Award Form

This Award Form creates the Contract. It summarises the main features of the procurement and includes the Buyer and the Supplier's contact details.

1.	Buyer	Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (the Buyer).	
		Its offices are on: 100 Parliament Street, Westminster, London, SW1A 2BQ	
2.	Supplier	Name:	Beamans Management Consultants
		Address:	UHY Hacker Young, Thames House, Roman Square, Sittingbourne, Kent, ME10 4BJ
		Registration number:	3032377
3.	Contract	This Contract between the Buyer and the Supplier is for the supply of Deliverables.	
4.	Contract reference	PS23382 - Band B JEGS Assessment Support	
5.	Deliverables	See Schedule 2 (Specification) for further details.	
6.	Buyer Cause	Any breach of: The obligations of the Buyer or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Buyer, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Buyer is liable to the Supplier.	
7.	Collaborative working principles	The Collaborative Wood	orking Principles do not apply to this
8.	Financial Transparency Objectives	The Financial Transp Contract.	parency Objectives do not apply to this
9.	Start Date	Wednesday, 6 th December 2023	
10.	Expiry Date	Friday, 28 th June 2024	
11.	Extension Period	Extension exercised where the Buyer gives the Supplier no less than 5 working days written notice before the Contract expires.	

12.	Ending the Contract without a reason	The Buyer shall be able to terminate the Contract in accordance with Clause 14.3.	
13.	Incorporated Terms (together these documents form the "the Contract")	The following documents are incorporated into the Contract. Where numbers are missing we are not using these Schedules. If the documents conflict, the following order of precedence applies: a) This Award Form b) Core Terms c) Schedule 1 (Definitions) d) Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports) e) Schedule 20 (Processing Data) The following Schedules (in equal order of precedence): a. Schedule 2 (Specification) b. Schedule 3 (Charges) c. Schedule 5 (Commercially Sensitive Information) d. Schedule 21 (Variation Form) e. Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements) f. Schedule 25 (Rectification Plan) g. Schedule 26 (Sustainability) h. Schedule 29 (Key Supplier Staff) f) Schedule 4 (Tender), unless any part of the Tender offers a better commercial position for the Buyer (as decided by the Buyer, in its absolute discretion), in which case that aspect of the Tender will take precedence over the documents above.	
14.	Special Terms	Not Applicable	
15.	Sustainability	The Supplier agrees, in providing the Deliverables and performing its obligations under the Contract, that it will comply with Schedule 26 (Sustainability).	

16.	Buyer's Environmental Policy	Available online at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/sustainability-in-ukhsa/environmental-policy	
17.	Social Value Commitment	Not Applicable	
18.	Buyer's Security Policy	Available online at: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-security	
19.	Commercially Sensitive Information	Schedule 5 (Commercially Sensitive Information)]	
20.	Charges	£71,500.00 excluding VAT Maximum - Details in Schedule 3 (Charges)	
21.	Reimbursable expenses	None	
22.	Payment method	Invoices to be sent to: DSIT c/o UKSBS, Queensway House, West Precinct, Billingham, TS23 2NF ap@uksbs.co.uk	
23.	Service Levels	Not applicable	
24.	Insurance	Details in Annex of Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements).	
25.	Liability	[In accordance with Clause 15.1 each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than 150% of the Estimated Yearly Charges	
		In accordance with Clause 15.5, the Supplier's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under Clause 18.8.5 is no more than the Data Protection Liability, being £1,000,000.00.	
26.	Cyber Essentials Certification	Not required	
27.	Progress Meetings and Progress Reports	The Supplier shall attend Progress Meetings with the Buyer every Month on a day/date to be agreed with the 'Buyer'	

		The Supplier shall provide the Buyer with Progress Reports every bi-monthly period on a day/date to be agreed with the 'Buyer'
28.	Guarantee	Not applicable
29.	Virtual Library	Not applicable
30.	Supplier Contract Manager	
31.	Supplier Authorised Representative	
32.	Supplier Data Protection Officer	
33.	Buyer Authorised Representative	

For and on behalf of the Supplier:		For and on behalf of the Buyer:	
Signature:		Signature:	
Name:		Name:	
Role:		Role:	
Date:		Date:	

Core Terms - Mid-tier

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Definitions used in the contract

Interpret this Contract using Schedule 1 (Definitions).

- 1. How the contract works
 - 1.1 If the Buyer decides to buy Deliverables under the Contract it must state its requirements using the Award Form. If allowed by the Regulations, the Buyer can:
 - 1.1.1 make changes to the Award Form;
 - 1.1.2 create new Schedules;
 - 1.1.3 exclude optional template Schedules; and
 - 1.1.4 use Special Terms in the Award Form to add or change terms.
 - 1.2 The Contract:
 - 1.2.1 is between the Supplier and the Buyer; and
 - 1.2.2 includes Core Terms, Schedules and any other changes or items in the completed Award Form.
 - 1.3 The Supplier acknowledges it has all the information required to perform its obligations under the Contract before entering into it. When information is provided by the Buyer no warranty of its accuracy is given to the Supplier.
 - 1.4 The Supplier acknowledges that, subject to the Allowable Assumptions set out in Annex 2 of Schedule 3 (Charges) (if any), it has satisfied itself of all details relating to:
 - 1.4.1 the Buyer's requirements for the Deliverables;
 - 1.4.2 the Buyer's operating processes and working methods; and
 - 1.4.3 the ownership and fitness for purpose of the Buyer Assets,

and it has it has advised the Buyer in writing of:

- 1.4.4 each aspect, if any, of the Buyer's requirements for the Deliverables, operating processes and working methods that is not suitable for the provision of the Services;
- 1.4.5 the actions needed to remedy each such unsuitable aspect; and
- 1.4.6 a timetable for and, to the extent that such costs are to be payable to the Supplier, the costs of those actions,
 - and such actions, timetable and costs are fully reflected in this Contract.
- 1.5 The Supplier won't be excused from any obligation, or be entitled to additional Costs or Charges because it failed to either:
 - 1.5.1 verify the accuracy of the Due Diligence Information; and

- 1.5.2 properly perform its own adequate checks.
- 1.6 The Buyer will not be liable for errors, omissions or misrepresentation of any information.
- 1.7 The Supplier warrants and represents that all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.
- 2. What needs to be delivered
 - 2.1 All deliverables
 - 2.1.1 The Supplier must provide Deliverables:
 - a) that comply with the Specification, the Tender Response and the Contract;
 - b) using reasonable skill and care;
 - c) using Good Industry Practice;
 - d) using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they don't conflict with the Contract;
 - e) on the dates agreed; and
 - f) that comply with Law.
 - 2.1.2 The Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days from Delivery against all obvious defects or for such other period as specified in the Award Form.
 - 2.1.3 Where the Award Form states that the Collaborative Working Principles will apply, the Supplier must co-operate and provide reasonable assistance to any Buyer Third Party notified to the Supplier by the Buyer from time to time and act at all times in accordance with the following principles:
 - a) proactively leading on, mitigating and contributing to the resolution of problems or issues irrespective of its contractual obligations, acting in accordance with the principle of "fix first, settle later";
 - b) being open, transparent and responsive in sharing relevant and accurate information with Buyer Third Parties;
 - where reasonable, adopting common working practices, terminology, standards and technology and a collaborative approach to service development and resourcing with Buyer Third Parties;
 - d) providing reasonable cooperation, support, information and assistance to Buyer Third Parties in a proactive, transparent and open way and in a spirit of trust and mutual confidence; and
 - e) identifying, implementing and capitalising on opportunities to improve deliverables and deliver better solutions and performance throughout the relationship lifecycle.

2.2 Goods clauses

- 2.2.1 All Goods delivered must be new, or as new if recycled, unused and of recent origin.
- 2.2.2 All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods must be assignable to the Buyer on request and for free.
- 2.2.3 The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on Delivery or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier.
- 2.2.4 Risk in the Goods transfers to the Buyer on Delivery of the Goods, but remains with the Supplier if the Buyer notices damage following Delivery and lets the Supplier know within 3 Working Days of Delivery.
- 2.2.5 The Supplier warrants that it has full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.
- 2.2.6 The Supplier must deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location during the Buyer's working hours.
- 2.2.7 The Supplier must provide sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of Delivery safely and undamaged.
- 2.2.8 All deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type and quantity of Goods.
- 2.2.9 The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Buyer needs to make use of the Goods.
- 2.2.10 The Supplier must indemnify the Buyer against the costs of any Recall of the Goods and give notice of actual or anticipated action about the Recall of the Goods.
- 2.2.11 The Buyer can cancel any order or part order of Goods which has not been Delivered. If the Buyer gives less than 14 days' notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the cancelled order as long as the Supplier uses all reasonable endeavours to minimise these costs.
- 2.2.12 The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Buyer's option and request) any Goods that the Buyer rejects because they don't conform with Clause 2. If the Supplier doesn't do this it will pay the Buyer's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.

2.3 Services clauses

- 2.3.1 Late Delivery of the Services will be a Default of the Contract.
- 2.3.2 The Supplier must co-operate with the Buyer and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the Delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions of the Buyer or third party suppliers.
- 2.3.3 The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all Supplier Equipment required to Deliver the Services.

- 2.3.4 The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to the Contract.
- 2.3.5 The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Buyer's operations, employees or other contractors.
- 2.3.6 The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to Deliver the Services, are of good quality and free from defects.
- 2.3.7 The Buyer is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services, but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

3. Pricing and payments

- 3.1 In exchange for the Deliverables, the Supplier must invoice the Buyer for the Charges in the Award Form.
- 3.2 All Charges:
 - 3.2.1 exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice; and
 - 3.2.2 include all costs connected with the Supply of Deliverables.
- 3.3 The Buyer must pay the Supplier the Charges within 30 days of receipt by the Buyer of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds using the payment method and details stated in the Award Form.
- 3.4 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
 - 3.4.1 includes all appropriate references including the Contract reference number and other details reasonably requested by the Buyer; and
 - 3.4.2 includes a detailed breakdown of Delivered Deliverables and Milestone(s) (if any).
- 3.5 The Buyer may retain or set-off payment of any amount owed to it by the Supplier under this Contract or any other agreement between the Supplier and the Buyer if notice and reasons are provided.
- 3.6 The Supplier must ensure that all Subcontractors are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this does not happen, the Buyer can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.
- 3.7 The Supplier has no right of set-off, counterclaim, discount or abatement unless they're ordered to do so by a court.
- 4. The buyer's obligations to the supplier
 - 4.1 If Supplier Non-Performance arises from a Buyer Cause:
 - 4.1.1 the Buyer cannot terminate the Contract under Clause 13.4.1;
 - 4.1.2 the Supplier is entitled to reasonable and proven additional expenses and to relief from Delay Payments, liability and Deduction under this Contract;
 - 4.1.3 the Supplier is entitled to additional time needed to make the Delivery;

- 4.1.4 the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables.
- 4.2 Clause 4.1Error! Reference source not found. only applies if the Supplier:
 - 4.2.1 gives notice to the Buyer of the Buyer Cause within 10 Working Days of becoming aware;
 - 4.2.2 demonstrates that the Supplier Non-Performance only happened because of the Buyer Cause; and
 - 4.2.3 mitigated the impact of the Buyer Cause.
- 5. Record keeping and reporting
 - 5.1 The Supplier must attend Progress Meetings with the Buyer and provide Progress Reports when specified in the Award Form.
 - 5.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts in respect of the Contract during the Contract Period and for 7 years after the End Date and in accordance with the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires, including the records and accounts which the Buyer has a right to Audit.
 - 5.3 Where the Award Form states that the Financial Transparency Objectives apply, the Supplier must co-operate with the Buyer to achieve the Financial Transparency Objectives and, to this end, will provide a Financial Report to the Buyer:
 - 5.3.1 on or before the Start Date;
 - 5.3.2 at the end of each Contract Year; and
 - 5.3.3 within 6 Months of the end of the Contract Period,

and the Supplier must meet with the Buyer if requested within 10 Working Days of the Buyer receiving a Financial Report.

- 5.4 If the Supplier becomes aware of an event that has occurred or is likely to occur in the future which will have a material effect on the:
 - 5.4.1 Supplier's currently incurred or forecast future Costs; and
 - 5.4.2 forecast Charges for the remainder of the Contract,

then the Supplier must notify the Buyer in writing as soon as practicable setting out the actual or anticipated effect of the event.

- 5.5 The Supplier must allow any Auditor access to their premises and the Buyer will use reasonable endeavours to ensure that any Auditor:
 - 5.5.1 complies with the Supplier's operating procedures; and
 - 5.5.2 does not unreasonably disrupt the Supplier or its provision of the Deliverables.

- 5.6 During an Audit, the Supplier must provide information to the Auditor and reasonable co-operation at their request including access to:
 - 5.6.1 all information within the permitted scope of the Audit;
 - 5.6.2 any Sites, equipment and the Supplier's ICT system used in the performance of the Contract; and
 - 5.6.3 the Supplier Staff.
- 5.7 The Parties will bear their own costs when an Audit is undertaken unless the Audit identifies a material Default by the Supplier, in which case the Supplier will repay the Buyer's reasonable costs in connection with the Audit.
- 5.8 The Supplier must comply with the Buyer's reasonable instructions following an Audit, including:
 - 5.8.1 correcting any identified Default;
 - 5.8.2 rectifying any error identified in a Financial Report; and
 - 5.8.3 repaying any Charges that the Buyer has overpaid.
- 5.9 If the Supplier is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:
 - 5.9.1 tell the Buyer and give reasons;
 - 5.9.2 propose corrective action; and
 - 5.9.3 provide a deadline for completing the corrective action.
- 5.10 Except where an Audit is imposed on the Buyer by a regulatory body or where the Buyer has reasonable grounds for believing that the Supplier has not complied with its obligations under this Contract, the Buyer may not conduct an Audit of the Supplier or of the same Key Subcontractor more than twice in any Contract Year.
- 6. Supplier staff
 - 6.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of the Contract must:
 - 6.1.1 be appropriately trained and qualified;
 - 6.1.2 be vetted using Good Industry Practice and the Security Policy; and
 - 6.1.3 comply with all conduct requirements when on the Buyer's Premises.
 - 6.2 Where the Buyer decides one of the Supplier's Staff is not suitable to work on the Contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.
 - 6.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions have caused the Supplier to breach Clauses 30.1 to 30.4.
 - The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Buyer's Premises and say why access is required.

6.5 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all claims brought by any person employed by the Supplier caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any Supplier Staff.

7. Supply chain

- 7.1 Appointing Subcontractors
 - 7.1.1 The Supplier must exercise due skill and care when it selects and appoints Subcontractors to ensure that the Supplier is able to:
 - a) manage Subcontractors in accordance with Good Industry Practice;
 - b) comply with its obligations under this Contract; and
 - c) assign, novate or transfer its rights and/or obligations under the Sub-Contract that relate exclusively to this Contract to the Buyer or a Replacement Supplier.
- 7.2 Mandatory provisions in Sub-Contracts
 - 7.2.1 The Supplier will ensure that all Sub-Contracts in the Supplier's supply chain entered into after the Effective Date wholly or substantially for the purpose of performing or contributing to the performance of the whole or any part of this Contract contain provisions that:
 - a) allow the Supplier to terminate the Sub-Contract if the Subcontractor fails to comply with its obligations in respect of environmental, social, equality or employment Law;
 - b) require the Supplier to pay all Subcontractors in full, within 30 days of receiving a valid, undisputed invoice; and
 - c) allow the Buyer to publish the details of the late payment or non-payment if this 30-day limit is exceeded.
 - 7.2.2 The Supplier will take reasonable endeavours to ensure that all Sub-Contracts in the Supplier's supply chain entered into before the Effective Date but made wholly or substantially for the purpose of performing or contributing to the performance of the whole or any part of this Contract contain provisions that:
 - a) allow the Supplier to terminate the Sub-Contract if the Subcontractor fails to comply with its obligations in respect of environmental, social, equality or employment Law;
 - b) require the Supplier to pay all Subcontractors in full, within 30 days of receiving a valid, undisputed invoice; and
 - c) allow the Buyer to publish the details of the late payment or nonpayment if this 30-day limit is exceeded.
- 7.3 When Sub-Contracts can be ended
 - 7.3.1 At the Buyer's request, the Supplier must terminate any Sub-Contracts in any of the following events:
 - a) there is a Change of Control of a Subcontractor which isn't preapproved by the Buyer in writing;

- b) the acts or omissions of the Subcontractor have caused or materially contributed to a right of termination under Clause 13.4;
- c) a Subcontractor or its Affiliates embarrasses or brings into disrepute or diminishes the public trust in the Buyer;
- d) the Subcontractor fails to comply with its obligations in respect of environmental, social, equality or employment Law; and/or
- e) the Buyer has found grounds to exclude the Subcontractor in accordance with Regulation 57 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015.

7.4 Competitive terms

- 7.4.1 If the Buyer can get more favourable commercial terms for the supply at cost of any materials, goods or services used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables and that cost is reimbursable by the Buyer, then the Buyer may require the Supplier to replace its existing commercial terms with the more favourable terms offered for the relevant items.
- 7.4.2 If the Buyer uses Clause 7.4.1 Error! Reference source not found. then the Charges must be reduced by an agreed amount by using the Variation Procedure.
- 7.5 Ongoing responsibility of the Supplier
 - 7.5.1 The Supplier is responsible for all acts and omissions of its Subcontractors and those employed or engaged by them as if they were its own

8. Rights and protection

- 8.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:
 - 8.1.1 it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform the Contract;
 - 8.1.2 the Contract is executed by its authorised representative;
 - 8.1.3 it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed;
 - 8.1.4 there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its Affiliates that might affect its ability to perform the Contract;
 - 8.1.5 all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents (including in relation to IPRs) are in place to enable the Supplier to perform its obligations under the Contract and for the Buyer to receive the Deliverables;
 - 8.1.6 it doesn't have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform the Contract;
 - 8.1.7 it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event or a Financial Distress Event; and

- 8.1.8 neither it nor, to the best of its knowledge the Supplier Staff, have committed a Prohibited Act prior to the Start Date or been subject to an investigation relating to a Prohibited Act.
- The warranties and representations in Clauses 1.7 and 8.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.
- 8.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against each of the following:
 - 8.3.1 wilful misconduct of the Supplier, Subcontractor and Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract; and
 - 8.3.2 non-payment by the Supplier of any tax or National Insurance.
- 8.4 All claims indemnified under this Contract must use Clause 29.
- 8.5 The Buyer can terminate the Contract for breach of any warranty or indemnity where they are entitled to do so.
- 8.6 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify the Buyer.
- 8.7 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Buyer's benefit by the Supplier.
- 9. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)
 - 9.1 The Parties agree that the terms set out in Schedule 36 (Intellectual Property Rights) shall apply to this Contract.
 - 9.2 If there is an IPR Claim, the Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result.
 - 9.3 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Buyer's sole option, either:
 - 9.3.1 obtain for the Buyer the rights to continue using the relevant item without infringing any third party IPR; or
 - 9.3.2 replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that don't infringe IPR without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables.
 - 9.4 If the Buyer requires that the Supplier procures a licence in accordance with Schedule 36 or to modify or replace an item pursuant to Schedule 36, but this has not avoided or resolved the IPR Claim, then the Buyer may terminate this Contract by written notice with immediate effect.

10. Rectifying issues

10.1 If there is a Notifiable Default, the Supplier must notify the Buyer within 3
Working Days of the Supplier becoming aware of the Notifiable Default and the
Buyer may request that the Supplier provide a Rectification Plan within 10
Working Days of the Buyer's request alongside any additional documentation
that the Buyer requires.

- 10.2 When the Buyer receives a requested Rectification Plan it can either:
 - 10.2.1 reject the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan giving reasons; or
 - 10.2.2 accept the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan (without limiting its rights) in which case the Supplier must immediately start work on the actions in the Rectification Plan at its own cost.
- 10.3 Where the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan is rejected, the Buyer:
 - 10.3.1 will give reasonable grounds for its decision; and
 - 10.3.2 may request that the Supplier provides a revised Rectification Plan within 5 Working Days.

11. Escalating issues

- 11.1 If the Supplier fails to:
 - 11.1.1 submit a Rectification Plan or a revised Rectification Plan within the timescales set out in Clauses 10.1 or 10.3; and
 - 11.1.2 adhere to the timescales set out in an accepted Rectification Plan to resolve the Notifiable Default.

or if the Buyer otherwise rejects a Rectification Plan, the Buyer can require the Supplier to attend an Escalation Meeting on not less than 5 Working Days' notice. The Buyer will determine the location, time and duration of the Escalation Meeting(s) and the Supplier must ensure that the Supplier Authorised Representative is available to attend.

- 11.2 The Escalation Meeting(s) will continue until the Buyer is satisfied that the Notifiable Default has been resolved, however, where an Escalation Meeting(s) has continued for more than 5 Working Days, either Party may treat the matter as a Dispute to be handled through the Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- 11.3 If the Supplier is in Default of any of its obligations under this Clause 11, the Buyer shall be entitled to terminate this Agreement and the consequences of termination set out in Clause 14.5.1 shall apply as if the contract were terminated under Clause 13.4.1.

12. Step-in rights

- 12.1 If a Step-In Trigger Event occurs, the Buyer may give notice to the Supplier that it will be taking action in accordance with this Clause 12.1 and setting out:
 - 12.1.1 whether it will be taking action itself or with the assistance of a third party;
 - 12.1.2 what Required Action the Buyer will take during the Step-In Process;
 - 12.1.3 when the Required Action will begin and how long it will continue for;
 - 12.1.4 whether the Buyer will require access to the Sites; and

- 12.1.5 what impact the Buyer anticipates that the Required Action will have on the Supplier's obligations to provide the Deliverables.
- 12.2 For as long as the Required Action is taking place:
 - 12.2.1 the Supplier will not have to provide the Deliverables that are the subject of the Required Action;
 - 12.2.2 no Deductions will be applicable in respect of Charges relating to the Deliverables that are the subject of the Required Action; and
 - 12.2.3 the Buyer will pay the Charges to the Supplier after subtracting any applicable Deductions and the Buyer's costs of taking the Required Action.
- 12.3 The Buyer will give notice to the Supplier before it ceases to exercise its rights under the Step-In Process and within 20 Working Days of this notice the Supplier will develop a draft Step-Out Plan for the Buyer to approve.
- 12.4 If the Buyer does not approve the draft Step-Out Plan, the Buyer will give reasons and the Supplier will revise the draft Step-Out Plan and re-submit it for approval.
- 12.5 The Supplier shall bear its own costs in connection with any step-in by the Buyer under this Clause13, provided that the Buyer shall reimburse the Supplier's reasonable additional expenses incurred directly as a result of any step-in action taken by the Buyer under:
 - 12.5.1 limbs (f) or (g) of the definition of a Step-In Trigger Event; or
 - 12.5.2 limbs (h) and (i) of the definition of a Step-in Trigger Event (insofar as the primary cause of the Buyer serving a notice under Clause 13.1 is identified as not being the result of the Supplier's Default).

13. Ending the contract

- 13.1 The Contract takes effect on the Start Date and ends on the End Date or earlier if terminated under this Clause 13 or if required by Law.
- 13.2 The Buyer can extend the Contract for the Extension Period by giving the Supplier written notice before the Contract expires as described in the Award Form.

13.3 Ending the contract without a reason

The Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract at any time without reason or (unless the Award Form states something different) liability by giving the Supplier not less than 90 days' notice (unless a different notice period is set out in the Award Form) and if it's terminated Clauses 13.5.1b) to 13.5.1h) applies.

13.4 When the Buyer can end the Contract

- 13.4.1 If any of the following events happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate the Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:
 - a) there's a Supplier Insolvency Event;
 - b) the Supplier fails to notify the Buyer in writing of any Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance
 - c) there's a Notifiable Default that is not corrected in line with an accepted Rectification Plan;
 - d) the Buyer rejects a Rectification Plan or the Supplier does not provide it within 10 days of the request;
 - e) there's any material Default of the Contract;
 - a Default that occurs and then continues to occur on one or more occasions within 6 Months following the Buyer serving a warning notice on the Supplier that it may terminate for persistent breach of the Contract;
 - g) there's any material Default of any Joint Controller Agreement relating to the Contract;
 - h) there's a Default of Clauses 1.7, 9, 11, 17, 18, 30, 35, Schedule 19 (Cyber Essentials) (where applicable) or Schedule 36 (Intellectual Property Rights) relating to the Contract;
 - the performance of the Supplier causes a Critical Service Level Failure to occur;
 - there's a consistent repeated failure to meet the Service Levels in Schedule 10 (Service Levels);
 - k) there's a Change of Control of the Supplier which isn't preapproved by the Buyer in writing;
 - the Buyer discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded;
 - m) the Supplier or its Affiliates embarrass or bring the Buyer into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them; or
 - n) the Supplier fails to comply with its legal obligations in the fields of environmental, social, equality or employment Law when providing the Deliverables.
- 13.4.2 The Buyer also has the right to terminate the Contract in accordance with Clauses 8.5 and 23.3, Paragraph 4.1 of Schedule 37 (Corporate Resolution Planning) (where applicable) and Paragraph 7 of Schedule 24 (Financial Difficulties) (where applicable).

13.4.3 If any of the events in 73 (1) (a) or (b) of the Regulations happen, the Buyer has the right to immediately terminate the Contract and Clauses 13.5.1b) to 13.5.1h) applies.

13.5 What happens if the contract ends

- 13.5.1 Where the Buyer terminates the Contract under Clauses 13.4.1 and 8.5, Paragraph 4.1 of Schedule 37 (Corporate Resolution Planning) (where applicable) or Paragraph 7 of Schedule 24 (Financial Difficulties) (where applicable). all of the following apply:
 - a) The Supplier is responsible for the Buyer's reasonable costs of procuring Replacement Deliverables for the rest of the Contract Period.
 - b) The Buyer's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately.
 - c) Accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected.
 - d) The Supplier must promptly delete or return the Government Data except where required to retain copies by Law.
 - e) The Supplier must promptly return any of the Buyer's property provided under the terminated Contract.
 - f) The Supplier must, at no cost to the Buyer, co-operate fully in the handover and re-procurement (including to a Replacement Supplier).
 - g) The Supplier must repay to the Buyer all the Charges that it has been paid in advance for Deliverables that it has not provided as at the date of termination or expiry.
 - h) The following Clauses survive the termination of the Contract: 2.2.10, 5, 6.2, 9, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 38, 39, Schedule 36 (Intellectual Property Rights) and any Clauses and Schedules which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.
- 13.5.2 If either Party terminates the Contract under Clause 23.3:
 - a) each party must cover its own Losses; and
 - b) Clauses 13.5.1b) to 13.5.1h) applies.
- 13.6 When the Supplier can end the contract
 - 13.6.1 The Supplier can issue a Reminder Notice if the Buyer does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate the Contract if the Buyer fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the total Contract Value within 30 days of the date of the Reminder Notice.
 - 13.6.2 The Supplier also has the right to terminate the Contract in accordance with Clauses 23.3 and 26.5.
 - 13.6.3 Where the Buyer terminates the Contract under Clause 14.3 or the Supplier terminates the Contract under Clause 13.6.1 or 26.5:
 - a) the Buyer must promptly pay all outstanding Charges incurred to the Supplier;

- b) the Buyer must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable Losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and costed schedule with evidence the maximum value of this payment is limited to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated; and
- c) Clauses 13.5.1d) to 13.5.1h) apply.
- 13.7 Partially ending and suspending the contract
 - 13.7.1 Where the Buyer has the right to terminate the Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Buyer suspends the Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.
 - 13.7.2 The Buyer can only partially terminate or suspend the Contract if the remaining parts of the Contract can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.
 - 13.7.3 The Parties must agree any necessary Variation required by this Clause 13.7 using the Variation Procedure, but the Supplier may not either:
 - a) reject the Variation; or
 - b) increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under Clause 13.3.
 - 13.7.4 The Buyer can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under this Clause 13.7.
- 14. How much you can be held responsible for
 - 14.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than the greater of £5 million or 150% of the Estimated Yearly Charges unless specified otherwise in the Award Form.
 - 14.2 Neither Party is liable to the other for:
 - 14.2.1 any indirect Losses; and
 - 14.2.2 Loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect).
 - 14.3 In spite of Clause 14.1, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:
 - 14.3.1 its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or Subcontractors;
 - 14.3.2 its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees; and
 - 14.3.3 any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by Law.
 - 14.4 In spite of Clause 14.1, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under Clauses 6.5, 8.3, **Error! Reference source not found.**, 15.3 or Schedule 7 (Staff Transfer) of the Contract.

- 14.5 In spite of Clause 14.1, but subject to Clauses 14.2 and 14.3, the Supplier's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under Clause 17.8.5 is no more than the Data Protection Liability Cap.
- 14.6 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any Loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with the Contract, including any indemnities.
- 14.7 When calculating the Supplier's liability under Clause 14.1 the following items will not be taken into consideration:
 - 14.7.1 Deductions; and
 - 14.7.2 any items specified in Clause 14.4.
- 14.8 If more than one Supplier is party to the Contract, each Supplier Party is fully responsible for both their own liabilities and the liabilities of the other Suppliers.

15. Obeying the law

- 15.1 The Supplier shall comply with the provisions of Schedule 26 (Sustainability).
- 15.2 The Supplier shall comply with the provisions of:
 - 15.2.1 the Official Secrets Acts 1911 to 1989; and
 - 15.2.2 section 182 of the Finance Act 1989.
- 15.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Buyer against any costs resulting from any Default by the Supplier relating to any applicable Law.
- 15.4 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with Law, Clause 15.1 and Clauses 30 to 35.

16. Insurance

The Supplier must, at its own cost, obtain and maintain the Required Insurances in Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements).

17. Data protection

- 17.1 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with Schedule 20 (Processing Data).
- 17.2 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Government Data.
- 17.3 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Government Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Buyer copies every 6 Months.
- 17.4 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Government Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the Security Policy and any applicable Security Management Plan.
- 17.5 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must immediately notify the Buyer and suggest remedial action.

- 17.6 If the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Buyer may either or both:
 - 17.6.1 tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Government Data as soon as practical but no later than 5 Working Days from the date that the Buyer receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier; and
 - 17.6.2 restore the Government Data itself or using a third party.
- 17.7 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with Clause 17.6 unless the Buyer is entirely at fault.

17.8 The Supplier:

- 17.8.1 must provide the Buyer with all Government Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request;
- 17.8.2 must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Government Data if the Supplier stops trading;
- 17.8.3 must securely destroy all Storage Media that has held Government Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice;
- 17.8.4 securely erase all Government Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by the Buyer unless required by Law to retain it; and
- 17.8.5 indemnifies the Buyer against any and all Losses incurred if the Supplier breaches Clause 17 or any Data Protection Legislation.

18. What you must keep confidential

18.1 Each Party must:

- 18.1.1 keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure;
- 18.1.2 not disclose, use or exploit the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information without the Disclosing Party's prior written consent, except for the purposes anticipated under the Contract; and
- 18.1.3 immediately notify the Disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information.
- 18.2 In spite of Clause 18.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the Disclosing Party in any of the following instances:
 - 18.2.1 where disclosure is required by applicable Law, a regulatory body or a court with the relevant jurisdiction if the Recipient Party notifies the Disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure:
 - 18.2.2 if the Recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the Disclosing Party;
 - 18.2.3 if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality;
 - 18.2.4 if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure;

- 18.2.5 if the information was independently developed without access to the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information;
- 18.2.6 on a confidential basis, to its auditors or for the purpose of regulatory requirements;
- 18.2.7 on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis; and
- 18.2.8 to the Serious Fraud Office where the Recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the Disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010.
- 18.3 The Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Buyer at its request.
- 18.4 The Buyer may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:
 - 18.4.1 on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Buyer;
 - 18.4.2 on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any company that the Buyer transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to;
 - 18.4.3 if the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions;
 - 18.4.4 where requested by Parliament; and
 - 18.4.5 under Clauses 3.6 and 19.
- 18.5 For the purposes of Clauses 18.2 to 18.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in Clause 18.
- 18.6 Transparency Information and any Information which is exempt from disclosure by Clause 19 is not Confidential Information.
- 18.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contracts or any part of them in any way, without the prior written consent of the Buyer and must use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.
- 19. When you can share information
 - 19.1 The Supplier must tell the Buyer within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.
 - 19.2 In accordance with a reasonable timetable and in any event within 5 Working Days of a request from the Buyer, the Supplier must give the Buyer full cooperation and information needed so the Buyer can:
 - 19.2.1 publish the Transparency Information;
 - 19.2.2 comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request; and

- 19.2.3 comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request.
- 19.3 To the extent that it is allowed and practical to do so, the Buyer will use reasonable endeavours to notify the Supplier of a FOIA request and may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under Clause 19.1. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Buyer's decision in its absolute discretion.

20. Invalid parts of the contract

- 20.1 If any part of the Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from the Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it's valid or enforceable.
- 20.2 If any removal under Clause 20.1 is so fundamental that it prevents the purpose of the Contract from being achieved or it materially changes the balance of risk and rewards between the Parties, either Party may give notice to the other Party requiring the Parties to commence good faith negotiations to rectify these issues and to amend the Contract accordingly so that, as amended, it is valid and enforceable, preserves the balance of risks and rewards in this Contract and, to the extent that it is reasonably possible, achieves the Parties' original commercial intention.
- 20.3 If the Parties cannot agree on what amendments are required within 5 Working Days, the matter will be dealt with via commercial negotiation as set out in Clause Error! Reference source not found. and, if there is no resolution within 3 0 Working Days of the matter being referred, the Contract will terminate automatically and immediately with costs lying where they fall.

21. No other terms apply

The provisions incorporated into the Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements, or agreements whether written or oral. No other provisions apply.

22. Other people's rights in the Contract

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

- 23. Circumstances beyond your control
 - 23.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under the Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:
 - 23.1.1 provides a Force Majeure Notice to the other Party; and
 - 23.1.2 uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event.

- 23.2 Any failure or delay by the Supplier to perform its obligations under this Contract that is due to a failure or delay by an agent, Subcontractor or supplier will only be considered a Force Majeure Event if that third party is itself prevented from complying with an obligation to the Supplier due to a Force Majeure Event.
- 23.3 Either party can partially or fully terminate the Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event which lasts for 90 days continuously.
- 24. Relationships created by the contract

The Contract does not create a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

25. Giving up contract rights

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of the Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

- 26. Transferring responsibilities
 - The Supplier cannot assign, novate or in any other way dispose of the Contract or any part of it without the Buyer's written consent.
 - 26.2 Subject to Schedule 27 (Key Subcontractors), the Supplier cannot sub-contract the Contract or any part of it without the Buyer's prior written consent. The Supplier shall provide the Buyer with information about the Subcontractor as it reasonably requests. The decision of the Buyer to consent or not will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. If the Buyer does not communicate a decision to the Supplier within 10 Working Days of the request for consent then its consent will be deemed to have been given. The Buyer may reasonably withhold its consent to the appointment of a Subcontractor if it considers that:
 - 26.2.1 the appointment of a proposed Subcontractor may prejudice the provision of the Deliverables or may be contrary to its interests;
 - 26.2.2 the proposed Subcontractor is unreliable and/or has not provided reliable goods and or reasonable services to its other customers; and/or
 - 26.2.3 the proposed Subcontractor employs unfit persons
 - 26.3 The Buyer can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Crown Body, public or private sector body which performs the functions of the Buyer.
 - 26.4 When the Buyer uses its rights under Clause 26.3 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that the Buyer specifies.
 - 26.5 The Supplier can terminate the Contract novated under Clause 26.3 to a private sector body that is experiencing an Insolvency Event.
 - 26.6 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.

- 26.7 If at any time the Buyer asks the Supplier for details about Subcontractors, the Supplier must provide details of Subcontractors at all levels of the supply chain including:
 - 26.7.1 their name;
 - 26.7.2 the scope of their appointment;
 - 26.7.3 the duration of their appointment; and
 - 26.7.4 a copy of the Sub-Contract.

27. Changing the contract

- 27.1 Either Party can request a Variation to the Contract which is only effective if agreed in writing, including where it is set out in the Variation Form, and signed by both Parties.
- 27.2 The Supplier must provide an Impact Assessment either:
 - 27.2.1 with the Variation Form, where the Supplier requests the Variation; and
 - 27.2.2 within the time limits included in a Variation Form requested by the Buyer.
- 27.3 If the Variation to the Contract cannot be agreed or resolved by the Parties, the Buyer can either:
 - 27.3.1 agree that the Contract continues without the Variation; and
 - 27.3.2 refer the Dispute to be resolved using Clause 38 (Resolving Disputes).
- 27.4 The Buyer is not required to accept a Variation request made by the Supplier.
- 27.5 The Supplier may only reject a Variation requested by the Buyer if the Supplier:
 - 27.5.1 reasonably believes that the Variation would materially and adversely affect the risks to the health and safety of any person or that it would result in the Deliverables being provided in a way that infringes any Law;
 - 27.5.2 demonstrates to the Buyer's reasonable satisfaction that the Variation is technically impossible to implement and that neither the Tender nor the Specification state that the Supplier has the required technical capacity or flexibility to implement the Variation.
- 27.6 If there is a General Change in Law, the Supplier must bear the risk of the change and is not entitled to ask for an increase to the Charges.
- 27.7 If there is a Specific Change in Law or one is likely to happen during the Contract Period the Supplier must give the Buyer notice of the likely effects of the changes as soon as reasonably practical. They must also say if they think any Variation is needed either to the Deliverables, the Charges or the Contract and provide evidence:
 - 27.7.1 that the Supplier has kept costs as low as possible, including in Subcontractor costs; and
 - 27.7.2 of how it has affected the Supplier's costs.

- 27.8 Any change in the Charges or relief from the Supplier's obligations because of a Specific Change in Law must be implemented using Clauses 27.1 to 27.4.
- 28. How to communicate about the contract
 - 28.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they're delivered before 5:00pm on a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective at 9am on the first Working Day after sending unless an error message is received.
 - 28.2 Notices to the Buyer must be sent to the Buyer Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Award Form.
 - 28.3 This Clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.
- 29. Dealing with claims
 - 29.1 If a Beneficiary is notified of a Claim then it must notify the Indemnifier as soon as reasonably practical and no later than 10 Working Days.
 - 29.2 At the Indemnifier's cost the Beneficiary must both:
 - 29.2.1 allow the Indemnifier to conduct all negotiations and proceedings to do with a Claim; and
 - 29.2.2 give the Indemnifier reasonable assistance with the claim if requested.
 - 29.3 The Beneficiary must not make admissions about the Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnifier which cannot be unreasonably withheld or delayed.
 - 29.4 The Indemnifier must consider and defend the Claim diligently using competent legal advisors and in a way that doesn't damage the Beneficiary's reputation.
 - 29.5 The Indemnifier must not settle or compromise any Claim without the Beneficiary's prior written consent which it must not unreasonably withhold or delay.
 - 29.6 Each Beneficiary must use all reasonable endeavours to minimise and mitigate any losses that it suffers because of the Claim.
 - 29.7 If the Indemnifier pays the Beneficiary money under an indemnity and the Beneficiary later recovers money which is directly related to the Claim, the Beneficiary must immediately repay the Indemnifier the lesser of either:
 - 29.7.1 the sum recovered minus any legitimate amount spent by the Beneficiary when recovering this money; and
 - 29.7.2 the amount the Indemnifier paid the Beneficiary for the Claim.
- 30. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption
 - 30.1 The Supplier must not during the Contract Period:
 - 30.1.1 commit a Prohibited Act or any other criminal offence in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2);

- 30.1.2 do or allow anything which would cause the Buyer, including any of their employees, consultants, contractors, Subcontractors or agents to breach any of the Relevant Requirements or incur any liability under them.
- 30.2 The Supplier must during the Contract Period:
 - 30.2.1 create, maintain and enforce adequate policies and procedures to ensure it complies with the Relevant Requirements to prevent a Prohibited Act and require its Subcontractors to do the same;
 - 30.2.2 keep full records to show it has complied with its obligations under this Clause 30 and give copies to the Buyer on request; and
 - 30.2.3 if required by the Buyer, within 20 Working Days of the Start Date of the Contract, and then annually, certify in writing to the Buyer, that they have complied with this Clause 30, including compliance of Supplier Staff, and provide reasonable supporting evidence of this on request, including its policies and procedures.
- 30.3 The Supplier must immediately notify the Buyer if it becomes aware of any breach of Clauses 30.1 or has any reason to think that it, or any of the Supplier Staff, have either:
 - 30.3.1 been investigated or prosecuted for an alleged Prohibited Act;
 - 30.3.2 been debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or are otherwise ineligible to take part in procurement programmes or contracts because of a Prohibited Act by any government department or agency;
 - 30.3.3 received a request or demand for any undue financial or other advantage of any kind related to the Contract; and
 - 30.3.4 suspected that any person or Party directly or indirectly related to the Contract has committed or attempted to commit a Prohibited Act.
- 30.4 If the Supplier notifies the Buyer as required by Clause 30.3, the Supplier must respond promptly to their further enquiries, co-operate with any investigation and allow the Audit of any books, records and relevant documentation.
- 30.5 If the Supplier is in Default under Clause 30.1 the Buyer may:
 - 30.5.1 require the Supplier to remove any Supplier Staff from providing the Deliverables if their acts or omissions have caused the Default; and
 - 30.5.2 immediately terminate this agreement.
- 30.6 In any notice the Supplier gives under Clause 30.4 it must specify the:
 - 30.6.1 Prohibited Act;
 - 30.6.2 identity of the Party who it thinks has committed the Prohibited Act; and
 - 30.6.3 action it has decided to take.

- 31. Equality, diversity and human rights
 - 31.1 The Supplier must follow all applicable equality Law when they perform their obligations under the Contract, including:
 - 31.1.1 protections against discrimination on the grounds of race, sex, gender reassignment, religion or belief, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy, maternity, age or otherwise; and
 - 31.1.2 any other requirements and instructions which the Buyer reasonably imposes related to equality Law.
 - 31.2 The Supplier must use all reasonable endeavours, and inform the Buyer of the steps taken, to prevent anything that is considered to be unlawful discrimination by any court or tribunal, or the Equality and Human Rights Commission (or any successor organisation) when working on the Contract.

32. Health and safety

- 32.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:
 - 32.1.1 all applicable Law regarding health and safety; and
 - 32.1.2 the Buyer's current health and safety policy while at the Buyer's Premises, as provided to the Supplier.
- 32.2 The Supplier must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents or material hazards they're aware of at the Buyer Premises that relate to the performance of the Contract.

33. Environment

- When working on Site the Supplier must perform its obligations under the Buyer's current Environmental Policy, which the Buyer must provide.
- 33.2 The Supplier must ensure that Supplier Staff are aware of the Buyer's Environmental Policy.

34. Tax

- 34.1 The Supplier must not breach any tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. The Buyer cannot terminate the Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor tax or social security contribution.
- 34.2 Where the Charges payable under the Contract are or are likely to exceed £5 million at any point during the relevant Contract Period, and an Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance occurs, the Supplier must notify the Buyer of it within 5 Working Days including:
 - 34.2.1 the steps that the Supplier is taking to address the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance and any mitigating factors that it considers relevant; and
 - 34.2.2 other information relating to the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance that the Buyer may reasonably need.

- 34.3 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under the Contract, the Supplier must both:
 - 34.3.1 comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions; and
 - 34.3.2 indemnify the Buyer against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Contract Period in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff.
- 34.4 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:
 - 34.4.1 the Buyer may, at any time during the Contract Period, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with Clause 34.3.1, or why those requirements do not apply, the Buyer can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding;
 - 34.4.2 the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Buyer within the time specified by the Buyer;
 - 34.4.3 the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker provides information which the Buyer considers isn't good enough to demonstrate how it complies with Clause 34.3.1 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements; and
 - 34.4.4 the Buyer may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management.

35. Conflict of interest

- 35.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual, potential or perceived Conflict of Interest.
- 35.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to the Buyer if an actual, potential or perceived Conflict of Interest happens or is expected to happen.
- 35.3 The Buyer will consider whether there are any appropriate measures that can be put in place to remedy an actual, perceived or potential Conflict of Interest. If, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer, such measures do not or will not resolve an actual or potential Conflict of Interest, the Buyer may terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier where there is or may be an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.

- 36. Reporting a breach of the contract
 - As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to the Buyer any actual or suspected breach of:
 - 36.1.1 Law;
 - 36.1.2 Clause 15.1; and
 - 36.1.3 Clauses 30 to 35.
 - 36.2 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in Clause 36.1 to the Buyer or a Prescribed Person.
- 37. Further Assurances

Each Party will, at the request and cost of the other Party, do all things which may be reasonably necessary to give effect to the meaning of this Contract.

- 38. Resolving disputes
 - 38.1 If there is a Dispute, the senior representatives of the Parties who have authority to settle the Dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the Dispute by commercial negotiation.
 - 38.2 If the Parties cannot resolve the Dispute via commercial negotiation, they can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure current at the time of the Dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the Dispute, the Dispute must be resolved using Clauses 38.3 to 38.5.
 - 38.3 Unless the Buyer refers the Dispute to arbitration using Clause 38.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:
 - 38.3.1 determine the Dispute;
 - 38.3.2 grant interim remedies; and
 - 38.3.3 grant any other provisional or protective relief.
 - 38.4 The Supplier agrees that the Buyer has the exclusive right to refer any Dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules current at the time of the Dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.
 - 38.5 The Buyer has the right to refer a Dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under Clause 38.3, unless the Buyer has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under Clause 38.4.

38.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of the Contract during any Dispute.

39. Which law applies

This Contract and any issues or Disputes arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.

Schedule 1 (Definitions)

1. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1.1 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions shall have the meanings set out in this Schedule 1 (Definitions) or the relevant Schedule in which that capitalised expression appears.
- 1.2 If a capitalised expression does not have an interpretation in this Schedule or any other Schedule, it shall, in the first instance, be interpreted in accordance with the common interpretation within the relevant market sector/industry where appropriate. Otherwise, it shall be interpreted in accordance with the dictionary meaning.
- 1.3 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - 1.3.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
 - 1.3.2 reference to a gender includes the other gender and the neuter;
 - 1.3.3 references to a person include an individual, company, body corporate, corporation, unincorporated association, firm, partnership or other legal entity or Crown Body;
 - 1.3.4 a reference to any Law includes a reference to that Law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time;
 - 1.3.5 the words "including", "other", "in particular", "for example" and similar words shall not limit the generality of the preceding words and shall be construed as if they were immediately followed by the words "without limitation";
 - 1.3.6 references to "writing" include typing, printing, lithography, photography, display on a screen, electronic and facsimile transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing shall be construed accordingly;
 - 1.3.7 references to "representations" shall be construed as references to present facts, to "warranties" as references to present and future facts and to "undertakings" as references to obligations under the Contract;
 - 1.3.8 references to "Clauses" and "Schedules" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the clauses and schedules of the Core Terms and references in any Schedule to parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables are, unless otherwise provided, references to the parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables of the Schedule in which these references appear;
 - 1.3.9 references to "Paragraphs" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the paragraph of the appropriate Schedules unless otherwise provided; and
 - 1.3.10 references to a series of Clauses or Paragraphs shall be inclusive of the clause numbers specified.
 - 1.3.11 the headings in the Contract are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or construction of the Contract; and
 - 1.3.12 where the Buyer is a Crown Body it shall be treated as contracting with the Crown as a whole.
 - 1.3.13 Any reference in this Contract which immediately before IP Completion Day (or such later date when relevant EU law ceases to have effect pursuant to Section 1A

of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) is a reference to (as it has effect from time to time):

- (I) any EU regulation, EU decision, EU tertiary legislation or provision of the EEA agreement ("EU References") which is to form part of domestic law by application of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 and which shall be read on and after IP Completion Day as a reference to the EU References as they form part of domestic law by virtue of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as modified by domestic law from time to time; and
 - (ii) any EU institution or EU authority or other such EU body shall be read on and after IP Completion Day as a reference to the UK institution, authority or body to which its functions were transferred.
- 1.4 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Achieve"	in respect of a Test, to successfully pass such Test without any Test Issues and in respect of a Milestone, the issue of a Satisfaction Certificate in respect of that Milestone and "Achieved", "Achieving" and "Achievement" shall be construed accordingly;
"Additional FDE Group Member"	means any entity (if any) specified as an Additional FDE Group Member in Part A of Annex 3 of Schedule 24 (Financial Difficulties);
"Affected Party"	the party seeking to claim relief in respect of a Force Majeure Event;
"Affiliates"	in relation to a body corporate, any other entity which directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common Control of that body corporate from time to time;
"Allowable Assumptions"	means the assumptions (if any) set out in Annex 2 of Schedule 3 (Charges);
"Annex"	extra information which supports a Schedule;
"Approval"	the prior written consent of the Buyer and "Approve" and "Approved" shall be construed accordingly;
"Associates"	means, in relation to an entity, an undertaking in which the entity owns, directly or indirectly, between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises a degree of control sufficient for the undertaking to be treated as an associate under generally accepted accounting principles;
"Audit"	the Buyer's right to: (a) verify the integrity and content of any Financial Report;

- (b) verify the accuracy of the Charges and any other amounts payable by the Buyer under a Contract (including proposed or actual variations to them in accordance with the Contract);
- (c) verify the costs of the Supplier (including the costs of all Subcontractors and any third party suppliers) in connection with the provision of the Services;
- (d) verify the Open Book Data;
- (e) verify the Supplier's and each Subcontractor's compliance with the applicable Law;
- (f) identify or investigate actual or suspected breach of Clauses 3 to 37 and/or Schedule 26 (Sustainability), impropriety or accounting mistakes or any breach or threatened breach of security and in these circumstances the Buyer shall have no obligation to inform the Supplier of the purpose or objective of its investigations;
- (g) identify or investigate any circumstances which may impact upon the financial stability of the Supplier, any Guarantor, and/or any Subcontractors or their ability to provide the Deliverables:
- (h) obtain such information as is necessary to fulfil the Buyer's obligations to supply information for parliamentary, ministerial, judicial or administrative purposes including the supply of information to the Comptroller and Auditor General;
- (i) review any books of account and the internal contract management accounts kept by the Supplier in connection with the Contract;
- carry out the Buyer's internal and statutory audits and to prepare, examine and/or certify the Buyer's annual and interim reports and accounts;
- (k) enable the National Audit Office to carry out an examination pursuant to Section 6(1) of the National Audit Act 1983 of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which the Buyer has used its resources;

"Auditor"

- (a) the Buyer's internal and external auditors;
- (b) the Buyer's statutory or regulatory auditors;
- (c) the Comptroller and Auditor General, their staff and/or any appointed representatives of the National Audit Office;
- (d) HM Treasury or the Cabinet Office;
- (e) any party formally appointed by the Buyer to carry out audit or similar review functions; and
- (f) successors or assigns of any of the above;

"Award Form"	the document outlining the Incorporated Terms and crucial information required for the Contract, to be executed by the Supplier and the Buyer;		
"Beneficiary"	a Party having (or claiming to have) the benefit of an indemnity under this Contract;		
"Buyer"	the public sector purchaser identified as such in the Order Form;		
"Buyer Assets"	the Buyer's infrastructure, data, software, materials, assets, equipment or other property owned by and/or licensed or leased to the Buyer and which is or may be used in connection with the provision of the Deliverables which remain the property of the Buyer throughout the term of the Contract;		
"Buyer Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by the Buyer from time to time in relation to the Contract initially identified in the Award Form;		
"Buyer Cause"	has the meaning given to it in the Award Form;		
"Buyer Data"	means the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any Buyer's or End User's Confidential Information, and which:		
	(a) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer, or End User; or		
	(b) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to this Contract; or		
	(c) any Personal Data for which the Buyer or End User is the Controller;		
"Buyer Existing IPR"	means any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to the Buyer, and where the Buyer is a Central Government Body, any Crown IPR, and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise)		
"Buyer Premises"	premises owned, controlled or occupied by the Buyer which are made available for use by the Supplier or its Subcontractors for the provision of the Deliverables (or any of them);		
"Buyer Third Party"	means any supplier to the Buyer (other than the Supplier), which is notified to the Supplier from time to time;		
"Buyer's Confidential Information"	(a) all Personal Data and any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, property rights, trade secrets, Know-How and IPR of the Buyer (including all Buyer Existing IPR and New IPR);		

	(b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked "confidential") or which ought reasonably be considered confidential which comes (or has come) to the Buyer's attention or into the Buyer's possession in connection with the Contract; and	
	information derived from any of the above;	
"Central Government Body"	a body listed in one of the following sub-categories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics:	
	(a) Government Department;	
	(b) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);	
	(c) Non-Ministerial Department; or	
	(d) Executive Agency;	
"Change in Law"	any change in Law which impacts on the supply of the Deliverables and performance of the Contract which comes into force after the Start Date;	
"Change of Control"	a change of control within the meaning of Section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010;	
"Charges"	the prices (exclusive of any applicable VAT), payable to the Supplier by the Buyer under the Contract, as set out in the Award Form, for the full and proper performance by the Supplier of its obligations under the Contract less any Deductions;	
"Claim"	any claim which it appears that a Beneficiary is, or may become, entitled to indemnification under this Contract;	
"Commercially Sensitive Information"	the Confidential Information listed in the Award Form (if any) comprising of commercially sensitive information relating to the Supplier, its IPR or its business or which the Supplier has indicated to the Buyer that, if disclosed by the Buyer, would cause the Supplier significant commercial disadvantage or material financial loss;	
"Comparable Supply"	the supply of Deliverables to another Buyer of the Supplier that are the same or similar to the Deliverables;	
"Compliance Officer"	the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal obligations;	
"Confidential Information"	means any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, trade secrets, Know-How, personnel and suppliers of the Buyer or the Supplier, including IPRs, together with information derived from the above, and any	

	other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential;	
"Conflict of Interest"	a conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to the Buyer under the Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer;	
"Contract"	the contract between the Buyer and the Supplier, which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Award Form;	
"Contract Period"	the term of the Contract from the earlier of the:	
	(a) Start Date; or	
	(b) the Effective Date	
	(c) until the End Date;	
"Contract Value"	the higher of the actual or expected total Charges paid or payable under the Contract where all obligations are met by the Supplier;	
"Contract Year"	a consecutive period of twelve (12) Months commencing on the Start Date or each anniversary thereof;	
"Control"	control in either of the senses defined in sections 450 and 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and "Controlled" shall be construed accordingly;	
"Controller"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;	
"Core Terms"	the Buyer's terms and conditions which apply to and comprise one part of the Contract set out in the document called "Core Terms";	
"Costs"	the following costs (without double recovery) to the extent that they are reasonably and properly incurred by the Supplier in providing the Deliverables:	
	(a) the cost to the Supplier or the Key Subcontractor (as the context requires), calculated per Work Day, of engaging the Supplier Staff, including:	
	(i) base salary paid to the Supplier Staff;	
	(ii) employer's National Insurance contributions;	
	(iii) pension contributions;	
	(iv) car allowances;	
	(v) any other contractual employment benefits;	
	(vi) staff training;	
	(vii) work place accommodation;	

		(viii)	work place IT equipment and tools reasonably necessary to provide the Deliverables (but not including items included within limb (b) below); and
		(ix)	reasonable recruitment costs, as agreed with the Buyer;
	(b)	treate accou cost to Suppl Suppl	incurred in respect of Supplier Assets which would be d as capital costs according to generally accepted nting principles within the UK, which shall include the be charged in respect of Supplier Assets by the ier to the Buyer or (to the extent that risk and title in any ier Asset is not held by the Supplier) any cost actually ed by the Supplier in respect of those Supplier Assets;
	(c)	above prope	tional costs which are not included within (a) or (b) t, to the extent that such costs are necessary and rly incurred by the Supplier in the provision of the trables; and
	(d)	specif	oursable Expenses to the extent these have been ied as allowable in the Award Form and are incurred in ring any Deliverables;
	but	excludi	ng:
	(e)	Overh	ead;
	(f)	financ	ing or similar costs;
	(g)	to mai	enance and support costs to the extent that these relate intenance and/or support Deliverables provided beyond ontract Period whether in relation to Supplier Assets or vise;
	(h)	taxatio	on;
	(i)	fines a	and penalties;
	(j)		nts payable under Schedule 12 (Benchmarking) where Schedule is used; and
	(k)		ash items (including depreciation, amortisation, ments and movements in provisions);
"Critical Service Level Failure"	has	the me	aning given to it in the Award Form;
"Crown Body"	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and particular bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;		

"Crown IPR"	means any IPR which is owned by or licensed to the Crown, and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise);
"CRTPA"	the Contract Rights of Third Parties Act 1999;
"Data Protection Impact Assessment"	an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged Processing on the protection of Personal Data;
"Data Protection Legislation"	(i) the UK GDPR, (ii) the DPA 2018 to the extent that it relates to processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the processing of personal data and privacy; and (iv) (to the extent that it applies) the EU GDPR;
"Data Protection Liability Cap"	has the meaning given to it in the Award Form;
"Data Protection Officer"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
"Data Subject"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
"Data Subject Access Request"	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
"Deductions"	all Service Credits, Delay Payments (if applicable), or any other deduction which the Buyer is paid or is payable to the Buyer under the Contract;
"Default"	any breach of the obligations of the Supplier (including abandonment of the Contract in breach of its terms) or any other default (including material default), act, omission, negligence or statement of the Supplier, of its Subcontractors or any Supplier Staff howsoever arising in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Supplier is liable to the Buyer;
"Delay Payments"	the amounts (if any) payable by the Supplier to the Buyer in respect of a delay in respect of a Milestone as specified in the Implementation Plan;
"Deliverables"	Goods and/or Services that may be ordered under the Contract including the Documentation;
"Delivery"	delivery of the relevant Deliverable or Milestone in accordance with the terms of the Contract as confirmed and accepted by the Buyer by the either (a) confirmation in writing to the Supplier; or (b) where

	Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) is used issue by the Buyer of a Satisfaction Certificate. " Deliver " and " Delivered " shall be construed accordingly;	
"Dependent Parent Undertaking"	means any Parent Undertaking which provides any of its Subsidiary Undertakings and/or Associates, whether directly or indirectly, with any financial, trading, managerial or other assistance of whatever nature, without which the Supplier would be unable to continue the day to day conduct and operation of its business in the same manner as carried on at the time of entering into this Contract, including for the avoidance of doubt the provision of the Services in accordance with the terms of this Contract;	
"Disaster"	the occurrence of one or more events which, either separately or cumulatively, mean that the Deliverables, or a material part thereof will be unavailable (or could reasonably be anticipated to be unavailable) for the period specified in the Award Form (for the purposes of this definition the "Disaster Period");	
"Disclosing Party"	the Party directly or indirectly providing Confidential Information to the other Party in accordance with Clause 19 (What you must keep confidential);	
"Dispute"	any claim, dispute or difference (whether contractual or non- contractual) arising out of or in connection with the Contract or in connection with the negotiation, existence, legal validity, enforceability or termination of the Contract, whether the alleged liability shall arise under English law or under the law of some other country and regardless of whether a particular cause of action may successfully be brought in the English courts;	
"Dispute Resolution Procedure"	the dispute resolution procedure set out in Clause 39 (Resolving disputes);	
"Documentation"	descriptions of the Services and Service Levels, technical specifications, user manuals, training manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, system environment descriptions and all such other documentation (whether in hardcopy or electronic form) is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under the Contract as:	
	(a) would reasonably be required by a competent third party capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Buyer to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide the Deliverables	
	(b) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Deliverables; and/or	
	(c) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;	

"DOTAS"	the Disclosure of Tax Avoidance Schemes rules which require a promoter of tax schemes to tell HMRC of any specified notifiable arrangements or proposals and to provide prescribed information on those arrangements or proposals within set time limits as contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and in secondary legislation made under vires contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and as extended to National Insurance Contributions;
"DPA 2018"	The Data Protection Act 2018
"Due Diligence Information"	any information supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer prior to the Start Date;
"Effective Date"	the date on which the final Party has signed the Contract;
"EIR"	the Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
"Employment Regulations"	the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/246) as amended or replaced;
"End Date"	the earlier of:
	(a) the Expiry Date as extended by the Buyer under Clause 14.2; or
	(b) if the Contract is terminated before the date specified in (a) above, the date of termination of the Contract;
"End User"	means a party that is accessing the Deliverables provided pursuant to this Contract (including the Buyer where it is accessing services on its own account as a user);
"Environmental Policy"	to conserve energy, water, wood, paper and other resources, reduce waste and phase out the use of ozone depleting substances and minimise the release of greenhouse gases, volatile organic compounds and other substances damaging to health and the environment, including any written environmental policy of the Buyer;
"Equality and Human Rights Commission"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
"Escalation Meeting"	means a meeting between the Supplier Authorised Representative and the Buyer Authorised Representative to address issues that have arisen during the Rectification Plan Process;
"Estimated Year 1 Charges"	the anticipated total Charges payable by the Buyer in the first Contract Year specified in the Award Form;

"Estimated Yearly Charges"	means for the purposes of calculating each Party's annual liability under Clause 15.1:		
	(a) in the first Contract Year, the Estimated Year 1 Charges; or		
	(b) in any subsequent Contract Years, the Charges paid or payable in the previous Contract Year; or		
	(c) after the end of the Contract, the Charges paid or payable in the last Contract Year during the Contract Period;		
"EU"	European Union		
"EU GDPR"	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) as it has effect in EU law;		
"Existing IPR"	any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise);		
"Exit Plan"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 4.1 of Schedule 30 (Exit Plan);		
"Expiry Date"	the date of the end of the Contract as stated in the Award Form;		
"Extension Period"	such period or periods beyond which the Initial Period may be extended, specified in the Award Form;		
"FDE Group"	the Supplier and any Additional FDE Group Member;		
"Financial Distress	The occurrence of one or more the following events:		
Event"	 (a) the credit rating of any FDE Group entity drops below the applicable Credit Rating Threshold of the relevant Rating Agency; 		
	 (b) any FDE Group entity issues a profits warning to a stock exchange or makes any other public announcement, in each case about a material deterioration in its financial position or prospects; 		
	 (c) there being a public investigation into improper financial accounting and reporting, suspected fraud or any other impropriety of any FDE Group entity; 		
	(d) any FDE Group entity commits a material breach of covenant to its lenders;		
	 (e) a Key Subcontractor notifies the Buyer that the Supplier has not paid any material sums properly due under a specified invoice and not subject to a genuine dispute; 		

- (f) any FDE Group entity extends the filing period for filing its accounts with the Registrar of Companies so that the filing period ends more than 9 months after its accounting reference date without an explanation to the Buyer which the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers to be adequate;
- (g) any FDE Group entity is late to file its annual accounts without a public notification or an explanation to the Buyer which the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers to be adequate;
- (h) the directors and/or external auditors of any FDE Group entity conclude that a material uncertainty exists in relation to that FDE Group entity's going concern in the annual report including in a reasonable but plausible downside scenario. This includes, but is not limited to, commentary about liquidity and trading prospects in the reports from directors or external auditors;
- (i) any of the following:
 - (i) any FDE Group entity makes a public announcement which contains commentary with regards to that FDE Group entity's liquidity and trading and trading prospects, such as but not limited to, a profit warning or ability to trade as a going concern;
 - (ii) commencement of any litigation against any FDE Group entity with respect to financial indebtedness greater than £5m or obligations under a service contract with a total contract value greater than £5m;
 - (iii) non-payment by any FDE Group entity of any financial indebtedness;
 - (iv) any financial indebtedness of any FDE Group entity becoming due as a result of an event of default;
 - (v) the cancellation or suspension of any financial indebtedness in respect of any FDE Group entity; or
 - (vi) an external auditor of any FDE Group entity expressing a qualified opinion on, or including an emphasis of matter in, its opinion on the statutory accounts of that FDE Group entity,
 - in each case which the Buyer reasonably believes (or would be likely reasonably to believe) could directly impact on the continued provision of the Deliverables in accordance with the Contract; or

	(b) and the first of the first	
	(j) any [one] of the Financial Indicators set out in Part C of Annex 2 of Schedule 24 for any of the FDE Group entities failing to meet the required Financial Target Threshold.	
"Financial Report"	a report provided by the Supplier to the Buyer that:	
	 (a) to the extent permitted by Law, provides a true and fair reflection of the Costs and Supplier Profit Margin forecast by the Supplier; 	
	 (b) to the extent permitted by Law, provides detail a true and fair reflection of the costs and expenses to be incurred by Key Subcontractors (as requested by the Buyer); 	
	(c) is in the same software package (Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word), layout and format as the blank templates which have been issued by the Buyer to the Supplier on or before the Start Date for the purposes of this Contract; and	
	(d) is certified by the Supplier's Chief Financial Officer or Director of Finance;	
"Financial	means:	
Transparency Objectives"	(a) the Buyer having a clear analysis of the Costs, Overhead recoveries (where relevant), time spent by Supplier Staff in providing the Services and the Supplier Profit Margin so that it can understand any payment sought by the Supplier;	
	 (b) the Parties being able to understand Cost forecasts and to have confidence that these are based on justifiable numbers and appropriate forecasting techniques; 	
	(c) the Parties being able to understand the quantitative impact of any Variations that affect ongoing Costs and identifying how these could be mitigated and/or reflected in the Charges;	
	 (d) the Parties being able to review, address issues with and re-forecast progress in relation to the provision of the Services; 	
	(e) the Parties challenging each other with ideas for efficiency and improvements; and	
	(f) enabling the Buyer to demonstrate that it is achieving value for money for the tax payer relative to current market prices;	
"FOIA"	the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under that Act from time to time together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;	
"Force Majeure Event"	any event, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance by either the Buyer or the Supplier of its obligations arising from:	

	(a) acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party which prevent or materially delay the Affected Party from performing its obligations under a Contract;	
	(b) riots, civil commotion, war or armed conflict, acts of terrorism, nuclear, biological or chemical warfare;	
	(c) acts of a Crown Body, local government or regulatory bodies;	
	(d) fire, flood or any disaster; or	
	 (e) an industrial dispute affecting a third party for which a substitute third party is not reasonably available but excluding: 	
	 (i) any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier, the Supplier Staff (including any subsets of them) or any other failure in the Supplier or the Subcontractor's supply chain; 	
	 (ii) any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause which is attributable to the wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable precautions against it by the Party concerned; and 	
	(iii) any failure of delay caused by a lack of funds,	
	and which is not attributable to any wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable preventative action by that Party;	
"Force Majeure Notice"	a written notice served by the Affected Party on the other Party stating that the Affected Party believes that there is a Force Majeure Event;	
"General Anti-	(a) the legislation in Part 5 of the Finance Act 2013 and; and	
Abuse Rule"	 (b) any future legislation introduced into parliament to counteract tax advantages arising from abusive arrangements to avoid National Insurance contributions; 	
"General Change in Law"	a Change in Law where the change is of a general legislative nature (including taxation or duties of any sort affecting the Supplier) or which affects or relates to a Comparable Supply;	
"Goods"	goods made available by the Supplier as specified in Schedule 2 (Specification) and in relation to a Contract as specified in the Award Form;	
"Good Industry Practice"	standards, practices, methods and procedures conforming to the Law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;	

	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Newthern	
"Government"	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and other bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;	
"Government Data"	the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Buyer's Confidential Information, and which:	
	(a) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Buyer; or	
	(b) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to the Contract;	
"Government Procurement Card"	the Government's preferred method of purchasing and payment for low value goods or services https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/government-procurement-card2;	
"Guarantor"	the person (if any) who has entered into a guarantee in the form set out in Schedule 23 (Guarantee) in relation to this Contract;	
"Halifax Abuse Principle"	the principle explained in the CJEU Case C-255/02 Halifax and others;	
"HMRC"	Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;	
"ICT Policy"	the Buyer's policy in respect of information and communications technology, referred to in the Award Form, which is in force as at the Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time in accordance with the Variation Procedure;	
"Impact Assessment"	an assessment of the impact of a Variation request by the Buyer completed in good faith, including:	
	 (a) details of the impact of the proposed Variation on the Deliverables and the Supplier's ability to meet its other obligations under the Contract; 	
	(b) details of the cost of implementing the proposed Variation;	
	(c) details of the ongoing costs required by the proposed Variation when implemented, including any increase or decrease in the Charges (as applicable), any alteration in the resources and/or expenditure required by either Party and any alteration to the working practices of either Party;	
	(d) a timetable for the implementation, together with any proposals for the testing of the Variation; and	

	(e) such other information as the Buyer may reasonably request		
	in (or in response to) the Variation request;		
"Implementation Plan"	the plan for provision of the Deliverables set out in Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) where that Schedule is used or otherwise as agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer;		
"Incorporated Terms"	the contractual terms applicable to the Contract specified in the Award Form;		
"Indemnifier"	a Party from whom an indemnity is sought under this Contract;		
"Independent Controller"	a party which is Controller of the same Personal Data as the other Party and there is no element of joint control with regards to that Personal Data;		
"Indexation"	the adjustment of an amount or sum in accordance with the Award Form;		
"Information"	has the meaning given under section 84 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000;		
"Information Commissioner"	the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by public bodies;		
"Initial Period"	the initial term of the Contract specified in the Award Form;		
"Insolvency Event"	with respect to any person, means:		
	(a) that person suspends, or threatens to suspend, payment of its debts, or is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or admits inability to pay its debts, or:		
	(i) (being a company or an LLP) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986, or		
	(ii) (being a partnership) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 222 of the Insolvency Act 1986;		
	(b) that person commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors (using a voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) with a view to rescheduling any of its debts, or makes a proposal for or enters into any compromise or arrangement with one or more of its creditors or takes any step to obtain a moratorium pursuant to Section 1A and Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 other than (in the case of a company, an LLP or a partnership) for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that		

- person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;
- (c) another person becomes entitled to appoint a receiver over the assets of that person or a receiver is appointed over the assets of that person;
- (d) a creditor or encumbrancer of that person attaches or takes possession of, or a distress, execution or other such process is levied or enforced on or sued against, the whole or any part of that person's assets and such attachment or process is not discharged within fourteen (14) days;
- (e) that person suspends or ceases, or threatens to suspend or cease, carrying on all or a substantial part of its business;
- (f) where that person is a company, an LLP or a partnership:
 - (i) a petition is presented (which is not dismissed within fourteen (14) days of its service), a notice is given, a resolution is passed, or an order is made, for or in connection with the winding up of that person other than for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;
 - (ii) an application is made to court, or an order is made, for the appointment of an administrator, or if a notice of intention to appoint an administrator is filed at Court or given or if an administrator is appointed, over that person;
 - (iii) (being a company or an LLP) the holder of a qualifying floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an administrative receiver; or
 - (iv) (being a partnership) the holder of an agricultural floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an agricultural receiver; or
 - (a) any event occurs, or proceeding is taken, with respect to that person in any jurisdiction to which it is subject that has an effect equivalent or similar to any of the events mentioned above;

"Installation Works"

all works which the Supplier is to carry out at the beginning of the Contract Period to install the Goods in accordance with the Contract;

"Intellectual Property Rights" or "IPR"	 (a) copyright, rights related to or affording protection similar to copyright, rights in databases, patents and rights in inventions, semi-conductor topography rights, trade marks, rights in internet domain names and website addresses and other rights in trade or business names, goodwill, designs, Know-How, trade secrets and other rights in Confidential Information; (b) applications for registration, and the right to apply for registration, for any of the rights listed at (a) that are capable of being registered in any country or jurisdiction; and (c) all other rights having equivalent or similar effect in any country or jurisdiction; 		
"Invoicing Address"	the address to which the Supplier shall Invoice the Buyer as specified in the Award Form;		
"IP Completion Day"	has the meaning given to it in the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020;		
"IPR Claim"	any claim of infringement or alleged infringement (including the defence of such infringement or alleged infringement) of any IPR, used to provide the Deliverables or otherwise provided and/or licensed by the Supplier (or to which the Supplier has provided access) to the Buyer in the fulfilment of its obligations under the Contract;		
"IR35"	the off-payroll rules requiring individuals who work through their company pay the same tax and National Insurance contributions as an employee which can be found online at: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ir35-find-out-if-it-applies ;		
"Joint Controller Agreement"	the agreement (if any) entered into between the Buyer and the Supplier substantially in the form set out in Annex 2 of Schedule 20 (Processing Data);		
"Joint Control"	where two or more Controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of Processing;		
"Joint Controllers"	where two or more Controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of Processing;		
"Key Staff"	the persons who the Supplier shall appoint to fill key roles in connection with the Services as listed in Annex 1 of Schedule 29 (Key Supplier Staff);		
"Key Sub-Contract"	each Sub-Contract with a Key Subcontractor;		

"Key	any Subcontractor:	
Subcontractor"	(a) which is relied upon to deliver any work package within the Deliverables in their entirety; and/or	
	(b) which, in the opinion of the Buyer performs (or would perform if appointed) a critical role in the provision of all or any part of the Deliverables; and/or	
	(c) with a Sub-Contract with the Contract value which at the time of appointment exceeds (or would exceed if appointed) 10% of the aggregate Charges forecast to be payable under the Contract,	
	and the Supplier shall list all such Key Subcontractors in section 29 of the Award Form;	
"Know-How"	all ideas, concepts, schemes, information, knowledge, techniques, methodology, and anything else in the nature of know-how relating to the Deliverables but excluding know-how already in the other Party's possession before the Start Date;	
"Law"	any law, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, right within the meaning of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as amended by European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgment of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements of any regulatory body with which the Supplier is bound to comply;	
"Law Enforcement Processing"	processing under Part 3 of the DPA 2018;	
"Losses"	all losses, liabilities, damages, costs, expenses (including legal fees), disbursements, costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgment, interest and penalties whether arising in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, misrepresentation or otherwise and "Loss" shall be interpreted accordingly;	
"Marketing Contact"	shall be the person identified in the Award Form;	
"Milestone"	an event or task described in the Implementation Plan;	
"Milestone Date"	the target date set out against the relevant Milestone in the Implementation Plan by which the Milestone must be Achieved;	
"Month"	a calendar month and "Monthly" shall be interpreted accordingly;	

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"National Insurance"	contributions required by the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 and made in accordance with the Social Security (Contributions) Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1004);		
"New IPR"	(a) IPR in items created by the Supplier (or by a third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of the Contract and updates and amendments of these items including database schema; and/or		
	(b) IPR in or arising as a result of the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract and all updates and amendments to the same;		
	but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, any New IPR should be recorded in Schedule 36 and updated regularly;		
"New IPR Item"	means a deliverable, document, product or other item within which New IPR subsists;		
"Notifiable Default"	means:		
	(a) the Supplier commits a material Default; and/or		
	(b) the performance of the Supplier is likely to cause or causes a Critical Service Level Failure;		
"Occasion of Tax	where:		
Non –Compliance"	(a) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which is found on or after 1 April 2013 to be incorrect as a result of:		
	(iv) a Relevant Tax Authority successfully challenging the Supplier under the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle or under any tax rules or legislation in any jurisdiction that have an effect equivalent or similar to the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle;		
	(v) the failure of an avoidance scheme which the Supplier was involved in, and which was, or should have been, notified to a Relevant Tax Authority under the DOTAS or any equivalent or similar regime in any jurisdiction; and/or		
	(b) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which gives rise, on or after 1 April 2013, to a criminal conviction in any jurisdiction for tax related offences which is not spent at the Start Date or to a civil penalty for fraud or evasion;		
"Open Book Data"	complete and accurate financial and non-financial information which is sufficient to enable the Buyer to verify the Charges already paid or payable and Charges forecast to be paid during the remainder of the Contract, including details and all assumptions relating to:		

	(a)	Servio (inclu	upplier's Costs broken down against each Good and/or ce and/or Deliverable, including actual capital expenditure ding capital replacement costs) and the unit cost and total I costs of all Deliverables;
	(b)	-	ting expenditure relating to the provision of the erables including an analysis showing:
		(vi)	the unit costs and quantity of Goods and any other consumables and bought-in Deliverables;
		(vii)	manpower resources broken down into the number and grade/role of all Supplier Staff (free of any contingency) together with a list of agreed rates against each manpower grade;
		(viii)	a list of Costs underpinning those rates for each manpower grade, being the agreed rate less the Supplier Profit Margin; and
		(ix)	Reimbursable Expenses, if allowed under the Award Form;
	(c)	Overh	neads;
	(d)		erest, expenses and any other third party financing costs red in relation to the provision of the Deliverables;
	(e)		upplier Profit achieved over the Contract Period and on nual basis;
	(f)	Overl	mation that all methods of Cost apportionment and nead allocation are consistent with and not more onerous such methods applied generally by the Supplier;
	(g)	assoc	planation of the type and value of risk and contingencies stated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the int of money attributed to each risk and/or contingency;
	(h)	the a	ctual Costs profile for each Service Period;
"Open Licence"	and oper http: licer at ht	modify n licen ://www nce/vei ttps://w	/ material that is published for use, with rights to access /, by any person for free, under a generally recognised ce including Open Government Licence as set out at nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-rsion/3/ and the Open Standards Principles documented www.gov.uk/government/publications/open-standards-open-standards-principles;
"Open Licence Publication Material"	means items created pursuant to the Contract which the Buyer may wish to publish as Open Licence which are supplied in a format suitable for publication under Open Licence;		
"Overhead"	those amounts which are intended to recover a proportion of the Supplier's or the Key Subcontractor's (as the context requires) indirect corporate costs (including financing, marketing, advertising, research and development and insurance costs and any fines or penalties) but excluding allowable indirect costs apportioned to facilities and administration in the provision of		

	Supplier Staff and accordingly included within limb (a) of the definition of "Costs";		
"Parent Undertaking"	has the meaning set out in section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006;		
"Parliament"	takes its natural meaning as interpreted by Law;		
"Party"	the Buyer or the Supplier and "Parties" shall mean both of them where the context permits;		
"Personal Data"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;		
"Personal Data Breach"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;		
"Prescribed Person"	a legal adviser, an MP or an appropriate body which a whistle-blower may make a disclosure to as detailed in 'Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies', 24 November 2016, available online at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies ;		
"Processing"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;		
"Processor"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;		
"Processor Personnel"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under the Contract;		
"Progress Meeting"	a meeting between the Buyer Authorised Representative and the Supplier Authorised Representative;		
"Progress Report"	a report provided by the Supplier indicating the steps taken to achieve Milestones or delivery dates;		
"Prohibited Acts"	(a) to directly or indirectly offer, promise or give any person working for or engaged by the Buyer or any other public body a financial or other advantage to:		
	(x) induce that person to perform improperly a relevant function or activity; or		
	(xi) reward that person for improper performance of a relevant function or activity;		
	(b) to directly or indirectly request, agree to receive or accept any financial or other advantage as an inducement or a reward for		

	improper performance of a relevant function or activity in connection with the Contract; or	
	(c) committing any offence:	
	(xii) under the Bribery Act 2010 (or any legislation repealed or revoked by such Act); or	
	(xiii) under legislation or common law concerning fraudulent acts; or	
	(xiv) defrauding, attempting to defraud or conspiring to defraud the Buyer or other public body; or	
	 (d) any activity, practice or conduct which would constitute one of the offences listed under (c) above if such activity, practice or conduct had been carried out in the UK; 	
"Protective Measures"	technical and organisational measures which must take account of:	
	(a) the nature of the data to be protected	
	(b) harm that might result from Data Loss Event;	
	(c) state of technological development	
	(d) the cost of implementing any measures	
	including pseudonymising and encrypting Personal Data, ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of systems and services, ensuring that availability of and access to Personal Data can be restored in a timely manner after an incident, and regularly assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of the such measures adopted by it;	
"Public Sector Body	means a formally established organisation that is (at least in part) publicly funded to deliver a public or government service;	
"Recall"	a request by the Supplier to return Goods to the Supplier or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects (including defects in the IPR rights) that might endanger health or hinder performance;	
"Recipient Party"	the Party which receives or obtains directly or indirectly Confidential Information;	
"Rectification Plan"	the Supplier's plan (or revised plan) to rectify its breach using the template in Schedule 25 (Rectification Plan) which shall include:	
	 (a) full details of the Notifiable Default that has occurred, including a root cause analysis; 	
	(b) the actual or anticipated effect of the Notifiable Default; and	
	(c) the steps which the Supplier proposes to take to rectify the Notifiable Default (if applicable) and to prevent such Notifiable	

	Default from recurring, including timescales for such steps and for the rectification of the Notifiable Default (where applicable);
"Rectification Plan Process"	the process set out in Clause 11;
"Regulations"	the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires);
"Reimbursable Expenses"	the reasonable out of pocket travel and subsistence (for example, hotel and food) expenses, properly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the Services, calculated at the rates and in accordance with the Buyer's expenses policy current from time to time, but not including:
	(a) travel expenses incurred as a result of Supplier Staff travelling to and from their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed, unless the Buyer otherwise agrees in advance in writing; and
	(b) subsistence expenses incurred by Supplier Staff whilst performing the Services at their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed;
"Relevant Requirements"	all applicable Law relating to bribery, corruption and fraud, including the Bribery Act 2010 and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 9 of the Bribery Act 2010;
"Relevant Tax Authority"	HMRC, or, if applicable, the tax authority in the jurisdiction in which the Supplier is established;
"Reminder Notice"	a notice sent in accordance with Clause 14.6.1 given by the Supplier to the Buyer providing notification that payment has not been received on time;
"Replacement Deliverables"	any deliverables which are substantially similar to any of the Deliverables and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Deliverables, whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;
"Replacement Supplier"	any third party provider of Replacement Deliverables appointed by or at the direction of the Buyer from time to time or where the Buyer is providing Replacement Deliverables for its own account, shall also include the Buyer;
"Request For Information"	a request for information or an apparent request relating to the Contract for the provision of the Deliverables or an apparent request for such information under the FOIA or the EIRs;

"Required Action"	means the action the Buyer will take and what Deliverables it will control during the Step-In Process;	
"Required Insurances"	the insurances required by Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements);	
"Satisfaction Certificate"	the certificate (materially in the form of the document contained in Annex 2 of Part B of Schedule 8 (Implementation Plan and Testing) or as agreed by the Parties where Schedule 8 is not used in this Contract) granted by the Buyer when the Supplier has Achieved a Milestone or a Test;	
"Schedules"	any attachment to the Contract which contains important information specific to each aspect of buying and selling;	
"Security Management Plan"	the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to Schedule 16 (Security) (if applicable);	
"Security Policy"	the Buyer's security policy, referred to in the Award Form, in force as at the Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time and notified to the Supplier;	
"Serious Fraud Office"	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;	
"Service Credits"	any service credits specified in the Annex to Part A of Schedule 10 (Service Levels) being payable by the Supplier to the Buyer in respect of any failure by the Supplier to meet one or more Service Levels;	
"Service Levels"	any service levels applicable to the provision of the Deliverables under the Contract (which, where Schedule 10 (Service Levels) is used in this Contract, are specified in the Annex to Part A of such Schedule);	
"Service Period"	has the meaning given to it in the Award Form;	
"Services"	services made available by the Supplier as specified in Schedule 2 (Specification) and in relation to a Contract as specified in the Award Form;	
"Sites"	any premises (including the Buyer Premises, the Supplier's premises or third party premises) from, to or at which:	
	(a) the Deliverables are (or are to be) provided; or	
	(b) the Supplier manages, organises or otherwise directs the provision or the use of the Deliverables;	

	 (c) those premises at which any Supplier Equipment or any part of the Supplier System is located (where ICT Services are being provided) 		
"SME"	an enterprise falling within the category of micro, small and medium sized enterprises defined by the Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium enterprises;		
"Social Value"	the additional social benefits that can be achieved in the delivery of the Contract set out in Schedule 2 (Specification) and either (i) Schedule 10 (Service Levels) (where used) or (ii) Part C of Schedule 26 (Sustainability) (where Schedule 10 (Service Levels) is not used)		
"Social Value KPIs"	the Social Value priorities set out in Schedule 2 (Specification) and either (i) Schedule 10 (Service Levels) (where used) or (ii) Part C of Schedule 26 (Sustainability) (where Schedule 10 (Service Levels) is not used		
"Social Value Report"	the report the Supplier is required to provide to the Buyer pursuant to Paragraph 1 of Part C of Schedule 26 (Sustainability) where Schedule 10 (Service Levels) is not used		
"Special Terms"	any additional terms and conditions set out in the Award Form incorporated into the Contract;		
"Special IPR Terms"	any additional terms and conditions relating to IPR set out in the Award Form incorporated into the Contract;		
"Specific Change in Law"	a Change in Law that relates specifically to the business of the Buyer and which would not affect a Comparable Supply where the effect of that Specific Change in Law on the Deliverables is not reasonably foreseeable at the Start Date;		
"Specification"	the specification set out in Schedule 2 (Specification), as may, in relation to the Contract, be supplemented by the Award Form;		
"Standards"	any: (a) standards published by BSI British Standards, the National Standards Body of the United Kingdom, the International Organisation for Standardisation or other reputable or equivalent bodies (and their successor bodies) that a skilled and experienced operator in the same type of industry or business sector as the Supplier would reasonably and ordinarily be expected to comply with; (b) standards detailed in the specification in Schedule 2 (Specification);		

	 (c) standards detailed by the Buyer in the Award Form or agreed between the Parties from time to time; 		
	(d) relevant Government codes of practice and guidance applicable from time to time;		
"Start Date"	the date specified on the Award Form;		
"Step-In Process"	the process set out in Clause 13;		
"Step-In Trigger	means:		
Event"	(a) the Supplier's level of performance constituting a Critical Service Level Failure;		
	(b) the Supplier committing a material Default which is irremediable;		
	(c) where a right of termination is expressly reserved in this Contract;		
	(d) an Insolvency Event occurring in respect of the Supplier or any Guarantor required under the Award Form;		
	 (e) a Default by the Supplier that is materially preventing or materially delaying the provision of the Deliverables or any material part of them; 		
	(f) the Buyer considers that the circumstances constitute an emergency despite the Supplier not being in breach of its obligations under this agreement;		
	 (g) the Buyer being advised by a regulatory body that the exercise by the Buyer of its rights under Clause 13 is necessary; 		
	 (h) the existence of a serious risk to the health or safety of persons, property or the environment in connection with the Deliverables; and/or 		
	(i) a need by the Buyer to take action to discharge a statutory duty;		
"Step-Out Plan"	means the Supplier's plan that sets out how the Supplier will resume the provision of the Deliverables and perform all its obligations under the Contract following the completion of the Step-In Process;		
"Storage Media"	the part of any device that is capable of storing and retrieving data;		
"Sub-Contract"	any contract or agreement (or proposed contract or agreement), other than the Contract, pursuant to which a third party:		
	(a) provides the Deliverables (or any part of them);		
	(b) provides facilities or services necessary for the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them); and/or		

	(c) is responsible for the management, direction or control of the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them);	
"Subcontractor"	any person other than the Supplier, who is a party to a Sub- Contract and the servants or agents of that person;	
"Subprocessor"	any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of the Supplier related to the Contract;	
"Subsidiary Undertaking"	has the meaning set out in section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006;	
"Supplier"	the person, firm or company identified in the Award Form;	
"Supplier Assets"	all assets and rights used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables in accordance with the Contract but excluding the Buyer Assets;	
"Supplier Authorised Representative"	the representative appointed by the Supplier named in the Award Form, or later defined in a Contract;	
"Supplier Equipment"	the Supplier's hardware, computer and telecoms devices, equipment, plant, materials and such other items supplied and used by the Supplier (but not hired, leased or loaned from the Buyer) in the performance of its obligations under this Contract;	
"Supplier Existing IPR"	any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to the Supplier and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise)	
"Supplier Existing IPR Licence"	means a licence to be offered by the Supplier to the Supplier Existing IPR as set out in Para 1.3 of Schedule 36.	
"Supplier Group"	means the Supplier, its Dependent Parent Undertakings and all Subsidiary Undertakings and Associates of such Dependent Parent Undertakings;	
"Supplier Non-	where the Supplier has failed to:	
Performance"	(a) Achieve a Milestone by its Milestone Date;	
	(b) provide the Goods and/or Services in accordance with the Service Levels; and/or	
	(c) comply with an obligation under the Contract;	
"Supplier Profit"	in relation to a period, the difference between the total Charges (in nominal cash flow terms but excluding any Deductions and total Costs (in nominal cash flow terms) in respect of the Contract for the relevant period;	

"Supplier Profit Margin"	in relation to a period or a Milestone (as the context requires), the Supplier Profit for the relevant period or in relation to the relevant Milestone divided by the total Charges over the same period or in relation to the relevant Milestone and expressed as a percentage;		
"Supplier Staff"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract;		
"Supplier's Confidential Information"	 (a) any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, IPR of the Supplier (including the Supplier Existing IPR) trade secrets, Know- How, and/or personnel of the Supplier; 		
	(b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential and which comes (or has come) to the Supplier's attention or into the Supplier's possession in connection with the Contract;		
	Information derived from any of (a) and (b) above;		
"Supplier's Contract Manager"	the person identified in the Award Form appointed by the Supplier to oversee the operation of the Contract and any alternative person whom the Supplier intends to appoint to the role, provided that the Supplier informs the Buyer prior to the appointment;		
"Supply Chain Information Report Template"	the document at Annex 1 of Schedule 18 (Supply Chain Visibility);		
"Supporting Documentation"	sufficient information in writing to enable the Buyer to reasonably assess whether the Charges, Reimbursable Expenses and other sums due from the Buyer under the Contract detailed in the information are properly payable;		
"Tender Response"	the tender submitted by the Supplier to the Buyer and annexed to or referred to in Schedule 4 (Tender);		
"Termination Assistance"	the activities to be performed by the Supplier pursuant to the Exit Plan, and other assistance required by the Buyer pursuant to the Termination Assistance Notice;		
"Termination Assistance Notice"	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 5.1 of Schedule 30 (Exit Management);		
"Termination Notice"	a written notice of termination given by one Party to the other, notifying the Party receiving the notice of the intention of the Party giving the notice to terminate the Contract on a specified date and setting out the grounds for termination;		

"Test Issue"	any variance or non-conformity of the Deliverables or Deliverables
	from their requirements as set out in the Contract;
"Test Plan"	a plan:
	(a) for the Testing of the Deliverables; and
	(b) setting out other agreed criteria related to the achievement of Milestones;
"Tests and Testing"	any tests required to be carried out pursuant to the Contract as set out in the Test Plan or elsewhere in the Contract and " Tested " shall be construed accordingly;
"Third Party IPR"	Intellectual Property Rights owned by a third party which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;
"Third Party IPR Licence"	means a licence to the Third Party IPR as set out in Paragraph 1.6 of Schedule 36
"Transparency Information"	the Transparency Reports and the content of the Contract, including any changes to this Contract agreed from time to time, except for –
	 (a) any information which is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of the FOIA, which shall be determined by the Buyer; and
	(b) Commercially Sensitive Information;
"Transparency Reports"	the information relating to the Deliverables and performance pursuant to the Contract which the Supplier is required to provide to the Buyer in accordance with the reporting requirements in Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports);
"UK GDPR"	Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (United Kingdom General Data Protection Regulation), as it forms part of the law of England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland by virtue of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, together with the Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communications (Amendments etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
"Variation"	means a variation to the Contract;
"Variation Form"	the form set out in Schedule 21 (Variation Form);
"Variation Procedure"	the procedure set out in Clause 28 (Changing the contract);

"VAT"	value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;
"VCSE"	a non-governmental organisation that is value-driven and which principally reinvests its surpluses to further social, environmental or cultural objectives;
"Verification Period"	has the meaning given to it in the table in Annex 2 of Schedule 3 (Charges);
"Work Day"	7.5 Work Hours, whether or not such hours are worked consecutively and whether or not they are worked on the same day;
"Work Hours"	the hours spent by the Supplier Staff properly working on the provision of the Deliverables including time spent travelling (other than to and from the Supplier's offices, or to and from the Sites) but excluding lunch breaks;
"Worker"	any one of the Supplier Staff which the Buyer, in its reasonable opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policynote-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees) applies in respect of the Deliverables; and
"Working Day"	any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday in England and Wales unless specified otherwise by the Parties in the Award Form.

Schedule 6 (Transparency Reports)

- 1.1 The Supplier recognises that the Buyer is subject to PPN 01/17 (Updates to transparency principles v1.1 (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0117-update-to-transparency-principles). The Supplier shall comply with the provisions of this Schedule in order to assist the Buyer with its compliance with its obligations under that PPN.
- 1.2 Without prejudice to the Supplier's reporting requirements set out in the Contract, within three (3) Months of the Start Date the Supplier shall submit to the Buyer for Approval (such Approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) draft Transparency Reports consistent with the content requirements and format set out in the Annex of this Schedule.
- 1.3 If the Buyer rejects any proposed Transparency Report submitted by the Supplier, the Supplier shall submit a revised version of the relevant report for further Approval within five (5) days of receipt of any notice of rejection, taking account of any recommendations for revision and improvement to the report provided by the Buyer. If the Parties fail to agree on a draft Transparency Report the Buyer shall determine what should be included. Any other disagreement in connection with Transparency Reports shall be treated as a Dispute.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall provide accurate and up-to-date versions of each Transparency Report to the Buyer at the frequency referred to in the Annex of this Schedule.

Schedule 20 (Processing Data)

1. Status of the Controller

- 1.1 The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the nature of the activity carried out by each of them in relation to their respective obligations under a Contract dictates the status of each party under the DPA 2018. A Party may act as:
 - 1.1.1 "Controller" in respect of the other Party who is "Processor";
 - 1.1.2 "Processor" in respect of the other Party who is "Controller";
 - 1.1.3 "Joint Controller" with the other Party;
 - 1.1.4 "Independent Controller" of the Personal Data where the other Party is also "Controller",

in respect of certain Personal Data under a Contract and shall specify in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) which scenario they think shall apply in each situation.

2. Where one Party is Controller and the other Party its Processor

- 2.1 Where a Party is a Processor, the only Processing that it is authorised to do is listed in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) by the Controller.
- 2.2 The Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if it considers that any of the Controller's instructions infringe the Data Protection Legislation.
- 2.3 The Processor shall provide all reasonable assistance to the Controller in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment prior to commencing any Processing. Such assistance may, at the discretion of the Controller, include:
 - 2.3.1 a systematic description of the envisaged Processing and the purpose of the Processing;
 - 2.3.2 an assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the Processing in relation to the Services:
 - 2.3.3 an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects; and
 - 2.3.4 the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of Personal Data.
- 2.4 The Processor shall, in relation to any Personal Data Processed in connection with its obligations under the Contract:
 - 2.4.1 Process that Personal Data only in accordance with Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*), unless the Processor is required to do otherwise by Law. If it is so required the Processor shall notify the Controller before Processing the Personal Data unless prohibited by Law;
 - 2.4.2 ensure that it has in place Protective Measures, including in the case of the Supplier the measures set out in Clause 18.4 of the Core Terms, which the Controller may reasonably reject (but failure to reject shall not amount to approval by the Controller of the adequacy of the Protective Measures) having taken account of the:
 - a) nature of the data to be protected;

- b) harm that might result from a Personal Data Breach;
- c) state of technological development; and
- d) cost of implementing any measures;

2.4.3 ensure that:

- a) the Processor Personnel do not Process Personal Data except in accordance with the Contract (and in particular Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*));
- b) it uses all reasonable endeavours to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Processor Personnel who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
 - (i) are aware of and comply with the Processor's duties under this Schedule 20, Clauses 18 (Data protection), 19 (What you must keep confidential) and 20 (When you can share information);
 - (ii) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Processor or any Subprocessor;
 - (iii) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not publish, disclose or divulge any of the Personal Data to any third party unless directed in writing to do so by the Controller or as otherwise permitted by the Contract; and
 - (iv) have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data;
- 2.4.4 not transfer Personal Data outside of the UK unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - a) the transfer is in accordance with Article 45 of the UK GDPR (or section 73 of DPA 2018); or
 - b) the Controller or the Processor has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer (whether in accordance with UK GDPR Article 46 or section 75 of the DPA 2018) as determined by the Controller which could include relevant parties entering into the International Data Transfer Agreement (the "IDTA"), or International Data Transfer Agreement Addendum to the European Commission's SCCs (the "Addendum"), as published by the Information Commissioner's Office from time to time, as well as any additional measures determined by the Controller;
 - c) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;
 - d) the Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the Controller in meeting its obligations); and
 - e) the Processor complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the Controller with respect to the Processing of the Personal Data:

- 2.4.5 where the Personal Data is subject to EU GDPR, not transfer Personal Data outside of the EU unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - a) the transfer is in accordance with Article 45 of the EU GDPR; or
 - b) the transferring Party has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer in accordance with Article 46 of the EU GDPR as determined by the non-transferring Party which could include relevant parties entering into Standard Contractual Clauses in the European Commission's decision 2021/914/EU or such updated version of such Standard Contractual Clauses as are published by the European Commission from time to time as well as any additional measures determined by the non-transferring Party;
 - c) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;
 - d) the transferring Party complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the non-transferring Party in meeting its obligations); and
 - e) the transferring Party complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the non-transferring Party with respect to the processing of the Personal Data; and
- 2.4.6 at the written direction of the Controller, delete or return Personal Data (and any copies of it) to the Controller on termination of the Contract unless the Processor is required by Law to retain the Personal Data.
- 2.5 Subject to Paragraph 2.6 of this Schedule 20, the Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if in relation to it Processing Personal Data under or in connection with the Contract it:
 - 2.5.1 receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);
 - 2.5.2 receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
 - 2.5.3 receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
 - 2.5.4 receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data Processed under the Contract;
 - 2.5.5 receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with such request is required or purported to be required by Law; or
 - 2.5.6 becomes aware of a Personal Data Breach.
- 2.6 The Processor's obligation to notify under Paragraph 2.5 of this Schedule 20 shall include the provision of further information to the Controller, as details become available.
- 2.7 Taking into account the nature of the Processing, the Processor shall provide the Controller with assistance in relation to either Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under Paragraph 2.5 of this Schedule 20 (and

insofar as possible within the timescales reasonably required by the Controller) including by immediately providing:

- 2.7.1 the Controller with full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
- 2.7.2 such assistance as is reasonably requested by the Controller to enable it to comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales set out in the Data Protection Legislation;
- 2.7.3 the Controller, at its request, with any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject;
- 2.7.4 assistance as requested by the Controller following any Personal Data Breach; and/or
- 2.7.5 assistance as requested by the Controller with respect to any request from the Information Commissioner's Office or any other regulatory authority, or any consultation by the Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office or any other regulatory authority.
- 2.8 The Processor shall maintain complete and accurate records and information to demonstrate its compliance with this Schedule 20. This requirement does not apply where the Processor employs fewer than 250 staff, unless:
 - 2.8.1 the Controller determines that the Processing is not occasional;
 - 2.8.2 the Controller determines the Processing includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the UK GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the UK GDPR; or
 - 2.8.3 the Controller determines that the Processing is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 2.9 The Processor shall allow for audits of its Data Processing activity by the Controller or the Controller's designated auditor.
- 2.10 The Parties shall designate a Data Protection Officer if required by the Data Protection Legislation.
- 2.11 Before allowing any Subprocessor to Process any Personal Data related to the Contract, the Processor must:
 - 2.11.1 notify the Controller in writing of the intended Subprocessor and Processing;
 - 2.11.2 obtain the written consent of the Controller;
 - 2.11.3 enter into a written agreement with the Subprocessor which give effect to the terms set out in this Schedule 20 such that they apply to the Subprocessor; and
 - 2.11.4 provide the Controller with such information regarding the Subprocessor as the Controller may reasonably require.
- 2.12 The Processor shall remain fully liable for all acts or omissions of any of its Subprocessors.
- 2.13 The Buyer may, at any time on not less than 30 Working Days' notice, revise this Schedule 20 by replacing it with any applicable controller to processor standard clauses or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme (which shall apply when incorporated by attachment to the Contract).

2.14 The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The Buyer may on not less than 30 Working Days' notice to the Supplier amend the Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

3. Where the Parties are Joint Controllers of Personal Data

3.1 In the event that the Parties are Joint Controllers in respect of Personal Data under the Contract, the Parties shall implement Paragraphs that are necessary to comply with UK GDPR Article 26 based on the terms set out in Annex 2 to this Schedule 20 (*Processing Data*).

Independent Controllers of Personal Data

- 3.2 With respect to Personal Data provided by one Party to another Party for which each Party acts as Controller but which is not under the Joint Control of the Parties, each Party undertakes to comply with the applicable Data Protection Legislation in respect of their Processing of such Personal Data as Controller.
- 3.3 Each Party shall Process the Personal Data in compliance with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and not do anything to cause the other Party to be in breach of it.
- 3.4 Where a Party has provided Personal Data to the other Party in accordance with Paragraph 3.2 of this Schedule 20 above, the recipient of the Personal Data will provide all such relevant documents and information relating to its data protection policies and procedures as the other Party may reasonably require.
- 3.5 The Parties shall be responsible for their own compliance with Articles 13 and 14 UK GDPR in respect of the Processing of Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract.
- 3.6 The Parties shall only provide Personal Data to each other:
 - 3.6.1 to the extent necessary to perform their respective obligations under the Contract;
 - 3.6.2 in compliance with the Data Protection Legislation (including by ensuring all required data privacy information has been given to affected Data Subjects to meet the requirements of Articles 13 and 14 of the UK GDPR); and
 - 3.6.3 where it has recorded it in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 3.7 Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context and purposes of Processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, each Party shall, with respect to its Processing of Personal Data as Independent Controller, implement and maintain appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to that risk, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the UK GDPR, and the measures shall, at a minimum, comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Legislation, including Article 32 of the UK GDPR.
- 3.8 A Party Processing Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract shall maintain a record of its Processing activities in accordance with Article 30 UK GDPR and shall make the record available to the other Party upon reasonable request.
- 3.9 Where a Party receives a request by any Data Subject to exercise any of their rights under the Data Protection Legislation in relation to the Personal Data provided to it by the other Party pursuant to the Contract ("Request Recipient"):

- 3.9.1 the other Party shall provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the Request Recipient to help it respond to the request or correspondence, at the cost of the Request Recipient; or
- 3.9.2 where the request or correspondence is directed to the other Party and/or relates to that other Party's Processing of the Personal Data, the Request Recipient will:
 - a) promptly, and in any event within five (5) Working Days of receipt of the request or correspondence, inform the other Party that it has received the same and shall forward such request or correspondence to the other Party; and
 - b) provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the other Party to help it respond to the request or correspondence in the timeframes specified by Data Protection Legislation.
- 3.10 Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party upon it becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach relating to Personal Data provided by the other Party pursuant to the Contract and shall:
 - 3.10.1 do all such things as reasonably necessary to assist the other Party in mitigating the effects of the Personal Data Breach;
 - 3.10.2 implement any measures necessary to restore the security of any compromised Personal Data;
 - 3.10.3 work with the other Party to make any required notifications to the Information Commissioner's Office or any other regulatory authority and affected Data Subjects in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation (including the timeframes set out therein); and
 - 3.10.4 not do anything which may damage the reputation of the other Party or that Party's relationship with the relevant Data Subjects, save as required by Law.
- 3.11 Personal Data provided by one Party to the other Party may be used exclusively to exercise rights and obligations under the Contract as specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).
- 3.12 Personal Data shall not be retained or processed for longer than is necessary to perform each Party's respective obligations under the Contract which is specified in Annex 1 (Processing Personal Data).
- 3.13 Notwithstanding the general application of Paragraphs 2.1 to 2.14 of this Schedule 20 to Personal Data, where the Supplier is required to exercise its regulatory and/or legal obligations in respect of Personal Data, it shall act as an Independent Controller of Personal Data in accordance with Paragraphs 3.2 to 3.12 of this Schedule 20.

Annex 1 - Processing Personal Data

- 1. This Annex shall be completed by the Controller, who may take account of the view of the Processor, however the final decision as to the content of this Annex shall be with the Buyer at its absolute discretion.
 - 1.1 The contact details of the Buyer's Data Protection Officer are: dataprotection@beis.gov.uk
 - 1.2 The contact details of the Supplier's Data Protection Officer are
 - 1.3 The Processor shall comply with any further written instructions with respect to Processing by the Controller.
 - 1.4 Any such further instructions shall be incorporated into this Annex.

Description	Details
Subject matter of the processing	The processing of names and business contact details of staff of both Contracting Authority and Supplier will be necessary to deliver the services exchanged during the course of the Contract, and to undertake Contract and performance management.
	The Contract itself will include the names and business contact details of staff of both the Contracting Authority and the Supplier involved in managing the Contract.
Duration of the processing	The primary data processing will be delivered by the contracted Supplier who also collect that data. The contract is due to run from November 2023 until June 2024
Nature and purposes of the processing	The nature of the processing will include collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination of data.
	The Contract itself will include the names and business contact details of staff of both the Contracting Authority and the Supplier involved in managing the Contract.
Type of Personal Data	Personal data collected as part of the survey will include but may not be limited to: sex, age, working status, region, area (urban or rural).
	Names, business telephone numbers and email addresses, office location and position of staff of both the Contracting

	Authority and the Supplier as necessary to deliver the services and to undertake the Contract and performance management.
Categories of Data Subject	Staff of the Contracting Authority and the Supplier, including where those employees are named within the Contract itself or involved within the Contract management.
Plan for return and destruction of the data once the processing is completed. UNLESS requirement under UK, European Union or European member state law to preserve that type of data	At the end of the contract, the Supplier will provide the Contracting Authority with a complete and uncorrupted version of the Personal Data in electronic form (or such other format as reasonably required by the Contracting Authority) and erase that data from any computers, storage devices and storage media that are to be retained by the Supplier after the expiry of the Contract. The Supplier will certify to the Contracting Authority that it has completed such deletion. Where Personal Data is contained within the Contract documentation, this will be retained in line with the Department's privacy notice found within the Procurement Documents.

Schedule 2 (Specification)

This Schedule sets out what the Buyer wants.

For all Deliverables, the Supplier must help the Buyer comply with any specific applicable Standards of the Buyer.

1. Introduction

Department for Innovation, Science & Technology (DSIT)

The Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (DSIT) drives innovation that will deliver improved public services, create new better-paid jobs and grow the economy.

DSIT is a ministerial department, supported by <u>14 agencies and public bodies</u>.

Our responsibilities

- positioning the UK at the forefront of global scientific and technological advancement
- driving innovations that change lives and sustain economic growth
- delivering talent programmes, physical and digital infrastructure and regulation to support our economy, security and public services
- R&D funding

2. Background & Objectives

- DSIT is a new department which operates a grading framework based on core civil
 service grades from AA to Grade 6. However, staff joining the department from DCMS
 as a result of machinery of government changes, are currently graded according to a
 bespoke grading framework where civil service grades HEO and SEO have been
 merged into a single Band B grade.
- Assimilating Band B roles to the DSIT grading hierarchy will require roles joining DSIT from DCMS and graded at Band B level to be assimilated to either the HEO or SEO grade depending on the relative job challenge of the role. It is likely that this grading assimilation process may involve up to 400 roles which would represent a considerable job evaluation undertaking.
- 3. In collaboration with departmental trade unions, DSIT have developed an outline job evaluation programme which will focus on identifying those roles where there is a prima facie case to assimilate Band B roles to SEO level. The process of identifying these roles will be done in collaboration with senior managers with line of sight on the job challenge of roles at Band B level, and thus well placed to provide an indicative view as to whether their job challenge is indicative of posts typically graded at SEO level.
- 4. This schedule relates to the assessment of the posts identified in collaboration with

senior managers as having a prima facie case to assimilate Band B roles to SEO level. There are expected to be up c200 roles which meet this description.

3. Deliverables

- 1. 200 x Band B JEGS Assessments & reports @ £350.00 each
- 2. 10 x additional presentation sessions @ £150.00 each

Whilst the 200 x Band B JEGS Assessments are approved the actual number required to be carried out maybe lower than this figure, this is at our risk and the full 200 assessments will be paid to enable the required price point.

If additional Assessments are required these will be priced at £400 per assessment and will be ordered via a contract variation confirming the number of additional assessments required.

Should DSIT receive any requests for business decision reviews (appeals) to Beamans grading decisions which fall within any of the 3 criteria listed below, a Beamans representative will attend an appeals panel alongside DSIT representatives.

Criteria under which a business decision review (appeal) will be required

- 1. There has been a failure of process, for example, the relevant guidance has not been properly followed,
- 2. Significant new information or significant aspects of the post have not been taken into account when arriving at the evaluation outcome, or Some form of discrimination (unfair, biased or inconsistent treatment) has occurred in the way the evaluation was carried out.

4. Timetable

- DSIT will identify all Band B roles as having a prima facie case to assimilate to SEO level and requiring desk based JEGS evaluations to confirm this by the end of the week commencing 27 November.
- 2. Beamans will provide DSIT with Job Analysis Form templates at the point this contract is signed.
- 3. These templates will be shared with staff in potential SEO posts from 4 December. A deadline for JAFs to be completed will be set for 26 January 2024.
- 4. Within this period, DSIT will share batches of JAFs with Beamans for assessment. These will be shared as a minimum each time a batch of 50 is collated. This will enable Beamans to begin evaluations of JAFs from the point the first batch is shared.
- 5. Beamans will be required to complete assessment of all JAFs no later than 29 March 2023. This will include moderations, test & validation and quality assurance of all assessments in line with the specification shared with DSIT.

6. Should DSIT receive any requests for business decision reviews (appeals) to Beamans grading decisions which fall within any of the 3 criteria listed under deliverables, a Beamans representative will attend an appeals panel alongside DSIT representatives between 1 April and 28 June 2024.

Schedule 3 (Charges)

1. How Charges are calculated

- 1.1 The Charges:
 - 1.1.1 shall be calculated in accordance with the terms of this Schedule;
- 1.2 Any variation to the Charges payable under a Contract must be agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer and implemented using the procedure set out in this Schedule.

2. The pricing mechanisms

2.1 The pricing mechanisms and prices set out in Annex 1 shall be available for use in calculation of Charges in the

Contract.

3. Are costs and expenses included in the Charges

- 3.1 Except as expressly set out in Paragraph 4 below, or otherwise stated in the Award Form the Charges shall include all costs and expenses relating to the provision of Deliverables. No further amounts shall be payable in respect of matters such as:
 - 3.1.1 incidental expenses such as travel, subsistence and lodging, document or report reproduction, shipping, desktop or office equipment costs, network or data interchange costs or other telecommunications charges; or
 - 3.1.2 costs incurred prior to the commencement of the Contract.

4. When the Supplier can ask to change the Charges

- 4.1 The Charges will be fixed for the full term of the contract.
- 4.2 The Supplier shall give the Buyer at least three (3) Months' notice in writing prior to a Review Date where it wants to request an increase. If the Supplier does not give notice in time then it will only be able to request an increase prior to the next Review Date.
- 4.3 Any notice requesting an increase shall include:
 - 4.3.1 a list of the Charges to be reviewed;

		4.3.2	for eac	h of the Charges under review, written evidence of the justification for the requested increase including:
			a)	details of the movement in the different identified cost components of the relevant Charge;
			b)	reasons for the movement in the different identified cost components of the relevant Charge;
			c)	evidence that the Supplier has attempted to mitigate against the increase in the relevant cost components; and
			d)	evidence that the Supplier's profit component of the relevant Charge is no greater than that applying to
				Charges using the same pricing mechanism as at the Start Date.
	4.4	The Bu	•	Il consider each request for a price increase. The Buyer may grant Approval to an increase at its sole
5.	Oth	er even	ts that a	illow the Supplier to change the Charges
	5.1	The Ch	narges c	an also be varied (and Annex 1 will be updated accordingly) due to:

- 5.1.1 a Specific Change in Law in accordance with Clauses 28.6 to 28.8;
- 5.1.2 a request from the Supplier, which it can make at any time, to decrease the Charges;
- 5.1.3 verification of the Allowable Assumptions in accordance with Paragraph 9.

Annex 1: Rates and Prices

The contract charges are as seen in the AW5.2 Price Schedule below;



Schedule 5 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

2. WHAT IS THE COMMERCIALLY SENSITIVE INFORMATION?

- 2.1 In this Schedule the Parties have sought to identify the Supplier's Confidential Information that is genuinely commercially sensitive and the disclosure of which would be the subject of an exemption under the FOIA and the EIRs.
- 2.2 Where possible, the Parties have sought to identify when any relevant Information will cease to fall into the category of Information to which this Schedule applies in the table below and in the Award Form (which shall be deemed incorporated into the table below).
- 2.3 Without prejudice to the Buyer's obligation to disclose Information in accordance with FOIA or Clause 20 (When you can share information), the Buyer will, in its sole discretion, acting reasonably, seek to apply the relevant exemption set out in the FOIA to the following Information:

No.	Date	Item(s)	Duration of Confidentiality
1	November 2023	Suppliers' full fiscal breakdown including day rates	5 Years
2	November 2023	Suppliers' full proposal including methodology	5 Years

Schedule 21 (Variation Form)

This form is to be used in order to change a contract in accordance with Clause 28 of the Core Terms (Changing the Contract)

Contract Details		
This variation is	("the Buyer")	
between:	And	
	("the Supplier")	
Contract name:	("the Contract")	
Contract reference number:		
	Details of Proposed Variation	on
Variation initiated by:	Buyer	
Variation number:		
Date variation is raised:		
Proposed variation		
Reason for the variation:		
An Impact Assessment shall be provided within:	10 working days	
	Impact of Variation	
Likely impact of the proposed variation:	[Supplier to insert assessment or	f impact]
	Outcome of Variation	
Contract variation:	This Contract detailed above is va	ried as follows:
	 [Buyer to insert original Clauses or Paragraphs to be varied and the changed clause] 	
Financial variation:	Original Contract Value:	£ [insert amount]
	Additional cost due to variation:	£ [insert amount]
	New Contract value:	£ [insert amount]

- 1. This Variation must be agreed and signed by both Parties to the Contract and shall only be effective from the date it is signed by the Buyer
- 2. Words and expressions in this Variation shall have the meanings given to them in the Contract.
- 3. The Contract, including any previous Variations, shall remain effective and unaltered except as amended by this Variation.

Signed by an authori	sed signatory for and on behalf of the Buyer
Signature	
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	
Signed by an authori	sed signatory to sign for and on behalf of the Supplier
Signature	
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	

Schedule 22 (Insurance Requirements)

1. The insurance you need to have

1.1 The Supplier shall take out and maintain or procure the taking out and maintenance of the insurances as set out in the Annex to this Schedule and any other insurances as may be required by applicable Law (together the "Insurances"). The Supplier shall ensure that each of the Insurances is effective no later than the Start Date in respect of those Insurances set out in the Annex to this Schedule and those required by applicable Law; and

1.2 The Insurances shall be:

- 1.2.1 maintained in accordance with Good Industry Practice;
- 1.2.2 (so far as is reasonably practicable) on terms no less favourable than those generally available to a prudent contractor in respect of risks insured in the international insurance market from time to time:
- 1.2.3 taken out and maintained with insurers of good financial standing and good repute in the international insurance market; and
- 1.2.4 maintained until the End Date except in relation to Professional Indemnity where required under the Annex Part C which shall be maintained for at least six (6) years after the End Date.
- 1.3 The Supplier shall ensure that the public and products liability policy contain an indemnity to principals clause under which the Buyer shall be indemnified in respect of claims made against the Buyer in respect of death or bodily injury or third party property damage arising out of or in connection with the Deliverables and for which the Supplier is legally liable.

2. How to manage the insurance

- 2.1 Without limiting the other provisions of this Contract, the Supplier shall:
 - 2.1.1 take or procure the taking of all reasonable risk management and risk control measures in relation to Deliverables as it would be reasonable to expect of a prudent contractor acting in accordance with Good Industry Practice, including the investigation and reports of relevant claims to insurers;
 - 2.1.2 promptly notify the insurers in writing of any relevant material fact under any Insurances of which the Supplier is or becomes aware; and
 - 2.1.3 hold all policies in respect of the Insurances and cause any insurance broker effecting the Insurances to hold any insurance slips and other evidence of placing cover representing any of the Insurances to which it is a party.

3. What happens if you aren't insured

3.1 The Supplier shall not take any action or fail to take any action or (insofar as is reasonably within its power) permit anything to occur in relation to it which would entitle any insurer to refuse to pay any claim under any of the Insurances.

3.2 Where the Supplier has failed to purchase or maintain any of the Insurances in full force and effect, the Buyer may elect (but shall not be obliged) following written notice to the Supplier to purchase the relevant Insurances and recover the reasonable premium and other reasonable costs incurred in connection therewith as a debt due from the Supplier.

4. Evidence of insurance you must provide

4.1 The Supplier shall upon the Start Date and within 15 Working Days after the renewal of each of the Insurances, provide evidence, in a form satisfactory to the Buyer, that the Insurances are in force and effect and meet in full the requirements of this Schedule.

5. Making sure you are insured to the required amount

5.1 The Supplier shall ensure that any Insurances which are stated to have a minimum limit "in the aggregate" are maintained at all times for the minimum limit of indemnity specified in this Contract and if any claims are made which do not relate to this Contract then the Supplier shall notify the Buyer and provide details of its proposed solution for maintaining the minimum limit of indemnity.

6. Cancelled Insurance

- 6.1 The Supplier shall notify the Buyer in writing at least five (5) Working Days prior to the cancellation, suspension, termination or non-renewal of any of the Insurances.
- 6.2 The Supplier shall ensure that nothing is done which would entitle the relevant insurer to cancel, rescind or suspend any insurance or cover, or to treat any insurance, cover or claim as voided in whole or part. The Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to notify the Buyer (subject to third party confidentiality obligations) as soon as practicable when it becomes aware of any relevant fact, circumstance or matter which has caused, or is reasonably likely to provide grounds to, the relevant insurer to give notice to cancel, rescind, suspend or void any insurance, or any cover or claim under any insurance in whole or in part.

7. Insurance claims

- 7.1 The Supplier shall promptly notify to insurers any matter arising from, or in relation to, the Deliverables, or the Contract for which it may be entitled to claim under any of the Insurances. In the event that the Buyer receives a claim relating to or arising out of the Contract or the Deliverables, the Supplier shall co-operate with the Buyer and assist it in dealing with such claims including without limitation providing information and documentation in a timely manner.
- 7.2 Except where the Buyer is the claimant party, the Supplier shall give the Buyer notice within twenty (20) Working Days after any insurance claim in excess of £50,000.00 relating to or arising out of the provision of the Deliverables or this Contract on any of the Insurances or which, but for the application of the applicable policy excess, would be made on any of the Insurances and (if required by the Buyer) full details of the incident giving rise to the claim.
- 7.3 Where any Insurance requires payment of a premium, the Supplier shall be liable for and shall promptly pay such premium.

7.4 Where any Insurance is subject to an excess or deductible below which the indemnity from insurers is excluded, the Supplier shall be liable for such excess or deductible. The Supplier shall not be entitled to recover from the Buyer any sum paid by way of excess or deductible under the Insurances whether under the terms of this Contract or otherwise.

Schedule 25 (Rectification Plan)

Request for [Revised] Rectification Plan			
Details of the Notifiable Default:	[Guidance: Explain the Notifiable Default, with clear schedule and clause references as appropriate]		
Deadline for receiving the [Revised] Rectification Plan:	[add date (minimum 10 days from request)]		
Signed by Buyer:		Date:	
Supplier [Revised] Rectif	ication Plan		
Cause of the Notifiable Default	[add cause]		
Anticipated impact assessment:	[add impact]		
Actual effect of Notifiable Default:	[add effect]		
Steps to be taken to	Steps	Timescale	
rectification:	1.	[date]	
	2.	[date]	
	3.	[date]	
	4.	[date]	
	[]	[date]	
Timescale for complete Rectification of Notifiable Default	[X] Working Days		
Steps taken to prevent	Steps	Timescale	
recurrence of Notifiable Default	1.	[date]	
	2.	[date]	
	3.	[date]	
	4.	[date]	

	[]	[date]	
Signed by the Supplier:		Date:	
Review of Rectification Plan Buyer			
Outcome of review	[Plan Accepted] [Plan Rejected] [Revised Plan Requested]		
Reasons for rejection (if applicable)	[add reasons]		
Signed by Buyer		Date:	

Schedule 26 (Sustainability)

Definitions

["Modern Slavery Assessment Tool"

means the modern slavery risk identification and management tool which can be found online at: https://supplierregistration.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/msat]

["Supply Chain Map"

means details of (i) the Supplier, (ii) all Subcontractors and (iii) any other entity that the Supplier is aware is in its supply chain that is not a Subcontractor, setting out at least:

- (g) the name, registered office and company registration number of each entity in the supply chain;
- (h) the function of each entity in the supply chain; and
- (i) the location of any premises at which an entity in the supply chain carries out a function in the supply chain;]

"Waste Hierarchy"

means prioritisation of waste management in the following order of preference as set out in the Waste (England and Wales) Regulation 2011:

- (j) Prevention;
- (k) Preparing for re-use;
- (I) Recycling;
- (m) Other Recovery; and
- (n) Disposal.

Part A

1. Public Sector Equality Duty

- 1.1. In addition to legal obligations, where the Supplier is providing a Deliverable to which the Public Sector Equality duty applies, the Supplier shall support the Buyer in fulfilling its Public Sector Equality duty under S149 of the Equality Act 2010 by ensuring that it fulfils its obligations under the Contract in a way that seeks to:
 - 1.1.1. eliminate discrimination, harassment or victimisation and any other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010; and

1.1.2. advance:

- 1.1.2.1. equality of opportunity; and
- 1.1.2.2. good relations,

between those with a protected characteristic (age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, and marriage and civil partnership) and those who do not share it.

2. Employment Law

2.1. The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of all applicable Law regarding employment.

3. Modern Slavery

3.1. The Supplier:

- 3.1.1. shall not use, nor allow its Subcontractors to use forced, bonded or involuntary prison labour;
- 3.1.2. shall not require any Supplier Staff or Subcontractor Staff to lodge deposits or identity papers with the employer and shall be free to leave their employer after reasonable notice;
- 3.1.3. warrants and represents that it has not been convicted of any slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world;
- 3.1.4. warrants that to the best of its knowledge it is not currently under investigation, inquiry or enforcement proceedings in relation to any allegation of slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world;
- 3.1.5. shall make reasonable enquires to ensure that its officers, employees and Subcontractors have not been convicted of slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world;
- 3.1.6. shall have and maintain throughout the Term its own policies and procedures to ensure its compliance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and include in its contracts with its Subcontractors anti-slavery and human trafficking provisions;
- 3.1.7. shall implement due diligence procedures to ensure that there is no slavery or human trafficking in any part of its supply chain performing obligations under the Contract;
- 3.1.8. shall prepare and deliver to the Buyer, an annual slavery and human trafficking report setting out the steps it has taken to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any of its supply chains or in any part of its business with its annual certification of compliance with this Paragraph 3;

- 3.1.9. shall not use, nor allow its employees or Subcontractors to use physical abuse or discipline, the threat of physical abuse, sexual or other harassment and verbal abuse or other forms of intimidation of its employees or Subcontractors;
- 3.1.10. shall not use or allow child or slave labour to be used by its Subcontractors; and
- 3.1.11. shall report the discovery or suspicion of any slavery or trafficking by it or its Subcontractors to the Buyer and Modern Slavery Helpline.

4. Environmental Requirements

- 4.1. The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting in all material respects the requirements of all applicable Laws regarding the environment.
- 4.2. In performing its obligations under the Contract, the Supplier shall, where applicable to the Contract, to the reasonable satisfaction of the Buyer:
 - 4.2.1. prioritise waste management in accordance with the Waste Hierarchy as set out in Law;
 - 4.2.2. be responsible for ensuring that any waste generated by the Supplier and sent for recycling, disposal or other recovery as a consequence of this Contract is taken by a licensed waste carrier to an authorised site for treatment or disposal and that the disposal or treatment of waste complies with the Law; and
 - 4.2.3. ensure that it and any third parties used to undertake recycling, disposal or other recovery as a consequence of this Contract do so in a legally compliant way, and can demonstrate that reasonable checks are undertaken to ensure this on a regular basis and provide relevant data and evidence of recycling, recovery and disposal.
- 4.3. In circumstances that a permit, licence or exemption to carry or send waste generated under this Contract is revoked, the Supplier shall cease to carry or send waste or allow waste to be carried by any Subcontractor until authorisation is obtained from the Environment Agency.
- 4.4. In performing its obligations under the Contract, the Supplier shall to the reasonable satisfaction of the Buyer (where the anticipated Charges in any Contract Year are above £5 million per annum (excluding VAT)), where related to and proportionate to the contract in accordance with PPN 06/21), publish and maintain a credible Carbon Reduction Plan in accordance with PPN 06/21.
- 4.5. The Supplier shall meet the applicable Government Buying Standards applicable to Deliverables which can be found online at:

<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/sustainable-procurement-the-government-buying-standards-gbs.</u>

5. Supplier Code of Conduct

5.1. In February 2019, HM Government published a Supplier Code of Conduct setting out the standards and behaviours expected of suppliers who work with government which can be found online at:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_da ta/file/779660/20190220-Supplier_Code_of_Conduct.pdf

The Buyer expects to meet, and expects its suppliers and subcontractors to meet, the standards set out in that Code.

6. Reporting

The Supplier shall comply with reasonable requests by the Buyer for information evidencing compliance with any of the requirements in Paragraphs 1-5 of this Part A above within fourteen (14) days of such request, [provided that such requests are limited to [two] per requirement per Contract Year].

Schedule 29 (Key Supplier Staff)

- 1.1 The Annex 1 to this Schedule lists the key roles ("**Key Roles**") and names of the persons who the Supplier shall appoint to fill those Key Roles at the Start Date ("**Key Staff**").
- 1.2 The Supplier shall ensure that the Key Staff fulfil the Key Roles at all times during the Contract Period.
- 1.3 The Buyer may identify any further roles as being Key Roles and, following agreement to the same by the Supplier, the relevant person selected to fill those Key Roles shall be included on the list of Key Staff.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall not and shall procure that any Subcontractor shall not remove or replace any Key Staff unless:
 - 1.4.1 requested to do so by the Buyer or the Buyer Approves such removal or replacement (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed);
 - 1.4.2 the person concerned resigns, retires or dies or is on maternity or long-term sick leave; or
 - 1.4.3 the person's employment or contractual arrangement with the Supplier or Subcontractor is terminated for material breach of contract by the employee.

1.5 The Supplier shall:

- 1.5.1 notify the Buyer promptly of the absence of any Key Staff (other than for short-term sickness or holidays of two (2) weeks or less, in which case the Supplier shall ensure appropriate temporary cover for that Key Role);
- 1.5.2 ensure that any Key Role is not vacant for any longer than ten (10) Working Days:
- 1.5.3 give as much notice as is reasonably practicable of its intention to remove or replace any member of Key Staff and, except in the cases of death, unexpected ill health or a material breach of the Key Staff's employment contract, this will mean at least three (3) Months' notice;
- 1.5.4 ensure that all arrangements for planned changes in Key Staff provide adequate periods during which incoming and outgoing staff work together to transfer responsibilities and ensure that such change does not have an adverse impact on the provision of the Deliverables; and
- 1.5.5 ensure that any replacement for a Key Role has a level of qualifications and experience appropriate to the relevant Key Role and is fully competent to carry out the tasks assigned to the Key Staff whom he or she has replaced.
- 1.6 The Buyer may require the Supplier to remove or procure that any Subcontractor shall remove any Key Staff that the Buyer considers in any respect unsatisfactory. The Buyer shall not be liable for the cost of replacing any Key Staff.

Annex 1- Key Roles

Key Role	Key Staff	Contract Details

Schedule 4 (Tender)

