



Crown  
Commercial  
Service

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
<b>Call-Off Contract title</b>	CDDO - National Data Library - Data Access services
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
<b>Start date</b>	25 <sup>th</sup> February 2025
<b>Expiry date</b>	29 <sup>th</sup> April 2025
<b>Call-Off Contract value</b>	£166,000.00 ex VAT
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

<b>From the Buyer</b>	Cabinet Office [REDACTED]
<b>To the Supplier</b>	SCRUMCONNECT LIMITED [REDACTED]
<b>Together the 'Parties'</b>	

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]


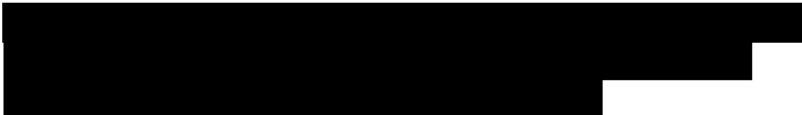



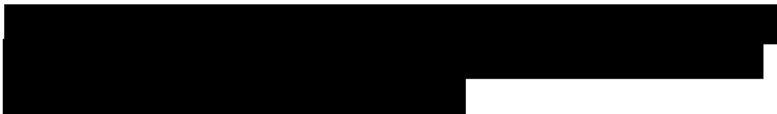
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Start date	This Call-Off Contract Starts on 25th February 2025 and is valid for 9 weeks.
	 
	 

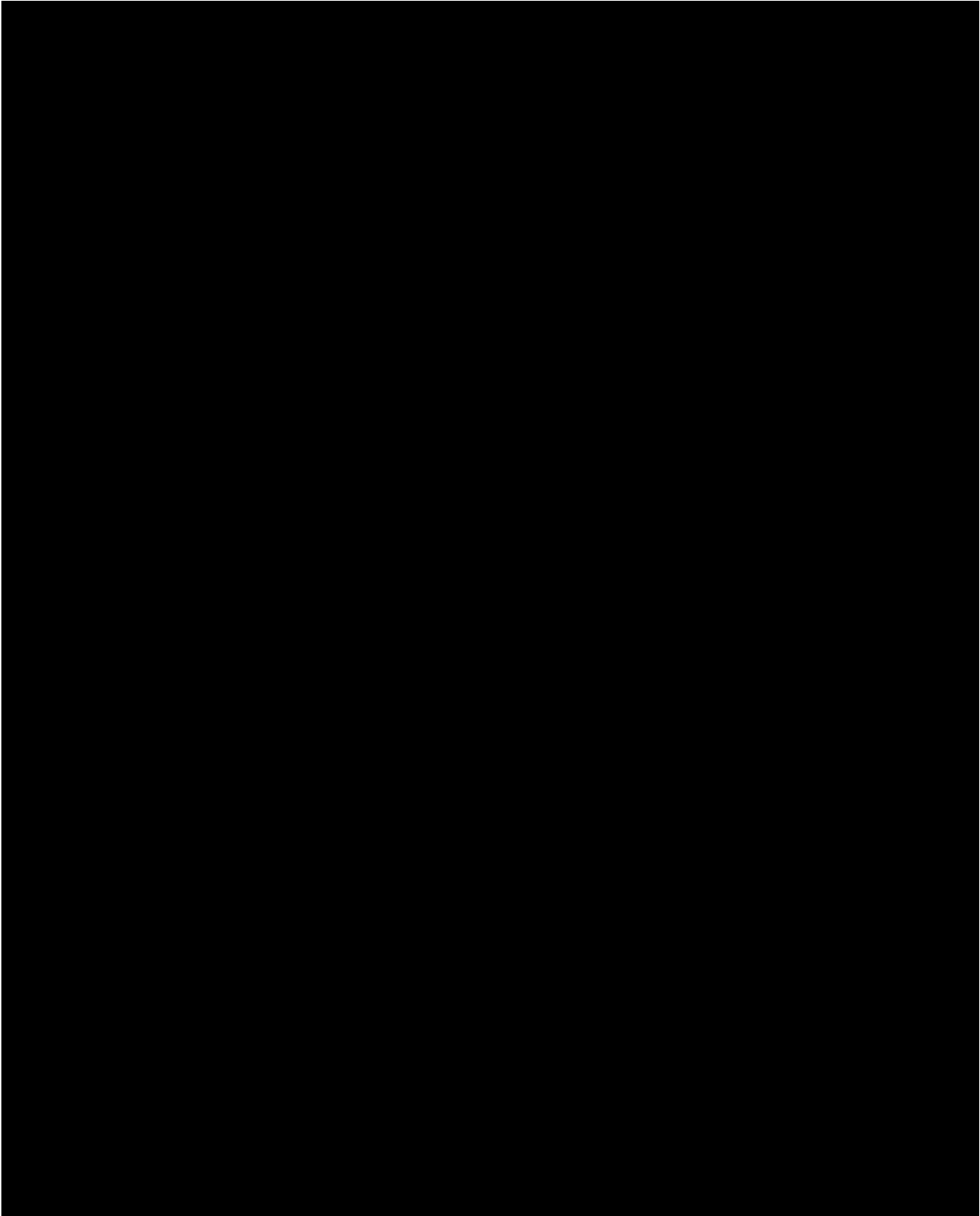
4

[illegible]



[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



<b>Call-Off Contract value</b>	The total value of this Call-Off Contract is £166,000.00 ex VAT.
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[REDACTED]

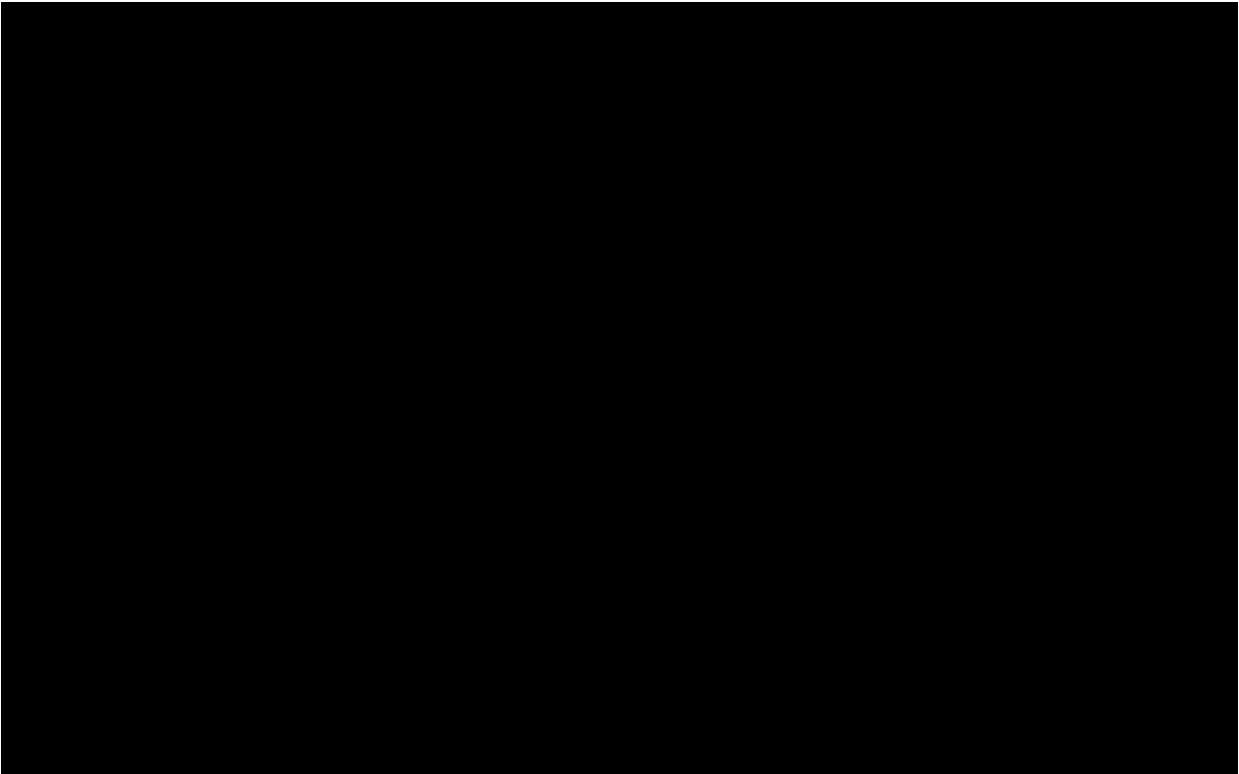
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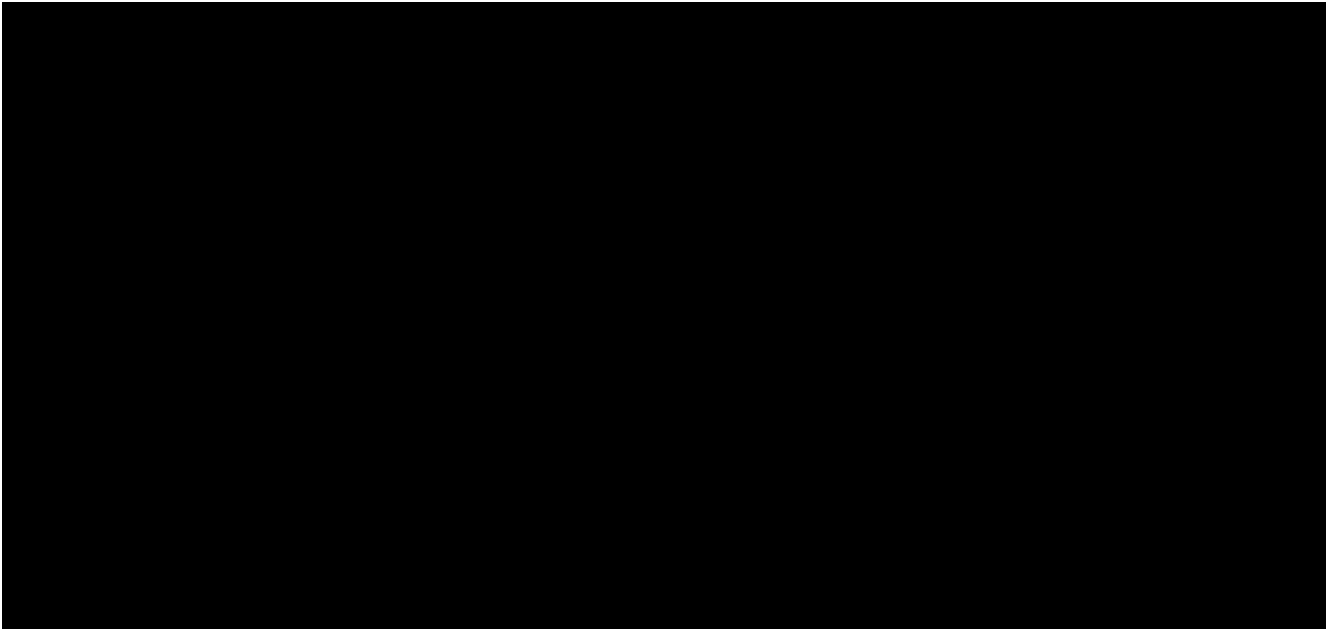
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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



Date	12 <sup>th</sup> February 2025	12 <sup>th</sup> February 2025
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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and is projected to increase by a further 1.5 million by 2010 (Office of National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to develop strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population. The Department of Health (2000) has identified the need to develop a new paradigm of care for the ageing population, one that is based on the concept of 'active ageing'. This paradigm is based on the idea that ageing is a process, not a state, and that the goal of care should be to promote the health and well-being of older people, rather than to simply manage their decline.

The concept of 'active ageing' is based on the idea that older people should be able to participate in the activities of everyday life, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is meaningful and enjoyable. This requires a shift in the way that we think about ageing, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the physical and cognitive decline of older people, towards a focus on their health and well-being.

The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to live independently, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is safe and secure. This requires a shift in the way that we think about independence, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to live independently.

The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to contribute to society, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is meaningful and enjoyable. This requires a shift in the way that we think about older people, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to contribute to society.

The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to live in their own homes, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is safe and secure. This requires a shift in the way that we think about older people, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to live in their own homes.

The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to live in their own communities, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is safe and secure. This requires a shift in the way that we think about older people, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to live in their own communities.

The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to live in their own homes, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is safe and secure. This requires a shift in the way that we think about older people, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to live in their own homes.

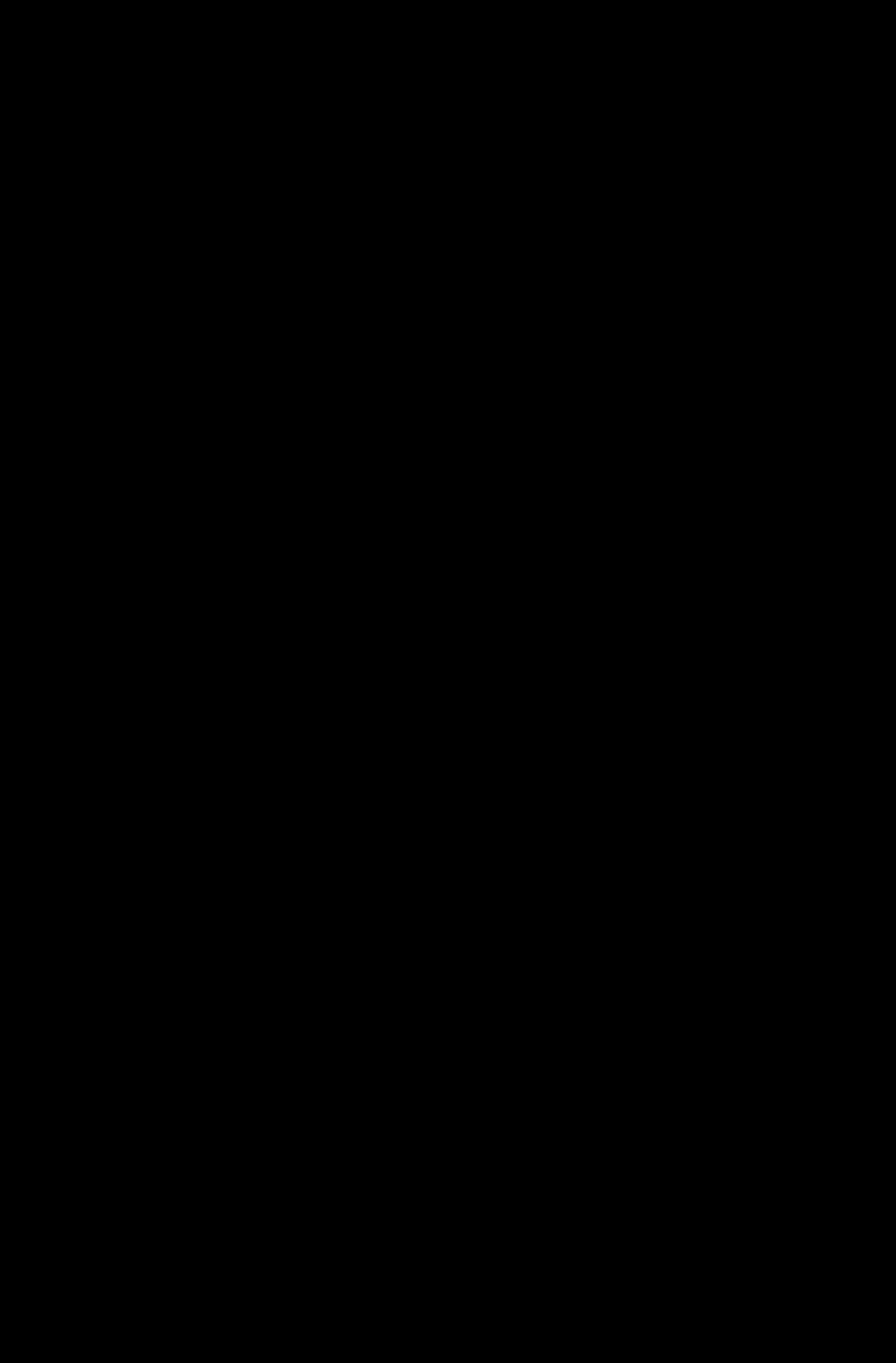
The concept of 'active ageing' is also based on the idea that older people should be able to live in their own communities, and that they should be able to do so in a way that is safe and secure. This requires a shift in the way that we think about older people, and a shift in the way that we deliver care to older people. It requires a move away from a focus on the need for older people to be cared for, towards a focus on their ability to live in their own communities.

[REDACTED]











[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a section of a larger document, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]









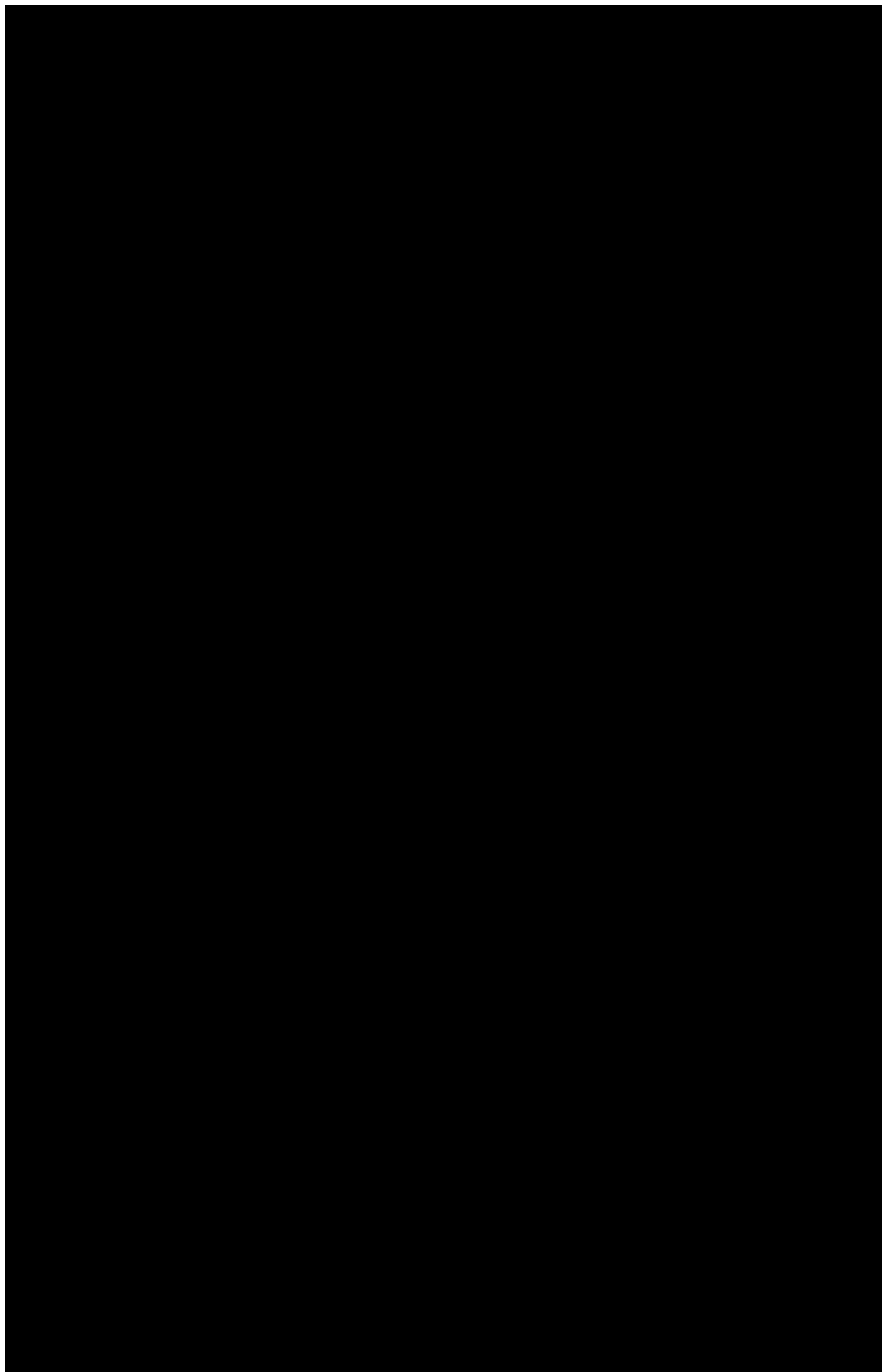




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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of these processes. (p. 10)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of communication, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of these processes. (p. 10)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of these processes. (p. 10)

The 'information studies' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of these processes. (p. 10)

The 'information science and communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of these processes. (p. 10)

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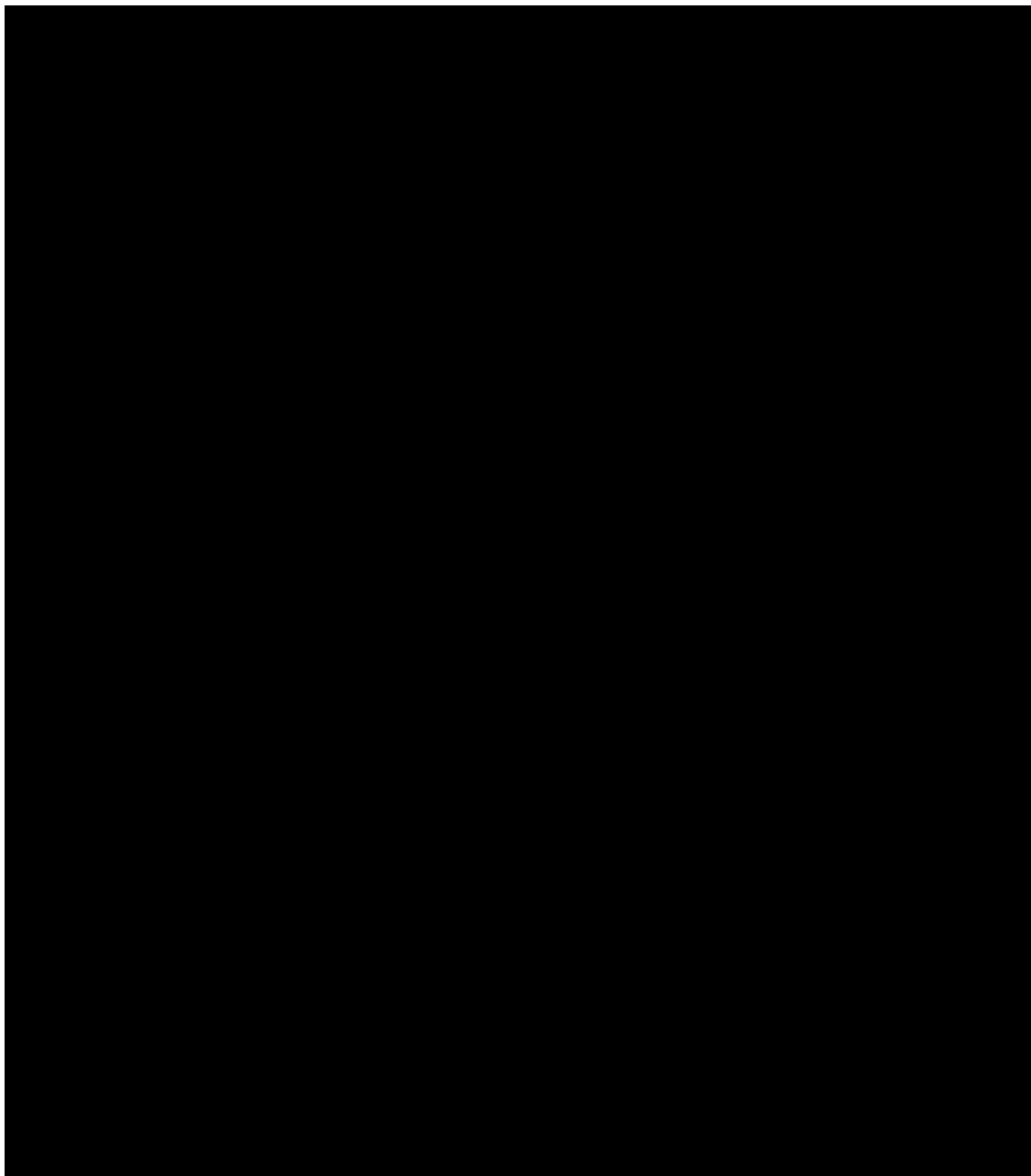
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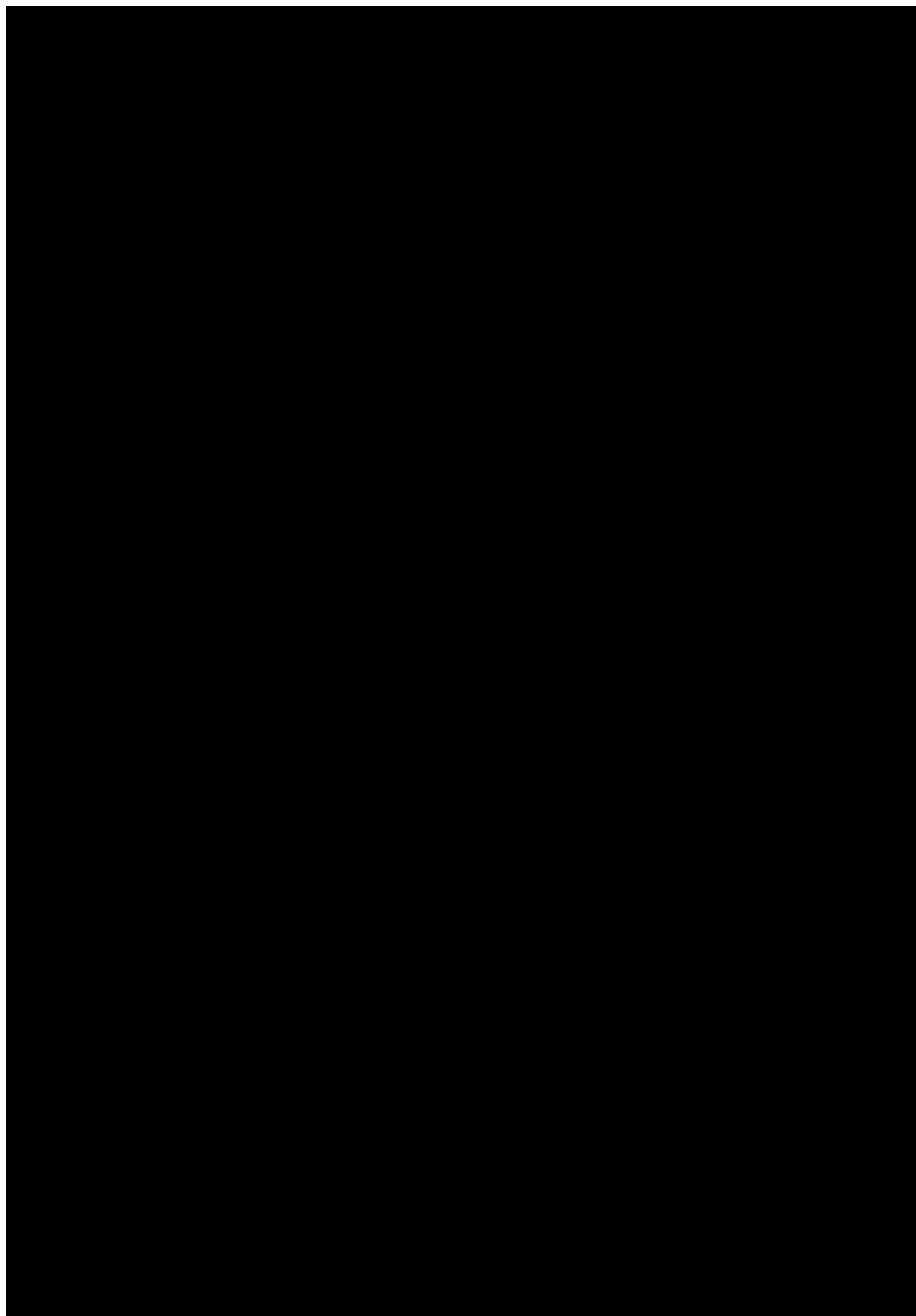








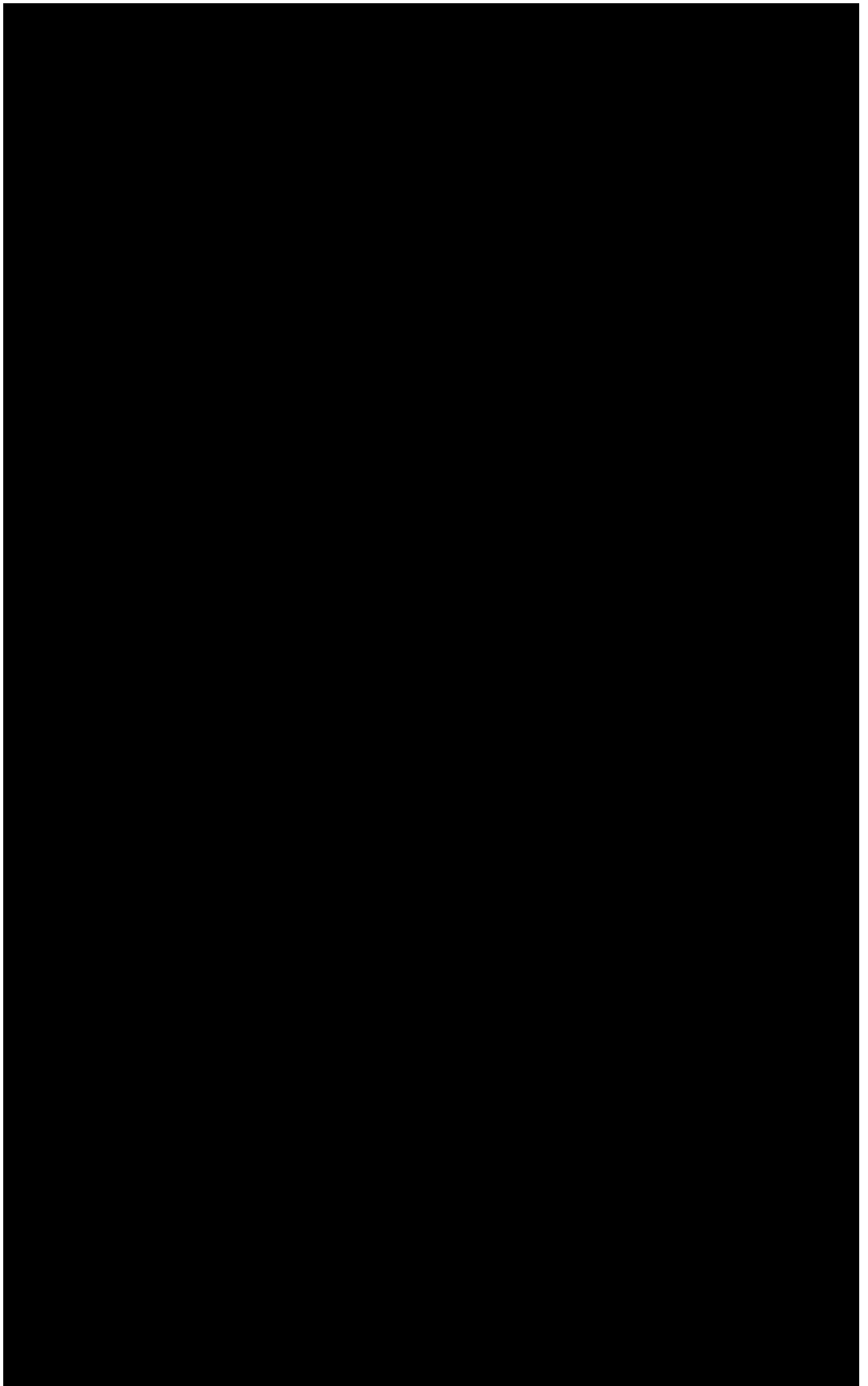
[The following text is a dense, illegible block of characters and symbols, likely representing a corrupted or redacted document. It contains no discernible words or structure.]



[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]













the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of information systems and information science. (p. 10)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of communication, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of communication systems and communication science. (p. 10)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information science, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of information science systems and information science. (p. 10)

The 'communication science' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of communication science, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of communication science systems and communication science. (p. 10)

The 'information systems' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information systems, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of information systems systems and information systems. (p. 10)

The 'communication systems' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of communication systems, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of communication systems systems and communication systems. (p. 10)

The 'information science systems' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information science systems, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of information science systems systems and information science systems. (p. 10)

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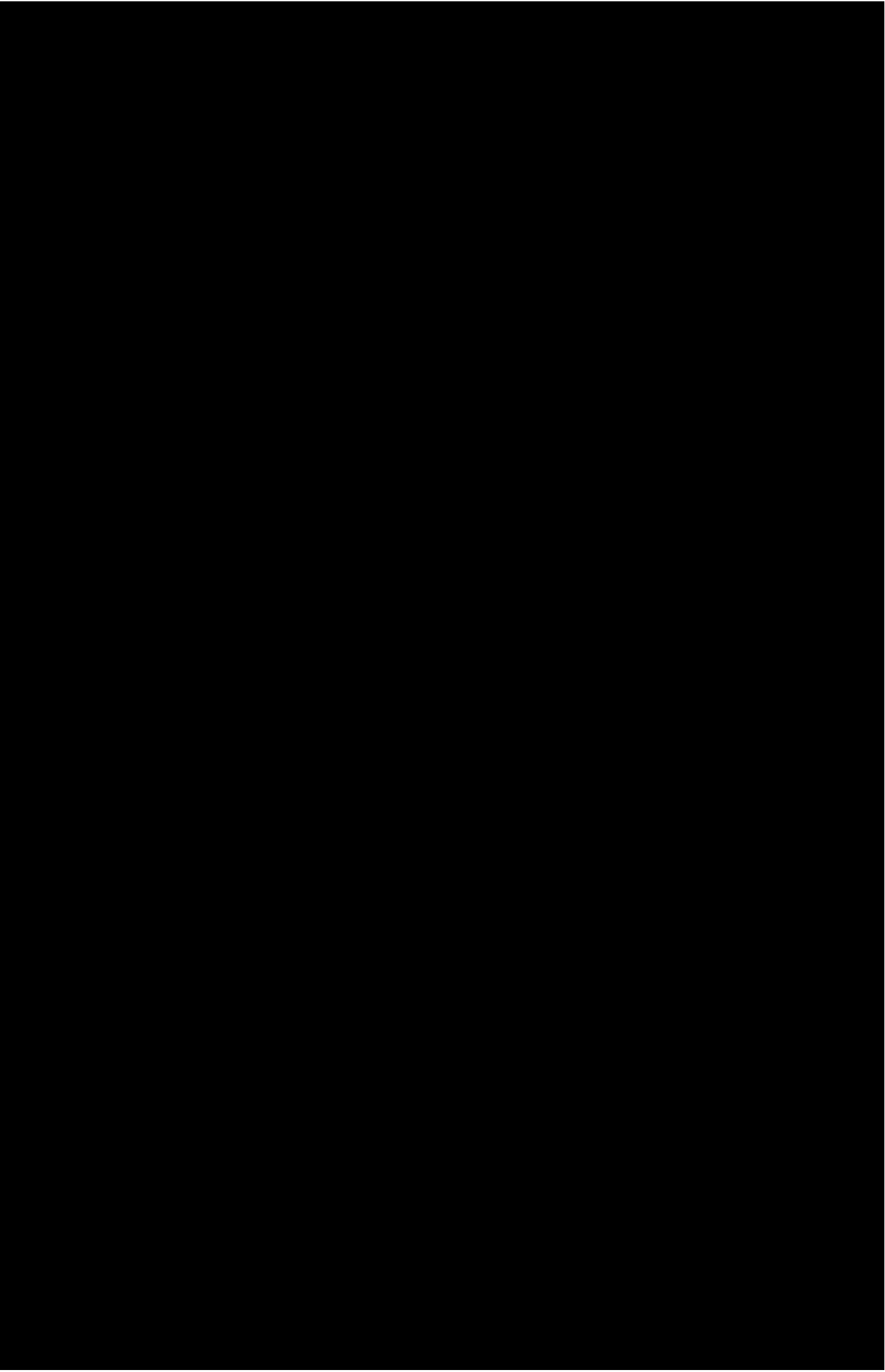
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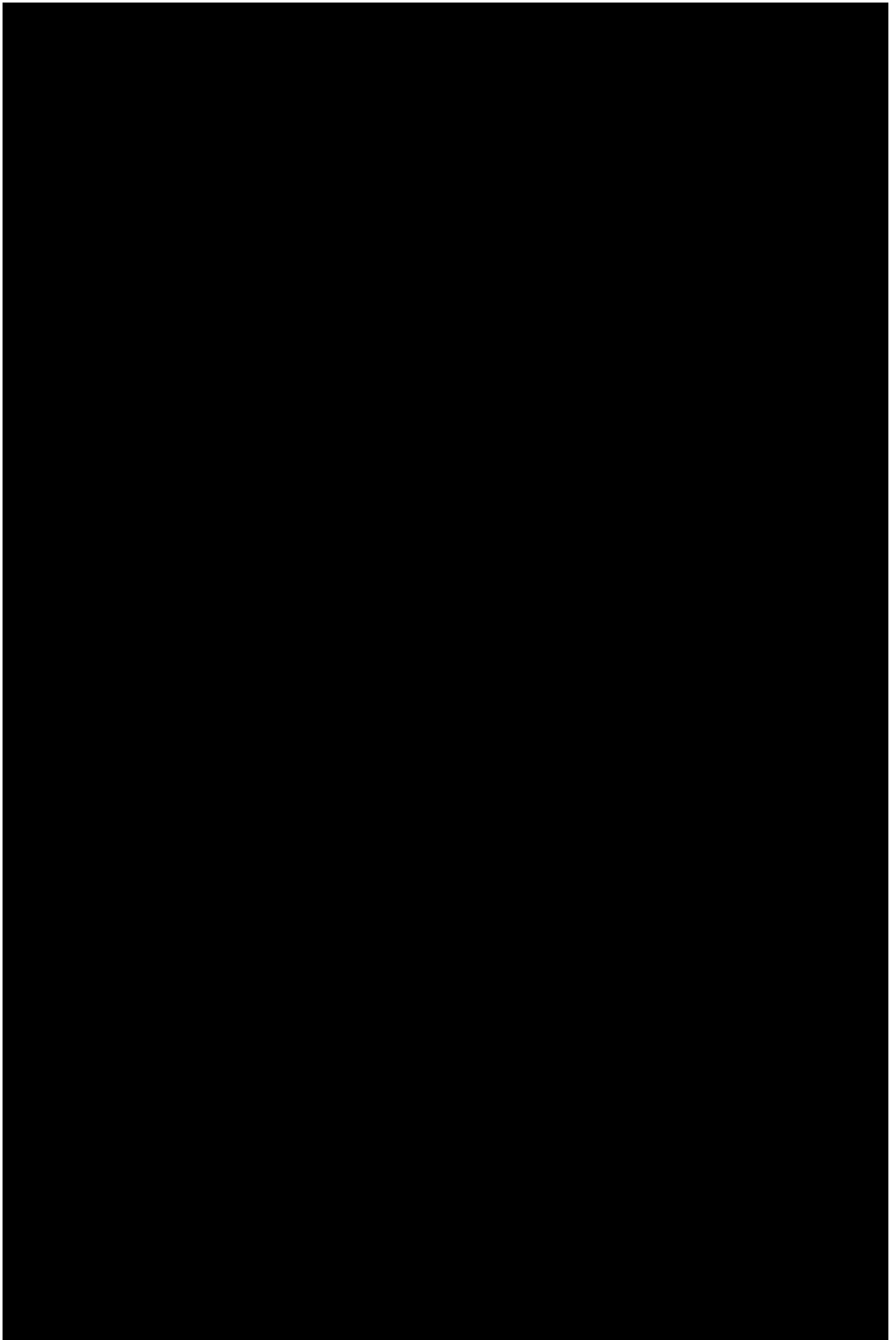
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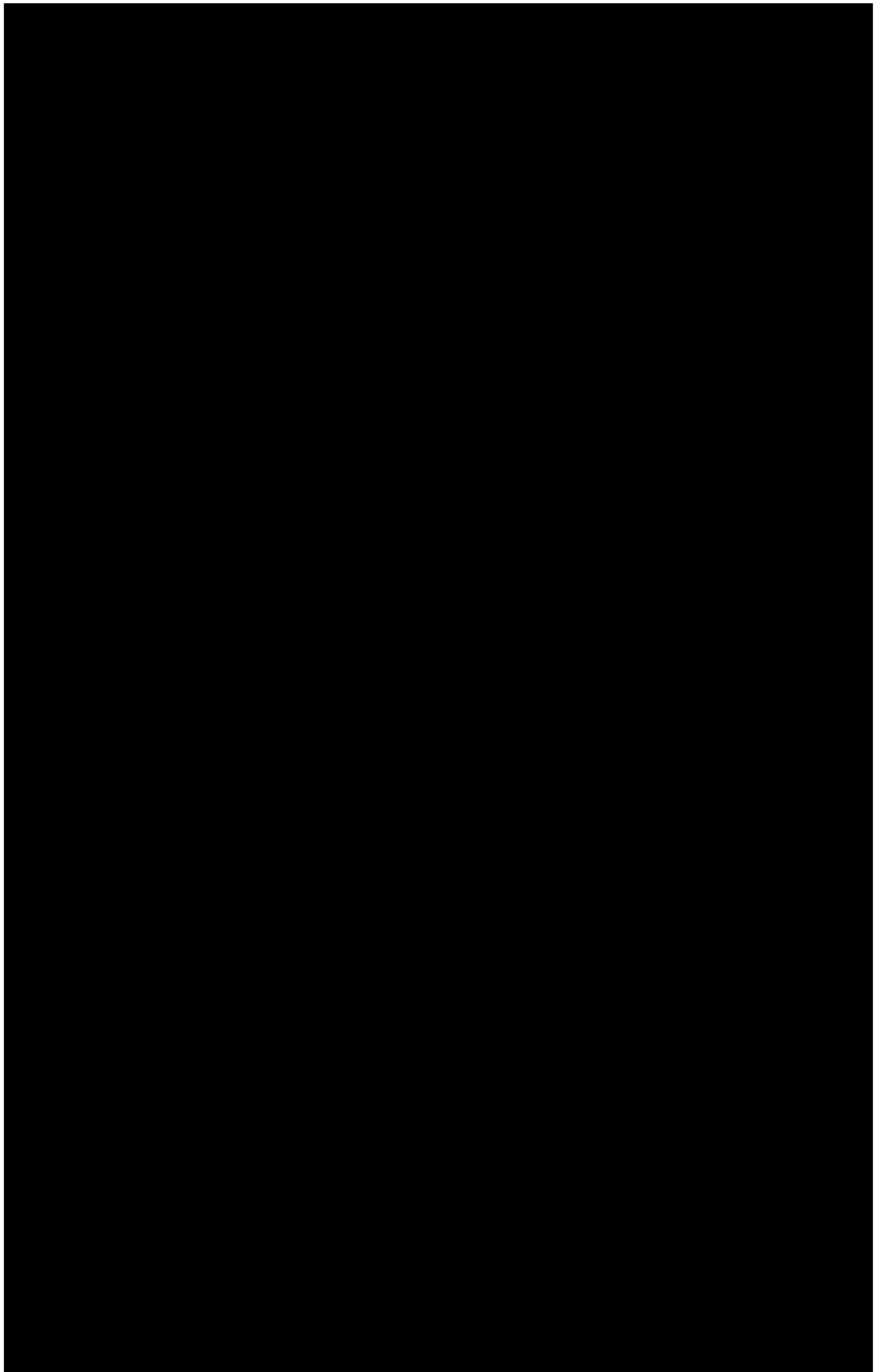
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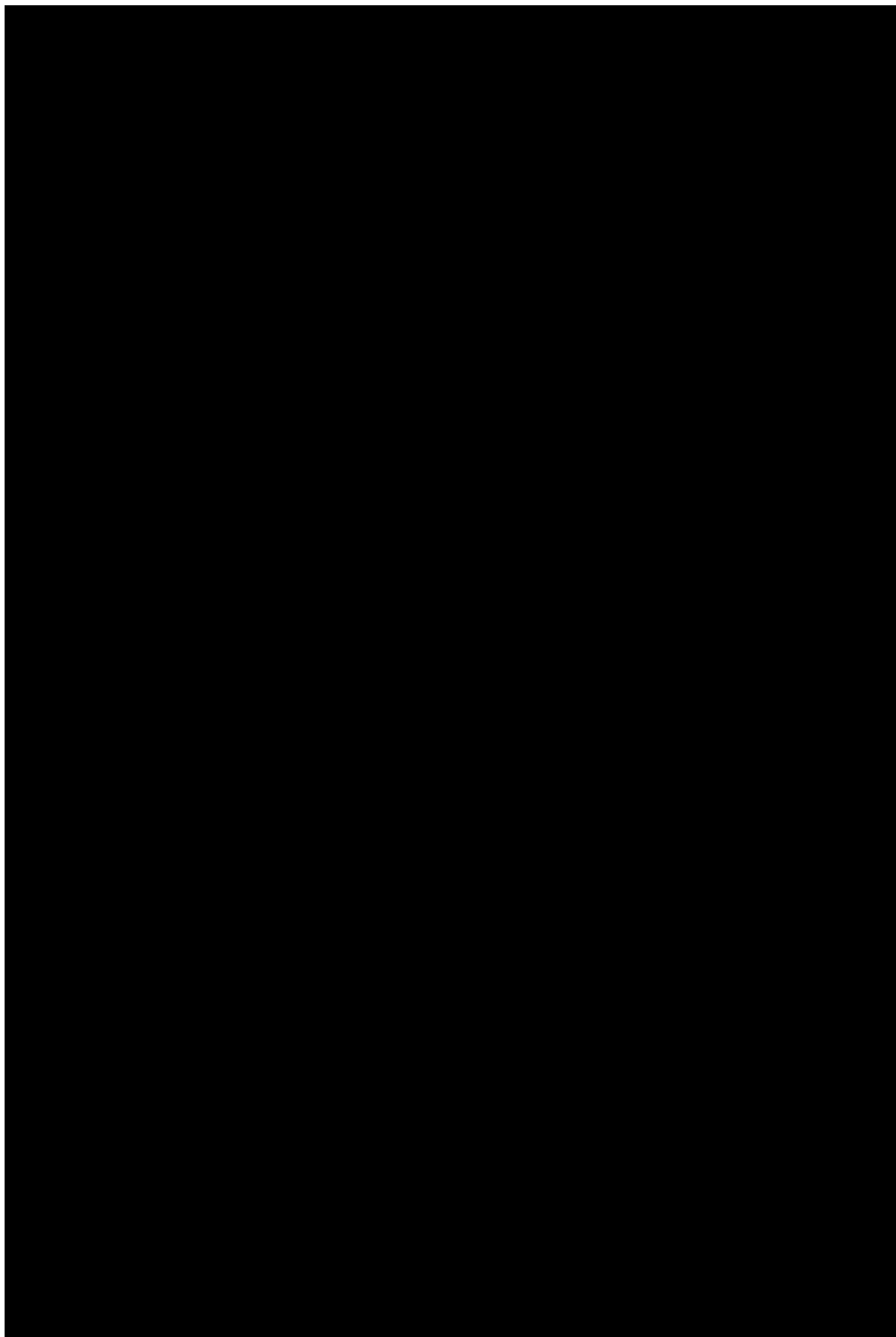
...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information science systems systems, and the social, cultural, economic and political aspects of information science systems systems systems and information science systems systems. (p. 10)

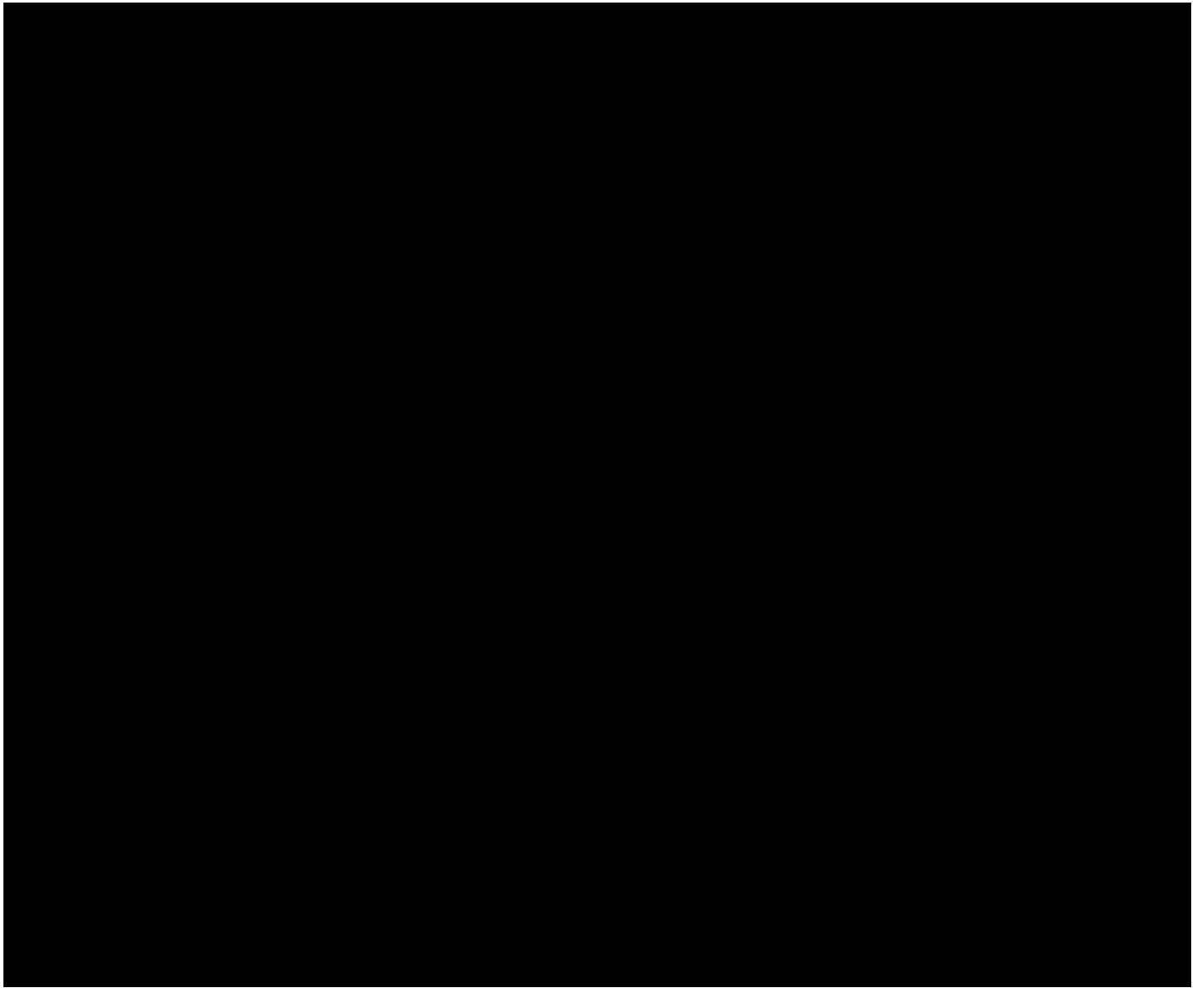
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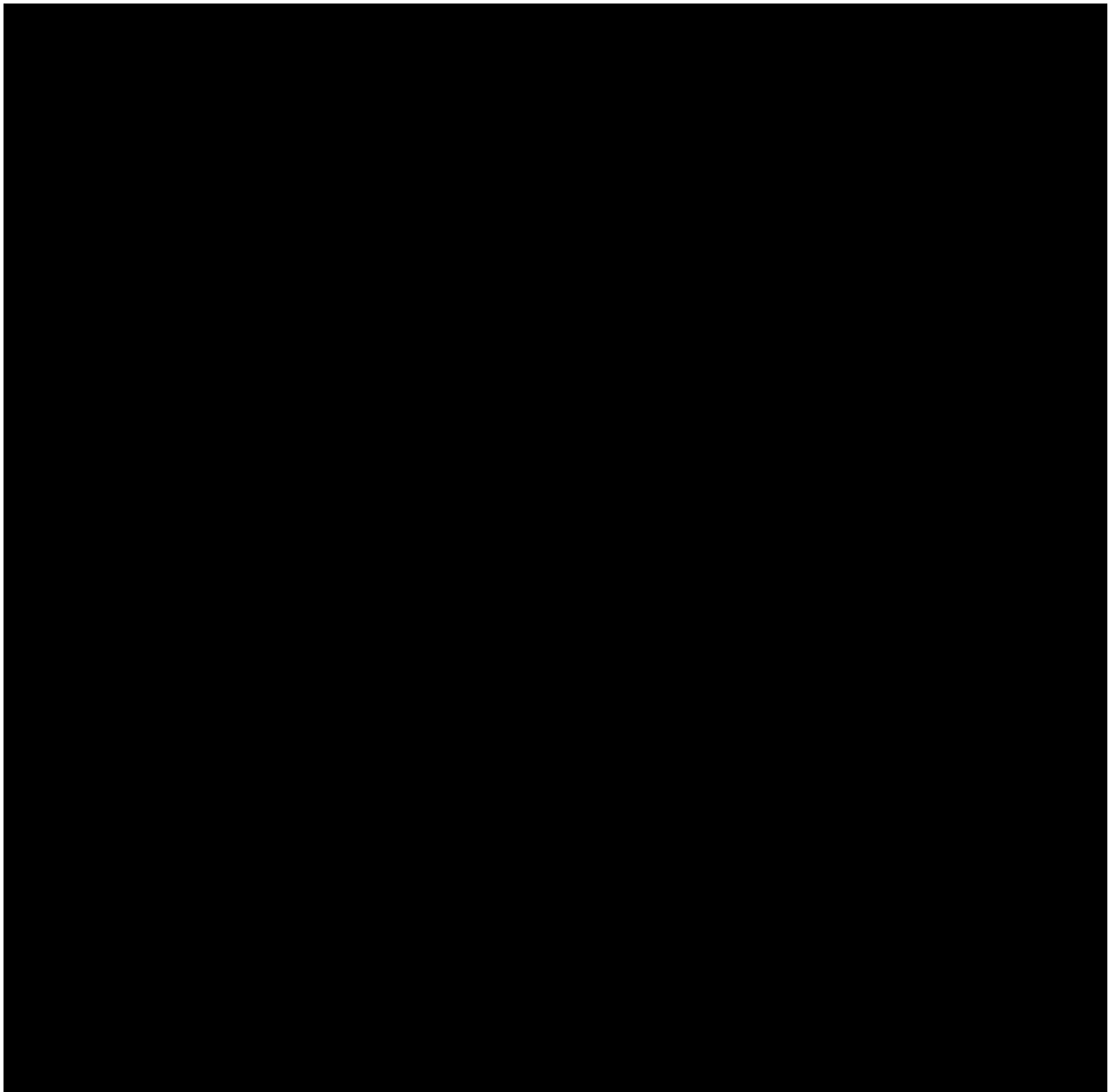


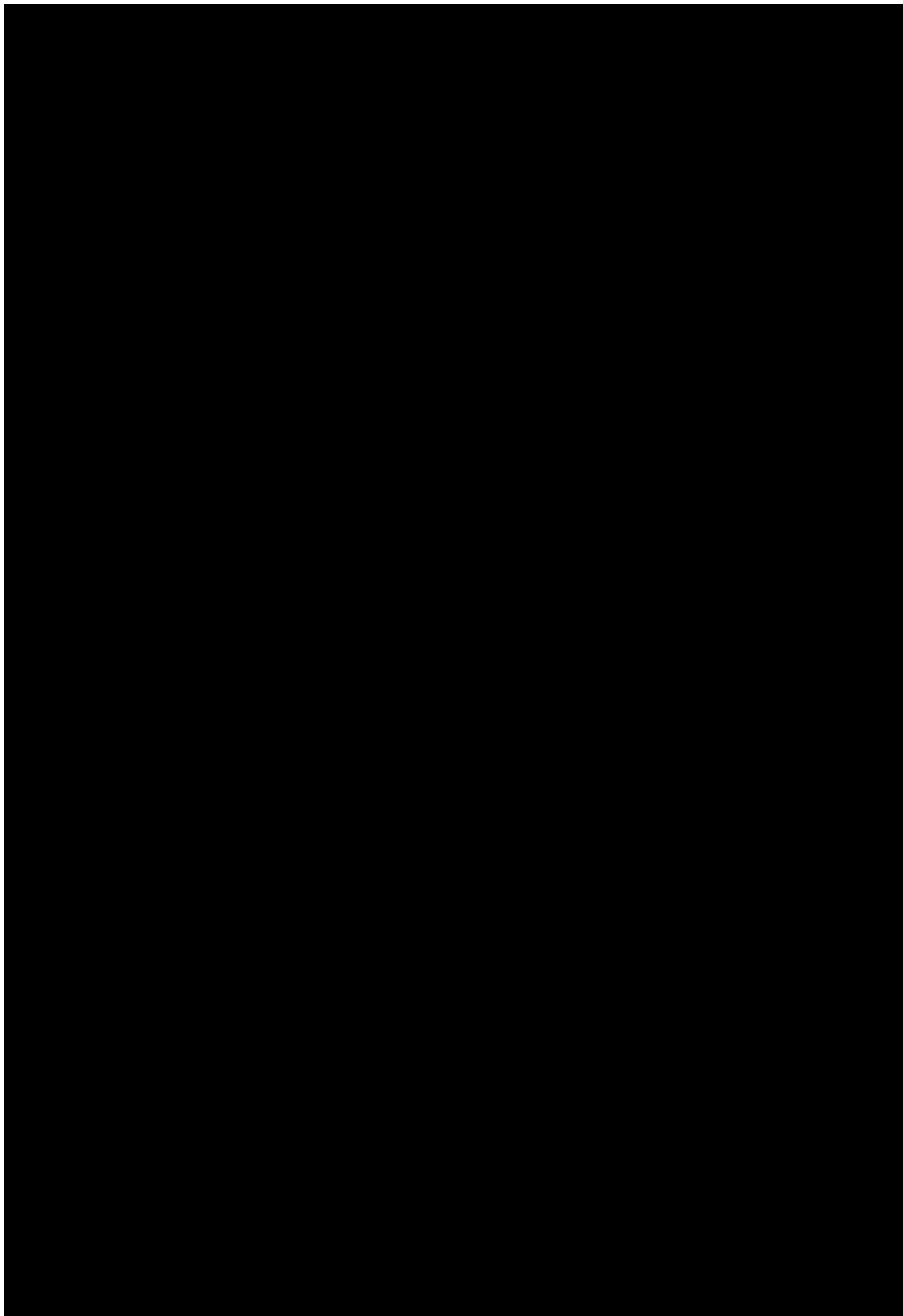




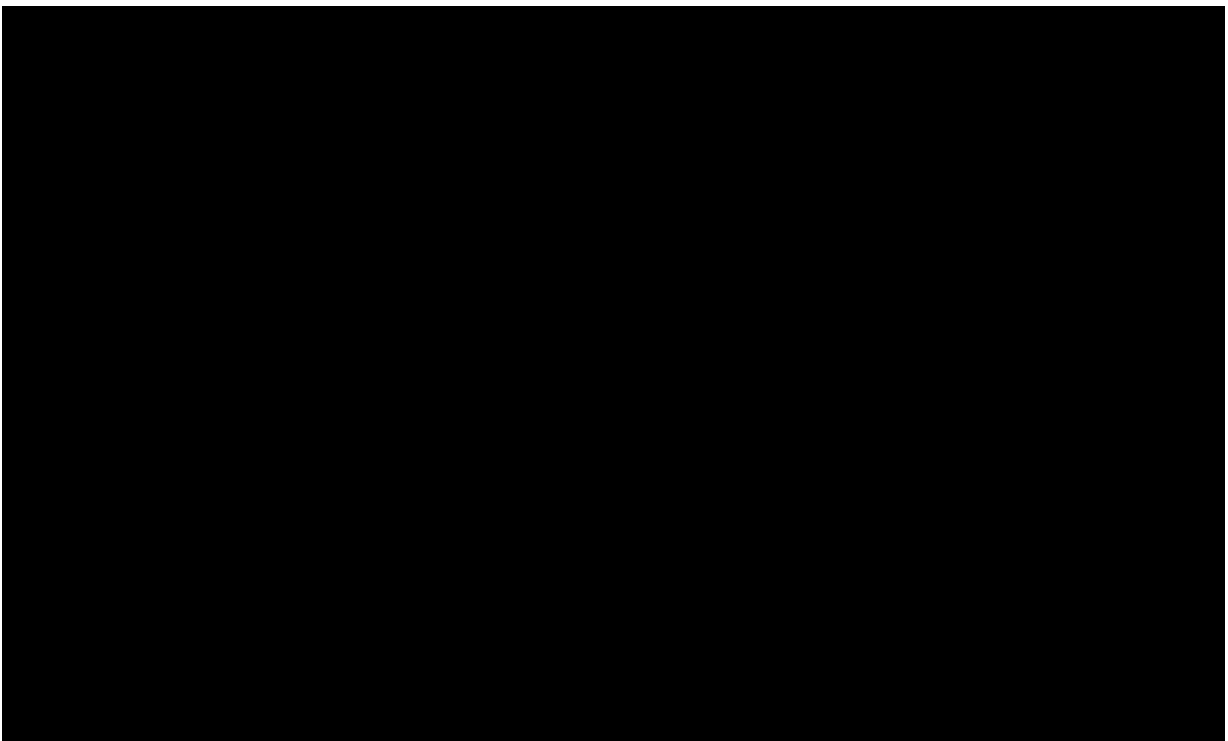
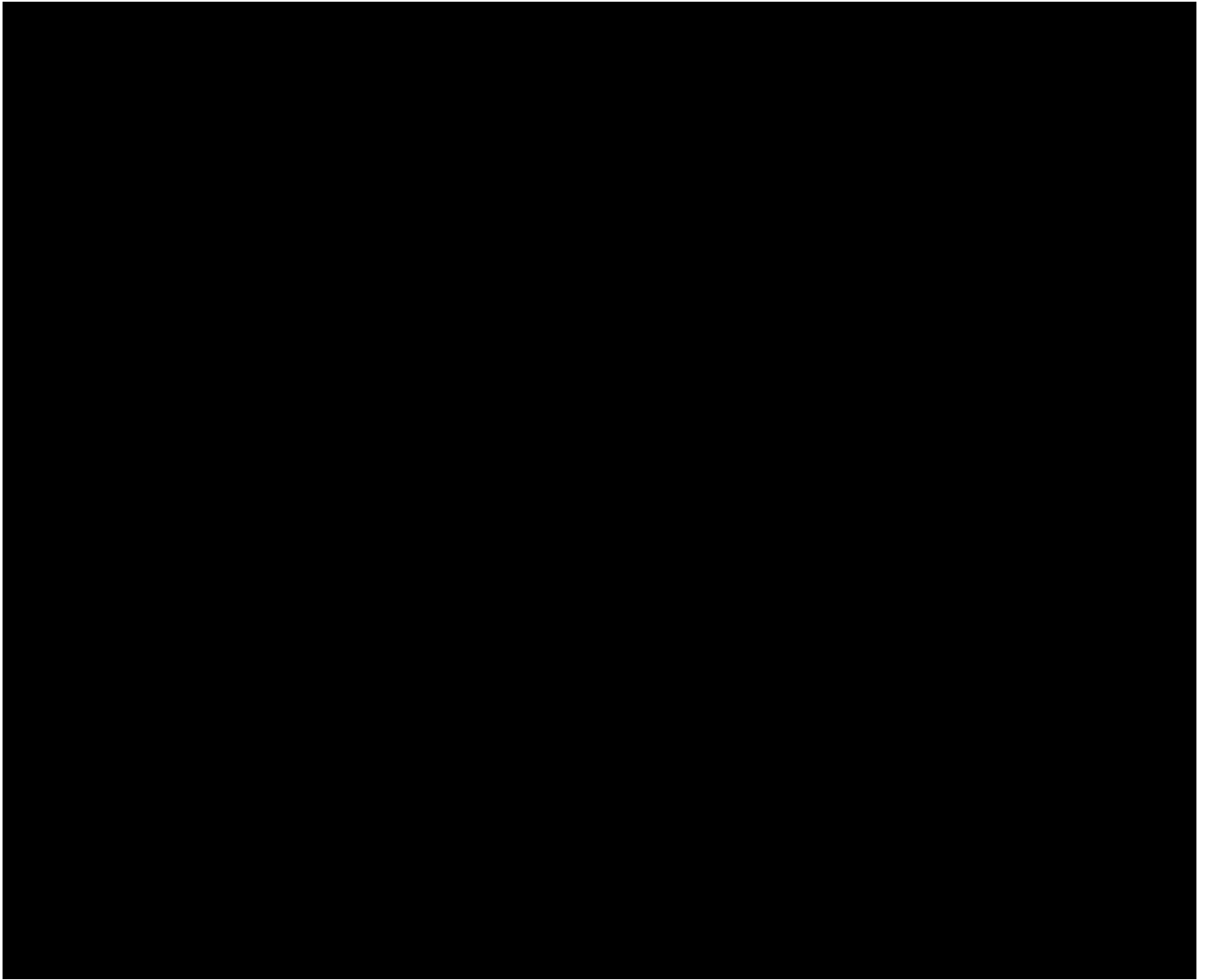
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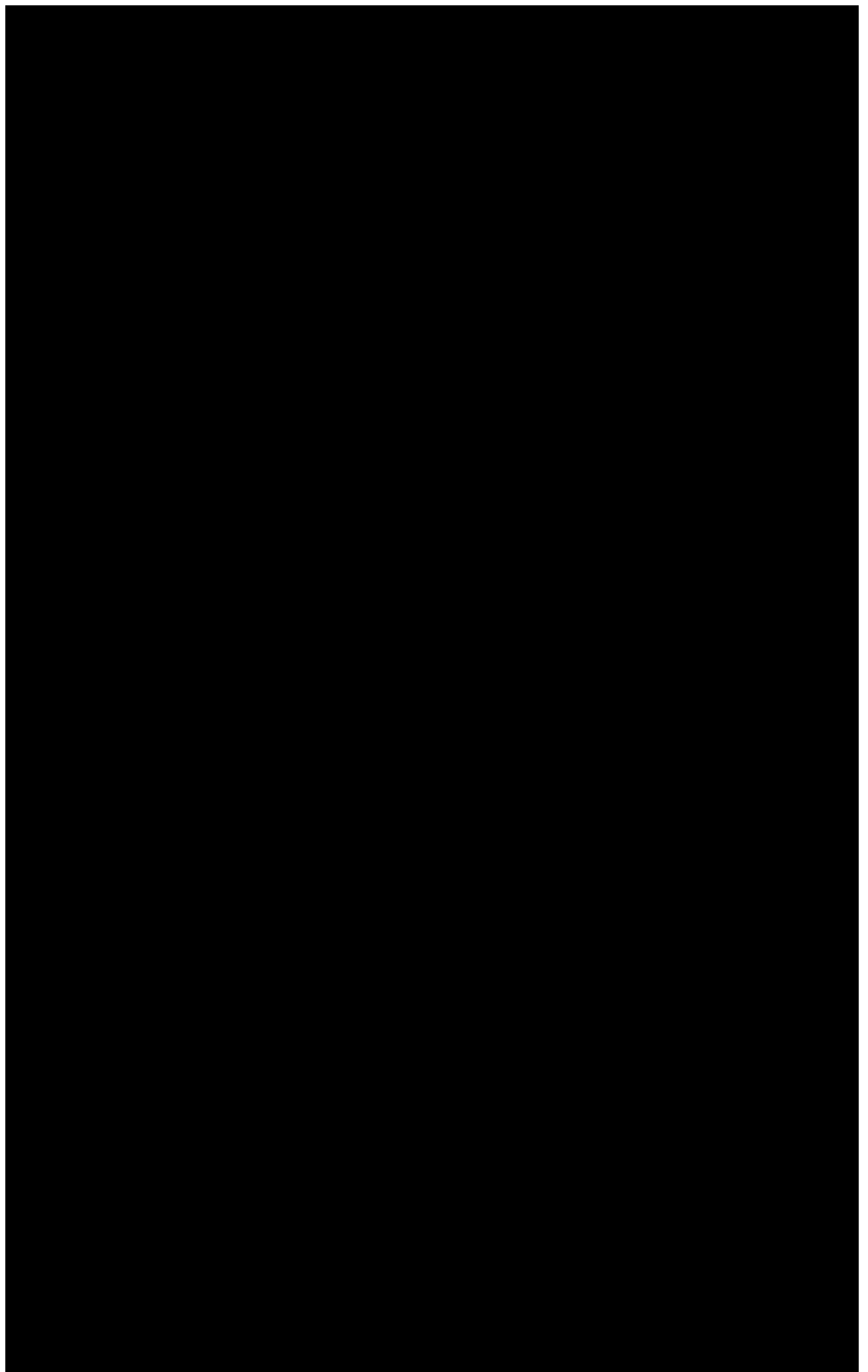














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