section 23	Procuration of girl	Committed against or involving a chi under twenty-one.
Section 24	Detention of woman in brothel or other premises	
Section 25	Permitting girl under thirteen to use premises for intercourse	
Section 26	Permitting girl between thirteen and sixteen to use premises for intercourse	
Section 27	Permitting defective to use premises for intercourse	Committed against or involving a chi
Section 28	Causing or encouraging prostitution of, intercourse with, or indecent assault on, girl under sixteen	
Section 29	Causing or encouraging prostitution of defective	Committed against or involving a chi
Section 30	Man living on earning of prostitution	Committed against or involving a chi
Section 31	Woman exercising control of prostitution	Committed against or involving a chi

SEXUAL OFFENCES ACT 1967		
Section 4	Procuring others to commit homosexual acts	Committed against or involving a child
Section 5	Living on earnings of male prostitution	Committed against or involving a child

SEXUAL OFFENCES ACT 2003		
Section 1	Rape	Towards an adult or a child
Section 2	Assault by penetration	Towards an adult or a child
Section 3	Sexual assault	Towards an adult or a child
Section 4	Causing a person to engage in sexual activity without consent	Towards an adult or a child
Section 5	Rape of a child under 13	
Section 6	Assault of a child under 13 by penetration	
Section 7	Sexual assault of a child under 13	
Section 8	Causing or inciting a child under 13 to engage in sexual activity	
Section 9	Sexual activity with a child	
Section 10	Causing or inciting a child to engage in sexual activity	
Section 11	Engaging in sexual activity in the presence of a child	
Section 12	Causing a child to watch a sexual act	
Section 14	Arranging or facilitating commission of a child sex offence	
Section 15	Meeting a child following sexual grooming etc.	
Section 15 A	Engage in sexual communication with a child	(As Amended by Serious Crime Act 2015 Section 67)
Section 16	Abuse of position of trust: sexual activity with a child	
Section 17	Abuse of position of trust: causing or inciting a child to engage in sexual activity	
Section 18	Abuse of position of trust: sexual activity in the presence of a child	
Section 19	Abuse of position of trust: causing a child to watch a sexual act	

Section 20	Abuse of position of trust: acts done in Scotland	
Section 25	Sexual activity with a child family member	
Section 26	Inciting a child family member to engage in sexual activity	
Section 30	Sexual activity with a person with a mental disorder impeding choice	
Section 31	Causing or inciting a person, with a mental disorder impeding choice, to engage in sexual activity	
Section 32	Engaging in sexual activity in the presence of a person with a mental disorder impeding choice	
Section 33	Causing a person, with a mental disorder impeding choice, to watch a sexual act	
Section 34	Inducement, threat or deception to procure sexual activity with a person with a mental disorder	
Section 35	Causing a person with a mental disorder to engage in or agree to engage in sexual activity by inducement, threat or deception	
Section 36	Engaging in sexual activity in the presence, procured by inducement, threat or deception, of a person with a mental disorder	
Section 37	Causing a person with a mental disorder to watch a sexual act by inducement, threat or deception	
Section 38	Care workers: sexual activity with a person with a mental disorder	
Section 39	Care workers: causing or inciting sexual activity	
Section 40	Care workers: sexual activity in the presence of a person with a mental disorder	

	Care workers: causing a	
Section 41	person with a mental disorder to watch a sexual act	
Section 47	Paying for sexual services of a child	
Section 48	Causing or inciting child prostitution or pornography	
Section 49	Controlling a child prostitute or a child involved in pornography	
Section 50	Arranging or facilitating child prostitution or pornography	
Section 52	Causing or inciting prostitution for gain	
Section 53	Controlling prostitution for gain	
Section 57	Trafficking into the UK for sexual exploitation	
Section 58	Trafficking within the UK for sexual exploitation	
Section 59	Trafficking out of the UK for sexual exploitation	
Section 59A	Trafficking people for sexual exploitation	
Section 61	Administering a substance with intent	
Section 62	Committing an offence with intent to commit a relevant sexual offence	
Section 63	Trespass with intent to commit a relevant sexual offence	
Section 64	Sex with an adult relative: penetration	
Section 65	Sex with an adult relative: consenting to penetration	
Section 66	Exposure	
Section 67	Voyeurism	
Section 69	Intercourse with an animal	
Section 70	Sexual penetration of a corpse	
Section 72	Offences outside the United Kingdom	

TERRORISM ACT 2000		
Section 11	Belonging or professing to belong to a Proscribed Organisation (P.O.)	
Section 12	Support - he invites support for a proscribed organisation	
Section 13	Wear, carry or display any article in a public place belonging to a P.O.	
Section 15	Invites another to provide money or other property and intends its use for the purposes of terrorism; this extends to use by P.Os.	
Section 54	Weapons Training	
Section 56	Directing terrorist organisation	
Section 58A	Eliciting, publishing or communicating information to assist commission or preparation of terrorism	
Section 59	Inciting terrorism overseas	
Section 63	Commit an act of terrorism	

TERRORISM ACT 2006		
Section 1	Publish/cause another to publish a statement intending to/recklessly encouraging terrorism.	
Section 2(2)(a) & 11	Distribute/circulate a terrorist publication	
Section 2(2)(b)(c) & 11	Give/sell/lend/offer for sale/offer for loan a terrorist publication	
Section 2(2)(d) & 11	Provide service re reading/listening to a terrorist publication	
Section 2(2)(e) & 11	Transmit contents of a terrorist publication	
Section 2(2)(f) & 11	Possess terrorist publication with view to distribution/sale/ loan/read/listen to/seen etc.	
Section 5	Preparation of terrorist acts. With intent that self/to assist another to commit act of terrorism engage in preparation	

Section 6	Provide instruction/training for terrorism	
Section 8	Attendance at place used for terrorism training	
Section 9	Making and possession of devices or materials	
Section 11	Terrorist threats relating to devices, materials or facilities	

THEFT ACT 1968		
Section 9(1)(a)	Burglary	Committed against or involving a child

# **Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification)**

This Schedule sets out the characteristics of the Deliverables that the Supplier will be required to make to the Buyers under this Call-Off Contract

#### 1. OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY

1. The Department for Education (DfE), is responsible for children's services and education, including early years, schools, higher and further education policy, apprenticeships and wider skills in England. We work to provide children's services, education and skills training that ensures opportunity is equal for all, no matter background, family circumstances, or need. At our heart, we are the department for realising potential. We enable children and learners to thrive, by protecting the vulnerable and ensuring the delivery of excellent standards of education, training and care. This helps realise everyone's potential – and that powers our economy, strengthens society, and increases fairness.

#### 2. BACKGROUND TO CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

- 2.1. DfE is seeking a delivery partner in FY25-26 to expand upon the work done previously on the Designated Family Judge Trailblazer pilot FY24-25. The work is aimed at reducing delays in the family justice (FJ) system by working with Local Authorities (LAs) in Designated Family Judge (DFJ) areas to identify key causes of local delay in family courts, develop and embed learning from the DFJ Trailblazer 24-25 programme, and further develop system accountability work. Further information on this can be found here <u>DFJ Trailblazers Reducing Delay in Family Court | MV</u>
- 2.2. The FJ system is one of the most complex and cross-system policy areas in children's services. DfE holds responsibility for public law, covering all vulnerable children in England who require LA intervention.
- 2.3. Unacceptable delays in the family courts have been a long-standing issue for over 10 years. In 2011, the average case duration (for cases when a social worker (SW) determines that a child is at significant risk, so applies for an order) was c55 weeks, with some cases taking more than two years to conclude. This results in poorer outcomes for children and huge additional costs to LAs and the taxpayer. The estimated costs of the FJ system is £1.2bn¹, which equates to over 10% of all direct expenditure on the children's social care (CSC) system (2019/20)².
- 2.4. The average lifetime social cost of adverse outcomes per child who need a SW is estimated to be £720,000. The estimated social cost of adverse outcomes for all children with a SW per year is approximately £23bn³. Recent independent modelling suggests that each one-week reduction in average proceedings duration could generate a financial cost avoidance of approximately £18.5 million when projected across all English LA CSC budgets⁴.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Paying-the-Price.pdf (nationalarchives.gov.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Independent review of children's social care - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Paying-the-Price.pdf (nationalarchives.gov.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Impact on Court Delays in Children's Services: Financial Impact Modelling Support, Mutual Ventures Ltd, May 2022 To note: this figure has been updated since publication of this report.

- 2.5. Following Sir David Norgrove's Review into FJ<sup>5</sup>, the Children and Families Act 2014<sup>6</sup> established a statutory requirement of 26 weeks for a family case to conclude, using a new process called the Public Law Outline (PLO) the process from when a SW makes the decision to take a child's case to court, to when an Order is made by the Judge. This system wide push to follow the PLO principles supported a successful decrease in case duration, achieving an average of 27 weeks in 2016.
- 2.6. However, this was not sustainable and case duration has increased since then. Delays, exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic, has meant the average case duration (for cases when a social worker determines that a child is at significant risk, so applies for an order) has consistently been above 40 weeks, with some cases taking more than two years to conclude, although this is improving slightly in recent years.
- 2.7. Recent research<sup>7</sup>, which included diagnostics of care proceeding delays across nearly 60 LAs, representatives of Cafcass, Designated Family Judges (DFJs), and young people with lived experience of the FJ system, gathered evidence on root causes of delays. The overriding message is to achieve substantial reduction in court delays, a whole system approach is needed. To create sustainable cross-system changes needed to bring down family court delays, we need to test changes to create efficiencies in the FJ system to enable quicker decisions, ensuring the right children enter the system, at the right time.
- 2.8. DfE have carried out significant work with stakeholders to understand key drivers of delay, which informed development of our suggested changes and pilots. These drivers are:
  - Ordering of additional assessments and/or changes to care plans throughout the case;
  - Lack of availability of experts to complete reports and assessments;
  - Complex fact-finding exercises being required;
  - Lack of Judge availability; and
  - Lack of court space and inconsistencies with court listings practice.
- 2.9. As part of our work to tackle these drivers of delay, we delivered three pilot programmes, one of which was the DFJ trailblazer pilot. In FY 25/26 we want to further develop this work.

## **DFJ Trailblazers expansion**

2.10. To achieve a whole system approach, and mitigate individual agencies working in silos, a Delivery Partner will be appointed to deliver the next phase of the DFJ Trailblazer pilot from September 2025 to March 2026 aimed at reducing delays in the family justice (FJ) system by working with Local Authorities (LAs) in Designated Family Judge (DFJ) areas to identify the root causes of delay, develop and embed learning from the first stage of the pilot and further develop system accountability work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Family Justice Review reports - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Children and Families Act 2014 (legislation.gov.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Impact on Court Delays in Children's Services: Financial Impact Modelling Support, Mutual Ventures Ltd, May 2022

- 1.1 The work has the key aim to reduce delay and therefore, reducing costs across the FJ system and improving children's outcomes. Research<sup>8</sup> suggests that at a conservative estimate, a one-week reduction in average proceedings duration, which in turn would reduce costs associated with placements, legal costs, staffing and external assessments, could result in a financial benefit of £18.5 million across all English LAs' children's services budgets. The monetised benefits come from:
  - Resolving a case outside of court, saving £57,629 per case.<sup>9</sup>
  - Reducing the length of proceedings, with a marginal cost of £1,146 per week.
  - Reducing the number of further CMHs required, saving an estimated £3,589 per hearing.
  - Reducing expert reports requested and produced. An expert report costs £844 on average<sup>10</sup>.
- 1.2 The pilot is open to all DFJ areas, with the level of involvement varying depending on willingness to volunteer and on previous participation.
- 1.3 There are also numerous non-monetised benefits associated with reducing the length of time children spend in proceedings:
  - Lengthy delays in proceedings can have negative long-term effects on children and families involved. The current scale of the backlogs in the family courts – over 26,000 children in open public law cases – mean delays are common.
  - There is a wider benefit for the FJ system, as more of the courts resource will be made available to deal with the cases in the system that are not impacted by the pilot projects.
  - As the family courts resource is split across both public and private law, any benefits from interventions on public law cases will also apply to private law cases (MOJ), which are also experiencing substantial backlogs and lengthy delays.
- 1.4 Wider benefits resulting from the pilot include:
  - Improved cross-system engagement
  - Positive shifts in judicial practices
  - Strengthening pre-proceedings practice to prevent court involvement.
  - Better data collaboration across areas, with enhanced data collections offering more comprehensive regional perspectives.
  - Improved case management
  - Improved engagement with families, and greater consistency of products provided to families.
  - Wide sharing of best practice.

## **Timescales**

1.5 Between May and July 2025, DfE will undertake a procurement exercise to identify a delivery partner to work on this next phase of the project. The delivery partner will be identified by end of August 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Impact on Court Delays in Children's Services: Financial Impact Modelling Support, Mutual Ventures Ltd, May 2022 To note: this figure has been updated since publication of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Family Drug and Alcohol Courts: the business case for roll-out, Centre for Justice Innovation, September 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Impact on Court Delays in Children's Services: Financial Impact Modelling Support, Mutual Ventures Ltd, May 2022

- 1.6 Between September and March 2026, the Delivery Partner will be expected to:
  - Roll out Guided learning across all DFJ areas in England
  - Support ongoing learning for DFJ areas, DfE and the wider sector
  - Develop and embed learning from Trailblazers programme 24-25
  - Further develop system accountability work

More information on the above workstreams is provided in the contract requirements section

## 1.7 Selection and funding of the DFJ areas

- 1.8 Unlike the 24-25 stage of the Trailblazer pilot, there will be no solution implementation stage to the pilot, therefore there will be no funding available to LAs. Participation in the guided learning will be open to all DFJ areas. The wider learning and sharing of good practice will be available to all DFJ areas.
- 1.9 The original DFJ Trailblazer areas were selected by bids in the previous stage of the Trailblazer pilot. They are Wolverhampton/Telford DFJ, Central London DFJ, Essex and Suffolk DFJ, Cheshire and Merseyside DFJ and Guildford DFJ
- 1.10 Eligibility for the 24-25 pilot was limited to LAs within DFJ areas whose average case duration across 2022-23 was higher than the National average. The number of LAs within eligible DFJ areas varied from 1 to 12. We therefore invited LA consortia bids for funding on behalf of all LAs within an eligible DFJ area where there were multiple LAs within that area. A lead LA was responsible for submitting the application to an Expression of Interest (EOI) exercise for participation in the pilot.
- 1.11 These areas participated in a deep dive and then a collaborative solutions development phase with the delivery partner. These solutions were then delivered within the DFJ areas until the conclusion of the pilot in March 2025.
- 1.12 Solutions in the 5 DFJ Trailblazer areas included:
  - Central London Solution includes strengthening their pre-proceedings offer and regional family support offer. They are looking at a regional approach and oversight of case management in partnership with the courts.
  - Cheshire and Merseyside Solution includes a regional assessment hub for assessments during proceedings, alongside improved engagement with Cafcass at pre-proceedings stage.
  - Esses, Suffolk, Southend-On-Sea and Thurrock Developing a training offer, increasing capacity in the system, and a Regional Improvement Lead Officer for Court delays.
  - Guildford Solutions are focused on consistent business support for case tracking, including improving models and software, recruiting a legal project worker, and work on short notice applications.
  - Wolverhampton and Telford Solutions are focused on workforce development, developing a multi-agency offer through a practice development co-ordinator, alongside improved data analysis and data tools.

## 1.13 Guided Learning for the remaining DFJ areas

- 1.14 We would like to engage and support the remaining DFJ areas to undertake a guided learning process to understand the drivers of delay in their area, at a high level this would mean:
  - Producing a baseline analysis of the DFJ area;
  - Holding stakeholder interviews with cross-system representatives in the DFJ area;
  - Running a cross-system workshop to condense the baseline analysis and qualitative interview feedback; and
  - Producing a final detailed analysis report summarising the outputs from the workshop.
- 1.15 There is no funding available to these wider DFJ areas in order. The offer to expand learning to wider areas would therefore be on a voluntary basis for other DFJ areas, which may be less appealing where there is no further guaranteed funding.
- 1.16 Instead of funded support, the delivery partner will support areas could consider as solutions based on the findings of the guided learning and also on the existing Trailblazer solutions. The delivery partner will also develop and provide a toolkit for how areas can develop their own solutions locally, supported by 'early adopter' Trailblazer insights into the toolkit

## **Evaluation**

- 1.17 An Evaluation Partner has been commissioned to independently evaluate the implementation, delivery, and impact of the three 24-25 pilots on their intended outcomes. This expansion will not be included within the evaluation.
- 1.18 Collaboration with the evaluation partner to deliver many of the aims of this contract will be essential.

#### 3. CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 The DfE are seeking to contract the Delivery Partner to:
  - Roll out Guided learning across all DFJ areas in England
  - Support ongoing learning for DFJ areas, DfE and the wider sector
  - Develop and embed learning from Trailblazers programme 24-25
  - Further develop system accountability work
- 3.2 The Delivery Partner will work collaboratively with the DfE family justice team, the external Evaluation Partner and relevant policy officials towards achieving substantial reduction in court delays.
- 3.3 We understand that it may not be possible for one supplier to provide all of the requirements in this specification, and we welcome bids from consortia as well as from individual organisations.

#### Knowledge and skills

- 3.4 The following is not an exhaustive list, but the successful Delivery Partner will be able to demonstrate that their organisation/consortium possesses the requisite skills and expertise for the Delivery Partner role:
  - Detailed knowledge and understanding of the children's social care sector, including knowledge and understanding of the FJ system;

- Expertise in undertaking deep-dive analyses and diagnosing local issues using quantitative and qualitative methods;
- Expertise in how to implement, manage and maintain momentum of change across large and complex organisations, particularly how to shift culture and practice, including across partner organisations;
- At a senior level, have a demonstrable record of leading significant culture and practice change in a children's social care context, including influencing strategic partners to deliver shared outcomes for children and families;
- Experience of and credibility when working with and influencing a wide range of senior stakeholders across children's social care, local and central government;
- Access to a range of technical expertise, including legal, HR, procurement, finance and investment, governance, stakeholder management, capturing and codifying learning, business planning and sustainability, and monitoring delivery (using quantitative and qualitative methods); and,
- Understanding of how to facilitate the sharing of emerging learning and best practice: within the pilot; as part of DfE policy development; and across the wider children's social care sector.

## <u>Services</u>

We would expect the successful delivery partner to carry out the below four activities:

## **Roll out Guided Learning:**

1.18.1 During the original Trailblazer pilot, using underspend we were able to expand the programme to enable the delivery partner to work with a further 15 DFJ areas to support deep dives into their key drivers of delay. Baseline analysis was conducted to establish possible solutions and how LAs could be supported to implement them. For FY 2025/26 we would propose to offer this guided learning process to the remaining 23 DFJ areas in an enhanced form that we would also offer to the 15 DFJ areas that have already undergone the process. This would mean by the close of financial year 25/26 every DFJ area in the country would have had the opportunity to have undertaken deep dives into the drivers of delay and support to consider what solutions would work best for them. The organisation that we contract will:

## 1.18.2

- Offer a guided learning process to remaining DFJs and take the remaining 23 DFJ areas through the Guided Learning interview and workshop process;
- Deliver an enhanced Guided Learning offer to 38 areas (this is all DFJ areas apart from the original 5 Trailblazers)
- Support areas on identifying possible solutions Develop and provide a toolkit for how GL
  DFJ areas can develop their own solutions locally (including dovetailing this onto the original 15 Guided Learning areas), supported by 'early adopter' Trailblazer insights in the toolkit
  (as defined below).

## 1.19 Support ongoing learning for DFJ areas, DfE, and the wider sector

1.20 Maintaining previous pilot forums to ensure ongoing learning across all DFJ areas and facilitating ongoing learning with the wider sector. The organisation that we contract will:

1.21

- Develop peer learning opportunities establishing a broader Community of Practice for all DFJ areas, to build networks for improvement and support across multiple DFJ areas;
- Support the pilot evaluation continue to support the ongoing evaluation of the pilot programme as required;
- Share ongoing learning with the wider sector Continue disseminating learning through learning events, webinars, podcasts, teach-ins, newsletters etc.

## 1.22 Develop and embed learning from Trailblazers

- 1.23 Continue to build an evidence base around core drivers of delay and giving DFJ areas the tools to develop proven interventions that can make a difference. The organisation that we contract will:
  - Collate practical and thematic Trailblazer insights analysing learning from delivering the Trailblazers pilot, including core priority areas and initiatives that have made an early impact, and highlighting lessons learned where improvements could be made;
  - Complete the Guided Learning exercise with the remaining DFJ areas to understand the drivers of delay to produce a national footprint informed by on the ground consultation with key family justice stakeholders;
  - Develop an 'early adopters' toolkit Work with the original Trailblazers to develop a toolkit of how to implement the solutions that the Trailblazers implemented e.g. how to set up an independent assessments hub, how to start a data improvement journey in a region, how to build a court skills training offer etc.
- 1.24 The outcome of this learning will be able to be published and shared with local authorities beyond the lifetime of this work.

## 1.25 System accountability work

- 1.26 The family justice system is a complex cross system area of work and in the forthcoming National Audit Office Report into improving family court services for children, due to be published in May 2025, the challenges surrounding public family proceedings are recognised and there will be recommendations about better system accountability around this work. We would want the organisation that we contract to support with work around this. This would cover four areas:
- 1.27 1. Engage stakeholders to understand challenges and solutions
  - Building a robust understanding of the current challenges and opportunities and building a coalition for change is essential. This will include:
  - Engage with key stakeholders Work with the Ministry of Justice, Department for Education, HMCTS, judiciary, the Family Justice Board, Cafcass, local authorities and other relevant stakeholders.

Conduct roundtables & workshops – Host facilitated discussions with stakeholders to explore accountability gaps and potential solutions.

- Gather insights from ongoing initiatives Review relevant programmes, pilots, and innovations in family justice as relevant to accountability to avoid duplication and build on existing knowledge.
- 1.28 2. Preparatory work for developing a Family Justice Strategy

Building a strong evidence base from the project so far (i.e. collating evidence gathered)

Conduct a literature review - Summarise existing research on accountability in family justice, identifying gaps that need further exploration.

- Collect quantitative data Work with local authorities, HMCTS, and Cafcass to analyse trends in case outcomes, timescales, and disparities to confirm strategic priorities.
- Capture lived experience Gather qualitative evidence from families, young people, and professionals to ensure the research reflects real-world challenges.

Benchmark against international models (e.g. Ireland) - Building on initial research done for the accountability report, review approaches in other jurisdictions to identify best practices that could be adapted for England.

- 1.29 3. Develop practical recommendations & policy proposals
  - The research should lead to actionable recommendations that drive improvement.
  - Synthesise findings Identify patterns and key themes from data collection.
  - Propose accountability mechanisms Develop models for improved transparency, oversight, and feedback loops within family justice.
  - Test & validate solutions Engage stakeholders in refining recommendations to ensure feasibility and impact.
  - Produce a clear, impactful report Set out key findings, recommendations, and next steps in a way that influences decision-makers.
  - Disseminate findings, advocate for change Work with government departments and oversight bodies to ensure research findings inform future reforms.
- 3.5 While we will work closely with the successful Delivery Partner to design the specifics of a programme of work, linked with the 4 key areas of work listed above, there are six main areas we expect the Delivery Partner to service:
  - Guided learning
  - Implementation and change management;
  - Supporting effective working relationships;
  - Spreading of learning; and
  - Monitoring and sustainability.
- 3.6 More detail on each of these services and expectations of the Delivery Partner is provided below.

#### A) Guided Learning

- 3.7 The Delivery Partner will undertake a deep-dive analysis and local issues diagnosis in every DFJ area participating to understand the causes of delay in those areas.
- 3.8 The Delivery Partner will:
  - Use qualitative and quantitative methods to undertake a deep-dive analysis of the causes of delay in that DFJ area;

- Engage with LAs and their strategic partners, where necessary, for example LFJBs, the local judiciary and Cafcass, to ensure local knowledge and experience is captured and fed into the deep-dive analysis;
- Establish a shared understanding of the causes of delay in that DFJ area with LAs.
- 3.9 Following the deep-dive analysis into the causes of delay in the participating DFJ areas, the Delivery Partner will support areas on identifying possible solutions locally. The delivery partner will develop and provide a toolkit for how DFJ areas can develop their own solutions

## 3.10 The Delivery Partner will:

- Establish effective structures and systems within each DFJ area to ensure a range of local knowledge and experience from LAs and their strategic partners is fed into developing solutions to the causes of delay, reconciling partners' priorities where they differ;
- Ensure that expert input from strategic leaders, managers and frontline workers informs the recommended solutions:
- Use creative methods to ensure child and family voices are captured within solutions development process;
- Maintain a strategic overview of the solutions development process within each DFJ area, ensuring the solutions respond to local need (as identified in the deep-dive phase);

## B) Implementation and change management

3.11 By applying knowledge of effective project implementation, change management and culture change, the Delivery Partner will provide consultancy support to LAs within each DFJ area to ensure they are supported to implement recommended solutions locally

## 3.12 The Delivery Partner will:

- Support leaders with project mobilisation and communicating change effectively across their organisation to gain buy-in of managers and practitioners at all levels;
- Use change management expertise to support leaders in guiding their organisation through culture and practice shift and maintaining momentum of change;
- Provide high-quality, impartial technical support and advice to LAs on implementing, managing and maintaining momentum of change to culture and practice to support LAs to deliver recommended solutions;
- Use stakeholder engagement and management expertise to support LAs to develop and strengthen existing relationships with strategic partners and influence strategic partners to ensure delivery of recommended solutions.

## C) Supporting effective relationships

3.13 Central to this programme is effective working between a number of strategic partners. The Delivery Partner will facilitate strong, trusting working relationships between LAs and their strategic partners in the participating DFJ areas, including children's social care, the family courts, LFJBs and Cafcass. The Delivery Partner will also require a good working relationship with DfE, relevant Other Government Departments (OGDs) and the pilot Evaluation Partner.

## 3.14 The Delivery Partner will:

- Provide high-quality, impartial advice to lead LAs to support local relationships with strategic partners to flourish, including when dynamics between partners are challenging;
- Provide high-quality, impartial advice to DfE, reflecting the experience of local DFJ areas and providing honest feedback on the successes and challenges of pilot delivery; support effective relationships between DfE, LAs and their strategic partners within DFJ areas;
- Support future policy development by defining how the most successful local partnerships work together and why the arrangements are impactful; recognising weaknesses in local arrangements and articulate how these could be improved;
- Work collaboratively with the pilot Evaluation Partner to support their objectives;
- Engage as necessary with OGDs to enable effective join up and alignment between DfE and OGDs on relevant projects.

## D) Spreading of learning

3.15 The Delivery Partner will be responsible for ensuring emerging learning and best practice from the 24-25 pilot and expansion is shared with participating LAs and their strategic partners, providing the opportunity for them to utilise learning, connect with statistical neighbours and implement changes in their area. At the conclusion of the pilot, the Delivery Partner will also be expected to facilitate the sharing of learning and best practice from the pilot with the wider children's social care sector and the DfE to inform future policy development.

## 3.16 The Delivery Partner will:

- Identify and utilise effective channels through which to share emerging learning with participating LAs and their strategic partners during the lifecycle of the pilot
- Set up and deliver opportunities for sharing of learning and best practice from the pilot with the wider children's social care sector at the conclusion of the pilot;
- Provide DfE with recommendations about best practice from the pilot to inform future policy development.

## E) Monitoring and sustainability

3.17 Given the necessary pace of delivery of this programme, the Delivery Partner will provide DfE with regular, timely and accurate external insights into the progress of the DFJ areas and swiftly identify barriers to delivery. This insight will ensure the right support is given to areas, build a wider understanding of common challenges and spread evidence-based practice. Using local insights, the Delivery Partner will help LAs and their strategic partners within the DFJ areas to build a compelling case for sustained local support and investment.

## 3.18 The Delivery Partner will:

- Provide DfE with regular, robust project monitoring and reporting on the pilot progress, delivery milestones, risks/issues and barriers to delivery;
- Provide DfE with ad-hoc, real-time updates where requested to support central DfE commissions (e.g. ministerial updates);
- Provide technical support on business planning to support LAs and their strategic partners to build a compelling case for sustained local support and investment;
- Work collaboratively with the Evaluation Partner to agree a data collection strategy to avoid duplication of data collection and minimise burdens on participating LAs.

Social Value
3.19 Social Value has been included as part of the tender questions. The criteria chosen is Wellbeing. All guidance is included in the question.

#### 4. BASE LOCATION

4.1 Flexible, UK.

#### 5. PAYMENT

5.1

Maximum contract payment profile (in-	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	Maximum payment total
cluding VAT)	£1,011,495.96	£0	£1,011,495.96

#### 6. STAFF VETTING, EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS

- 6.1 At a senior level, the Delivery Partner must have a demonstrable record of leading significant culture and practice change in a children's social care setting.
- 6.2 Access by Deliver Partner staff to Departmental Data shall be confined to those individuals who have a "need-to-know" in order to carry out their role; and have undergone mandatory pre-employment screening, to a minimum of HMG Baseline Personnel Security Standard (BPSS); or hold an appropriate National Security Vetting clearance as required by the Department. All Contractor or sub-contractor staff must complete this process before access to Departmental Data is permitted.
- 6.3 All Contractor or sub-contractor employees who handle Departmental Data shall have annual awareness training in protecting information

#### 7. KEY MILESTONES

7.1 The Authority will measure the quality of delivery of the contract against the following project milestones:

**Milestone 1**: Begin guided learning exercise, including deep-dive analysis and local issues diagnosis within all participant DFJ areas to understand the causes of delay.

Timeframe: from September 2025 (within 2 weeks of Contract Award)

Milestone 2: Begin solutions development support work with all participant DFJ areas.

Timeframe: from October 2025 (within 6 weeks of Contract Award)

**Milestone 3:** Begin to share emerging learnings and best practice from the pilot across the participant DFJ areas and with DfE.

Timeframe: From December 2025 (3 months into the contract)

**Milestone 4**: Deliver sharing of learning and best practice from the pilot with the wider children's social care sector and provide DfE with recommendations about best practice, including the development of a toolkit for how DFJ areas can develop their own solutions locally.

Timeframe: By March 2026

**Milestone 5:** Delivery of system accountability work, including: Engage stakeholders to understand challenges and solutions, preparatory work for developing a Family Justice Strategy anddevelopment of practical reccomendations

Timeframe: By March 2026

#### 8. AUTHORITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

8.1 DfE will engage with DFJ areas in England, ensuring they are prepared for the delivery of this programme, ensuring significant buy in from all DFJ areas in England.

#### 9. REPORTING

- 9.1 The Delivery Partner will be required to provide regular contract information to DfE, via:
  - Weekly progress meetings with DfE programme management team for the first 3 months of the contract (January – March 2024);
  - Monthly contract management reporting on:
    - Hours of support time delivered in each DFJ area;
    - Progress of design/delivery in each DFJ area;
       Risks/issues and mitigations;
  - Monthly contract review meetings to report against KPIs.

#### 10. DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

#### DfE

**Department for Education** 

#### DFJ

Designated Family Judge

#### LA

Local authority

#### **LFJB**

Local Family Justice Board

#### MOJ

Ministry of Justice

#### Cafcass

Child and Family Court Advisory and Support Service

## OGD(s)

Other Government department(s)

## Annex A – Key Performance Indicators

Service area	Service outcomes	Success measures	Frequency of measure	Method of measurement	Target
Guided learning	The Delivery Partner will undertake a deep-dive analysis and local issues diagnosis in every DFJ area participating to understand the causes of delay in those areas.  The Delivery Partner will:   Use qualitative and quantitative methods to undertake a deep-dive analysis of the causes of delay in that DFJ area;  Engage with LAs and their strategic partners, where necessary, for example LFJBs, the local judiciary and Cafcass, to ensure local knowledge and experience is captured and fed into the deep-dive analysis;  Establish a shared understanding of the causes of delay in that DFJ area with LAs.	the following indicators during the monthly contract management meetings:  The number of days given to, and timeliness of, engaging LAs to understand local causes of delay within each DFJ area;  Engagements with strategic partners resulting in their local knowledge being fed into deep dive analysis;  The timeliness in which a shared understanding of the causes of delay can be established with LAs in each DFJ area.  Engagements with strategic partners resulting in their local knowledge being fed into solution	Monthly	<ul> <li>Reports on engagements with LAs in DFJ areas reported via monthly reporting;</li> <li>Reports on engagements and local knowledge captured from engagements with strategic partners via monthly reporting;</li> <li>Reports on shared understanding of causes of delay via monthly reporting.</li> <li>Reports on emerging solutions via monthly reporting</li> </ul>	the DFJ areas, or a proportionate number of days relative to the number of LAs in each area.  • 100% of lead LAs engaged on the ap-

		incorporated into the process;			•	Reach a shared understanding with LAs of the causes of delay in each DFJ area.
Implementation and change management	By applying knowledge of effective project implementation, change management and culture change, the Delivery Partner will provide consultancy support to LAs within each DFJ area to ensure they are supported to implement recommended solutions locally  The Delivery Partner will:  Support leaders with project mobilisation and communicating change effectively across their organisation to gain buy-in of managers and practitioners at all levels;  Use change management expertise to support leaders in guiding their organisation through culture and practice shift and maintaining momentum of change;  Provide high-quality, impartial technical support and advice to LAs on implementing, managing and maintaining momentum of change to culture and practice to support LAs to deliver recommended solutions;	measure this service area against the following indicators during the monthly contract management meetings:  • The number of days given to support each DFJ area;  • The timeliness in which support plans are agreed and mobilised for each DFJ area.	Monthly	<ul> <li>Reports on days spent on each DFJ area reported via monthly reporting.</li> <li>Reports on implementation/delivery progress returned via monthly reporting.</li> </ul>	•	Number of days to be delivered in line with individual requirements of each DFJ area and reported to DfE at monthly contract meetings.  Support of implementation of solutions within DFJ areas to commence.  100% compliance with reporting requirements on monitoring and evaluating delivery of solutions to be completed on an ongoing basis and to be reported to DfE at monthly contract meetings [96-99% = unacceptable level <95% = failure].

	Use stakeholder engagement and management expertise to support LAs to develop and strengthen existing relationships with strategic partners and influence strategic partners to ensure delivery of recommended solutions.				
Supporting effective relationship		the following indicators during the monthly contract management meetings:  • Provision of a detailed stakeholder engagement plan, including key relationships with strategic partners, regularly updated throughout the picture.	Monthly	Reports on engagement, including effective relationship building, to be updated via monthly reporting and included in a stakeholder engagement plan.	<ul> <li>Relationships between LAs and strategic partners, supported in accordance with stakeholder engagement plan;</li> <li>100% attendance at all reporting meetings with DfE and (where relevant) OGDs [96-99% = unacceptable level</li> <li>95% = failure].</li> <li>&gt;75% positive feedback from Evaluation Partner.</li> </ul>

	ing honest feedback on the successes and challenges of pilot delivery; support effective relationships between DfE, LAs and their strategic partners within DFJ areas;  Support future policy development by defining how the most successful local partnerships work together and why the arrangements are impactful; recognising weaknesses in local arrangements and articulate how these could be improved;  Work collaboratively with the pilot Evaluation Partner to support their objectives  Engage as necessary with OGDs to enable effective join up and alignment between DfE and OGDs on relevant projects.				
Spreading of learning	The Delivery Partner will be responsible for ensuring emerging learning and best practice from the 24-25 pilot and expansion is shared with participating LAs and their strategic partners, providing the opportunity for them to utilise learning, connect with statistical neighbours and implement changes in their area. At the conclusion of the pilot, the Delivery Partner will also be expected to facilitate the sharing of learning and best practice from the pilot with the wider children's social care	<ul> <li>measure this service area against the following indicators during the monthly contract management meetings:         <ul> <li>Timely delivery of learning materials (events or products etc.) produced by the Delivery Partner to share emerging learning across participating LAs and their strategic partners;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Monthly	<ul> <li>Reports on DFJ and wider learning engagement reported via monthly reporting.</li> <li>Delivery of learning with the wider children's social care sector</li> <li>Provide DfE with recommendations about best practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Share emerging learnings and best practice from the pilot across the DFJ areas and with DfE.</li> <li>By end of March 2026, deliver sharing of learning and best practice from the pilot with the wider children's social care sector, and provide DfE with</li> </ul>

	and the DC to to to to the	The mount of control		£	
	sector and the DfE to inform future	'		from the pro-	recommendations
	policy development.	pants accessing these		gramme to inform	about best practice.
	The Delivery Partner will:	learning materials (i.e.		future policy devel-	
		numbers attending events,		opment by end of	
	Identify and utilise effective chan-	numbers of down-		March 2026	
	nels through which to share emerg-	loads/material usage etc.)			
	ing learning with participating LAs	Delivery of learning with			
	and their strategic partners during	the wider children's social			
	the lifecycle of the pilot	care sector at the conclu-			
	Set up and deliver opportunities for	number and range of			
	sharing of learning and best prac-	stakeholders attending.			
	tice from the pilot with the wider	stakeholders attending.			
	children's social care sector at the	<ul> <li>Provision of robust recom-</li> </ul>			
	conclusion of the pilot;	mendations about best			
	Provide DfE with recommendations	practice to inform future			
	about best practice from the pilot	policy development.			
	to inform future policy develop-				
	ment.				
	Build on previous learning from the				
	first phase of Guided Learning				
	Develop an 'early adopters' toolkit				
	Given the necessary pace of	We propose to monitor and	Monthly	Monthly contract	100% monthly re-
Monitoring and sustainability	delivery of this programme, the	measure this service area against		management re-	ports to be submit-
	Delivery Partner will provide DfE	the following indicators during the		porting to be sub-	ted on time to DfE.
	with regular, timely and accurate	monthly contract management		mitted at least 3	Exceptions to be
	external insights into the progress	meetings:		working days in ad-	clearly communi-
	of the DFJ areas and swiftly identify			vance of the meet-	cated to DFE ahead
	barriers to delivery. This insight will	i '		ing	of time
	ensure the right support is given to areas, build a wider understanding	ness of monthly status re-		. Ad ba	. [00 000/
	of common challenges and spread	ports submitted to the DfE		Ad-hoc requests	• [96- 99% = unac-
	evidence-based practice. Using	on the DFJ areas and the		for progress infor-	ceptable level <95%
	local insights, the Delivery Partner	pilot as a whole.		mation and data to	= failure].Positive
	will help LAs and their strategic			be returned within	feedback from DfE
	will lieth the and their strategic				

partners within the DFJ areas to	•	The quality of information	agreed timeframe,		on information
build a compelling case for		given in regular status re-	dependent upon		given in status re-
sustained local support and		ports:	the scale of the		ports.
investment.	0	Hours of support time de-	commission.	•	100% ad-hoc re-
The Delivery Partner will:		livered in each of the se-			quests for progress
Provide DfE with regular, robust		lected DFJ areas			information/data to
project monitoring and reporting on the pilot progress, delivery milestones, risks/issues and	0	Progress of design/delivery in each of the selected DFJ			be returned to DfE within agreed timeframe, to sup-
barriers to delivery;		areas			port programme ob-
Provide DfE with ad-hoc, real-time updates where requested to support central DfE commissions (e.g. ministerial updates);	0	Risks/issues and quality of mitigations offered			jectives [85-99% = unacceptable level <85% = failure]
Provide technical support on business planning to support LAs and their strategic partners to build a compelling case for sustained local support and investment;	•	The quality and timeliness of responses to ad-hoc requests for progress information or data.			
Work collaboratively with the Evaluation Partner to agree a data collection strategy to avoid duplication of data collection and minimise burdens on participating	•	Feedback from Evaluation Partner on effective collab- oration			

LAs.



## **RM6187 Core Terms**

## 1. Definitions used in the contract

Interpret this Contract using Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions).

#### 2. How the contract works

- 2.1 The Supplier is eligible for the award of Call-Off Contracts during the Framework Contract Period.
- 2.2 CCS does not guarantee the Supplier any exclusivity, quantity or value of work under the Framework Contract.
- 2.3 CCS has paid one penny to the Supplier legally to form the Framework Contract. The Supplier acknowledges this payment.
- 2.4 If the Buyer decides to buy Deliverables under the Framework Contract it must use Framework Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure) and must state its requirements using Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules). If allowed by the Regulations, the Buyer can:
  - (a) make changes to Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules);
  - (b) create new Call-Off Schedules;
  - (c) exclude optional template Call-Off Schedules; and/or
  - (d) use Special Terms in the Order Form to add or change terms.

## 2.5 Each Call-Off Contract:

- (a) is a separate Contract from the Framework Contract;
- (b) is between a Supplier and a Buyer;
- (c) includes Core Terms, Schedules and any other changes or items in the completed Order Form; and
- (d) survives the termination of the Framework Contract.
- 2.6 Where the Supplier is approached by any Other Contracting Authority requesting Deliverables or substantially similar goods or services, the Supplier must tell them about this Framework Contract before accepting their order.
- 2.7 The Supplier acknowledges it has all the information required to perform its obligations under each Contract before entering into a Contract. When information is provided by a Relevant Authority no warranty of its accuracy is given to the Supplier.
- 2.8 The Supplier will not be excused from any obligation, or be entitled to additional Costs or Charges because it failed to either:
  - (a) verify the accuracy of the Due Diligence Information; or
  - (b) properly perform its own adequate checks.

- 2.9 CCS and the Buyer will not be liable for errors, omissions or misrepresentation of any information.
- 2.10 The Supplier warrants and represents that all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.

## 3. What needs to be delivered

- 3.1 All deliverables
- 3.1.1 The Supplier must provide Deliverables:
  - (a) that comply with the Specification, the Framework Tender Response and, in relation to a Call-Off Contract, the Call-Off Tender (if there is one);
  - (b) to a professional standard;
  - (c) using reasonable skill and care;
  - (d) using Good Industry Practice;
  - (e) using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they do not conflict with the Contract;
  - (f) on the dates agreed; and
  - (g) that comply with Law.
- 3.1.2 The Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days from Delivery against all obvious defects.

## 3.2 Goods clauses

- 3.2.1 All Goods delivered must be new, or as new if recycled, unused and of recent origin.
- 3.2.2 All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods must be assignable to the Buyer on request and for free.
- 3.2.3 The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on Delivery or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier.
- 3.2.4 Risk in the Goods transfers to the Buyer on Delivery of the Goods, but remains with the Supplier if the Buyer notices damage following Delivery and lets the Supplier know within 3 Working Days of Delivery.
- 3.2.5 The Supplier warrants that it has full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.
- 3.2.6 The Supplier must deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location during the Buyer's working hours.
- 3.2.7 The Supplier must provide sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of Delivery safely and undamaged.

- 3.2.8 All deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type and quantity of Goods.
- 3.2.9 The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Buyer needs to make use of the Goods.
- 3.2.10 The Supplier must indemnify the Buyer against the costs of any Recall of the Goods and give notice of actual or anticipated action about the Recall of the Goods.
- 3.2.11 The Buyer can cancel any order or part order of Goods which has not been Delivered. If the Buyer gives less than 14 days notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the cancelled order as long as the Supplier takes all reasonable steps to minimise these costs.
- 3.2.12 The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Buyer's option and request) any Goods that the Buyer rejects because they do not conform with Clause 3. If the Supplier does not do this it will pay the Buyer's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.

## 3.3 Services clauses

- 3.3.1 Late Delivery of the Services will be a Default of a Call-Off Contract.
- 3.3.2 The Supplier must cooperate with the Buyer and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the Delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions.
- 3.3.3 The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all Supplier Equipment required to Deliver the Services.
- 3.3.4 The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to each Contract.
- 3.3.5 The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Buyer's operations, employees or other contractors.
- 3.3.6 The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to Deliver the Services, are of good quality and free from defects.
- 3.3.7 The Buyer is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services, but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

## 4. Pricing and payments

4.1 In exchange for the Deliverables, the Supplier must invoice the Buyer for the

- Charges in the Order Form.
- 4.2 CCS must invoice the Supplier for the Management Charge and the Supplier must pay it using the process in Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information).
- 4.3 All Charges and the Management Charge:
  - (a) exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice; and
  - (b) include all costs connected with the Supply of Deliverables.
- 4.4 The Buyer must pay the Supplier the Charges within 30 days of receipt by the Buyer of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds using the payment method and details stated in the Order Form.
- 4.5 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
  - (a) includes all appropriate references including the Contract reference number and other details reasonably requested by the Buyer;
  - (b) includes a detailed breakdown of Delivered Deliverables and Milestone(s) (if any); and
  - (c) does not include any Management Charge (the Supplier must not charge the Buyer in any way for the Management Charge).
- 4.6 The Buyer must accept and process for payment an undisputed Electronic Invoice received from the Supplier.
- 4.7 The Buyer may retain or set-off payment of any amount owed to it by the Supplier if notice and reasons are provided.
- 4.8 The Supplier must ensure that all Subcontractors are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this does not happen, CCS or the Buyer can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.
- 4.9 If CCS or the Buyer can get more favourable commercial terms for the supply at cost of any materials, goods or services used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables, then CCS or the Buyer may require the Supplier to replace its existing commercial terms with the more favourable terms offered for the relevant items.
- 4.10 If CCS or the Buyer uses Clause 4.9 then the Framework Prices (and where applicable, the Charges) must be reduced by an agreed amount by using the Variation Procedure.
- 4.11 The Supplier has no right of set-off, counterclaim, discount or abatement unless they are ordered to do so by a court.

## 5. The buyer's obligations to the supplier

5.1 If Supplier Non-Performance arises from an Authority Cause:

- (a) neither CCS or the Buyer can terminate a Contract under Clause 10.4.1;
- (b) the Supplier is entitled to reasonable and proven additional expenses and to relief from liability and Deduction under this Contract;
- (c) the Supplier is entitled to additional time needed to make the Delivery; and
- (d) the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables.
- 5.2 Clause 5.1 only applies if the Supplier:
  - (a) gives notice to the Party responsible for the Authority Cause within 10 Working Days of becoming aware;
  - (b) demonstrates that the Supplier Non-Performance would not have occurred but for the Authority Cause; and
  - (c) mitigated the impact of the Authority Cause.

## 6. Record keeping and reporting

- 6.1 The Supplier must:
  - (a) attend Progress Meetings with the Buyer and provide Progress Reports when specified in the Order Form; and
  - (b) where the Order Form states that Financial Transparency Objectives apply, cooperate with the Buyer to achieve the Financial Transparency Objectives and, to this end, will provide a Financial Report to the Buyer:
    - (i) on or before the Start Date:
    - (ii) at the end of each Contract Year; and
    - (iii) within 6 Months of the end of the Contract Period,

and the Supplier must meet with the Buyer if required within 10 Working Days of the Buyer receiving a Financial Report.

- 6.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts, including the maintenance of Open Book Data, in accordance with Good Industry Practice and the Law on everything to do with the Contract:
  - (a) during the Contract Period;
  - (b) for 7 years after the End Date or such other date as agreed between the Parties; and
  - (c) in accordance with GDPR,

including but not limited to the records and accounts stated in the definition of Audit in Joint Schedule 1 and the Supplier shall make available its Financial Representative at reasonable times and on reasonable notice, during the Contract Period and up to 18 Months after the End Date, to answer questions that the Relevant Authority or an Auditor may have on those records and accounts, any Financial Report or Open Book Data.

6.3 The Relevant Authority or an Auditor can Audit the Supplier during the relevant

Contract Period and for up to 18 Months from the End Date of the Contract and, in the case of CCS, for up to 18 Months from the latest End Date to occur under any Call-Off Contract.

- 6.4 During an Audit, the Supplier must:
  - (a) allow the Relevant Authority or any Auditor access to:
    - (i) any Sites, equipment and Supplier's System used in the performance of the Contract to verify all contract accounts and records of everything to do with the Contract and provide copies for an Audit; and
    - (ii) Supplier Staff; and
  - (b) provide information within the permitted scope of the Audit to the Relevant Authority or to the Auditor and reasonable cooperation at their request.
- 6.5 Where the Audit of the Supplier is carried out by an Auditor, the Auditor shall be entitled to share any information obtained during the Audit with the Relevant Authority and the Relevant Authority shall use reasonable endeavours to ensure that its Auditor does not unreasonably disrupt the Supplier or its provision of the Deliverables, save insofar as the Supplier accepts and acknowledges that Audits carried out by Auditors are outside the control of the Relevant Authority.

### 6.6 If the Supplier:

- (a) is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:
  - (i) tell the Relevant Authority and give reasons;
  - (ii) propose corrective action; and
  - (iii) provide a deadline for completing the corrective action; and
  - (b) becomes aware of an event that has occurred or is likely to occur in the future which will have a material effect on the:
  - (i) Supplier's currently incurred or forecast future Costs; and
  - (ii) forecast Charges for the remainder of the Contract;

then the Supplier must notify the Buyer in writing as soon as practicable setting out the actual or anticipated effect of the event.

- 6.7 The Supplier must provide CCS with a Self Audit Certificate supported by an audit report at the end of each Contract Year. The report must contain:
  - (a) the methodology of the review;
  - (b) the sampling techniques applied;
  - (c) details of any issues; and
  - (d) any remedial action taken.

- 6.8 The Self Audit Certificate must be completed and signed by an auditor or senior member of the Supplier's management team that is qualified in either a relevant audit or financial discipline e.g. Head of Internal Audit/ Finance Director/ External Audit firm.
- 6.9 Each Self Audit Certificate should be based on tests completed against a representative sample of 10% of Orders carries out during the period being audited or 100 Orders (whichever is less) and should provide assurance that:
  - (a) Orders are clearly identified as such in the order processing and invoicing systems and, where required, Orders are correctly reported in the MI Reports;
  - (b) all related invoices are completely and accurately included in the MI Reports;
  - (c) all Charges to Buyers comply with any requirements under a Contract or as otherwise agreed in writing with the Government on maximum mark-up, discounts, charge rates, fixed quotes (as applicable); and
  - (d) an additional sample of 5 public sector Orders identified from the Supplier's order processing and invoicing systems as orders not placed under the Contract have been correctly identified as such and that an appropriate and legitimately tendered procurement route has been used to place those orders, and those orders should not otherwise have been routed via centralised mandated procurement processes executed by CCS.
- 6.10 The Supplier must comply with Buyer's reasonable instructions following an Audit, including:
  - (a) correct any identified Default;
  - (b) rectify any error identified in a Financial Report; and
  - (c) repaying any Charges that the Relevant Authority has overpaid.
- 6.11 The Parties will bear their own costs when an Audit is undertaken unless the Audit identifies a material Default by the Supplier, in which case the Supplier will repay the Relevant Authority's reasonable costs in connection with the Audit.

## 7. Supplier staff

- 7.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of each Contract must:
  - (a) be appropriately trained and qualified;
  - (b) be vetted using Good Industry Practice and the Security Policy; and
  - (c) comply with all conduct requirements when on the Buyer's Premises.
- 7.2 Where a Buyer decides one of the Supplier's Staff is not suitable to work on a contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.
- 7.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions

have caused the Supplier to breach Clause 27.

- 7.4 The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Buyer's Premises and say why access is required.
- 7.5 The Supplier indemnifies CCS and the Buyer against all claims brought by any person employed by the Supplier caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any Supplier Staff.

## 8. Rights and protection

- 8.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:
  - (a) it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform each Contract;
  - (b) each Contract is executed by its authorised representative;
  - (c) it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed:
  - (d) there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its Affiliates that might affect its ability to perform each Contract;
  - (e) it maintains all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents to perform its obligations under each Contract;
  - (f) it does not have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform each Contract;
  - (g) it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event; and
  - (h) it will comply with each Call-Off Contract.
- 8.2 The warranties and representations in Clauses 2.10 and 8.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.
- 8.3 The Supplier indemnifies both CCS and every Buyer against each of the following:
  - (a) wilful misconduct of the Supplier, Subcontractor and Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract; and
  - (b) non-payment by the Supplier of any Tax or National Insurance.
- 8.4 All claims indemnified under this Contract must use Clause 26.
- 8.5 The description of any provision of this Contract as a warranty does not prevent CCS or a Buyer from exercising any termination right that it may have for breach of that clause by the Supplier.
- 8.6 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify CCS and every Buyer.
- 8.7 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Buyer's benefit by the Supplier.

## 9. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)

- 9.1 Each Party keeps ownership of its own Existing IPRs. The Supplier gives the Buyer a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free, irrevocable, transferable worldwide licence to use, change and sub-license the Supplier's Existing IPR to enable it to both:
  - (a) receive and use the Deliverables; and
  - (b) make use of the deliverables provided by a Replacement Supplier.
- 9.2 Any New IPR created under a Contract is owned by the Buyer. The Buyer gives the Supplier a licence to use any Existing IPRs and New IPRs for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations during the Contract Period.
- 9.3 Where a Party acquires ownership of IPRs incorrectly under this Contract it must do everything reasonably necessary to complete a transfer assigning them in writing to the other Party on request and at its own cost.
- 9.4 Neither Party has the right to use the other Party's IPRs, including any use of the other Party's names, logos or trademarks, except as provided in Clause 9 or otherwise agreed in writing.
- 9.5 If there is an IPR Claim, the Supplier indemnifies CCS and each Buyer against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result.
- 9.6 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Buyer's sole option, either:
  - (a) obtain for CCS and the Buyer the rights in Clause 9.1 and 9.2 without infringing any third party IPR; or
  - (b) replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that do not infringe IPR without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables.
- 9.7 In spite of any other provisions of a Contract and for the avoidance of doubt, award of a Contract by the Buyer and placement of any contract task under it does not constitute an authorisation by the Crown under Sections 55 and 56 of the Patents Act 1977 or Section 12 of the Registered Designs Act 1949. The Supplier acknowledges that any authorisation by the Buyer under its statutory powers must be expressly provided in writing, with reference to the acts authorised and the specific IPR involved.

## 10. Ending the contract or any subcontract

#### 10.1 Contract Period

10.1.1 The Contract takes effect on the Start Date and ends on the End Date or earlier if required by Law.

10.1.2 The Relevant Authority can extend the Contract for the Extension Period by giving the Supplier no less than 3 Months' written notice before the Contract expires.

#### 10.2 Ending the contract without a reason

- 10.2.1 CCS has the right to terminate the Framework Contract at any time without reason by giving the Supplier at least 30 days' written notice.
- 10.2.2 Each Buyer has the right to terminate their Call-Off Contract at any time without reason by giving the Supplier not less than 90 days' written notice.

#### 10.3 Rectification plan process

- 10.3.1 If there is a Default, the Relevant Authority may, without limiting its other rights, request that the Supplier provide a Rectification Plan.
- 10.3.2 When the Relevant Authority receives a requested Rectification Plan it can either:
  - (a) reject the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan, giving reasons; or
  - (b) accept the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan (without limiting its rights) and the Supplier must immediately start work on the actions in the Rectification Plan at its own cost, unless agreed otherwise by the Parties.
- 10.3.3 Where the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan is rejected, the Relevant Authority:
  - (a) must give reasonable grounds for its decision; and
  - (b) may request that the Supplier provides a revised Rectification Plan within 5 Working Days.
- 10.3.4 If the Relevant Authority rejects any Rectification Plan, including any revised Rectification Plan, the Relevant Authority does not have to request a revised Rectification Plan before exercising its right to terminate its Contract under Clause 10.4.3(a).

### 10.4 When CCS or the buyer can end a contract

- 10.4.1 If any of the following events happen, the Relevant Authority has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:
  - (a) there is a Supplier Insolvency Event;
  - (b) there is a Default that is not corrected in line with an accepted Rectification Plan;
  - (c) the Supplier does not provide a Rectification Plan within 10 days of the request;
  - (d) there is any material Default of the Contract;
  - (e) there is any material Default of any Joint Controller Agreement relating to

- any Contract;
- (f) there is a Default of Clauses 2.10, 6, 9, 14, 15, 27, 32 or Framework Schedule 9 (Cyber Essentials) (where applicable) relating to any Contract;
- (g) there is a consistent repeated failure to meet the Performance Indicators in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management);
- (h) there is a Change of Control of the Supplier which is not pre-approved by the Relevant Authority in writing;
- (i) if the Relevant Authority discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded; or
- (j) the Supplier or its Affiliates embarrass or bring CCS or the Buyer into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them.
- 10.4.2 CCS may terminate the Framework Contract if a Buyer terminates a Call-Off Contract for any of the reasons listed in Clause 10.4.1.
- 10.4.3 If any of the following non-fault based events happen, the Relevant Authority has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:
  - (a) the Relevant Authority rejects a Rectification Plan;
  - (b) there is a Variation which cannot be agreed using Clause 24 (Changing the contract) or resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving disputes);
  - (c) if there is a declaration of ineffectiveness in respect of any Variation; or
  - (d) any of the events in 73 (1) (a) or (c) of the Regulations happen.

### 10.5 When the supplier can end the contract

The Supplier can issue a Reminder Notice if the Buyer does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate a Call-Off Contract if the Buyer fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the annual Contract Value within 30 days of the date of the Reminder Notice.

### 10.6 What happens if the contract ends

- 10.6.1 Where a Party terminates a Contract under any of Clauses 10.2.1, 10.2.2, 10.4.1, 10.4.2, 10.4.3, 10.5 or 20.2 or a Contract expires all of the following apply:
  - (a) The Buyer's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately.
  - (b) Accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected.
  - (c) The Supplier must promptly repay to the Buyer any and all Charges the Buyer has paid in advance in respect of Deliverables not provided by the Supplier as at the End Date.
  - (d) The Supplier must promptly delete or return the Government Data except where required to retain copies by Law.
  - (e) The Supplier must promptly return any of CCS or the Buyer's property provided under the terminated Contract.
  - (f) The Supplier must, at no cost to CCS or the Buyer, co-operate fully in the

handover and re-procurement (including to a Replacement Supplier).

- 10.6.2 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, where the Relevant Authority terminates a Contract under Clause 10.4.1 the Supplier is also responsible for the Relevant Authority's reasonable costs of procuring Replacement Deliverables for the rest of the Contract Period.
- 10.6.3 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, if either the Relevant Authority terminates a Contract under Clause 10.2.1 or 10.2.2 or a Supplier terminates a Call-Off Contract under Clause 10.5:
  - (a) the Buyer must promptly pay all outstanding Charges incurred to the Supplier; and
  - (b) the Buyer must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable Losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and cost schedule with evidence the maximum value of this payment is limited to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated.
- 10.6.4 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, where a Party terminates under Clause 20.2 each Party must cover its own Losses.
- 10.6.5 The following Clauses survive the termination or expiry of each Contract: 3.2.10, 4.2, 6, 7.5, 9, 11, 12.2, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 31.3, 34, 35 and any Clauses and Schedules which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.

#### 10.7 Partially ending and suspending the contract

- 10.7.1 Where CCS has the right to terminate the Framework Contract it can suspend the Supplier's ability to accept Orders (for any period) and the Supplier cannot enter into any new Call-Off Contracts during this period. If this happens, the Supplier must still meet its obligations under any existing Call-Off Contracts that have already been signed.
- 10.7.2 Where CCS has the right to terminate a Framework Contract it is entitled to terminate all or part of it.
- 10.7.3 Where the Buyer has the right to terminate a Call-Off Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Buyer suspends a Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.
- 10.7.4 The Relevant Authority can only partially terminate or suspend a Contract if the remaining parts of that Contract can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.
- 10.7.5 The Parties must agree any necessary Variation required by Clause 10.7 using the Variation Procedure, but the Supplier may not either:
  - (a) reject the Variation; or
  - (b) increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under

Clause 10.2.

10.7.6 The Buyer can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under Clause 10.7.

## 10.8 When subcontracts can be ended

At the Buyer's request, the Supplier must terminate any Subcontracts in any of the following events:

- (a) there is a Change of Control of a Subcontractor which is not pre-approved by the Relevant Authority in writing;
- (b) the acts or omissions of the Subcontractor have caused or materially contributed to a right of termination under Clause 10.4; or
- (c) a Subcontractor or its Affiliates embarrasses or brings into disrepute or diminishes the public trust in the Relevant Authority.

## 11. How much you can be held responsible for

- 11.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under this Framework Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than £1,000,000.
- 11.2 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under each Call-Off Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is a sum equal to one hundred and twenty five percent (125%) of the Estimated Yearly Charges unless specified in the Call-Off Order Form.
- 11.3 No Party is liable to the other for:
  - (a) any indirect Losses; or
  - (b) Loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect).
- 11.4 In spite of Clause 11.1 and 11.2, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:
  - (a) its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or Subcontractors;
  - (b) its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees;
  - (c) any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by Law;
  - (d) its obligation to pay the required Management Charge or Default Management Charge.
- 11.5 In spite of Clauses 11.1 and 11.2, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under Clauses 7.5, 8.3(b), 9.5, 31.3 or Call-Off Schedule 2 (Staff Transfer) of a Contract.
- 11.6 In spite of Clauses 11.1, 11.2 but subject to Clauses 11.3 and 11.4, the

Supplier's aggregate liability in each and any Contract Year under each Contract under Clause 14.8 shall in no event exceed the Data Protection Liability Cap.

- 11.7 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any Loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with each Contract, including any indemnities.
- 11.8 When calculating the Supplier's liability under Clause 11.1 or 11.2 the following items will not be taken into consideration:
  - (a) Deductions; and
  - (b) any items specified in Clauses 11.5 or 11.6.
- 11.9 If more than one Supplier is party to a Contract, each Supplier Party is jointly and severally liable for their obligations under that Contract.

## 12. Obeying the law

- 12.1 The Supplier must use reasonable endeavours to comply with the provisions of Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility).
- 12.2 To the extent that it arises as a result of a Default by the Supplier, the Supplier indemnifies the Relevant Authority against any fine or penalty incurred by the Relevant Authority pursuant to Law and any costs incurred by the Relevant Authority in defending any proceedings which result in such fine or penalty.
- 12.3 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with Law, Clause 12.1 and Clauses 27 to 32.

#### 13. Insurance

The Supplier must, at its own cost, obtain and maintain the Required Insurances in Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements) and any Additional Insurances in the Order Form.

## 14. Data protection

- 14.1 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data).
- 14.2 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Government Data.
- 14.3 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Government Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Buyer copies every 6 Months.

- 14.4 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Government Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the Security Policy and any applicable Security Management Plan.
- 14.5 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Government Data provided under a Contract is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must notify the Relevant Authority and immediately suggest remedial action.
- 14.6 If the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Relevant Authority may either or both:
  - (a) tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Government Data as soon as practical but no later than 5 Working Days from the date that the Relevant Authority receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier; and/or
  - (b) restore the Government Data itself or using a third party.
- 14.7 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with Clause 14.6 unless CCS or the Buyer is at fault.

#### 14.8 The Supplier:

- (a) must provide the Relevant Authority with all Government Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request;
- (b) must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Government Data if the Supplier stops trading;
- (c) must securely destroy all Storage Media that has held Government Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice;
- (d) securely erase all Government Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by CCS or the Buyer unless required by Law to retain it; and
- (e) indemnifies CCS and each Buyer against any and all Losses incurred if the Supplier breaches Clause 14 and any Data Protection Legislation.

## 15. What you must keep confidential

#### 15.1 Each Party must:

- (a) keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure;
- (b) except as expressly set out in the Contract at Clauses 15.2 to 15.4 or elsewhere in the Contract, not disclose, use or exploit the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information without the Disclosing Party's prior written consent: and
- (c) immediately notify the Disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information.

- 15.2 In spite of Clause 15.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the Disclosing Party in any of the following instances:
  - (a) where disclosure is required by applicable Law or by a court with the relevant jurisdiction if, to the extent not prohibited by Law, the Recipient Party notifies the Disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure;
  - (b) if the Recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the Disclosing Party;
  - (c) if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality;
  - (d) if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure;
  - (e) if the information was independently developed without access to the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information;
  - (f) on a confidential basis, to its auditors;
  - (g) on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis; or
  - (h) to the Serious Fraud Office where the Recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the Disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010.
- 15.3 In spite of Clause 15.1, the Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Relevant Authority at its request.
- 15.4 In spite of Clause 15.1, CCS or the Buyer may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:
  - (a) on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of CCS or the Buyer;
  - (b) on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any company that CCS or the Buyer transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to:
  - (c) if CCS or the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions;
  - (d) where requested by Parliament; or
  - (e) under Clauses 4.7 and 16.
- 15.5 For the purposes of Clauses 15.2 to 15.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in Clause 15.
- 15.6 Transparency Information is not Confidential Information.
- 15.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contracts or any part of them in any way, without the prior written consent of

the Relevant Authority and must take all reasonable steps to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.

## 16. When you can share information

- 16.1 The Supplier must tell the Relevant Authority within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.
- 16.2 Within five (5) Working Days of the Buyer's request the Supplier must give CCS and each Buyer full co-operation and information needed so the Buyer can:
  - (a) publish the Transparency Information;
  - (b) comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request; and/or
  - (c) comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request.
- 16.3 The Relevant Authority may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under Clause 16. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Relevant Authority's decision in its absolute discretion.

## 17. Invalid parts of the contract

If any part of a Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from that Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it is valid or enforceable.

## 18. No other terms apply

The provisions incorporated into each Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements, agreements and any course of dealings made between the Parties, whether written or oral, in relation to its subject matter. No other provisions apply.

## 19. Other people's rights in a contract

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

## 20. Circumstances beyond your control

- 20.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under a Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:
  - (a) provides a Force Majeure Notice to the other Party; and

- (b) uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event.
- 20.2 Either Party can partially or fully terminate the affected Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event which lasts for 90 days continuously.

## 21. Relationships created by the contract

No Contract creates a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

## 22. Giving up contract rights

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of a Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

## 23. Transferring responsibilities

- 23.1 The Supplier cannot assign, novate or transfer a Contract or any part of a Contract without the Relevant Authority's written consent.
- 23.2 The Relevant Authority can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Central Government Body, public or private sector body which performs the functions of the Relevant Authority.
- 23.3 When CCS or the Buyer uses its rights under Clause 23.2 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that CCS or the Buyer specifies.
- 23.4 The Supplier can terminate a Contract novated under Clause 23.2 to a private sector body that is experiencing an Insolvency Event.
- 23.5 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.
- 23.6 If CCS or the Buyer asks the Supplier for details about Subcontractors, the Supplier must provide details of Subcontractors at all levels of the supply chain including:
  - (a) their name;
  - (b) the scope of their appointment; and
  - (c) the duration of their appointment.

## 24. Changing the contract

- 24.1 Either Party can request a Variation which is only effective if agreed in writing and signed by both Parties.
- 24.2 The Supplier must provide an Impact Assessment either:

- (a) with the Variation Form, where the Supplier requests the Variation; or
- (b) within the time limits included in a Variation Form requested by CCS or the Buyer.
- 24.3 If the Variation cannot be agreed or resolved by the Parties, CCS or the Buyer can either:
  - (a) agree that the Contract continues without the Variation; or
  - (b) terminate the affected Contract, unless in the case of a Call-Off Contract, the Supplier has already provided part or all of the provision of the Deliverables, or where the Supplier can show evidence of substantial work being carried out to provide them; or
  - (c) refer the Dispute to be resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving Disputes).
- 24.4 CCS and the Buyer are not required to accept a Variation request made by the Supplier.
- 24.5 If there is a General Change in Law, the Supplier must bear the risk of the change and is not entitled to ask for an increase to the Framework Prices or the Charges.
- 24.6 If there is a Specific Change in Law or one is likely to happen during the Contract Period the Supplier must give CCS and the Buyer notice of the likely effects of the changes as soon as reasonably practicable. They must also say if they think any Variation is needed either to the Deliverables, Framework Prices or a Contract and provide evidence:
  - (a) that the Supplier has kept costs as low as possible, including in Subcontractor costs: and
  - (b) of how it has affected the Supplier's costs.
- 24.7 Any change in the Framework Prices or relief from the Supplier's obligations because of a Specific Change in Law must be implemented using Clauses 24.1 to 24.4.
- 24.8 For 101(5) of the Regulations, if the Court declares any Variation ineffective, the Parties agree that their mutual rights and obligations will be regulated by the terms of the Contract as they existed immediately prior to that Variation and as if the Parties had never entered into that Variation.

## 25. How to communicate about the contract

25.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they are delivered before 5:00pm on a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective at 9:00am on the first Working Day after sending unless an error message is received.

- 25.2 Notices to CCS must be sent to the CCS Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Framework Award Form.
- 25.3 Notices to the Buyer must be sent to the Buyer Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Order Form.
- 25.4 This Clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.

## 26. Dealing with claims

- 26.1 If a Beneficiary is notified of a Claim then it must notify the Indemnifier as soon as reasonably practical and no later than 10 Working Days.
- 26.2 At the Indemnifier's cost the Beneficiary must both:
  - (a) allow the Indemnifier to conduct all negotiations and proceedings to do with a Claim; and
  - (b) give the Indemnifier reasonable assistance with the claim if requested.
- 26.3 The Beneficiary must not make admissions about the Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnifier which can not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
- 26.4 The Indemnifier must consider and defend the Claim diligently using competent legal advisors and in a way that does not damage the Beneficiary's reputation.
- 26.5 The Indemnifier must not settle or compromise any Claim without the Beneficiary's prior written consent which it must not unreasonably withhold or delay.
- 26.6 Each Beneficiary must take all reasonable steps to minimise and mitigate any losses that it suffers because of the Claim.
- 26.7 If the Indemnifier pays the Beneficiary money under an indemnity and the Beneficiary later recovers money which is directly related to the Claim, the Beneficiary must immediately repay the Indemnifier the lesser of either:
  - (a) the sum recovered minus any legitimate amount spent by the Beneficiary when recovering this money; or
  - (b) the amount the Indemnifier paid the Beneficiary for the Claim.

## 27. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption

- 27.1 The Supplier must not during any Contract Period:
  - (a) commit a Prohibited Act or any other criminal offence in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2); or
  - (b) do or allow anything which would cause CCS or the Buyer, including any of

their employees, consultants, contractors, Subcontractors or agents to breach any of the Relevant Requirements or incur any liability under them.

- 27.2 The Supplier must during the Contract Period:
  - (a) create, maintain and enforce adequate policies and procedures to ensure it complies with the Relevant Requirements to prevent a Prohibited Act and require its Subcontractors to do the same;
  - (b) keep full records to show it has complied with its obligations under Clause 27 and give copies to CCS or the Buyer on request; and
  - (c) if required by the Relevant Authority, within 20 Working Days of the Start Date of the relevant Contract, and then annually, certify in writing to the Relevant Authority, that they have complied with Clause 27, including compliance of Supplier Staff, and provide reasonable supporting evidence of this on request, including its policies and procedures.
- 27.3 The Supplier must immediately notify CCS and the Buyer if it becomes aware of any breach of Clauses 27.1 or 27.2 or has any reason to think that it, or any of the Supplier Staff, has either:
  - (a) been investigated or prosecuted for an alleged Prohibited Act;
  - (b) been debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or is otherwise ineligible to take part in procurement programmes or contracts because of a Prohibited Act by any government department or agency;
  - (c) received a request or demand for any undue financial or other advantage of any kind related to a Contract; or
  - (d) suspected that any person or Party directly or indirectly related to a Contract has committed or attempted to commit a Prohibited Act.
- 27.4 If the Supplier notifies CCS or the Buyer as required by Clause 27.3, the Supplier must respond promptly to their further enquiries, co-operate with any investigation and allow the Audit of any books, records and relevant documentation in accordance with Clause 6.
- 27.5 In any notice the Supplier gives under Clause 27.3 it must specify the:
  - (a) Prohibited Act;
  - (b) identity of the Party who it thinks has committed the Prohibited Act; and
  - (c) action it has decided to take.

## 28. Equality, diversity and human rights

- 28.1 The Supplier must follow all applicable equality Law when they perform their obligations under the Contract, including:
  - (a) protections against discrimination on the grounds of race, sex, gender reassignment, religion or belief, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy, maternity, age or otherwise; and
  - (b) any other requirements and instructions which CCS or the Buyer

reasonably imposes related to equality Law.

28.2 The Supplier must take all necessary steps, and inform CCS or the Buyer of the steps taken, to prevent anything that is considered to be unlawful discrimination by any court or tribunal, or the Equality and Human Rights Commission (or any successor organisation) when working on a Contract.

## 29. Health and safety

- 29.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:
  - (a) all applicable Law regarding health and safety; and
  - (b) the Buyer's current health and safety policy while at the Buyer's Premises, as provided to the Supplier.
- 29.2 The Supplier and the Buyer must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents or material hazards they are aware of at the Buyer Premises that relate to the performance of a Contract.

#### 30. Environment

- 30.1 When working on Site the Supplier must perform its obligations under the Buyer's current Environmental Policy, which the Buyer must provide.
- 30.2 The Supplier must ensure that Supplier Staff are aware of the Buyer's Environmental Policy.

#### 31. Tax

- 31.1 The Supplier must not breach any Tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. CCS and the Buyer cannot terminate a Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor Tax or social security contribution.
- 31.2 Where the Charges payable under a Contract with the Buyer are or are likely to exceed £5 million at any point during the relevant Contract Period, and an Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance occurs, the Supplier must notify CCS and the Buyer of it within 5 Working Days including:
  - (a) the steps that the Supplier is taking to address the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance and any mitigating factors that it considers relevant; and
  - (b) other information relating to the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance that CCS and the Buyer may reasonably need.
- 31.3 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under a Call-Off Contract, the Supplier must both:

- (a) comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions; and
- (b) indemnify the Buyer against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Contract Period in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff.
- 31.4 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:
  - (a) the Buyer may, at any time during the Contract Period, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with Clause 31.3, or why those requirements do not apply, the Buyer can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding;
  - (b) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Buyer within the time specified by the Buyer;
  - (c) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker provides information which the Buyer considers is not good enough to demonstrate how it complies with Clause 31.3 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements; and
  - (d) the Buyer may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management.

#### 32. Conflict of interest

- 32.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.
- 32.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to CCS and each Buyer if a Conflict of Interest happens or is expected to happen.
- 32.3 CCS and each Buyer can terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier or take any steps it thinks are necessary where there is or may be an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.

## 33. Reporting a breach of the contract

- 33.1 As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to CCS or the Buyer any actual or suspected breach of:
  - (a) Law;
  - (b) Clause 12.1; or
  - (c) Clauses 27 to 32.

33.2 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in Clause 33.1 to the Buyer or a Prescribed Person.

## 34. Resolving disputes

- 34.1 If there is a Dispute, the senior representatives of the Parties who have authority to settle the Dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the Dispute.
- 34.2 If the Dispute is not resolved at that meeting, the Parties can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure currently at the time of the Dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the Dispute, the Dispute must be resolved using Clauses 34.3 to 34.5.
- 34.3 Unless the Relevant Authority refers the Dispute to arbitration using Clause 34.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:
  - (a) determine the Dispute;
  - (b) grant interim remedies; and/or
  - (c) grant any other provisional or protective relief.
- 34.4 The Supplier agrees that the Relevant Authority has the exclusive right to refer any Dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules currently at the time of the Dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.
- 34.5 The Relevant Authority has the right to refer a Dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under Clause 34.3, unless the Relevant Authority has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under Clause 34.4.
- 34.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of a Contract during any Dispute.

## 35. Which law applies

This Contract and any Disputes arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.

## Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility)

## 1. What we expect from our Suppliers

- 1.1 In February 2019, HM Government published a Supplier Code of Conduct setting out the standards and behaviours expected of suppliers who work with government
  - (https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/a ttachment data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier Code of Conduct.pdf)
- 1.2 CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to meet the standards set out in that Code. In addition, CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to comply with the Standards set out in this Schedule.
- 1.3 The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer may have additional requirements in relation to corporate social responsibility. The Buyer expects that the Supplier and its Subcontractors will comply with such corporate social responsibility requirements as the Buyer may notify the Supplier from time to time.

## 2. Equality and Accessibility

- 2.1 In addition to legal obligations, the Supplier shall support CCS and the Buyer in fulfilling its Public Sector Equality duty under S149 of the Equality Act 2010 by ensuring that it fulfils its obligations under each Contract in a way that seeks to:
  - 2.1.1 eliminate discrimination, harassment or victimisation of any kind; and
  - 2.1.2 advance equality of opportunity and good relations between those with a protected characteristic (age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, and marriage and civil partnership) and those who do not share it.

#### 3. Modern Slavery, Child Labour and Inhumane Treatment

"Modern Slavery Helpline" means the mechanism for reporting suspicion, seeking help or advice and information on the subject of modern slavery available online at <a href="https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org/report">https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org/report</a> or by telephone on 08000 121 700.

#### 3.1 The Supplier:

- 3.1.1 shall not use, nor allow its Subcontractors to use forced, bonded or involuntary prison labour;
- 3.1.2 shall not require any Supplier Staff or Subcontractor Staff to lodge deposits or identify papers with the Employer and shall be free to leave their employer after reasonable notice;
- 3.1.3 warrants and represents that it has not been convicted of any slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world.
- 3.1.4 warrants that to the best of its knowledge it is not currently under investigation, inquiry or enforcement proceedings in relation to any

- allegation of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.
- 3.1.5 shall make reasonable enquires to ensure that its officers, employees and Subcontractors have not been convicted of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.
- 3.1.6 shall have and maintain throughout the term of each Contract its own policies and procedures to ensure its compliance with the Modern Slavery Act and include in its contracts with its Subcontractors anti-slavery and human trafficking provisions;
- 3.1.7 shall implement due diligence procedures to ensure that there is no slavery or human trafficking in any part of its supply chain performing obligations under a Contract;
- 3.1.8 shall prepare and deliver to CCS, an annual slavery and human trafficking report setting out the steps it has taken to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any of its supply chains or in any part of its business with its annual certification of compliance with Paragraph 3;
- 3.1.9 shall not use, nor allow its employees or Subcontractors to use physical abuse or discipline, the threat of physical abuse, sexual or other harassment and verbal abuse or other forms of intimidation of its employees or Subcontractors;
- 3.1.10 shall not use or allow child or slave labour to be used by its Subcontractors;
- 3.1.11 shall report the discovery or suspicion of any slavery or trafficking by it or its Subcontractors to CCS, the Buyer and Modern Slavery Helpline.

#### 4. Income Security

- 4.1 The Supplier shall:
  - 4.1.1 ensure that that all wages and benefits paid for a standard working week meet, at a minimum, national legal standards in the country of employment;
  - 4.1.2 ensure that all Supplier Staff are provided with written and understandable Information about their employment conditions in respect of wages before they enter employment and about the particulars of their wages for the pay period concerned each time that they are paid;
  - 4.1.3 not make deductions from wages:
    - (a) as a disciplinary measure
    - (b) except where permitted by law; or
    - (c) without expressed permission of the worker concerned;
  - 4.1.4 record all disciplinary measures taken against Supplier Staff;

4.1.5 ensure that Supplier Staff are engaged under a recognised employment relationship established through national law and practice.

### 5. Working Hours

- 5.1 The Supplier shall:
  - 5.1.1 ensure that the working hours of Supplier Staff comply with national laws, and any collective agreements;
  - 5.1.2 that the working hours of Supplier Staff, excluding overtime, shall be defined by contract, and shall not exceed 48 hours per week unless the individual has agreed in writing;
  - 5.1.3 ensure that use of overtime used responsibly, taking into account:
    - (a) the extent;
    - (b) frequency; and
    - (c) hours worked;

by individuals and by the Supplier Staff as a whole;

- 5.2 The total hours worked in any seven day period shall not exceed 60 hours, except where covered by Paragraph 5.3 below.
- 5.3 Working hours may exceed 60 hours in any seven day period only in exceptional circumstances where all of the following are met:
  - 5.3.1 this is allowed by national law;
  - 5.3.2 this is allowed by a collective agreement freely negotiated with a workers' organisation representing a significant portion of the workforce:
  - 5.3.3 appropriate safeguards are taken to protect the workers' health and safety; and
  - 5.3.4 the employer can demonstrate that exceptional circumstances apply such as unexpected production peaks, accidents or emergencies.
- 5.4 All Supplier Staff shall be provided with at least one (1) day off in every seven (7) day period or, where allowed by national law, two (2) days off in every fourteen (14) day period.

### 6. Sustainability

6.1 The supplier shall meet the applicable Government Buying Standards applicable to Deliverables which can be found online at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/sustainable-procurement-the-government-buying-standards-gbs

## Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call Off Tender)

Preferred supplier's bid will be included here at contract award.

## **Qualification Envelope**

## **Qualification - Key participation requirements**

#### Response Guidance

The following questions are 'Pass/Fail' questions. If Potential Bidders are unwilling or unable to answer "Yes", their submission will be deemed non-compliant and shall be rejected.

Potential Bidders should confirm their answer by selecting the appropriate option.

1.1 Do you accept the competition rules as described in Attachment 1 – About the Procurement?

#### Yes

1.2 Have you read, understood and accepted the Bid Pack and all associated attachments, specifically Attachment 3 - Statement of Requirements?

#### Yes

1.3 Do you agree, without caveats or limitations, that in the event that you are successful, Schedules, Core Terms and Call Off order form will govern the provision of this contract?

#### Yes

1.4 Do you confirm your Organisation's e-Sourcing suite profile is complete and accurate at the time the bid closed and that any amendments made following acceptance of this event will be notified to the buyer in writing?

#### Yes

#### **Qualification - Conflicts of Interest**

Response Guidance

Question 2.1 is a 'Yes/No' question and will dictate whether or not question 2.2 needs to be answered.

Question 2.2 is a Pass / Fail question that only needs to be answered where you have answered 'Yes' in question 2.1.

Potential Bidders are required to provide details of how the identified conflict will be mitigated.

The Contracting Authority will review the mitigation in line with the perceived conflict of interest, to determine what level of risk this poses to them. Therefore, if Potential Bidders cannot or are unwilling to suitably demonstrate that they have suitable safeguards to mitigate any risk then their Bid will be deemed non-compliant and will be rejected.

2.1 Please confirm whether you have any potential, actual or perceived conflicts of interest that may be relevant to this requirement.

#### No

2.2 We require that any potential, actual or perceived conflicts of interest in respect of this Bid Pack are identified in writing and that companies outline what safeguards would be put in place to mitigate the risk of actual or perceived conflicts arising during the delivery of these services.



## **Qualification - Information only**

#### Response Guidance

The following questions are for information only and do not form part of the evaluation. Information provided in response to these questions may be used in preparation of any Contract Award and any omissions may delay completion of this procurement.

3.1 Please provide details of where the Award Outcome should be directed. Your response must include their;

Full Name –	Redacted Under Section 43 of FOI Act>
Role/Title - <	edacted Under Section 43 of FOI Act>
Registered Address -	<redacted 43="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>
Email Address -	<redacted 43="" act="" foi="" of="" section="" under=""></redacted>
•	of any subcontractors you propose to use in order to meet your obligations Contract. Your response must include their;
Organisation Name(s) - [	I
Company Registration Nun	nber - <mark>[]</mark>
Registered Address(ees) -	<mark>]</mark>
Contact Details - []	
Services to be provided - [.	<mark>]</mark>

## **Technical Envelope - Quality weighting 70%**

# Response guidance

Potential Bidders MUST answer ALL the quality questions (p.3-8).

The method of response, page limit on attachments and evaluation criteria is set per question.

You must respond within the word template below, using the *Response* box for each question. You may include diagrams or charts to support your response, where indicated within the question, but any text will contribute to the word limit for each individual question.

It is requested that any attachments are submitted in Microsoft Word or Excel format and must be in Arial font size 12. Page limits include the use of headers / footers and diagrams. Upload ONLY those attachments we have asked for – if applicable any other supporting evidence, certificates for example, will be requested separately.

No costs should be included in responses to this Question.

Please note if you score a 2 or below on any technical question your bid will be excluded from the competition.

# Quality question overview

	Question theme	Weighting	Word limit
		(%)	(includes diagrams/charts where
			permitted)
1.	Guided Learning	16	1000
2.	Implementation and Change Management	6	400
3.	Supporting Effective Relationships	8	600
4.	Spreading of Learning	10	800
5.	Monitoring and Sustainability	7	500
6.	Project Plan	7	500
7.	Resources	6	400 (CVs to be uploaded)
8.	Social Value	10	800

# Evaluation criteria

The following scoring scale will be used:

Assessment	Score	Interpretation
Excellent	5	Exceptional demonstration in the Bid of the understanding and skills required to provide the services. Response identifies factors that will offer potential tangible/measurable added value, with evidence to support the response.
Good	4	Satisfies the requirement with minor additional benefits.  Above average demonstration in the Bid of the understanding and skills required to provide the services. Response identifies factors that will offer potential added value, with evidence to support the response.
Acceptable	3	Satisfies the requirement. Demonstration in the Bid of the understanding and skills required to provide the services, with evidence to support the response.
Minor Reservations	2	Some minor reservations of the Bidder's understanding and skills required to provide the services, with little or no evidence to support the response.
Serious Reservations	1	Considerable reservations of the Bidder's understanding and skills required to provide the services, with little or no evidence to support the response.
Unaccepta- ble	0	Does not meet the requirement. Does not comply and/or insufficient information provided to demonstrate that the Bidder has the understanding and skills required to provide the services, with little or no evidence to support the response.

# **Quality Questions**

No.	Question	Minimum ac- ceptable
		score 3
Q1	Guided Learning With reference to section 3 A) Guided learning in the Statement of Requirements, please provide details of your proposed approach to undertaking the guided learning exercise in each of the DFJ areas to understand the causes of delay in those areas, and how you will support DFJ areas develop their own local solutions.	16%
	<ul> <li>Your response must include:</li> <li>How you will demonstrate your understanding of the Trailblazers 24-25 pilot, including how your approach will develop the process to the guided learning</li> <li>How you will use your knowledge and understanding of the children's social care sector to approach the analysis;</li> <li>How you will use qualitative and quantitative methods to undertake the analysis, including reference to any technical expertise within your organisation in undertaking deep-dive analyses using these methods;</li> <li>How you will engage with LAs and their strategic partner to ensure that local knowledge and experience is effectively captured and fed into the analysis;</li> <li>How you will work with LAs in order to establish a shared understanding of the causes of delay.</li> <li>How you will ensure that input from strategic leaders, managers and frontline workers informs recommended solutions;</li> <li>How you will maintain a strategic view of the solutions development process within each DFJ area, ensuring the solutions respond to local need (as identified in the deep-dive phase);</li> </ul>	
	You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.  1000/1000 words	
	Mutual Ventures (MV) has an in-depth understanding of the 2024-25 Trailblazer pilot having delivered the pilot from January 2024 to March 2025, supporting the original Trailblazer areas to design and implement solutions aimed at reducing family court delays. We <b>directly supported five Designated Family Judge</b> ( <b>DFJ) areas</b> (comprising 33 local authorities (LAs)) facilitating multi-agency collaboration between LAs, the judiciary and Cafcass.  We built on this support to deliver a <b>Guided Learning programme to 15 addi-</b>	
	tional DFJ areas (more than 60 LAs), sharing learning from Trailblazers.	

The strong and trusted relationships we have developed with these areas, and our experience of delivering the Trailblazers pilot and Guided Learning, mean that we are well-positioned to roll out the Guided Learning process with the remaining 23 DFJ areas in England and Wales.
Our approach to Guided Learning
We bring a ready-to-use approach from our previous Trailblazers work, including tools like our
We will roll out Guided Learning in
We will undertake the following activities to support and challenge areas to identify the causes of delays and develop solutions:
<ul> <li>redacted&gt;<redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted><redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></redacted></li> </ul>
Additionally, we will facilitate
Our knowledge of children's social care informing qualitative and quantitative analysis
MV has more than a decade of experience delivering sustainable reforms across children's social care. As a trusted DfE delivery partner on several large-scale reforms

	our holistic view of 'the jigsaw' means we can add value to each area's analysis with the context and consideration of priorities within the broader change landscape.	
	We will combine qualitative and quantitative analysis into a structured support offer with each Guided Learning area (see diagram below):	
	We have a strong track record of engaging with and influencing local authorities and partners across the children's social care sector. We know from delivering the 2024-25 Trailblazer pilot that	
\	We will	
	This approach ensures that	
	The	

## 10% Q2 Implementation and change management With reference to section 3 B) implementation and change management in the Statement of Requirements, please provide details of your proposed approach to supporting LAs within each DFJ area to ensure the recommended solutions are delivered successfully in accordance with an implementation plan. Your response must demonstrate: • That you possess credibility within the sector to influence the delivery of system-wide reforms; How you will support leaders within LAs with project mobilisation and communicating change effectively across their organisation to gain buy-in of managers and practitioners at all levels; • How you will use your expertise in change management to empathetically support leaders in guiding their organisation through culture and practice change, and to maintain momentum of change; • How you will apply your expertise in change management to advising LAs on implementing, managing and maintaining momentum of change to culture and practice to support LAs to deliver recommended solutions; How you will use your stakeholder engagement and management expertise to support LAs to develop and strengthen existing relationships with strategic partners and influence strategic partners to ensure delivery of recommended solutions. You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.

#### 400/400 Words

#### Our credibility within the sector

MV brings over a decade of experience supporting children's services and delivering national reform. As the DfE delivery partner on programmes including the Families First Partnership (FFP), we are trusted and valued by national bodies and local leaders alike.

In family justice, we have led national delivery for **DFJ Trailblazers**, supported Family Drug and Alcohol Courts development, and worked with Cafcass and MoJ on **private law Pathfinders**. This positions us at the heart of change efforts across the system.

Building on our Trailblazers learning, we will: We had overwhelmingly positive feedback from previous Guided Learning participants, demonstrating clear benefits from working with us Overall usefulness of the Guided Learning programme Very professional. 'Leg I have loved working work' before was really with Mutual Ventures evident and specific and having the space information to [our DFJ to explore solutions area] was very helpful. with colleagues across Great to see our the family justice questions almost preempted. **Culture and practice change** Lasting change in family justice requires cultural and operational shifts. Our expert team will: Strategic partnerships and system influence To support critical system-wide alignment, we will: We will provide each area with a

8%

Q3 Supporting Effective Relationships

With reference to section 3 C) supporting effective relationships in the Statement of Requirements, please set out how you will support and facilitate strong, trusting relationships between LAs and their strategic partners to support successful delivery guided learning process; and how you will ensure a good working relationship with DfE, OGDs and the Evaluation Parter.

Your response must demonstrate:

- That you can work quickly to build a rapport with key stakeholders from the point of contract award;
- How you will support LAs local relationships with strategic partners to flourish, including when dynamics between partners are challenging;
- How you will effectively feedback on the successes and challenges of pilot delivery to DfE reflecting the experience of local DFJ areas;
- How you will support effective relationships between DfE, LAs and their strategic partners within DFJ areas;
- How you will capture learning and define how the most successful local partnerships work together, also recognising weaknesses in local arrangements, in order to support future policy development;
- Steps you would take facilitate an ongoing dialogue and collaboration with the pilot Evaluation partner to support their objectives.

You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.

#### 600/600 Words

Our experience across numerous DfE programmes, including the **Families First Partnership**, **Regional Care Cooperatives**, and the **Fostering Recruitment & Retention Programmes**, provides a foundation of strong relationships across family justice and children's social care which will enable us to hit the ground running.

**Building rapport with key stakeholders quickly** 

We can	
	_
To ensure effective take-up, we will	

Supporting LA local relationships and addressing challenges

The programme's success hinges on embedding effective partnership working,

To support LAs local relationships and embed continuous learning, we will provide a  Ensuring effective communication and feedback to DfE  We can immediately	
Ensuring effective communication and feedback to DfE	
Ensuring effective communication and feedback to DfE	
Ensuring effective communication and feedback to DfE	
<u> </u>	
We can immediately	
Capturing learning	
We have extensive experience capturing and codifying learning from com-	
plex partnerships, including the <b>Families First Partnership</b> , <b>Regional Care Co-</b>	
operatives, and the first phase of Guided Learning during the 2024-25 pilot.	
Our National Learning Support team will	
Our National Ecarning Support team will	
Collaborating with the evaluation partner	
We have a proven track record of	
Q4 Spreading of Learning 6%	
With reference to section 3 D) spreading of learning in the Statement of Require-	
ments, please provide details of how you will ensure emerging learning and best	
practice is shared with participating LAs and their strategic partners during the pilot and how, at the conclusion of the pilot, you will facilitate the sharing of	
learning and best practice with the wider children's social care sector and the	
DfE.	
Your reapense must demonstrate:	
Your response must demonstrate:	

- How you will use your expertise in capturing and codifying learning to facilitate the effective sharing of emerging learning from the pilot with participating LAs and their strategic partners during the lifecycle of the pilot to support ongoing pilot delivery;
- How you will use your knowledge and understanding of the children's social care sector to set up and deliver opportunities for sharing of learning and best practice with the wider sector at the conclusion of the pilot;
- How you will use technical expertise within your organisation to provide DfE with recommendations about best practice to inform future policy development.
- How you will continuously improve, develop and embed learning from the Trailblazers pilot

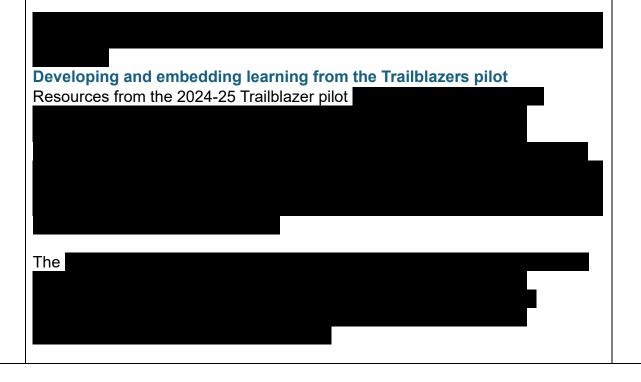
You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.

#### 800/800 Words

We will build on the learning infrastructure developed during the 2024–25 pilot, adapting it to meet the needs of all 38 DFJ areas. This approach follows successful models used in our wider children's services work for the DfE including **Fostering**, and the **Families First Partnership Programme**.

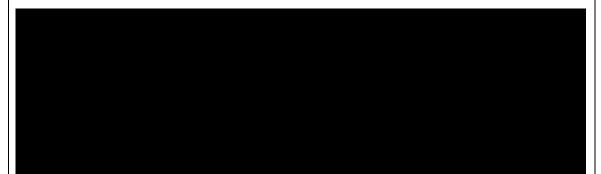
#### **Capturing and codifying learning**

We will use our proven learning capture methodology, developed through programmes such as **Strengthening Families**, **Protecting Children** (SFPC) and the **Regional Adoption Agencies programme**, to capture insights through multiple channels (see below).



#### Sharing of learning and best practice with the wider sector

Our team brings a track record of delivering multiple impactful learning programmes across the children's social care sector, and we understand the sector's keen interest in learning that is practical, accessible in different formats and channels, and grounded in practice.



Technical expertise to inform future policy development



#### Q5 | Monitoring and Sustainability

With reference to section 3 E) monitoring and sustainability in the Statement of Requirements please provide details of your approach to ensure that DfE receives regular, timely and accurate insights on the progress of the guided learning and the programme as a whole.

7%

Your response must demonstrate:

- The arrangements you will put in place to provide DfE with regular, robust project monitoring and reporting on the pilot progress, delivery milestones, risks/issues and barriers to delivery, as well as ad-hoc, real-time updates where requested, to support central commissions (e.g. ministerial updates);
- How you will respond to feedback on the development and embedding of learning from the trailblazers, and how you will put this into action;

- How you will support the lead LA within each DFJ area to maximise their existing reporting structures and data collections and minimise new reporting burdens;
- How you will provide technical support on business planning and their strategic partners to build a compelling case for sustained local support and investment.

You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.

#### 500/500 words

Our reporting approach follows the structure used in the 2024–25 pilot, and has been refined to reflect the expanded scope of the programme.

#### **Project monitoring and reporting**

We will provide DfE with regular, timely and accurate insights through

#### Responding to feedback

We are committed to **working collaboratively with both DfE and the DFJ areas**, and adapting our approach based on feedback. During the 2024–25 pilot,

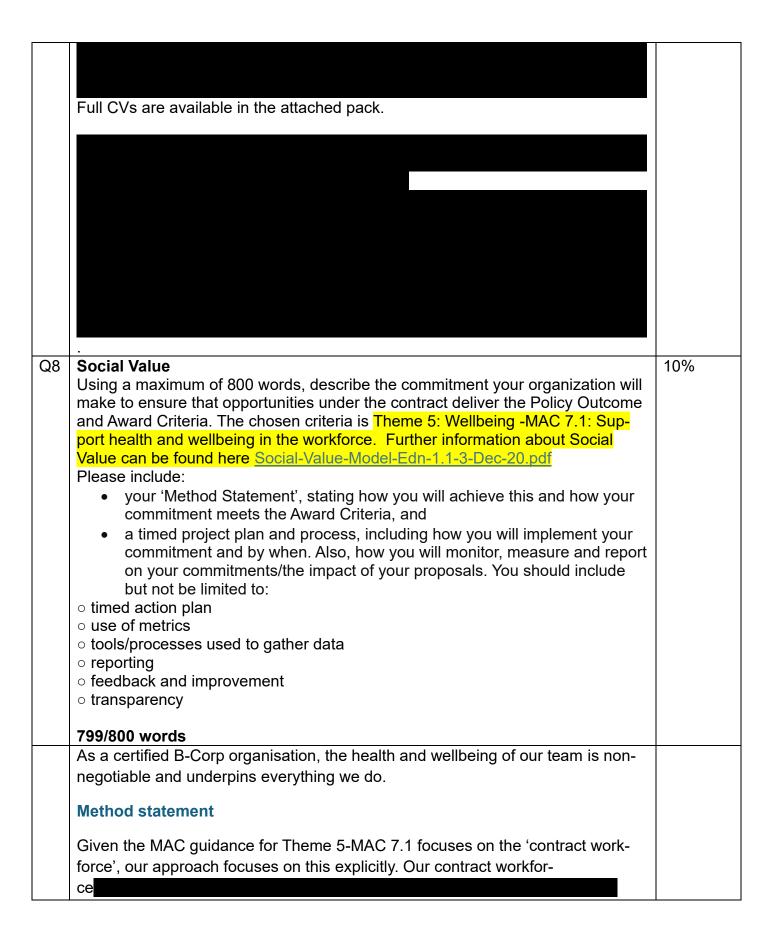
## **Evaluation Partner support: maximising existing structures and data collections**

During the 2024-25 pilot, we worked collaboratively with the Evaluation Partner to

**Building the case for sustained local support and investment** 

	We have unique experience in understanding the financial impact of interventions in the family justice system. Our work	
Q6	Project plan With reference to the milestones in the Statement of Requirements (section 7), please provide a detailed project plan outlining key activities, including associated timescales, milestones, key tasks and the roles of those responsible for key activity. The project plan should reflect the speed at which the Delivery Partner is required to mobilise.  You should also include a risk register highlighting key risks, barriers, and challenges associated with the pilot and how these will be mitigated.  You may embed diagrams/charts to support your response. Please note any additional text will be included in the word count for this question.  500/500 Words	7%
	Our proposed programme of work will be	

We have attached the full project plan document separately for convenience; as requested, we have also attached a separate detailed Risk Register.	
Key:	
■ Activity	
▲ MV Output	
◆ DfE Contract Milestone	
Original Guided Learning areas	
New Guided Learning areas	
Workshops and meetings	
Outlined contract milestones:	
Project plan:	
Resources	6%
Please provide details of what resource you will dedicate to the programme and	
at what level. Specifically, the resource plan should include named senior individual(s) with a demonstrable record of leading significant culture and practice	
change in a children's social care setting.	
Your response should include but not be limited to:	
how you will determine what resource is required for each area of work;	
a management structure chart;	
CVs of key individuals you have already identified to deliver the pilot.	
396/400 Words (CVs to be uploaded)	
Our management structure includes	
Our senior team has a proven track record in children's social care and fam-	
ily justice programmes:	



Inclusive recruitment practices	
MV is committed to inclusive recruitment, development, and retention practices, ensuring equity for all staff.	
ensuming equity for all stail.	
Investing in physical and mental wellbeing	
MV implements the	
re	
Process for acting on issues identified	
As a small organisation, our line managers ensure that the wellbeing of staff is	
consistently prioritised. Line managers play a vital role in supporting staff wellbe-	
ing through regular, open conversations and prompt action when concerns arise.	
a	
Methods to measure staff engagement	

by the				
being of fro ence directly will go beyon	mitted to delivering ntline workers in or impacts the outcome.	<b>children's services</b> , mes for children and f	lue by <b>supporting the</b> recognising that their i families. As part of this aningful action in supp	resili- s, we

# Contents 1 Capital A

1.	Capital Assets	2
2.	Invoicing	2
	Property and Premises	
4.	Safequarding Children and Vulnerable Adults	3

## Schedule 31 (Buyer Specific Terms)

#### 1. Capital Assets

Not Applicable

#### 2. Invoicing

2.1. Invoices shall be submitted electronically by e-mail directly to:

DfE Core;	AccountsPayable.OCR@education.gov.uk

within 30 days of the end of the relevant invoicing date. Other contacts requiring sight of the invoice can be copied in.

- 2.2. An invoice is only valid if it is legible and includes:
  - 2.2.1. the date of the invoice
  - 2.2.2. Supplier's full name and address
  - 2.2.3. Full valid purchase order number, including the pre-fix:

#### CORE CORE-PO-

- 2.2.4. the charging period
- 2.2.5. a detailed line level breakdown of the appropriate Charges including Deliverables provided or Milestones Achieved (if applicable)
- 2.2.6. days and times worked (if applicable)
- 2.2.7. Service Credits (if applicable)
- 2.2.8. VAT (if applicable)
- 2.3. Invoices without a valid purchase order are now rejected by the Buyers e-invoicing solution. The Buyer no longer accepts paper invoices.

#### 3. Property and Premises

Not Applicable

## 4. Safeguarding Children and Vulnerable Adults

Not Applicable

## **Schedule 16 (Buyer Specific Security Requirements)**

#### 1. Definitions

1.1. In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement the other definitions in the Contract:

"BPSS"  "Baseline Personnel Security Standard"	the Government's HMG Baseline Personal Security Standard. Further information can be found at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-baseline-personnel-security-standard">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-baseline-personnel-security-standard</a>
"CCSC"  "Certified Cyber Security Consultancy"	is the National Cyber Security Centre's (NCSC) approach to assessing the services provided by consultancies and confirming that they meet NCSC's standards. See website:  https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/scheme/certified-cyber-consultancy
"CCP" "Certified Professional"	is a NCSC scheme in consultation with government, industry, and academia to address the growing need for specialists in the cyber security profession. See website: <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/information/about-certified-professional-scheme">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/information/about-certified-professional-scheme</a>
"Cyber Essentials"  "Cyber Essentials Plus"	Cyber Essentials is the government backed industry supported scheme to help organisations protect themselves against common cyberattacks. Cyber Essentials and Cyber Essentials Plus are levels within the scheme.  There are a number of certification bodies that can be approached for further advice on the scheme, the link below points to these providers: <a href="https://www.cyberessentials.ncsc.gov.uk/getting-certified/#what-is-an-accreditation-body">https://www.cyberessentials.ncsc.gov.uk/getting-certified/#what-is-an-accreditation-body</a>
"Data"  "Data Controller"  "Data Protection Officer"  "Data Processor"  "Personal Data"  "Personal Data requiring Sensitive Processing"  "Data Subject", "Process" and "Processing"	shall have the meanings given to those terms by the Data Protection Legislation

"Buyer's Data"	is any data or information owned or retained to
"Buyer's Information"	meet departmental business objectives and tasks, including:
	(a) any data, text, drawings, diagrams, images, or sounds (together with any repository or database made up of any of these components) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical, or tangible media, and which are:
	(i) supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer; or
	(ii) which the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to this Contract; or
	(b) any Personal Data for which the Buyer is the Data Controller;
"Departmental Security Requirements"	the Buyer's security policy or any standards, procedures, process, or specification for security that the Supplier is required to deliver.
"Digital Marketplace / G-Cloud"	the Digital Marketplace is the online framework for identifying and procuring cloud technology and people for digital projects.
"End User Devices"	the personal computer or consumer devices that store or process information.
"Good Industry Standard"  "Industry Good Standard"	the implementation of products and solutions, and the exercise of that degree of skill, care, prudence, efficiency, foresight, and timeliness as would be expected from a leading company within the relevant industry or business sector.
"GSC" "GSCP"	the Government Security Classification Policy which establishes the rules for classifying HMG information. The policy is available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-security-classifications
"HMG"	Her Majesty's Government
"ICT"	Information and Communications Technology (ICT) and is used as an extended synonym for information technology (IT), used to describe the bringing together of enabling technologies used to deliver the end-to-end solution
"ISO/IEC 27001" "ISO 27001"	is the International Standard for Information Security Management Systems Requirements
"ISO/IEC 27002" "ISO 27002"	is the International Standard describing the Code of Practice for Information Security Controls.

"ISO 22301"	is the International Standard describing for Business Continuity
"IT Security Health Check (ITSHC)" "IT Health Check (ITHC)" "Penetration Testing"	an assessment to identify risks and vulnerabilities in systems, applications and networks which may compromise the confidentiality, integrity or availability of information held on that ICT system.
"Need-to-Know"	the Need-to-Know principle employed within HMG to limit the distribution of classified information to those people with a clear 'need to know' in order to carry out their duties.
"NCSC"	the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) is the UK government's National Technical Authority for Information Assurance. The NCSC website is <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk</a>
"OFFICIAL"	the term 'OFFICIAL' is used to describe the baseline level of 'security classification' described within the Government Security Classification Policy (GSCP).
"OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE"	the term 'OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE is used to identify a limited subset of OFFICIAL information that could have more damaging consequences (for individuals, an organisation or government generally) if it were lost, stolen, or published in the media, as described in the GSCP.
"RBAC" "Role Based Access Control"	Role Based Access Control, a method of restricting a person's or process' access to information depending on the role or functions assigned to them.
"Storage Area Network" "SAN"	an information storage system typically presenting block-based storage (i.e., disks or virtual disks) over a network interface rather than using physically connected storage.
Secure by Design Principles	the Secure by Design Principles issued by the Cabinet Office, as updated or replaced from time-to-time, currently found at <a href="https://www.security.gov.uk/policy-and-guidance/secure-by-design/principles/">https://www.security.gov.uk/policy-and-guidance/secure-by-design/principles/</a> .
"Secure Sanitisation"	the process of treating data held on storage media to reduce the likelihood of retrieval and reconstruction to an acceptable level.
	NCSC Guidance can be found at: <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media</a>
	The disposal of physical documents and hardcopy materials advice can be found at: <a href="https://www.cpni.gov.uk/secure-destruction-0">https://www.cpni.gov.uk/secure-destruction-0</a>

"Security and Information Risk Advisor"  "CCP SIRA"  "SIRA"	the Security and Information Risk Advisor (SIRA) is a role defined under the NCSC Certified Professional (CCP) Scheme. See also: <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/articles/about-certified-professional-scheme">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/articles/about-certified-professional-scheme</a>
"Senior Information Risk Owner" "SIRO"	the Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) responsible on behalf of the DfE Accounting Officer for overseeing the management of information risk across the organisation. This includes its executive agencies, arm's length bodies (ALBs), non-departmental public bodies (NDPBs) and devolved information held by third parties.
"SPF" "HMG Security Policy Framework"	the definitive HMG Security Policy which describes the expectations of the Cabinet Secretary and Government's Official Committee on Security on how HMG organisations and third parties handling HMG information and other assets will apply protective security to ensure HMG can function effectively, efficiently, and securely.  https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/security-policy-framework
"Supplier Staff"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants, and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract.

#### **Operative Provisions**

- 1.1. The Supplier shall be aware of and comply with the relevant <a href="HMG security policy framework">HMG security policy framework</a>, <a href="NCSC guidelines">NCSC guidelines</a> and where applicable these Departmental Security Requirements which include but are not constrained to the following paragraphs.
- 1.2. Where the Supplier will provide products or Services or otherwise handle information at OFFICIAL for the Buyer, the requirements of Procurement Policy Note: Updates to the Cyber Essentials Scheme (PDF) Action Note 09/23 dated September 2023, or any subsequent updated document, are mandated, namely that contractors supplying products or services to HMG shall have achieved and will retain Cyber Essentials certification at the appropriate level for the duration of the contract. The certification scope shall be relevant to the Services supplied to, or on behalf of, the Buyer.
- 1.3. Where paragraph 1.2 above has not been met, the Supplier shall have achieved, and be able to maintain, independent certification to ISO/IEC 27001 (Information Security Management Systems Requirements). The ISO/IEC 27001 certification must have a scope relevant to the Services supplied to, or on behalf of, the Buyer. The scope of certification and the statement of applicability must be acceptable,

- following review, to the Buyer, including the application of controls from ISO/IEC 27002 (Code of Practice for Information Security Controls).
- 1.4. The Supplier shall follow the UK Government Security Classification Policy (GSCP) in respect of any Buyer's Data being handled in the course of providing the Services and will handle all data in accordance with its security classification. (In the event where the Supplier has an existing Protective Marking Scheme then the Supplier may continue to use this but must map the HMG security classifications against it to ensure the correct controls are applied to the Buyer's Data).
- 1.5. Buyer's Data being handled while providing an ICT solution or service must be separated from all other data on the Supplier's or sub-contractor's own IT equipment to protect the Buyer's Data and enable the data to be identified and securely deleted when required in line with paragraph 1.14. For information stored digitally, this must be at a minimum logically separated. Physical information (e.g., paper) must be physically separated.
- 1.6. The Supplier shall have in place and maintain physical security to premises and sensitive areas used in relation to the delivery of the products or Services, and that store or process Buyer's Data, in line with ISO/IEC 27002 including, but not limited to, entry control mechanisms (e.g., door access), CCTV, alarm systems, etc.
  - 1.6.1. Where remote working is allowed, the Supplier shall have an appropriate remote working policy in place for any Supplier staff that will have access to the Buyer's data and/or systems.
- 1.7. The Supplier shall have in place, implement, and maintain an appropriate user access control policy for all ICT systems to ensure only authorised personnel have access to Buyer's Data. This policy should include appropriate segregation of duties and if applicable role-based access controls (RBAC). User credentials that give access to Buyer's Data or systems shall be considered to be sensitive data and must be protected accordingly.
- 1.8. The Supplier shall have in place and shall maintain procedural, personnel, physical and technical safeguards to protect Buyer's Data, including but not limited to:
  - 1.8.1. physical security controls;
  - 1.8.2. good industry standard policies and processes;
  - 1.8.3. malware protection;
  - 1.8.4. boundary access controls including firewalls, application gateways, etc;
  - 1.8.5. maintenance and use of fully supported software packages in accordance with vendor recommendations;
  - 1.8.6. use of secure device configuration and builds;
  - 1.8.7. software updates and patching regimes including malware signatures, for operating systems, network devices, applications and services;
  - 1.8.8. user identity and access controls, including the use of multi-factor authentication for sensitive data and privileged account accesses;

- 1.8.9. any services provided to the Buyer must capture audit logs for security events in an electronic format at the application, service and system level to meet the Buyer's logging and auditing requirements, plus logs shall be:
  - 1.8.9.1. retained and protected from tampering for a minimum period of six months;
  - 1.8.9.2. made available to the Buyer on request.
- 1.9. The Supplier shall ensure that any Buyer's Data (including email) transmitted over any public network (including the Internet, mobile networks, or unprotected enterprise network) or to a mobile device shall be encrypted when transmitted.
- 1.10. The Supplier shall ensure that any Buyer's Data which resides on a mobile, removable, or physically uncontrolled device is stored encrypted using a product or system component which has been formally assured through a recognised certification process agreed with the Buyer except where the Buyer has given its prior written consent to an alternative arrangement.
- 1.11. The Supplier shall ensure that any device which is used to process Buyer's Data meets all of the security requirements set out in the NCSC End User Devices Platform Security Guidance, a copy of which can be found at: <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/end-user-device-security">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/end-user-device-security</a> and <a href="https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/collection/end-user-device-security/eud-overview/eud-security-principles">https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/collection/end-user-device-security/eud-overview/eud-security-principles</a>.
- 1.12. Whilst in the Supplier's care all removable media and hardcopy paper documents containing Buyer's Data must be handled securely and secured under lock and key when not in use and shall be securely destroyed when no longer required, using either a cross-cut shredder or a professional secure disposal organisation.
  - The term 'lock and key' is defined as: "securing information in a lockable desk drawer, cupboard or filing cabinet which is under the user's sole control and to which they hold the keys".
- 1.13. When necessary to hand carry removable media and/or hardcopy paper documents containing Buyer's Data, the media or documents being carried shall be kept under cover and transported in such a way as to ensure that no unauthorised person has either visual or physical access to the material being carried. This paragraph shall apply equally regardless of whether the material is being carried inside or outside of company premises.
  - The term 'under cover' means that the information is carried within an opaque folder or envelope within official premises and buildings and within a closed briefcase or other similar bag or container when outside official premises or buildings.
- 1.14. In the event of termination of Contract due to expiry, as a result of an Insolvency Event or for breach by the Supplier, all information assets provided, created or resulting from provision of the Services shall not be considered as the Supplier's assets and must be returned to the Buyer and written assurance obtained from an appropriate officer of the Supplier that these assets regardless of location and format have been fully sanitised throughout the Supplier's organisation in line with paragraph 1.15.
- 1.15. In the event of termination, equipment failure or obsolescence, all Buyer's Data and Buyer's Information, in either hardcopy or electronic format, that is physically held

or logically stored by the Supplier must be accounted for and either physically returned or securely sanitised or destroyed in accordance with the current HMG policy using an NCSC-approved product or method.

Where sanitisation or destruction is not possible for legal, regulatory or technical reasons, such as data stored in a cloud system, Storage Area Network (SAN) or on shared backup tapes, then the Supplier shall protect (and ensure that any subcontractor protects) the Buyer's Information and Buyer's Data until such time, which may be long after termination or expiry of the Contract, when it can be securely cleansed or destroyed.

Evidence of secure destruction will be required in all cases.

- 1.16. Access by Supplier Staff to Buyer's Data, including user credentials, shall be confined to those individuals who have a "need-to-know" in order to carry out their role; and have undergone mandatory pre-employment screening, to a minimum of HMG Baseline Personnel Security Standard (BPSS); or hold an appropriate National Security Vetting clearance as required by the Buyer. All Supplier Staff must complete this process before access to Buyer's Data is permitted. [Any Supplier Staff who will be in contact with children or vulnerable adults must, in addition to any security clearance, have successfully undergone an Enhanced DBS (Disclosure and Barring Service) check prior to any contact].
- 1.17. All Supplier Staff who handle Buyer's Data shall have annual awareness training in protecting information.
- 1.18. Notwithstanding any other provisions as to business continuity and disaster recovery in the Contract, the Supplier shall, as a minimum, have in place robust business continuity arrangements and processes including IT disaster recovery plans and procedures that conform to ISO 22301 to ensure that the delivery of the Contract is not adversely affected in the event of an incident. An incident shall be defined as any situation that might, or could lead to, a disruption, loss, emergency, or crisis to the Services delivered. If an ISO 22301 certificate is not available, the supplier will provide evidence of the effectiveness of their ISO 22301 conformant business continuity arrangements and processes including IT disaster recovery plans and procedures. This must include evidence that the Supplier has tested or exercised these plans within the last 12 months and produced a written report of the outcome, including required actions.
- 1.19. Any suspected or actual breach of the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of Buyer's Data, including user credentials, used or handled while providing the Services shall be recorded as a Security Incident. This includes any non-compliance with the Departmental Security Requirements and these provisions, or other security standards pertaining to the solution.

Security Incidents shall be reported to the Buyer immediately, wherever practical, even if unconfirmed or when full details are not known, but always within 24 hours of discovery and followed up in writing. If Security Incident reporting has been delayed by more than 24 hours, the Supplier should provide an explanation about the delay. Regular updates on the Security Incident shall be provided to the Buyer in writing until the incident is resolved.

Security Incidents shall be reported through the Buyer's nominated system or service owner.

- Security Incidents shall be investigated by the Supplier with outcomes being notified to the Buyer.
- 1.20. The Supplier shall ensure that any Supplier ICT systems and hosting environments that are used to handle, store or process Buyer's Data, including Supplier ICT connected to Supplier ICT systems used to handle, store or process Buyer's Data, shall be subject to independent IT Health Checks (ITHC) using an NCSC CHECK Scheme ITHC provider before go-live and periodically (at least annually) thereafter. On request by the Buyer, the findings of the ITHC relevant to the Services being provided are to be shared with the Buyer in full without modification or redaction and all necessary remedial work carried out. In the event of significant security issues being identified, a follow up remediation test may be required, to be determined by the Buyer upon review of the ITHC findings.
- 1.21. The Supplier or sub-contractors providing the Services will provide the Buyer with full details of any actual or future intent to develop, manage, support, process, or store Buyer's Data outside of the UK mainland. The Supplier or sub-contractor shall not go ahead with any such proposal without the prior written agreement from the Buyer.
- 1.22. The Buyer reserves the right to audit the Supplier or sub-contractors providing the Services annually, within a mutually agreed timeframe but always within seven days of notice of a request to audit being given. The audit shall cover the overall scope of the Services being supplied and the Supplier's, and any sub-contractors', compliance with the paragraphs contained in this Schedule.
- 1.23. The Supplier and sub-contractors shall undergo appropriate security assurance activities and shall provide appropriate evidence including the production of the necessary security documentation as determined by the Buyer through the life of the contract. This will include obtaining any necessary professional security resources required to support the Supplier's and sub-contractor's security assurance activities such as: a Security and Information Risk Advisor (SIRA) certified to NCSC Certified Cyber Security Consultancy (CCSC) or NCSC Certified Cyber Professional (CCP) schemes.
- 1.24. Where the Supplier is delivering an ICT solution to the Buyer they shall design and deliver solutions and services that are compliant with the HMG Security Policy Framework in conjunction with current NCSC Information Assurance Guidance and Buyer's Policy. The Supplier will provide the Buyer with evidence of compliance for the solutions and services to be delivered. The Buyer's expectation is that the Supplier shall provide written evidence of:
  - 1.24.1. implementation of the foundational set of cyber defence safeguards from the Center for Internet Security Critical Security Controls (CIS CSC v8).
  - 1.24.2. any existing security assurance for the Services to be delivered, such as: ISO/IEC 27001 / 27002 or an equivalent industry level certification issued by an organisation accredited by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service.
  - 1.24.3. any existing HMG security accreditations or assurance that are still valid including: details of the awarding body; the scope of the accreditation; any caveats or restrictions to the accreditation; the date awarded, plus a copy of the residual risk statement.

- 1.24.4. documented progress in achieving any security assurance or accreditation activities including whether documentation has been produced and submitted. The Supplier shall provide details of who the awarding body or organisation will be, and date expected.
- 1.24.5. compliance with the principles of Secure by Design as described at <u>Secure by Design Principles UK Government Security</u> and, where requested by the Buyer, completion of the table in Appendix 1 (*Secure by Design Principles Evaluation Table*).

Additional information and evidence to that listed above may be required to ensure compliance with DfE security requirements as part of the DfE security assurance process. Where a request for evidence or information is made by the Buyer, the Supplier will acknowledge the request within 5 working days and either provide the information within that timeframe, or, if that is not possible, provide a date when the information will be provided to the Buyer. In any case, the Supplier must respond to information requests from the Buyer needed to support the security assurance process promptly and without undue delay.

- 1.25. The Supplier shall contractually enforce all these Departmental Security Requirements onto any third-party suppliers, sub-contractors or partners who will have access to the Buyer's Data in the course of providing the Services, before access to the data is provided or permitted.
- 1.26. The Supplier shall comply with the <a href="NCSC's social media guidance: how to use social media safely">NCSC's social media guidance: how to use social media safely</a> for any web and social media-based communications. In addition, any Communications Plan deliverable must include a risk assessment relating to the use of web and social media channels for the programme, including controls and mitigations to be applied and how the NCSC social media guidance will be complied with. The Supplier shall implement the necessary controls and mitigations within the plan and regularly review and update the risk assessment throughout the contract period. The Buyer shall have the right to review the risks within the plan and approve the controls and mitigations to be implemented, including requiring the Supplier to implement any additional reasonable controls to ensure risks are managed within the Buyer's risk appetite.
- 1.27. Any Supplier ICT system used to handle, store, or process the Buyer's Data, including any Supplier ICT systems connected to systems that handle, store, or process the Buyer's Data, must have in place protective monitoring at a level that is commensurate with the security risks posed to those systems and the data held. The Supplier shall provide evidence to the Buyer upon request of the protective monitoring arrangements in place needed to assess compliance with this requirement.
- 1.28. Where the Supplier is using Artificial Intelligence (AI) and/or Machine Learning (ML) in the delivery of their service to the Buyer, this shall comply with the NCSC's machine learning principles and guidelines for secure AI system development.

### Appendix 1 Secure by Design Principles Evaluation Table

#### 1 Completion of Principles Evaluation Table

- 1.1 If requested by the Buyer, the Supplier must complete the table in this Appendix 1Error! Reference source not found. (Secure by Design Principles Evaluation Table).
- 1.2 In completing this table, the Supplier must set out how it and any sub-contractors will meet the Secure by Design Principles.

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
Create responsibility for cyber security risk  Assign a designated risk owner to be accountable for managing cyber security risks for the service within the contract. This must be a senior stakeholder with the experience, knowledge and authority to lead on security activities.	The Supplier designates a senior individual within their organisation who has overall accountability for ensuring the Secure by Design are met as part of the overall security requirements stated within the contract.	
	The Supplier designates a senior individual within the supplier delivery team - who will be reporting to the SRO, service owner or equivalent - with overall responsibility for the management of cyber security risks of digital services and technical infrastructure during their delivery.	
	The Supplier provides adequate and appropriately qualified resources to support the Buyer with following the government Secure by Design approach as part of service delivery.	

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
	These resources must be reviewed at the beginning of each of the delivery phases during the delivery lifecycle of the service as agreed with the Buyer.	
Principle 2  Source secure technology products  Where third-party products are used, perform security due diligence by continually assessing platforms, software and code for security vulnerabilities. Mitigate risks and share findings with suppliers to help them improve product security.	The Supplier carries out proportionate (risk-driven) security reviews of third-party products before they are considered as a component of the digital service. The type and details of the review should be based on the significance associated with the product and are subject to agreement with the Buyer.	
	The Supplier takes reasonable steps to reduce potential cyber security risks associated with using a third-party product as part of the service to a level that meets the Buyer's security risk appetite for the service. Where the risk cannot be mitigated to such level, the Buyer should be informed and asked to accept the risk associated with using the product.	
	The Supplier takes reasonable steps to assess third-party products used as a component of the digital service against legal and regulatory obligations and industry security standards specified by the Buyer. Where the product doesn't meet the required obligations, the Supplier	

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
	must discuss with the Buyer the residual risks associated with using the product.	
Principle 3  Adopt a risk-driven approach  Establish the project's risk appetite and maintain an assessment of cyber security risks to build protections appropriate to the evolving threat landscape.	As provided by the Buyer, the Supplier should share the risk appetite across the supplier's delivery team from the outset.	
	The Supplier supports the Buyer with identifying the cyber threats and attack paths as part of ongoing threat modelling during digital service delivery.	
	The Supplier supports the Buyer with assessing cyber security risks and providing risk analysis details to help risk owners make informed risk decisions.	
	During the assessment, risks to the digital service are identified, analysed, prioritised, and appropriate mitigation is proposed taking into account the risk appetite during the lifecycle of the service.	
	The Supplier produces an output from the risk management process containing a clear set of security requirements that will reduce the risks in line with the agreed risk appetite and cyber security risk management approach.	

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
	The Supplier factors in the legal and regulatory requirements provided by the Buyer in the risk management process and service design and build.	
Principle 4  Design usable security controls  Perform regular user research and implement findings into ser- vice design to make sure security processes are fit for purpose and easy to understand.	The Supplier ensures that security requirements that are defined and documented as part of user research activities (for example user stories and user journeys) are fed into the design of the digital service.  The Supplier ensures that business objectives informing security requirements listed in the business case for the digital service are	
Principle 5	taken into consideration when designing security controls.  The Supplier responsible for build-	
Build in detect and respond security  Design for the inevitability of security vulnerabilities and incidents. Integrate appropriate security logging, monitoring, alerting and response capabilities. These must be continually tested and it-	ing the digital service ensures that proportionate security logging, monitoring and alerting mechanisms able to discover cyber security events and vulnerabilities documented in the threat and risk assessment are designed into the service.	
erated.	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service integrates incident response and recovery capabilities that are in line with the re-	

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
	quirements and timescales documented in the service resilience or similar documentation.	
	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service regularly tests digital services and infrastructure to identify and fix weaknesses within systems.	
Principle 6  Design flexible architectures  Implement digital services and update legacy components to allow for easier integration of new security controls in response to changes in business requirements, cyber threats and vulnerabilities.	As agreed with the Buyer, the Supplier responsible for building the digital service uses flexible architectures and components that allow integration of new security measures in response to changes in business requirements, cyber threats and vulnerabilities.	
	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service tests security controls and verifying they are fit for purpose before deployment.	
Principle 7 Minimise the attack surface Use only the capabilities, software, data and hardware components necessary for a service to mitigate cyber security risks while achieving its intended use.	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service implements risk-driven security controls which meet the risk appetite and appropriate baseline as agreed with the Buyer.	
	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service follows secure coding practices and, with consultation with the Buyer's delivery team, identifies and mitigates	

Secure by Design Principle	Requirements	How the Supplier will meet the requirement
	vulnerabilities proactively reducing the number of vulnerabilities that potential attackers can exploit.	
	The Supplier retires service components (including data) securely when they are no longer needed, or at the end of their lifecycle.	
Principle 8  Defend in depth  Create layered controls across a service so it's harder for attackers to fully compromise the system if a single control fails or is overcome.	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service adopts a defence in depth approach when designing the security architecture for the digital service.	
	The Supplier responsible for building the digital service implements security measures to incorporate segmentation.	