



Conditions of Contract Short Form Enhanced

CEFAS23-113 Contract for Waste Audit Framework Creation and Waste Baseline Data Collection in Sri Lanka, under the OCPP

October 2023

Contents

Order Form	4
Annex 1 – Authorised Processing Template	7
Annex 2 – Specification	8
Annex 3 – Charges	
Annex 4 – Tender Submission	14
Annex 5 – Sustainability	15
Short Form Terms	
1. Definitions used in the Contract	
2. Understanding the Contract	23
3. How the Contract works	
4. What needs to be delivered	24
5. Pricing and payments	
6. The Authority's obligations to the Supplier	28
7. Record keeping and reporting	28
8. Supplier staff	29
9. Rights and protection	
10. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)	31
11. Ending the contract	
12. How much you can be held responsible for	34
13. Obeying the law	
14. Insurance	35
15. Data protection	36
16. What you must keep confidential	
17. When you can share information	41
18. Invalid parts of the contract	42
19. No other terms apply	
20. Other people's rights in a contract	
21. Circumstances beyond your control	
22. Relationships created by the contract	42
23. Giving up contract rights	
24. Transferring responsibilities	
25. Changing the contract	43
26. How to communicate about the contract	43
27. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption	44
28. Health, safety and wellbeing	44
31. Tax	
33. Conflict of interest	
34. Reporting a breach of the contract	
35. Resolving disputes	
36 Which law applies	48

National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka 66/1 Dewala Road Nugegoda Sri Lanka

Attn: Eng.
By email to:

Date: 05.10.2023 Your ref: NA

Our ref: CEFAS23-113

Dear

Supply of services for Waste Audit Framework Creation and Waste Baseline Data Collection in Sri Lanka, under the OCPP

Following your tender/ proposal for the supply of services for Waste Audit Framework Creation and Waste Baseline Data Collection in Sri Lanka, under the OCPP to **The Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs** acting as part of the Crown through the **Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science**, we are pleased confirm our intention to award this contract to you.

The attached contract details ("Order Form"), contract conditions and the Annexes set out the terms of the contract between Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science and National Cleaner Production Centre for the provision of the deliverables set out in the Order Form.

We thank you for your co-operation to date and look forward to forging a successful working relationship resulting in a smooth and successful delivery of the deliverables. Please confirm your acceptance of the Conditions by signing and returning the Order Form to procure@cefas.gov.uk at the above address within 7 days from the date of this letter, which will create a binding contract between us. No other form of acknowledgement will be accepted. Please remember to include the reference number above in any future communications relating to this contract.

We will then arrange for the Order Form to be countersigned so that you have a signed copy of the Order Form for your records.

Yours faithfully,



Order Form

1. Contract Reference		CEFAS23-113 Contract for Waste Audit Framework Creation and Waste Baseline Data Collection in Sri Lanka, under the OCPP						
2. Date								
3. Authority	Cefas Pakefield R Lowestoft Suffolk NR33 0HT	oad						
4. Supplier	National Cl 66/1, Dewa Nugegoda, GA 2822							
4a. Supplier Account Details	Name of the Address - Na/C Number Branch - Na	A/C Holder - National Cleaner Production Centre Name of the Bank - Hatton National Bank Address - No. 209A, Kirula Road, Narahenpita. A/C Number - 104910058011 Branch - Narahenpita SWIFT Code – HBLILKLX						
5. The Contract	this Order Annexes. Unless the Form have In the ever Conditions precedence 1. Order For 2. Condition 3. Annexes In the ever Annex 5 sh Please do	er shall supply the Deliverables described below on the terms set out in Form and the attached contract conditions ("Conditions") and any context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions used in this Order the same meanings as in Conditions. It of any inconsistency between the provisions of the Order Form, the and the Annexes, the inconsistency shall be resolved by giving in the following order: Irm, Annex 2 (Specification) and Annex 3 (Charges) with equal priority. In sand Annex 1 (Authorised Processing Template) with equal priority. It of any inconsistency between the provisions of Annexes 4 and 5, all take precedence over Annex 4. Into a tatach any Supplier terms and conditions to this Order Form II not be accepted by the Authority and may delay conclusion of ct.						
6. Deliverables	Goods	None Compliants and the Complian						
	Services	To be performed at the Supplier's premises at: National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka 66/1, Dewala Road, Nugegoda, Sri Lanka and in locations in Sri Lanka as required.						

7. Specification	The specification of the Deliverables is a	s set out in Annex 2.								
8. Term	The Term shall commence on 13 October 2023 or as close as it possible.	ole (the Start Date)								
	and the Expiry Date shall be 12 October 2024 unless it is otherwise extended or terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract.									
	The Authority may extend the Contract for a period of up to 12 months' by giving not less than 1 months' notice in writing to the Supplier prior to the Expiry Date. The terms and conditions of the Contract shall apply throughout any such extended period.									
9. Charges	The Charges for the Deliverables shall be	e as set out in Annex 3.								
10. Payment	The Authority's preference is for all inv valid Purchase Order Number (PO Number)	oices to be sent electronically, quoting a per), to:								
	Finance@cefas.co.uk									
	Alternatively, you may post to:									
	Cefas Pakefield Road									
	Lowestoft									
	Suffolk NR33 0HT									
	Within 10 Working Days of receipt of your countersigned copy of this Order Form, we will send you a unique PO Number. You must be in receipt of a valid PO Number before submitting an invoice.									
	To avoid delay in payment it is important that the invoice is compliant with Annex 3 Non-compliant invoices will be sent back to you, which may lead to a delay in payment.									
	If you have a query regarding an o Authority's Authorised Representative(s)	utstanding payment please contact the								
11. Authority Authorised	For general liaison your contact will conti	inue to be								
Representative(s)										
12. Address for	Authority:	Supplier:								
notices										
	Cefas Pakefield Road	National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka								
	Lowestoft	66/1, Dewala Road,								
	Suffolk NR33 0HT	Nugegoda, Sri Lanka								
	Attention:	Attention:								
		Email:								

	Email:					
13. Key Personnel	Authority:	Supplier:				
	Cefas Pakefield Road Lowestoft Suffolk NR33 0HT	National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka 66/1, Dewala Road, Nugegoda, Sri Lanka				
		Attention:				
		Email:				
14. Procedures and Policies	at: Policies, plans, reports a	tract the applied Policies and procedures are available and quality - Cefas (Centre for Environment, Fisheries				
	-	if other policies of the Authority are referenced in the ose policies will also apply to the Contract on the basis				
15. Limitation of Liability	See Clause 12.1					
16. Insurances	Contract in accordance with - Professional Indemnity	the following insurance cover for the duration of the th this Order Form. y insurance with cover of not less than £250,000; are with cover of not less than £250,000;				
		nal Accident Cover insurance with cover as per the policy ed to Cefas on 11 September 2023.				
Signed for and on behal	f of the Supplier	Signed for and on behalf of the Authority				
Name:		Name:				
		Holly Power Senior Procurement Lead Cefas				
D						
S						

Annex 1 – Authorised Processing Template

NOT USED

Annex 2 – Specification

Ocean Country Partnership Programme (OCPP)

The OCPP was announced in 2021 as a key bilateral aid programme under the £500m Blue Planet Fund. The OCPP is a UK Government-led programme delivered under the Blue Planet Fund. Through this programme, Cefas, in partnership with JNCC and MMO, provide technical assistance to support countries in tackling marine pollution, support sustainable seafood practices, and establish designated, well-managed and enforced MPAs.

The OCPP Marine Pollution strand will build on work in countries where Cefas and UK marine partnerships are already active, as well as forge new relationships in priority regions. The OCPP began by building on the successes of the Commonwealth Litter Programme (CLiP), using established foundations to expand technical training and capacity building in Overseas Development Assistance (ODA) eligible countries and foster collaboration internationally to tackle marine pollution, with a specific focus on marine plastics, including Abandoned, Lost or otherwise Discarded Fishing Gear (ALDFG).

There is no single solution that will effectively resolve the issue of marine plastic pollution. The OCPP will work with partner countries to identify tailored support to tackle marine pollution challenges, recognising the need for holistic cross-sectorial action, involving both upstream and downstream interventions. Through building capacity and expertise, partner countries will be well equipped to develop robust and effective policies that address core marine environmental issues and empowers the local communities and economies that depend on the ocean.

Under the OCPP, Cefas will use existing experience of collaboration at an international level, to develop innovative science techniques and analyses with OCPP partner countries that address marine pollution challenges.

OCPP in Sri Lanka

Cefas will work alongside international partners in government and society to collaborate on work packages to tackle marine litter, including raising awareness to encourage best practices in litter disposal. This includes supporting the Sri Lankan government to finalise facilitating stakeholder workshops, working with relevant government bodies to develop labelling to highlight which parts of packaging are recyclable and assist with labelling implementation. This also includes education on the plastic types and the guidelines to follow regulation.

The project is designed to be inclusive, and the method of data collection must be delivered in the local languages (Sinhala and Tamil, English may be used where appropriate) according to the target communities. Outputs should be provided in English to Cefas. The supplier will also provide a report of activities, reach and engagement, and a copy of all data collected.

Requirement:

Currently, there is a lack of easily accessible waste data available in Sri Lanka. A previous study by Jambeck et al. (2015) has identified Sri Lanka as generating 5.1 kilograms of waste per day, of which 85% is mismanaged. This figure is disputed; however, it is now considered dated, and no waste characterisation audit has been publicly available since this report. There is a need to establish a baseline data set, which can be used to set waste and plastic reduction targets against and develop a method for ongoing periodic collections; this work will aim to provide the foundations.

This work will collect a set of baseline data across Sri Lanka and design a method for the future monitoring of waste in Sri Lanka. The project is broken into two elements 1) Creation of a Waste

Audit Framework, and 2) Data Collection.

1. Creation of a Waste Audit Framework

1.1. The Supplier is required to design a waste audit framework, in collaboration with the Sri Lankan government agencies and relevant non-government stakeholders. The framework will provide a methodology for ongoing, systematic, sample-based waste audits which can be conducted periodically across the country, both in rural and urban areas. The Supplier is expected to work with Sri Lankan government agencies to develop on any existing frameworks in place and ensure the framework aligns with government objectives and capabilities. The Framework designed should be achievable and answer the questions required to monitor waste in a robust way. The framework should work in harmony with the data collected (see below), of which will form the baseline for future assessments. Cefas have existing contacts working in waste management at a government agency, which will be passed on to the Supplier.

2. Data Collection

- 2.1. Cefas require the Supplier to undertake an island-wide characterisation programme for waste, to ascertain a current baseline level of data. The data collection program should encompass all areas of the country, both rural and urban. Data collection should collect information on the current waste collection services, infrastructure, waste items and recycling practices.
- 2.2. Data will be collected by conducting in-person surveys and waste audits, amongst households and commercial businesses around the country. The survey is expected to obtain information pertaining to the services and infrastructure available, waste disposal practices and attitudes towards recycling and reuse. The waste audit is expected to obtain information on the physical levels of waste produced by businesses and households.
- 2.3. In-person surveys should be conducted with households across all 9 provinces of Sri Lanka and encompass urban, semi-rural and rural communities; with at least one location in each of the 25 districts of Sri Lanka. Surveys should be undertaken in the local language (Sinhala and Tamil), dependent on the region. In total, a minimum of 200 household surveys should be undertaken. Similarly, for businesses, in-person surveys should be conducted across all 9 provinces; with at least one location in each of the 25 districts of Sri Lanka and target businesses from all sectors. Additionally, businesses should specifically include companies who manage waste. In total, a minimum of 100 business surveys should be undertaken. The Supplier is expected to design the questionnaire and agree the final design of the questionnaire with Cefas prior to beginning work.
- 2.4. For waste audits, households and businesses should be asked to collect all solid waste produced by their household for one week. This waste should then be collected, weighed, and sorted into waste categories. The number and weight of items per category should then also be recorded. Cefas can provide technical support on how to undertake a successful waste audit. For waste audits, the expectation is for a minimum of one household and one business waste audit to be undertaken for each of the 25

districts of Sri Lanka, variety in household/business type should vary across the districts within the provinces. For example, where a province contains 3 districts, one district should be targeting a rural community, one district should target a semi-rural community and one district should target an urban community.

2.5. After the collection of the waste data, the Supplier will complete the analysis of data collected produce a report. All data and metadata collected as part of this tender will be provided to Cefas.

In summary, the Supplier is required to:

- 1. Work closely with the Sri Lankan government departments and relevant non-government authorities to design a waste audit framework.
- 2. Work closely with Cefas scientists to finalise a questionnaire for the collection of baseline data on waste in Sri Lanka.
- 3. Undertake a nationwide in-person waste questionnaire across households and businesses in Sri Lanka, conducted in the local language.
- 4. Undertake a nationwide waste audit survey across household and businesses in Sri Lanka, conducted in the local language.
- 5. Be responsible for the smooth running of surveys from beginning to end, including ensuring all activities are in line with Sri Lankan laws and cultural expectations.
- 6. Provide regular review reports to Cefas on the progress as described. The format and frequency of these will be agreed at inception.
- 7. Provide a final report on all activities undertaken and presentation of analysed data and relevant metadata.

The Supplier will be responsible for obtaining any permits or other legal requirements needed to perform the work in Sri Lanka.

Deliverables:

- 1. Create a waste audit framework in collaboration with the Sri Lankan Government
 - a. To be delivered 10th September 2024.
- 2. Undertake a waste characterisation programme, including survey and waste audit.
 - a. To be delivered 10th September 2024.
- **3.** A draft final report is to be produced and submitted to Cefas colleagues.
 - a. To be delivered 25th September 2024.
- **4.** A final report is to be submitted to Cefas colleagues.
 - a. To be delivered by 12th October 2024.
- **5.** An electronic collection of all data and metadata collected during the survey must be provided on completion of the project.
 - a. To be delivered 12th October 2024.

Annex 3 – Charges

Defined terms within this Annex:

E-Invoicing: Means invoices created on or submitted to the Authority via the electronic marketplace service.

Electronic Invoice: Means an invoice (generally in PDF file format) issued by the Supplier and received by the Authority using electronic means, generally email

1. How Charges are calculated

- 1.1 The Charges:
 - 1.1.1 shall be calculated in accordance with the terms of this Annex 3;
- 1.2 Any variation to the Charges payable under the Contract must be agreed between the Supplier and the Authority and implemented using the procedure set out in this Annex.

2. Rates and Prices

Goods or Services Required	Unit	Qty	Total Cost (ex VAT)	VAT (if applicable)
Requirement 1: Creation of Waste Audit Framework, as per Technical Specification in Part 1	Total Fixed Cost	1		£NA
Requirement 2: Waste Baseline Data Collection, as per Technical Specification in Part 1	Total Fixed Cost	1		£NA
		Total Cost:	£74,671.01	£NA

3. Payment schedule

Deliverable	Delivery Date	Invoice (ex VAT)
20% completion of Requirement 1 and Requirement 2	End November 2023	
Further 40% completion of Requirement 1 and Requirement 2	End April 2024	
Final completion and sign-off of Requirement 1 and Requirement 2	Mid-October 2024	

4. Currency

All Supplier invoices shall be expressed in sterling or such other currency as shall be permitted by the Authority in writing.

5. Variations

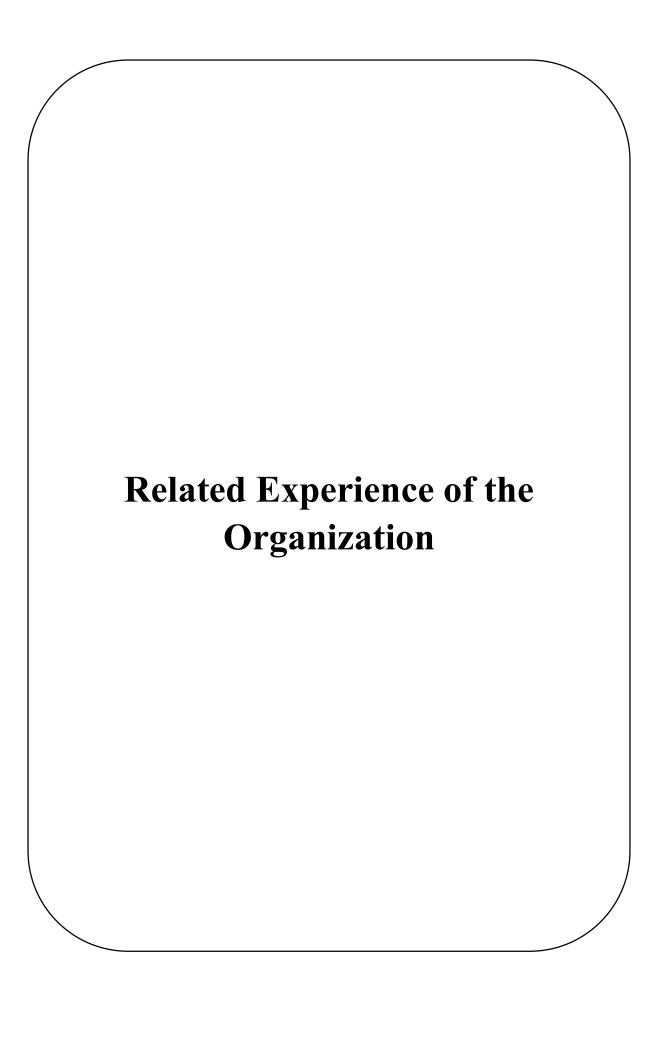
The Authority may make reasonable changes to its invoicing requirements during the Term after providing 30 calendar days written notice to the Supplier.

6. Electronic Invoicing

- 6.1 The Authority shall accept for processing any electronic invoice that it is valid, undisputed and complies with the requirements of the Authority's e-invoicing system:
- 6.2 The Supplier shall ensure that each invoice is submitted in a PDF format and contains the following information:
 - 6.2.1 the date of the invoice;
 - 6.2.2 a unique invoice number;
 - 6.2.3 the period to which the relevant Charge(s) relate;
 - 6.2.4 the correct reference for the Contract
 - 6.2.5 a valid Purchase Order Number;
 - 6.2.6 the dates between which the Deliverables subject of each of the Charges detailed on the invoice were performed;
 - 6.2.7 a description of the Deliverables;
 - 6.2.8 the pricing mechanism used to calculate the Charges (such as fixed price, time and materials):
 - 6.2.9 any payments due in respect of achievement of a milestone, including confirmation that milestone has been achieved by the Authority's Authorised Representative
 - 6.2.10 the total Charges gross and net of any applicable deductions and, separately, the amount of any reimbursable expenses properly chargeable to the Authority under the terms of this Contract, and, separately, any VAT or other sales tax payable in respect of each of the same, charged at the prevailing rate;
 - 6.2.11 a contact name and telephone number of a responsible person in the Supplier's finance department and/or contract manager in the event of administrative queries; and

- 6.2.12 the banking details for payment to the Supplier via electronic transfer of funds (i.e. name and address of bank, sort code, account name and number);
- 6.3 The Supplier shall submit all invoices and any requested supporting documentation through the Authority's e-invoicing system or if that is not possible to: Finance@cefas.co.uk or Cefas, Pakefield Road, Lowestoft, Suffolk NR33 0HT with a copy (again including any supporting documentation) to such other person and at such place as the Authority may notify to the Supplier from time to time.

Annex 4 – Tender Submission



Related Experience of the Organization

NCPC, Sri Lanka works with enterprises and government agencies in Sri Lanka to improve resource efficiency and thereby reduce waste generation. Resource Efficient Cleaner Production Assessments, waste audits, and life cycle assessments are the major tools used in solid waste reduction including plastic waste.

NCPC, Sri Lanka is registered as a consultant in the Colombo Municipal Council for the preparation of Solid Waste Management Proposals since 2020. In 2021 NCPC, Sri Lanka developed a Capacity Building Tool Kit for Plastic Waste Collectors and Recyclers in Sri Lanka. The lessons learned from the project and the outcomes will be used to complete this project successfully. Further, our center conducts training programs to develop the capacities of industrialists and other interested parties. The center has a very good track record in the successful completion of donor-funded projects

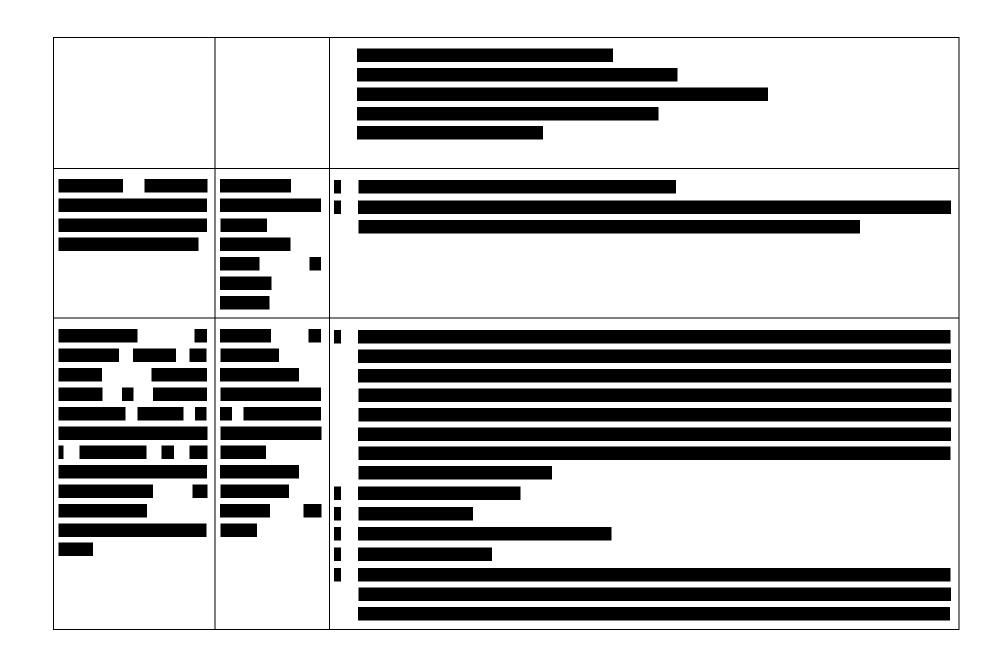
Waste Audit-Related Experience

The waste audits are conducted by NCPC, Sri Lanka for the industries in Sri Lanka with the aim of

- identifying sources of waste generation within the premises;
- quantifying each waste category and recognize environmental risks of the company
- providing preventive and precautionary measures to minimize identified causes of waste
- identifying opportunities of the company to implement recommendations.

Table: Experience in waste management-related projects

Project	Donor	Interventions
-:-		
=		



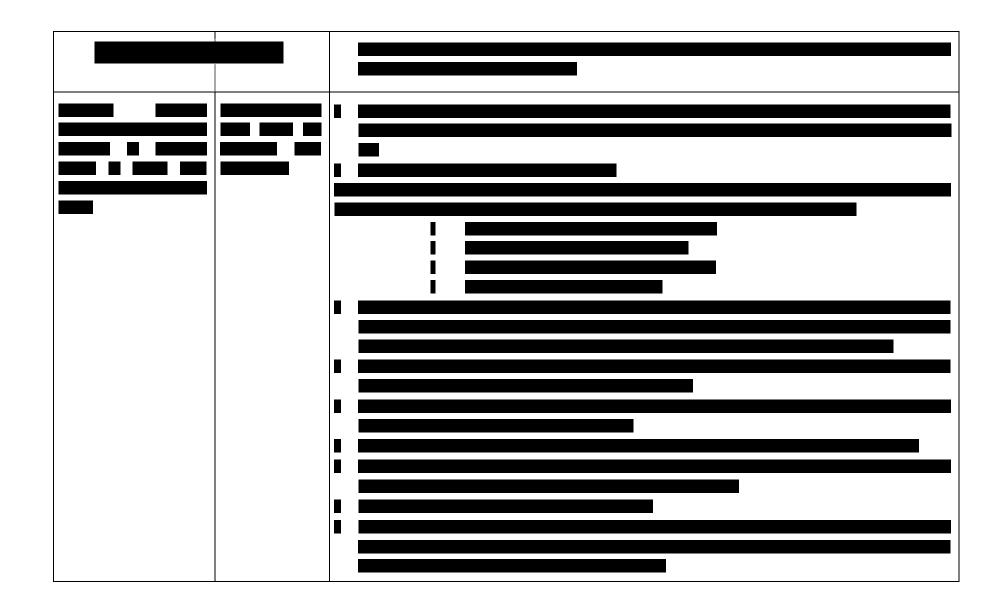
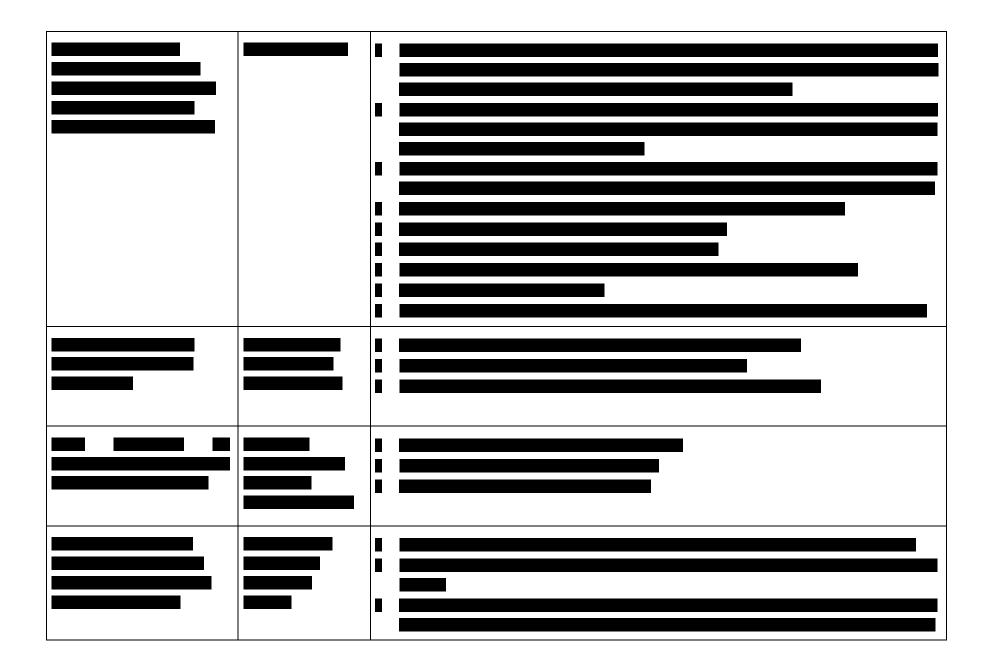
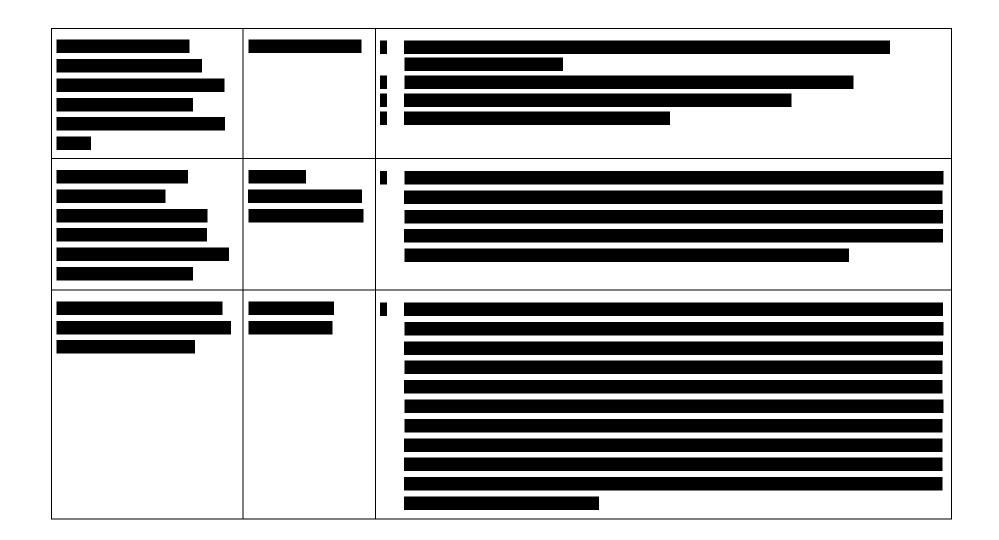


 Table 4: Experience in successful completion of donor-funded projects

Project	Donor	Interventions





2. Methodology

This project consists of two work elements as follows.

- 1. Creation of a Waste Audit Framework
- 2. Data Collection

2.1 Initial Planning

As the first step, the detailed project plan will be developed and discussed with Cefas prior to beginning the work.

2.2 Literature Survey

The expert team to be involved in the work has prior experience in working with the local authorities and other government agencies related to waste management in the country and has a fairly good knowledge of how the waste sector works in Sri Lanka. They are also aware of the sources of information. This will help to conduct a quick literature review to identify a waste audit framework and a methodology that will be suitable for the Sri Lankan context. Moreover, the legislation related to waste management in Sri Lanka will be thoroughly studied.

2.3 Obtain Expert Opinion

The waste audit framework that is to be developed should take the prevailing waste management practices and the related agencies into consideration. The discussions and meetings will be held with experts in waste management in Sri Lankan government agencies, relevant non-government stakeholders, and the contacts provided by the Cefas. Special attention will be paid to local authorities where there is a proper system in place to manage wastes as learning from their experience is important to ensure the suitability and the effectiveness of the framework. Further, this will ensure that the framework is built on the existing systems rather than introducing a completely new one. The development of the framework will follow a consultative process with all relevant stakeholders to ensure it will be accepted and adopted by the relevant players.

2.4 Creation of a Waste Audit Framework

Based on the inputs obtained from the stakeholders, experts, and the results of the literature survey, a draft waste audit framework will be developed by the proposed expert team taking into account local waste streams, cultural factors, and waste generation patterns. Further, if Sri Lankan government agencies have any existing frameworks developed in place it is expected to ensure the framework aligns with government objectives and capabilities. The drafted waste audit framework will be verified with Cefas. Thereafter, it is anticipated to ensure the validity of the prepared framework by performing several data collection questionnaire surveys in household and commercial business sectors before its finalization. If required, the waste audit framework will be revised based on the data collection outcomes. The finalized waste audit framework will be presented to relevant stakeholders that have been involved in step 2.3.

2.5 Data Collection Programme

In order to obtain data from household and commercial businesses regarding their current waste collection services, infrastructure, waste items, and recycling practices a data collection program will be conducted that covers the entire country. This consists of two steps.

- I. In-person surveys
- II. Waste audits

Note: Even though the Project Terms of Reference (ToR) outlined specific minimum sample sizes, we hope to expand these sample sizes to enhance the precision of data collection and analysis. This aims to further enhance the accuracy and reliability of the data, ultimately contributing to the validation of the developed waste audit framework.

2.5.1 In-person Survey

To ensure accurate data collection for the waste audit framework, in-person surveys will be conducted with households and businesses across all 9 provinces of Sri Lanka. These surveys will encompass urban, semi-urban, and rural communities, covering a diverse range of regions. The objective is to gather comprehensive insights into waste management practices.

i. Questionnaire Preparation

Based on the drafted waste audit framework, separate questionnaires will be developed for households and businesses in the local language (Sinhala and Tamil). The drafted questionnaires will be verified with Cefas prior to starting the surveys. We also propose to establish a steering committee consisting of representatives from key agencies so that their feedback can be obtained on an ongoing basis to ensure the relevance of questionnaires and the adequacy of the survey coverage.

ii. Sample selection

In-person surveys will be conducted with the household and commercial business sectors across all 9 provinces of Sri Lanka. It is expected to select a total of 1000 participants, comprising 700 households and 300 commercial businesses, encompassing the 25 districts in Sri Lanka as the given approach.

♣ Sample selection for the household survey

25 Districts in Sri Lanka (700 households) •Based on the population ratio, 700 households will be divided in to each districts using probability proportional sampling method

Selection of a District •Based on below approach the number of Divisional Sectetariet Divisions (DSDs) from each district will be selected. The porpose is to minimize the administrative cost for the survay.

Number of Household≤ 15; One DSD

Number of Household≤ 30; Two DSDs; Thus the no of DSDs will increased with increased no of households

Selection of urban, semiurban, rural categories •Based on the urban, semi urban and, rural population ratio the number of households for each category will be selected

Selection of households from each category •Based on the convienient sampling method households from the urban, semi urban and rural categories will be selected

♣ Sample selection for the commercial business survey

A total number of 300 commercial businesses will be selected from each district by considering the availability of the businesses and the type of businesses.

iii. Conduct Surveys

The aforementioned samples will be surveyed using a structured questionnaire survey combination of in-person visits and online questionnaires. Surveys will be conducted in the local languages (Sinhala and Tamil) based on the region.

2.5.2 Conduct Waste Audits

The waste audit will encompass both household and commercial sectors across all 25 districts of Sri Lanka. The approach involves the selection of 5 households and 2 commercial businesses from each district, amounting to a total of 125 households and 50 commercial businesses in Sri Lanka. This sampling strategy will be sensitive to the diverse characteristics of districts within the provinces, ensuring representation from rural, semi-urban, and urban communities in the case of households. Similarly, the commercial businesses selected will encompass a wide range of business categories.

The chosen households and commercial enterprises will be tasked with the collection and categorization of all solid waste generated by their establishments for a duration of one week. In collaboration with technical support from Cefas, the waste audit process will include site visits for weighing and sorting waste categories and facilitating accurate data collection.

2.6 Data Analysis and Report submission

Following the completion of in-person surveys and waste audits, collected data will undergo analysis. Subsequently, a report will be submitted to Cefas.

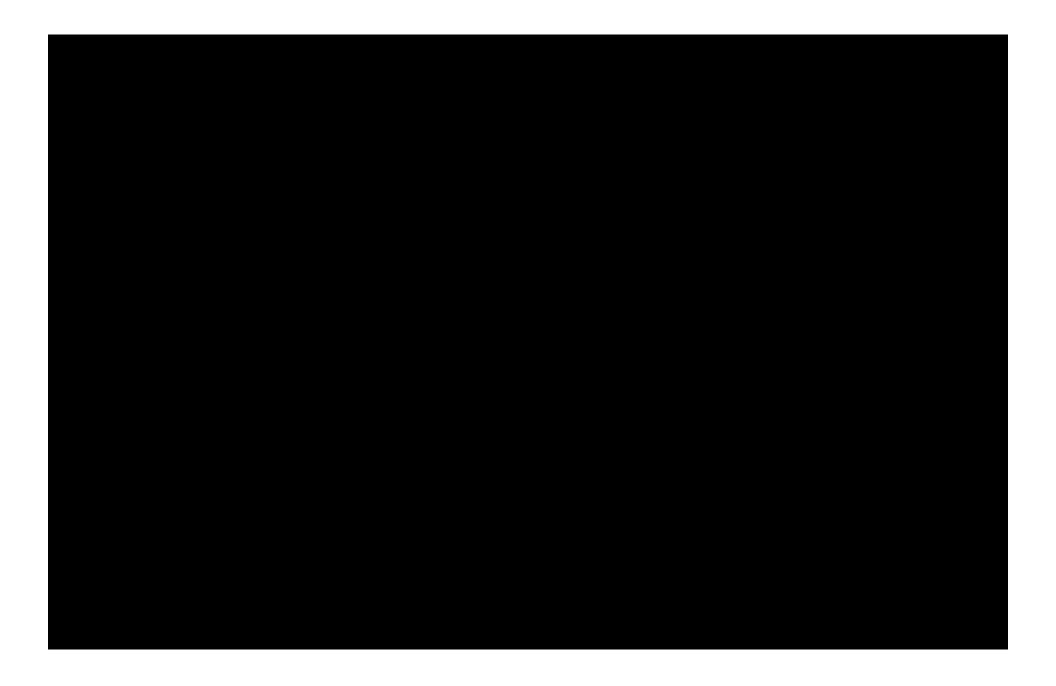
	WODE DI AN	Г				т.			(1.5	,1				
	WORK PLAN	-	Timeframe (Months)								l			
S/N	Tasks		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Planning													
2	Conduct Literature survey													
3	Obtain expert opinion													
4	Draft waste audit framework													
5	Submit the draft framework to Cefas													
6	Address the comments given by Cefas													
7	Questionnaire preparation													
8	Sample selection													
9	Conduct in person survey													
10	Conduct waste audit													
11	Waste audit framework preparation and finalization													
12	Stakeholder consultation workshop to present the framework													
13	Waste audit framework Submission to Cefas													
14	Data Entering and Analysis													
15	Report Preparation													
16	Draft report submission to Cefas													
17	Address the comments given by Cefas													
18	Final report submission													
19	Electronic collection of data submission													

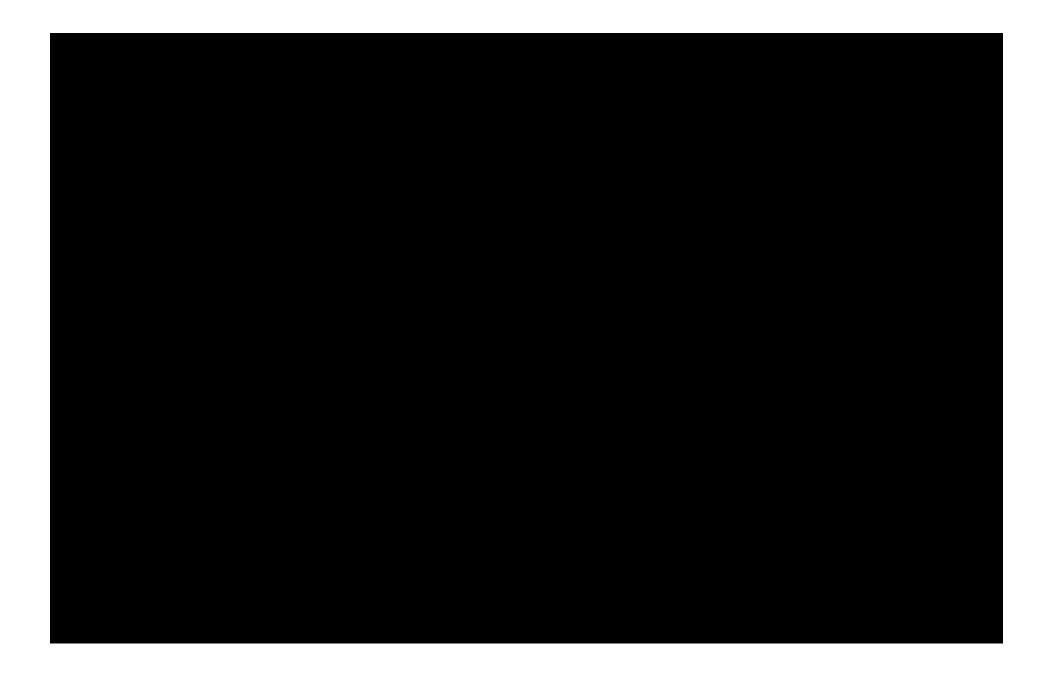
Experience of the team

For the successful completion of the project, we have selected the Project Manager, Team Leader, Waste sector specialist, Expert in Statistics, Three experts in Environment and waste sectors, Project Supportive staff and Project Coordinator according to the concept of the project.

Table 01: Summary of the Experience of the Expert Team

Name	Designation	Educational Qualifications	Professional Experience	Experience relevant field	in	the







*Uvs of the expert team are annexed.

National Cleaner Production Centre (NCPC), Sri Lanka

National Cleaner Production Centre (NCPC), Sri Lanka was set up by United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) in 2002, as a project under the Ministry of Industry to provide technical expertise and support to the industry and business enterprises in order to prevent pollution and conserve resources by the application of Cleaner Production (CP) and other proactive environmental management tools.

NCPC Sri Lanka is registered as a Company by Guarantee, not for profit organization under Act No. 7 of 2007. Over the past two decades, it has evolved as the foremost sustainability solution provider in the country. The ISO 9001:2015 certified Centre is a registered Energy Service Company (ESCO) under the Sustainable Energy Authority (SEA) and a registered consultant under Central Environmental Authority (CEA). It is a founding member of UNIDO/UNEP Resource Efficient and Cleaner Production Network (RECP Net), a global family of 52 NCPCs. NCPC, Sri Lanka is a member of the Climate Technology Centre & Network (CTCN) and has full membership of the Global Ecolabelling Network (GEN). NCPC, Sri Lanka has competent and dedicated in-house staff and works very closely with the organizations and apex bodies of the Industry and business sectors in order to accomplish the mission of sustainable industrial growth through improved resource productivity.

The centre has implemented several donor funded projects such as UNIDO, UNEP, SWITCH Asia .etc as the national implementation body . Apart from the donor's project objectives, NCPC, Sri Lanka is actively looking to contribute to the local industrial sector, public organizations and the environment. NCPC, Sri Lanka offers a myriad of services under its portfolio to Industries as well as other enterprises and organizations in the following themes;

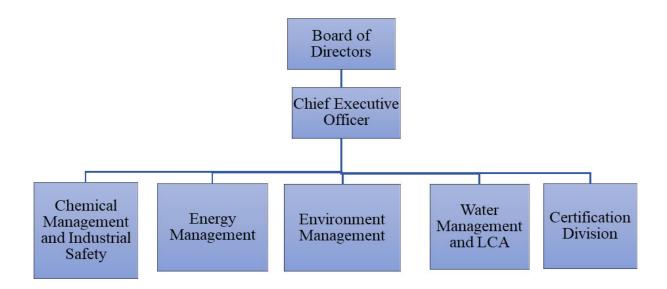
- Environment Management
- Energy Management
- Chemicals and Safety Management
- Water Management
- System Development
- Certification
- Capacity Building

The Centre's contribution to the following SDGs is substantial.



Structure of the Organization

NCPC Sri Lanka, is governed by a Board of Directors represented by government and private institutes. BOD consists of 9 members representing different key stakeholders in the country. They are from the Ministry of Industry & Commerce, Ministry of Environment, Sustainable Energy Authority, National Engineering Research and Development Center, National Chamber of Industries, National Chamber of Exporters as partners and National University System.



NCPC Footprint in Sri Lanka

2003	1st National level capacity building on Eco Design
2005	1st National Level Capacity building on Life Cycle
	Assessment in Sri Lanka
2007	1st Environmental Award programme in Sri Lanka: National
	Cleaner Production Awards
	1st Sri Lankan roundtable on Sustainable Consumption and
	Production
2008	1st pilot application on Chemical Leasing in Asia implemented
	in Sri Lanka
2010	1st pilot application on Responsible Production in the world
	was implemented in Sri Lanka
	Hosted Asia Pacific Roundtable on Sustainable Consumption
	and Production
2011	1st pilot application on Responsible Production
2013	1st pilot application on Eco-Innovation in the world was
	implemented in Sri Lanka
2017	1st National level capacity building program in Green
	Chemistry in Sri Lanka
	1st Eco Label scheme
	1st National Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) database for Food
	sector

Our Services

NCPC Sri Lanka offers a myriad of services under its portfolio to Industries as well as other enterprises and organizations. We always strive to provide our clients with a best in class service with a focus on exceptional quality, on time delivery and go that extra mile to delight them. We have competent and motivated experts who have gained experience working at both a national and international level on expansive projects in the fields of sustainability, energy management, system development and many more. We are happy to assist you every step of the way.

Resource Efficient and Cleaner Production (RECP) Assessments Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) EIA/IEE Environmental Risk Assessments Environmental performance evaluation Pollution Audits & Waste Audits HIGG Index Assessments Energy Assessments (Walkthrough/Detail) Thermography Measuring and Verification Feasibility assessments for renewable projects Bio mass Assessment Chemical Audits
Chemical Leasing
Safety Audits
Chemical Risk Assessments
(Safety and Health)
Responsible Production

ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT



ENERGY MANAGEMENT



CHEMICALS AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT



Water Audit Water Footprint Assessment Wastewater Treatment and reuse Water flow measurements Water risk assessment

WATER MANAGEMENT ISO 14001:2015
Environmental Management
System (EMS)
ISO 50001:2011 Energy
Management System (EnMS)
ISO 9001:2015 Quality
Management System (QMS)
ISO 22000: 2018 Food Safety
Management System (FSMS)
ISO 45001: 2018 Occupational
Health and Safety

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT (Certifying persons under ISO/IEC 17024:2011 Standard Greenhouse Gas Verification (ISO 14064-3:2018) Eco Label Certification under ISO 14024:2018 NGRS report verification

CERTIFICATION



In-house training & awareness programmes Annual training calendar

CAPACITY BUILDING



Highlighted below are some of these services/activities.

Resource Efficient & Cleaner Production Assessments

Resource Efficient and Cleaner Production (RECP), builds upon Cleaner Production in accelerating the application of preventive environmental strategies to processes, products and services to increase efficiency and minimize risks to humans and the environment. RECP addresses the three sustainability dimensions both individual and synergistically; Production Efficiency, Environmental Performance, and Human Development. There are mainly three types of RECP assessments; Walkthrough/Quick Scan, Short and Comprehensive Assessments.

Waste Audits

A waste audit is a physical analysis of waste composition to provide a detailed understanding of problems, identify potential opportunities, and give you a detailed analysis of your waste composition. It will help to establish a benchmark for improvement, Characterize and quantify waste streams and Identify waste disposal and source reduction opportunities.

Life Cycle Assessment

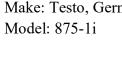
Life-cycle assessment (LCA) is a methodology for analyzing and systematic evaluation of environmental aspects of a product or service system through all stages of its life cycle. We at NCPC, excel at providing LCA services with our knowledgeable experts and the use of the latest LCA software such as SimaPro 9.1.1 and Umberto LCA+.

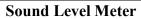
Energy Audits

An Energy Audit attempts to balance the total energy inputs with its use and services to identify all the energy streams in the systems and quantifies the energy usage. The Energy Audit helps in energy cost optimization, pollution control, safety aspects and suggests methods to improve the operation & maintenance practices of the system. There are mainly two types of audits; walkthrough and detail audits. NCPC maintains an instrumental bank for energy management activities and those are mentioned below.

IR Thermal Camera

Make: Testo, Germany





Make: Testo, Germany

Model: 816-1



Power Loggers

Make: DENT, USA

Model: Elite pro XI



Type K Thermometer

Make: Testo, German

Model: 925



Flue Gas Analyzer

Make: KANE, UK

Model: 905



Sound Calibrator

Make: Testo, Germany

Model: Class 2



Chemical Audits

A chemical audit examines the chemical hazards throughout the entire life cycle of chemicals used in the relevant company from the point of purchase to the disposal of the chemical.

Chemical Leasing

Chemical Leasing is a service-oriented business model that shifts the focus from increasing sales volume of chemicals towards a value-added approach. Chemical Leasing strives for a win-win situation. It aims at increasing the efficient use of chemicals while reducing the risks of chemicals and protecting human health. It improves the economic and environmental performance of participating companies and enhances their access to new markets. Key elements of successful Chemical Leasing business models are proper benefit sharing, high quality standards and mutual trust between participating companies.

Chemicals Risk Assessment

A chemical risk assessment involves the identification of chemical hazards in the workplace and recommends controls to reduce exposure and minimize harm to workers. It assesses the transport, storage and handling of hazardous substances so pre-emptive action can be taken to reduce harm.

Safety Audits

A safety audit evaluates overall safety of the organizations and practices within that organization. The experts at NCPC Sri Lanka have the experience to Measure and collect information about the risks and the reliability and effectiveness of already established safety measures. We are also able to provide safety trainings and assist in developing emergency procedures.

Water Audits and flow measurements

Water audits provide a way to inventory all water uses in your facility and identify ways to increase water use efficiency. The results can help you prioritize steps to implement cost-effective water-saving measures in the organization. NCPC possess a portable ultrasonic flow meter which is used to measure water flow in pipelines and for water meter verification.

Ultrasonic portable water flow meter

Make: Krohne, The Netherlands

Model: OPTISONIC 6300P

Water Footprint Assessment

Water Footprint helps to understand how your production and consumption activities/choices are affecting the natural resources. Water Footprint Accounting and Sustainability assessments are carried out by NCPC Sri Lanka for individual products as well as organizations. Further, response strategies that reduce the water footprint and improve its sustainability are developed for implementation.

Management systems

ISO 14001 EMS

ISO 14001 is the international standard that specifies requirements for an effective environmental management system (EMS). It provides a framework that an organization can follow, rather than establishing environmental performance requirements. NCPC Sri Lanka has immense experiences in developing ISO 14001:2015 EMSs for certification under its competent staff.

ISO 50001 EnMS

ISO 50001 allows organizations to integrate energy management into their overall efforts to improve quality and environmental management. NCPC Sri Lanka supports industry/organizations to integrate this system with other existing ISO systems.

Greenhouse Gas Verification

Verification of organization level, project level or product level carbon footprint becomes one of the most important aspects in reporting sustainable business practices. Therefore, NCPC Sri Lanka offers a third-party verification service, which provides an independent and impartial;

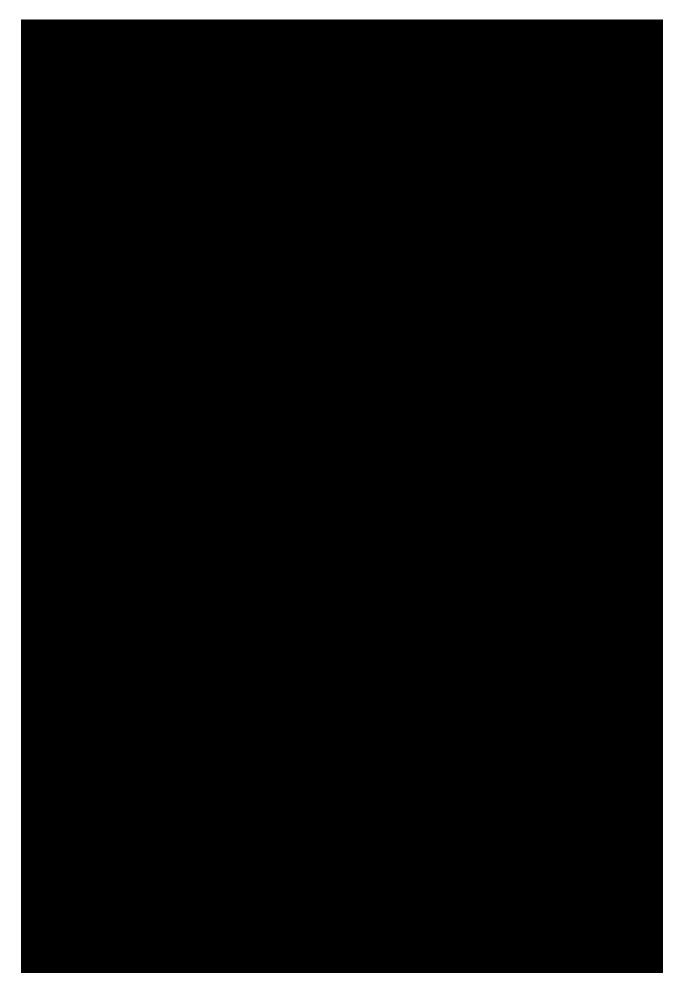
- Organization level of greenhouse gas emission and removals (ISO 14064-1)
- Project level of greenhouse gas emission and removals (ISO 14064-2)
- Carbon Footprint of Products (ISO 14067)

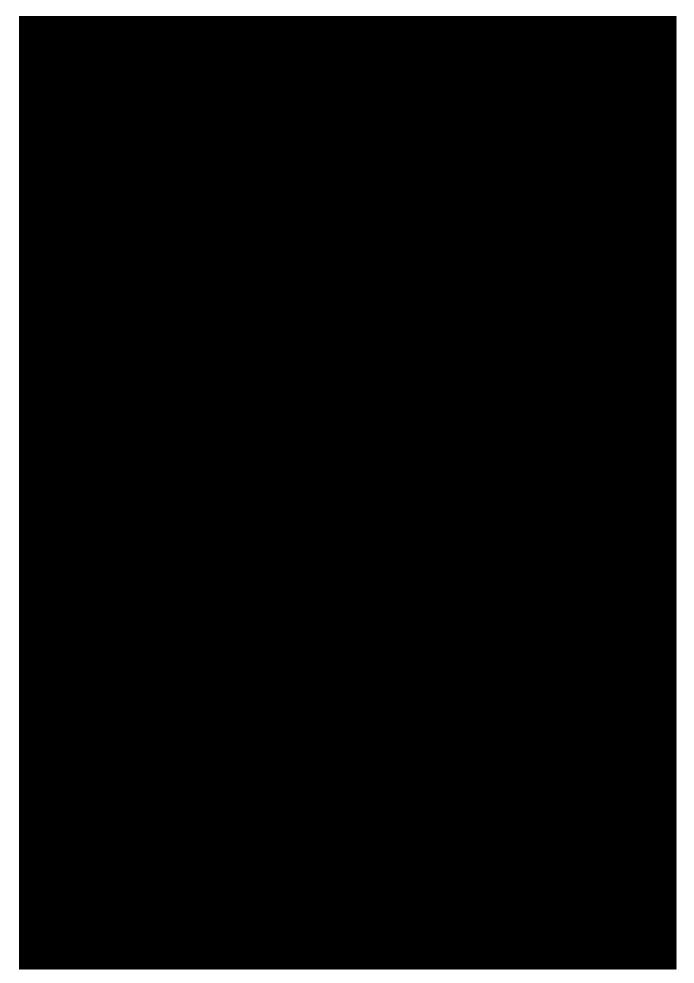
We conduct verification through a targeted sampling of client data and procedures in accordance with the ISO 14064-3:2018 specification with guidance for the verification and validation of greenhouse gas statements.













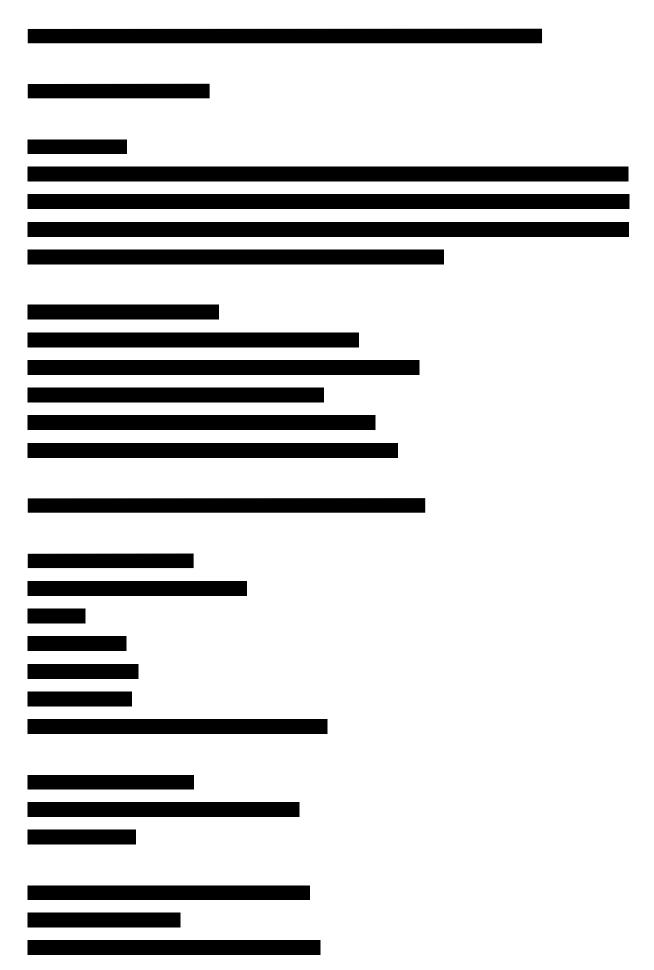


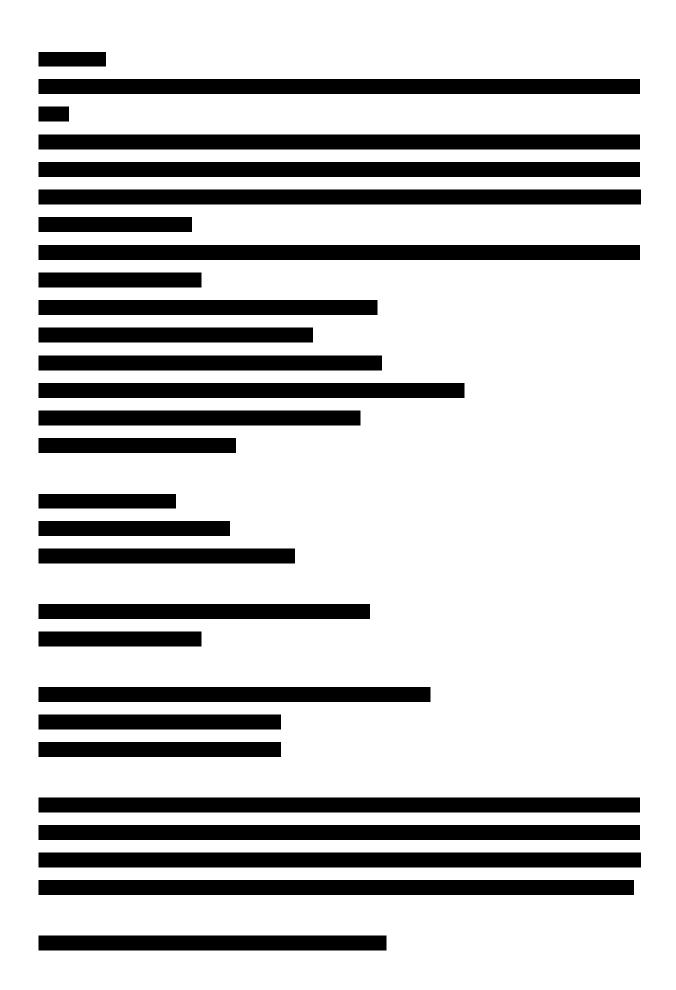
Local and International Projects

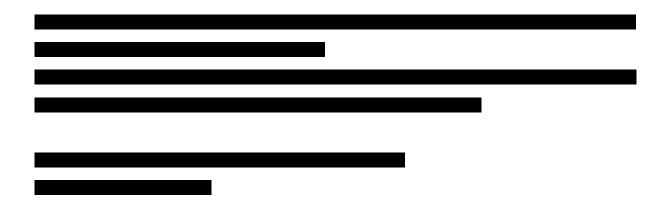
NCPC Sri Lanka has carried out both local and international projects in Sri Lanka to support local industries to establish as sustainable entities
while minimizing the environmental impacts. A summary of the projects undertaken by the center from 2010 is mentioned in the table below.

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Environment Policy



National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka stimulates sustainable development initiatives in industry and businesses through Resource Efficiency and Cleaner Production and offers proactive environmental management tools.

We are committed to the protecting environment, including the prevention of pollution. Our commitment extends to fulfill compliance obligations and consistently enhancing our environmental performance. This dedication stems from both top management and all employees.

We're determined to foster an organizational culture dedicated to achieving our company's environmental objectives. Our aim is to ensure sustainable resource utilization, specifically through the implementation of environmentally superior practices during our work.

Samo

Eng. Samantha Kumarasena
Chief Executive Officer
National Cleaner Production Centre, Sri Lanka
05.01.2023

Time Frame	Activities to be completed	Cost Factors
	Initial planning	Staff/Experts
	Literature survey	Communication
	Obtain expert opinions – Initial Phase	
End of	First draft of audit framework based on literature survey	
November	and the expert opinions	
	Draft questionnaire preparation for the In-person survey	
	Initial sample selection for the In-person survey	
	Initial sample selection for the waste audit	
	Planning - Second Phase	Staff/Experts
	Obtain expert opinions – Second Phase	Translation
	In-person survey questionnaire preparation	Communication
	Address the comments of CEFAS on questionnaire	Stationery
	Translate questionnaire into Sinhala and Tamil languages	Accommodation
	In-person survey sample selection completion	Meals
End of Anvil	Start In-person survey	Transportation
End of April	Waste audit preparation	
	Waste audit sample selection completion	
	Conduct first phase of the waste audit	
	Second draft of audit framework based on In-person	
	questionnaire and the waste audit	
	Address the comments of CEFAS on draft waste audit	
	framework	
	Completion of the In-person survey	Staff/Experts
	Stakeholder event to get comments on waste audit	Event
	framework	Communication
	Completion of the waste audit	Stationery
Mid-October	Analysis of collected data	Accommodation
iviiu-October	Completion of electronic data sheet	Meals
	Completion of waste characterization	Transportation
	Draft report preparation based on the data	
	Address the comments of CEFAS on the report	
	Submission of final report	

Annex 5 – Sustainability

1 Sustainability

- 1.1 The Supplier must comply with the Authority's Sustainability Requirements set out in this Contract. The Supplier must ensure that all Supplier Staff and subcontractors who are involved in the performance of the Contract are aware of these requirements in accordance with clauses 8.1(c) and 13.2.
- 1.2 The Authority requires its suppliers and subcontractors to meet the standards set out in the Supplier Code of Conduct in accordance with clause 13.1(c).
- 1.3 The Supplier must comply with all legislation as per clause 13.1.

2 Human Rights

- 2.1 The Authority is committed to ensuring that workers employed within its supply chains are treated fairly, humanely, and equitably. The Authority requires the Supplier to share this commitment and to take reasonable and use reasonable and proportionate endeavours to identify any areas of risk associated with this Contract to ensure that it is meeting the International Labour Organisation International Labour Standards which can be found online Conventions and Recommendations (ilo.org) and at a minimum comply with the Core Labour Standards, encompassing the right to freedom of association and collective bargaining, prohibition of forced labour, prohibition of discrimination and prohibition of child labour.
- 2.2 The Supplier must ensure that it and its sub-contractors and its [or their] supply chain:
 - 2.2.1 pay staff fair wages and
 - 2.2.2 implement fair shift arrangements, providing sufficient gaps between shifts, adequate rest breaks and reasonable shift length, and other best practices for staff welfare and performance.

3 Equality, Diversity and Inclusion (EDI)

3.1 The Supplier will support the Authority to achieve its <u>Public Sector Equality Duty</u> by complying with the Authority's policies (as amended from time to time) on EDI. This includes ensuring that the Supplier, Supplier Staff, and its subcontractors in the delivery of its obligations under this Contract:

- 3.1.1 do not unlawfully discriminate either directly or indirectly because of race, colour, ethnic or national origin, disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, religion or belief, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership or age and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Supplier shall not unlawfully discriminate within the meaning and scope of the Equality Act 2010;
- 3.1.2 will not discriminate because of socio-economic background, working pattern or having parental or other caring responsibilities;
- 3.1.3 eliminates discrimination, harassment, victimisation, and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Equality Act 2010;
- 3.1.4 advances equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not;
- 3.1.5 foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it;
- 3.1.6 identifies and removes EDI barriers which are relevant and proportionate to the requirement; and
- 3.1.6 shall endeavour to use gender-neutral language when providing the Deliverables and in all communications in relation to the Contract.

4 Environment

- 4.1 The Supplier shall ensure that any Goods or Services are designed, sourced, and delivered in a manner which is environmentally responsible and in compliance with paragraph 1.3 of this Annex;
- 4.2 In performing its obligations under the Contract, the Supplier shall to the reasonable satisfaction of the Authority ensure the reduction of whole life cycle sustainability impacts including;
 - 4.2.1 resilience to climate change;
 - 4.2.2 eliminating and/or reducing embodied carbon;
 - 4.2.3 minimising resource consumption and ensuring resources are used efficiently;
 - 4.2.4 avoidance and reduction of waste following the waste management hierarchy as set out in Law and working towards a circular economy;
 - 4.2.5 reduction of single use consumable items (including packaging), and avoidance of single use plastic in line with Government commitments;

- 4.2.6 environmental protection (including pollution prevention, biosecurity and reducing or eliminating hazardous substances; and
- 4.2.7 compliance with <u>Government Buying Standards</u> applicable to Deliverables and using reasonable endeavours to support the Authority in meeting applicable <u>Greening Government Commitments</u>.

5 Social Value

- 5.1 The Supplier will support the Authority in highlighting opportunities to provide wider social, economic, or environmental benefits to communities though the delivery of the Contract.
- 5.2 The Supplier will ensure that supply chain opportunities are inclusive and accessible to:
 - 5.2.1 new businesses and entrepreneurs;
 - 5.2.2 small and medium enterprises (SMEs);
 - 5.2.3 voluntary, community and social enterprise (VCSE) organisations;
 - 5.2.4 mutuals; and
 - 5.2.5 other underrepresented business groups.

Short Form Terms

1. Definitions used in the Contract

In this Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Authority"	means the authority identified in paragraph 3 of the Order Form;
"Authority Data"	a) the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Authority's confidential information, and which: i) are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority; or ii) the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to the Contract; or b) any Personal Data for which the Authority is the Data Controller;
"Authority Cause"	any breach of the obligations of the Authority or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Authority, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Authority is liable to the Supplier;
"Central Government Body"	for the purposes of this Contract this means a body listed in one of the following sub-categories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics: • Government Department; • Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal); • Non-Ministerial Department; or • Executive Agency;
"Charges"	means the charges for the Deliverables as specified in the Order Form and Annex 3;
"Confidential Information"	means all information, whether written or oral (however recorded), provided by the disclosing Party to the receiving Party and which (i) is known by the receiving Party to be confidential; (ii) is agreed by the Parties to be confidential;

"Contract"	means this contract between (i) the Authority and (ii) the Supplier which is created by the Supplier signing the Order Form and returning it to the Authority.
"Controller"	has the meaning given to it in the "UK GDPR";
"Crown Body"	means any department, office or agency of the Crown, including any and all Local Authority bodies;
"Data Loss Event"	any event that results, or may result, in unauthorised access to Personal Data held by the Supplier under this Contract, and/or actual or potential loss and/or destruction of Personal Data in breach of this Contract, including any Personal Data Breach;
"Data Protection Impact Assessment"	an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged processing on the protection of Personal Data;
"Data Protection Legislation"	(i) the UK GDPR and any applicable national implementing Laws as amended from time to time; (ii) the Data Protection Act 2018 to the extent that it relates to Processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the Processing of personal data and privacy;
"Data Protection Officer"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject"	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
"Data Subject Access Request"	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
"Date of Delivery"	means that date by which the Deliverables must be delivered to the Authority, as specified in the Order Form;
"Deliver"	means handing over the Deliverables to the Authority at the address and on the date specified in the Order Form, which shall include unloading and any other specific arrangements agreed in accordance with Clause 4. Delivered and Delivery shall be construed accordingly;
"Deliverables"	Goods and/or Services that may be ordered under the Contract including the Documentation;

"Documentation"	descriptions of the Services, technical specifications, user manuals, training manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, system environment descriptions and all such other documentation (whether in hardcopy or electronic form) that is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority under the Contract as: a) would reasonably be required by a competent third party capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Authority to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide the Deliverables b) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Deliverables; and/or c) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;
"Existing IPR"	any and all intellectual property rights that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the date of the Contract or otherwise);
"Expiry Date"	means the date for expiry of the Contract as set out in the Order Form;
"FOIA"	means the Freedom of Information Act 2000 together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;
"Force Majeure Event"	any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance by either Party of its obligations under the Contract arising from acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond its reasonable control which prevent or materially delay it from performing its obligations under the Contract but excluding: i) any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier, the Supplier Staff (including any subsets of them) or any other failure in the Supplier or the subcontractor's supply chain; ii) any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause which is attributable to the wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable precautions against it by the Party concerned; and iii) any failure of delay caused by a lack of funds;
"Goods"	means the goods to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority under the Contract;
"Good Industry Practice"	standards, practices, methods and procedures conforming to the law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;
"Information"	has the meaning given under section 84 of the FOIA;

"Information	the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring
Commissioner"	information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by
	public bodies;
"Insolvency Event"	occurs in respect of a legal person (for example an individual, company or organisation): i) if that person is insolvent; ii) if an order is made or a resolution is passed for the winding up of the person (other than voluntarily for the purpose of solvent amalgamation or reconstruction); iii) if an administrator or administrative receiver is appointed in respect of the whole or any part of the persons assets or business; or iv) if the person makes any arrangement with its creditors or takes or suffers any similar or analogous action to any of the actions detailed in this definition as a result of debt in any jurisdiction whether under the Insolvency Act 1986 or otherwise;
"IP Completion Day"	has the meaning given to it in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;
"Key Personnel"	means any persons specified as such in the Order Form or otherwise notified as such by the Authority to the Supplier in writing;
"Law"	means any law, statute, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, right within the meaning of Section 4(1) EU Withdrawal Act 2018 as amended by EU (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgment of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements of any regulatory body with which the Parties are bound to comply;
"New IPR"	all and any intellectual property rights in any materials created or developed by or on behalf of the Supplier pursuant to the Contract but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR;
"Order Form"	means the letter from the Authority to the Supplier printed above these terms and conditions;
"Party"	the Supplier or the Authority (as appropriate) and "Parties" shall mean both of them;
"Personal Data"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR;
"Personal Data Breach"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR;
"Processing"	has the mean given to it in the UK GDPR;
"Processor"	has the meaning given to it in the UK GDPR;
"Purchase Order Number"	means the Authority's unique number relating to the order for Deliverables to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority in accordance with the terms of the Contract;

"Regulations"	the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires) as amended from time to time;
"Request for Information"	has the meaning set out in the FOIA or the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 as relevant (where the meaning set out for the term "request" shall apply);
"Services"	means the services to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority under the Contract;
"Specification"	means the specification for the Deliverables to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority (including as to quantity, description and quality) as specified in Annex 2;
"Staff Vetting Procedures"	means vetting procedures that accord with good industry practice or, where applicable, the Authority's procedures for the vetting of personnel as provided to the Supplier from time to time;
"Start Date"	Means the start date of the Contract set out in the Order Form;
"Subprocessor"	any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of the Supplier related to the Contract;
"Supplier Staff"	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract;
"Supplier"	means the person named as Supplier in the Order Form;
"Sustainability Requirements"	means any relevant social or environmental strategies, policies, commitments, targets, plans or requirements that apply to and are set out in the Annex 5;
Tender Submission	means the Supplier's response to the invitation to the bidder pack (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any clarification provided by the Supplier).
"Term"	means the period from the Start Date to the Expiry Date as such period may be extended in accordance with the Order Form or terminated in accordance with Clause 11;
"UK GDPR"	means Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) (United Kingdom General Data Protection Regulation), as it forms part of the law of England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland by virtue of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (and see section 205(4);

"VAT"	means value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;
"Workers"	any one of the Supplier Staff which the Authority, in its reasonable opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policynote-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees) applies in respect of the Deliverables;
"Working Day"	means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business in the City of London.

2. Understanding the Contract

In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 2.1 references to numbered clauses are references to the relevant clause in these terms and conditions and references to numbered paragraphs are references to the paragraph in the relevant Annex;
- 2.2 any obligation on any Party not to do or omit to do anything shall include an obligation not to allow that thing to be done or omitted to be done;
- 2.3 the headings in this Contract are for information only and do not affect the interpretation of the Contract;
- 2.4 references to "writing" include printing, display on a screen and electronic transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form;
- 2.5 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- 2.6 a reference to any law includes a reference to that law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time and to any legislation or byelaw made under that law:
- 2.7 any reference in this Contract which immediately before the IP Completion Day (or such later date when relevant EU law ceases to have effect pursuant to Section 1A of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) is a reference to (as it has effect from time to
 - i. any EU regulation, EU decision, EU tertiary legislation or provision of the European Economic Area ("**EEA**") agreement ("EU References") which is to form part of domestic law by application of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 and which shall be read on and after IP Completion Day as a reference to the EU References as they form part of domestic law by virtue of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as modified by domestic law from time to time; and

- ii. any EU institution or EU authority or other such EU body shall be read on and after the date of exit from the EU as a reference to the UK institution, authority or body to which its functions were transferred.
- 2.8 the word 'including', "for example" and similar words shall be understood as if they were immediately followed by the words "without limitation";
- 2.9 a person includes a natural person, corporate or unincorporated body (whether or not having separate legal personality);
- 2.10 any Annexes form part of this Contract and shall have effect as if set out in full in the body of this Contract. Any reference to this Contract includes the Annexes; and
- 2.11 all undefined words and expressions are to be given their normal English meaning within the context of this Contract. Any dispute as to the interpretation of such undefined words and expressions shall be settled by reference to the definition in the Shorter Oxford English Dictionary.

3. How the Contract works

- 3.1 The Order Form is an offer by the Authority to purchase the Deliverables subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract.
- 3.2 The Supplier is deemed to accept the offer in the Order Form when the Authority receives a copy of the Order Form signed by the Supplier.
- 3.3 The Supplier warrants and represents that its Tender Submission and all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.

4. What needs to be delivered

4.1 All Deliverables

- (a) The Supplier must provide Deliverables: (i) in accordance with the Specification and Tender Submission; (ii) to a professional standard; (iii) using all reasonable skill and care; (iv) using Good Industry Practice; (v) using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they don't conflict with the Contract; (vi) in accordance with such policies and procedures of the Authority (as amended from time to time) that may be specified in the Contract (vii) on the dates agreed; and (viii) in compliance with all applicable Law.
- (b) Without prejudice to the Specification the Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days (or longer where the Supplier offers a longer warranty period to the Authority) from Delivery against all obvious damage or defects.

4.2 Goods clauses

- (a) All Goods Delivered must be capable of meeting the requirements set out in the Specification and be either (i) new and of recent origin, (ii) reused or (iii) recycled.
- (b) All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods will be assigned to the Authority on request and for free.
- (c) The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on completion of Delivery (including off-loading and stacking) or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier
- (d) Risk in the Goods transfers to the Authority on Delivery but remains with the Supplier if the Authority notices any damage or defect following Delivery and lets the Supplier know within three Working Days of Delivery.
- (e) The Supplier must have full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.
- (f) The Supplier must Deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location during the Authority's working hours.
- (g) The Supplier, its subcontractor(s) and supply chain must minimise packaging used whilst providing sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of Delivery safely and undamaged. The Supplier must take back any primary packaging where it is possible to do so. Packaging must be 100% re-usable, recyclable or compostable, use recycled content where reasonably practicable and support the Government's commitment to eliminate single use plastic.
- (h) All Deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type, quantity of Goods, contact and details of traceability through the supply chain.
- (i) The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Authority needs to make use of the Goods. This will include, where appropriate, any operation manuals which, unless specified otherwise, will be written in English and provided in electronic form.
- (j) The Supplier will notify the Authority of any request that Goods are returned to it or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects that might endanger health or hinder performance and shall indemnify the Authority against the costs arising as a result of any such request. Goods must be disposed of in line with the waste management hierarchy as set out in Law. The Supplier will provide evidence and transparency of the items and routes used for disposal to the Authority on request.
- (k) The Authority can cancel any order or part order of Goods which have not been Delivered. If the Authority gives less than 14 calendar days' notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the

cancelled order as long as the Supplier takes all reasonable steps to minimise these costs.

- (I) The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Authority's option and request) any Goods that the Authority rejects because they don't conform with clause 4.2. If the Supplier doesn't do this it will pay the Authority's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.
- (m) The Authority will not be liable for any actions, claims, costs and expenses incurred by the Supplier or any third party during Delivery of the Goods unless and to the extent that it is caused by negligence or other wrongful act of the Authority or its servant or agent. If the Authority suffers or incurs any damage or injury (whether fatal or otherwise) occurring in the course of Delivery or installation then the Supplier shall indemnify from all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) which arise as a result of or in connection with such damage or injury where it is attributable to any act or omission of the Supplier or, where related to the Contract, any of its subcontractors or suppliers.

4.3 Services clauses

- (a) Late delivery of the Services will be a breach of the Contract.
- (b) The Supplier must co-operate with the Authority and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions including any security requirements.
- (c) The Authority must provide the Supplier Staff with reasonable access to its premises at such reasonable times agreed with the Authority for the purpose of supplying the Services.
- (d) The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all equipment required to deliver the Services. Any equipment provided by the Authority to the Supplier for supplying the Services remains the property of the Authority and is to be returned to the Authority on expiry or termination of the Contract.
- (e) The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to the Contract.
- (f) The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Authority's operations, employees or other contractors.
- (g) On completion of the Services, the Supplier is responsible for leaving the Authority's premises in a clean, safe and tidy condition and making good any damage that it has caused to the Authority's premises or property, other than fair wear and tear and any pre-existing cleanliness, safety or tidiness issue at the Authority's premises that existed before the commencement of the Term.

- (h) The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to deliver the Services, are of the required quality and free from damage or defects.
- (i) The Authority is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services or for Services which are not delivered in accordance with the Contract but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

5. Pricing and payments

5.1 In exchange for the Deliverables delivered, the Supplier shall be entitled to invoice the Authority for the charges in Annex 3. The Supplier shall raise invoices promptly and in any event within 90 days from when the charges are due.

5.2 All Charges:

- (a) exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice and charged at the prevailing rate;
- (b) include all costs connected with the supply of Deliverables.
- 5.3 The Authority must pay the Supplier the charges within 30 days of receipt by the Authority of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds to the Supplier's account stated in the Order Form.
- 5.4 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
 - (a) includes all appropriate references including the Purchase Order Number and other details reasonably requested by the Authority as set out in Annex 3; and
 - (b) includes a detailed breakdown of Deliverables which have been delivered (if any).

Details of the Authority's requirements for a valid invoice at the Start Date are set out in Annex 3.

- 5.5 If there is a dispute between the Parties as to the amount invoiced, the Authority shall pay the undisputed amount. The Supplier shall not suspend the provision of the Deliverables unless the Supplier is entitled to terminate the Contract for a failure to pay undisputed sums in accordance with clause 11.6. Any disputed amounts shall be resolved through the dispute resolution procedure detailed in clause 35.
- 5.6 If any sum of money is recoverable from or payable by the Supplier under the Contract (including any sum which the Supplier is liable to pay to the Authority in respect of any breach of the Contract), that sum may be deducted unilaterally by the Authority from any sum then due, or which may become due, to the Supplier under the Contract or under any other agreement or contract with the Authority. The Supplier shall not be entitled to assert any credit, set-off or counterclaim against the Authority in order to justify withholding payment of any such amount in whole or in part.

5.7 The Supplier must ensure that its subcontractors and supply chain are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this doesn't happen, the Authority can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.

6. The Authority's obligations to the Supplier

- 6.1 If the Supplier fails to comply with the Contract as a result of an Authority Cause:
 - (a) the Authority cannot terminate the Contract under clause 11 on account of the failure to comply, provided this will not prejudice the Authority's right to terminate for another cause that may exist at the same time;
 - (b) the Supplier will be relieved from liability for the performance of its obligations under the Contract to the extent that it is prevented from performing them by the Authority Cause and will be entitled to such reasonable and proven additional expenses that arise as a direct result of the Authority Cause;
 - (c) the Supplier is entitled to any additional time needed to deliver the Deliverables as a direct result of the Authority's Cause;
 - (d) the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables.
- 6.2 Clause 6.1 only applies if the Supplier:
 - (a) gives notice to the Authority within 10 Working Days of becoming aware of an Authority Cause, such notice setting out in detail with supporting evidence the known reasons for the Authority Cause;
 - (b) demonstrates that the failure only happened because of the Authority Cause;
 - (c) has used all reasonable endeavours to mitigate the impact of the Authority Cause.

7. Record keeping and reporting

- 7.1 The Supplier must ensure that suitably qualified (and authorised) representatives attend progress meetings with the Authority and provide progress reports when specified in Annex 2.
- 7.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts on everything to do with the Contract for seven years after the date of expiry or termination of the Contract.
- 7.3 The Supplier must allow any auditor appointed by the Authority access to their premises to verify all contract accounts and records of everything to do with the Contract and provide copies for the audit.
- 7.4 The Supplier must provide information to the auditor and reasonable co-operation at their request.

- 7.5 If the Supplier is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:
 - (a) tell the Authority and give reasons;
 - (b) propose corrective action;
 - (c) agree a deadline with the Authority for completing the corrective action.
- 7.6 If the Authority, acting reasonably, is concerned either:
 - (a) as to the financial stability of the Supplier such that it may impact on the continued performance of the Contract; or
 - (b) as to the sustainability or health and safety conduct of the Supplier, subcontractors and supply chain in the performance of the Contract;

then the Authority may:

- (i) require that the Supplier provide to the Authority (for its approval) a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure continued performance of the Contract (in the case of (a)) or improve its sustainability conduct or performance (in the case of (b)) and the Supplier will make changes to such plan as reasonably required by the Authority and once it is agreed then the Supplier shall act in accordance with such plan and report to the Authority on demand
- (ii) if the Supplier fails to provide a plan or fails to agree any changes which are requested by the Authority or materially fails to implement or provide updates on progress with the plan, terminate the Contract immediately for material breach (or on such date as the Authority notifies).

8. Supplier staff

- 8.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of the Contract must:
 - a) be appropriately trained and qualified;
 - b) be vetted using Good Industry Practice and in accordance with the instructions issued by the Authority in the Order Form;
 - c) comply with the Authority's conduct requirements when on the Authority's premises including, without limitation, those Sustainability Requirements relating to Equality, Diversity & Inclusion (EDI) contained in Annex 5; and
 - d) be informed about those specific requirements referred to in Clause 13.2.
- 8.2 Where an Authority decides one of the Supplier's Staff isn't suitable to work on the Contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.

- 8.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions have caused the Supplier to breach clause 8.
- 8.4 The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Authority's premises and say why access is required.
- 8.5 The Supplier indemnifies the Authority against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) arising from claims brought against it by any Supplier Staff caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any other Supplier Staff.
- 8.6 The Supplier shall use those persons nominated in the Order Form (if any) to provide the Deliverables and shall not remove or replace any of them unless:
 - (a) requested to do so by the Authority;
 - (b) the person concerned resigns, retires or dies or is on maternity, adoption, shared parental leave or long-term sick leave; or
 - (c) the person's employment or contractual arrangement with the Supplier or any subcontractor is terminated.

9. Rights and protection

- 9.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:
 - (a) it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform the Contract;
 - (b) the Contract is executed by its authorised representative;
 - (c) it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed;
 - (d) there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its affiliates that might affect its ability to perform the Contract;
 - (e) it maintains all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents to perform its obligations under the Contract;
 - (f) it doesn't have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform the Contract; and
 - (g) it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event.
- 9.2 The warranties and representations in clause 9.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.
- 9.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Authority against each of the following:

- (a) wilful misconduct of the Supplier, any of its subcontractor and/or Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract;
- (b) non-payment by the Supplier of any tax or National Insurance.
- 9.4 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify the Authority.
- 9.5 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Authority's benefit by the Supplier.

10. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)

- 10.1 Each Party keeps ownership of its own Existing IPRs. The Supplier gives the Authority a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free, irrevocable, transferable worldwide licence to use, change and sub-license the Supplier's Existing IPR to enable it and its sub-licensees to both:
 - (a) receive and use the Deliverables;
 - (b) use the New IPR.
- 10.2 Any New IPR created under the Contract is owned by the Authority. The Authority gives the Supplier a licence to use any Existing IPRs for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations under the Contract and a perpetual, royalty-free, non-exclusive licence to use any New IPRs.
- 10.3 Where a Party acquires ownership of intellectual property rights incorrectly under this Contract it must do everything reasonably necessary to complete a transfer assigning them in writing to the other Party on request and at its own cost.
- 10.4 Neither Party has the right to use the other Party's intellectual property rights, including any use of the other Party's names, logos or trademarks, except as provided in clause 10 or otherwise agreed in writing.
- 10.5 If any claim is made against the Authority for actual or alleged infringement of a third party's intellectual property arising out of, or in connection with, the supply or use of the Deliverables (an "IPR Claim"), then the Supplier indemnifies the Authority against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result of the IPR Claim.
- 10.6 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Authority's sole option, either:
 - (a) obtain for the Authority the rights in clauses 10.1 and 10.2 without infringing any third party intellectual property rights;
 - (b) replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that don't infringe intellectual property rights without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables.

11. Ending the contract

- 11.1 The Contract takes effect on the date of or (if different) the date specified in the Order Form and ends on the earlier of the date of expiry or termination of the Contract or earlier if required by Law.
- 11.2 The Authority can extend the Contract where set out in the Order Form in accordance with the terms in the Order Form.

Ending the Contract without a reason

11.3 The Authority has the right to terminate the Contract at any time without reason or liability by giving the Supplier not less than 30 days' written notice and if the Contract is terminated, clause 11.5(b) to 11.5(g) applies.

When the Authority can end the Contract

- 11.4 (a) If any of the following events happen, the Authority has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a termination notice in writing to the Supplier:
 - (i) there is a Supplier Insolvency Event;
 - (ii) if the Supplier repeatedly breaches the Contract in a way to reasonably justify in the Authority's opinion that the Supplier's conduct is inconsistent with it having the intention or ability to give effect to the terms and conditions of the Contract;
 - (iii) if the Supplier is in material breach of any obligation which is capable of remedy, and that breach is not remedied within 30 days of the Supplier receiving notice specifying the breach and requiring it to be remedied. Where a material breach is not capable of remedy, the Authority has the right to immediately terminate the Contract;
 - (iv) there is a change of control (within the meaning of section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of the Supplier which isn't pre-approved by the Authority in writing;
 - (v) if the Authority discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded;
 - (vi) the Supplier or its affiliates embarrass or bring the Authority into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them;
 - (vii) where a right to terminate described in clause 27 occurs;
 - (viii) the Supplier is in breach of any of its health, safety and well-being obligations under clause 28.1(a); and

- (ix) where, in accordance with clause 33.3, there is or may be an actual or potential conflict of interest.
- (b) If any of the events in 73(1) (a) to (c) of the Regulations (substantial modification, exclusion of the Supplier, procurement infringement) happen, the Authority has the right to immediately terminate the Contract and clause 11.5(a) to 11.5(g) applies.

11.5 What happens if the Contract ends

Where the Authority terminates the Contract under clause 11.4 all of the following apply:

- (a) the Supplier is responsible for the Authority's reasonable costs of procuring replacement deliverables for the rest of the Term;
- (b) the Authority's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately;
- (c) accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected;
- (d) the Supplier must promptly delete or return the Authority Data except where required to retain copies by law;
- (e) the Supplier must promptly return any of the Authority's property provided under the Contract;
- (f) the Supplier must, at no cost to the Authority, give all reasonable assistance to the Authority and any incoming supplier and co-operate fully in the handover and re-procurement;
- (g) the following clauses survive the termination of the Contract: 3.3, 7,2, 7.3, 7.4, 9, 10, 12,13.3, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 32, 35, 36 and any clauses or provisions within the Order Form or the Annexes which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.

11.6 When the Supplier can end the Contract

- (a) The Supplier can issue a reminder notice if the Authority does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate the Contract if the Authority fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the total Contract value or £1,000, whichever is the lower, within 30 days of the date of the reminder notice.
- (b) If a Supplier terminates the Contract under clause 11.6(a):
 - (i) the Authority must promptly pay all outstanding charges incurred to the Supplier;

- (ii) the Authority must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and costed schedule with satisfactory evidence the maximum value of this payment is limited to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated:
- (iii) clauses 11.5(d) to 11.5(g) apply.

11.7 Partially ending and suspending the Contract

- (a) Where the Authority has the right to terminate the Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Authority suspends the Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.
- (b) The Authority can only partially terminate or suspend the Contract if the remaining parts of it can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.
- (c) The Parties must agree (in accordance with clause 25) any necessary variation required by clause 11.7, but the Supplier may neither:
 - (i) reject the variation; nor
 - (ii) increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under clause 11.3.
- (d) The Authority can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under clause 11.7.

12. How much you can be held responsible for

- 12.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability under or in connection with the Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than 10 (ten) times the value of the Charges unless specified in the Order Form.
- 12.2 No Party is liable to the other for:
 - (a) any indirect losses;
 - (b) loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect).
- 12.3 In spite of clause 12.1, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:
 - (a) its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or subcontractors;
 - (b) its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees;
 - (c) any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by law.

- 12.4 In spite of clause 12.1, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under clauses 4.2(j), 4.2(m), 8.5, 9.3, 10.5, 13.3, 15.28(e) or 31.2(b).
- 12.5 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with the Contract, including where the loss or damage is covered by any indemnity.
- 12.6 If more than one Supplier is party to the Contract, each Supplier Party is fully responsible for both their own liabilities and the liabilities of the other Suppliers.

13. Obeying the law

- 13.1 The Supplier must, in connection with provision of the Deliverables:
 - (a) comply with all applicable Law;
 - (b) comply with the Sustainability Requirements
 - (c) use reasonable endeavours to comply and procure that its subcontractors comply with the Supplier Code of Conduct appearing at:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier_Code_of_Conduct.pdf

- 13.2 The Sustainability Requirements and the requirements set out in Clause 27, 28 and 30 must be explained to the Supplier's Staff, subcontractors and suppliers who are involved in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under the Contract and where it is relevant to their role and equivalent obligations must be included in any contract with any suppliers or subcontractor that is connected to the Contract.
- 13.3 The Supplier indemnifies the Authority against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) resulting from any default by the Supplier relating to any applicable Law to do with the Contract.
- 13.4 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with the Law and its obligations under the Contract.
- 13.5 "Compliance Officer" the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal and other obligations under the Contract.
- 13.6 The Supplier will provide such evidence of compliance with its obligations under this Clause 13 as the Authority reasonably requests.

14. Insurance

14.1 The Supplier must, at its own cost, obtain and maintain the required insurances as set out in the Order Form.

14.2 The Supplier will provide evidence of the required insurances on request from the Authority.

15. Data protection

- 15.1 The Authority is the Controller and the Supplier is the Processor for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation.
- 15.2 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with this Contract.
- 15.3 The Supplier shall take all reasonable measures relating to the security of processing which are required pursuant to Article 32 of the UK GDPR including, without limitation, those security measures specified in this clause 15.
- 15.4 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Authority Data.
- 15.5 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Authority Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Authority copies every six Months.
- 15.6 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Authority Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the security requirements specified in writing by the Authority.
- 15.7 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Authority Data provided under the Contract is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must notify the Authority and immediately suggest remedial action.
- 15.8 If the Authority Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Authority may either or both:
 - (a) tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Authority Data as soon as practical but no later than five Working Days from the date that the Authority receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier;
 - (b) restore the Authority Data itself or using a third party.
- 15.9 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with clause 15.8 unless the Authority is at fault.
- 15.10 Only the Authority can decide what processing of Personal Data a Supplier can do under the Contract and must specify it for the Contract using the template in Annex 1 of the Order Form (*Authorised Processing*).
- 15.11 The Supplier must only process Personal Data if authorised to do so in the Annex to the Order Form (*Authorised Processing*) by the Authority. Any further written

instructions relating to the processing of Personal Data are incorporated into Annex 1 of the Order Form.

- 15.12 The Supplier must give all reasonable assistance to the Authority in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment before starting any processing, including:
 - (a) a systematic description of the expected processing and its purpose;
 - (b) the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations;
 - (c) the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects;
 - (d) the intended measures to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to protect Personal Data.
- 15.13 The Supplier must notify the Authority immediately if it thinks the Authority's instructions breach the Data Protection Legislation.
- 15.14 The Supplier must put in place appropriate Protective Measures to protect against a Data Loss Event which must be approved by the Authority.
- 15.15 If lawful to notify the Authority, the Supplier must notify it if the Supplier is required to process Personal Data by Law promptly and before processing it.
- 15.16 The Supplier must take all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Supplier Staff who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:
 - (a) are aware of and comply with the Supplier's duties under this clause 15;
 - (b) are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Supplier or any Subprocessor;
 - (c) are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not provide any of the Personal Data to any third party unless directed in writing to do so by the Authority or as otherwise allowed by the Contract;
 - (d) have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data.
- 15.17 The Supplier must not transfer Personal Data outside of the EU unless all of the following are true:
 - (a) it has obtained prior written consent of the Authority;
 - (b) the Authority has decided that there are appropriate safeguards (in accordance with Article 46 of the UK GDPR);
 - (c) the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies when transferred:

- (d) the Supplier meets its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred:
- (e) where the Supplier is not bound by Data Protection Legislation it must use its best endeavours to help the Authority meet its own obligations under Data Protection Legislation; and
- (f) the Supplier complies with the Authority's reasonable prior instructions about the processing of the Personal Data.
- 15.18 The Supplier must notify the Authority immediately if it:
 - (a) receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);
 - (b) receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;
 - (c) receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;
 - (d) receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data processed under this Contract:
 - (e) receives a request from any third party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with the request is required or claims to be required by Law;
 - (f) becomes aware of a Data Loss Event.
- 15.19 Any requirement to notify under clause 15.17 includes the provision of further information to the Authority in stages as details become available.
- 15.20The Supplier must promptly provide the Authority with full assistance in relation to any Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under clause 15.17. This includes giving the Authority:
 - (a) full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;
 - (b) reasonably requested assistance so that it can comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales in the Data Protection Legislation;
 - (c) any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject on request;
 - (d) assistance that it requests following any Data Loss Event;
 - (e) assistance that it requests relating to a consultation with, or request from, the Information Commissioner's Office.

- 15.21 The Supplier must maintain full, accurate records and information to show it complies with this clause 15. This requirement does not apply where the Supplier employs fewer than 250 staff, unless either the Authority determines that the processing:
 - (a) is not occasional;
 - (b) includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the UK GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the UK GDPR;
 - (c) is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.
- 15.22 The Supplier will make available to the Authority all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with clause 15 and allow for and contribute to audits, including inspections, conducted by the Authority or another auditor appointed by the Authority.
- 15.23 The Supplier must appoint a Data Protection Officer responsible for observing its obligations in this Contract and give the Authority their contact details.
- 15.24 Before allowing any Subprocessor to process any Personal Data, the Supplier must:
 - (a) notify the Authority in writing of the intended Subprocessor and processing;
 - (b) obtain the written consent of the Authority;
 - (c) enter into a written contract with the Subprocessor so that this clause 15 applies to the Subprocessor;
 - (d) provide the Authority with any information about the Subprocessor that the Authority reasonably requires.
- 15.25 The Supplier remains fully liable for all acts or omissions of any Subprocessor.
- 15.26 At any time the Authority can, with 30 Working Days' notice to the Supplier, change this clause 15 to:
 - (a) replace it with any applicable standard clauses (between the controller and processor) or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme under UK GDPR Article 42;
 - (b) ensure it complies with guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 15.27 The Parties agree to take account of any non-mandatory guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.
- 15.28 The Supplier:

- (a) must provide the Authority with all Authority Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request;
- (b) must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Authority Data if the Supplier stops trading;
- (c) must securely destroy all storage media that has held Authority Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice;
- (d) must securely erase or return all Authority Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by the Authority unless required by Law to retain it;
- (e) indemnifies the Authority against any and all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred if the Supplier breaches clause 15 and any Data Protection Legislation.

16. What you must keep confidential

16.1 Each Party must:

- (a) keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure;
- (b) not disclose, use or exploit the disclosing Party's Confidential Information without the disclosing Party's prior written consent, except for the purposes anticipated under the Contract;
- (c) immediately notify the disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information.
- 16.2 In spite of clause 16.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the disclosing Party in any of the following instances:
 - (a) where disclosure is required by applicable law, permitted in respect of an audit pursuant to clause 7.3, or by a court with the relevant jurisdiction if the recipient Party notifies the disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure;
 - (b) if the recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the disclosing Party;
 - (c) if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality;
 - (d) if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure;
 - (e) if the information was independently developed without access to the disclosing Party's Confidential Information;
 - (f) to its auditors or for the purposes of regulatory requirements:

- (g) on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis;
- (h) to the Serious Fraud Office where the recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010.
- 16.3 The Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Authority at its request.
- 16.4 The Authority may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:
 - (a) on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Authority;
 - (b) on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any organisation that the Authority transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to;
 - (c) if the Authority (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions;
 - (d) where requested by Parliament; and/or
 - (e) under clauses 5.7 and 17.
- 16.5 For the purposes of clauses 16.2 to 16.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in clause 16.
- 16.6 Information which is exempt from disclosure by clause 17 is not Confidential Information.
- 16.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contract or any part of it in any way, without the prior written consent of the Authority and must take all reasonable steps to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.
- 16.8 Where essential to comply with or carry out their statutory functions the Authority may disclose Confidential Information.

17. When you can share information

- 17.1 The Supplier must tell the Authority within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.
- 17.2 Within the required timescales the Supplier must give the Authority full cooperation and information needed so the Authority can:
 - (a) comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request;

- (b) comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request.
- 17.3 The Authority may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under clause 17. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Authority's decision, which does not need to be reasonable.

18. Invalid parts of the contract

If any part of the Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from that Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it's valid or enforceable.

19. No other terms apply

The provisions expressly incorporated into the Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements and agreements whether written or oral. No other provisions apply.

20. Other people's rights in a contract

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

21. Circumstances beyond your control

- 21.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under the Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:
 - (a) provides written notice to the other Party;
 - (b) uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event.
- 21.2 Either party can partially or fully terminate the Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event and the impact of such event lasts for 90 days continuously.
- 21.3 Where a Party terminates under clause 21.2:
 - (a) each party must cover its own losses;
 - (b) clause 11.5(b) to 11.5(g) applies.

22. Relationships created by the contract

The Contract does not create a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

23. Giving up contract rights

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of the Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

24. Transferring responsibilities

- 24.1 The Supplier cannot assign the Contract, or any rights under it, without the Authority's written consent.
- 24.2 The Authority can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Crown Body, any contracting authority within the meaning of the Regulations or any private sector body which performs the functions of the Authority.
- 24.3 When the Authority uses its rights under clause 24.2 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that the Authority specifies.
- 24.4 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.
- 24.5 If the Authority asks the Supplier for details about its subcontractors and/or supply chain, the Supplier must provide such details as the Authority reasonably requests including, without limitation:
 - (a) their name;
 - (b) the scope of their appointment; and
 - (c) the duration of their appointment.

25. Changing the contract

25.1 Either Party can request a variation to the Contract which is only effective if agreed in writing and signed by both Parties. No oral modifications to the Contract shall be effective. The Authority is not required to accept a variation request made by the Supplier.

26. How to communicate about the contract

- 26.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they're delivered before 5:00pm on a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective when sent unless an error message is received.
- 26.2 Notices to the Authority or Supplier must be sent to their address in the Order Form.

26.3 This clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.

27. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption

27.1 The Supplier shall not:

- (a) commit any criminal offence referred to in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2);
- (b) offer, give, or agree to give anything, to any person (whether working for or engaged by the Authority or any other public body) an inducement or reward for doing, refraining from doing, or for having done or refrained from doing, any act in relation to the obtaining or execution of the Contract or any other public function or for showing or refraining from showing favour or disfavour to any person in relation to the Contract or any other public function.
- 27.2 The Supplier shall take all reasonable steps (including creating, maintaining and enforcing adequate policies, procedures and records), in accordance with good industry practice, to prevent any matters referred to in clause 27.1 and any fraud by the Supplier, Supplier Staff (including its shareholders, members and directors), any subcontractor and the Supplier's supply chain in connection with the Contract. The Supplier shall notify the Authority immediately if it has reason to suspect that any such matters have occurred or is occurring or is likely to occur.
- 27.3 If the Supplier or the Supplier Staff engages in conduct prohibited by clause 27.1 or commits fraud in relation to the Contract or any other contract with the Crown (including the Authority) the Authority may:
 - (a) terminate the Contract and recover from the Supplier the amount of any loss suffered by the Authority resulting from the termination, including the cost reasonably incurred by the Authority of making other arrangements for the supply of the Deliverables and any additional expenditure incurred by the Authority throughout the remainder of the Contract; or
 - (b) recover in full from the Supplier any other loss sustained by the Authority in consequence of any breach of this clause.

28. Health, safety and wellbeing

- 28.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:
 - (a) all applicable Law regarding health and safety;
 - (b) the Authority's current health and safety policy and procedures while at the Authority's premises, as provided to the Supplier.
 - (c) the Authority's current wellbeing policy or requirements while at the Authority's premises as provided to the Supplier.

- 28.2 The Supplier and the Authority must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents, near misses or material hazards they're aware of at the Authority premises that relate to the performance of the Contract.
- 28.3 Where the Services are to be performed on the Authority's premises, the Authority and Supplier will undertake a joint risk assessment with any actions being appropriate, recorded and monitored.
- 28.4 The Supplier must ensure their health and safety policy statement and management arrangements are kept up to date and made available to the Authority on request.
- 28.5 The Supplier shall not assign any role to the Authority under the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 (as amended) (the 'CDM Regulations') without the Authority's prior express written consent (which may be granted or withheld at the Authority's absolute discretion). For the avoidance of doubt so far as the Authority may fall within the role of client as defined by the CDM Regulations in accordance with CDM Regulation 4(8) the parties agree that the Supplier will be the client.

29. Business Continuity

- 29.1 The Supplier will have a current business continuity plan, which has assessed the risks to its business site/s and activities both directly and with regards to reliance on the supply chain and will set out the contingency measures in place to mitigate them and adapt. As part of this assessment, the Supplier will take into account the business continuity plans of the supply chain. The Supplier's business continuity plan must include (where relevant), an assessment of impacts relating to extreme weather, a changing average climate and/or resource scarcity.
- 29.2 The Supplier's business continuity plan will be reviewed by the Supplier at regular intervals and after any disruption. The Supplier will make the plan available to the Authority on request and comply with reasonable requests by the Authority for information.

30. Whistleblowing

30.1 The Authority's whistleblowing helpline must be made available to the Supplier and Supplier Staff, subcontractors and key suppliers in the supply chain in order to report any concerns.

30.2. The Supplier agrees:

(a) to insert the following wording into their whistleblowing policy and communicate to all staff:

"If you feel unable to raise your concern internally and it relates to work being carried out for which the ultimate beneficiary (through a contractual chain or otherwise) is Defra group, please email CMBOffice@cefas.co.uk."

(b) to ensure that their Sub-contractors have free access to the Authority's whistleblowing policy.

31. Tax

- 31.1 The Supplier must not breach any tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. The Authority cannot terminate the Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor tax or social security contribution.
- 31.2 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under this Contract, the Supplier must both:
 - (a) comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions;
 - (b) indemnify the Authority against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Term in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff.
- 31.3 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:
 - (a) the Authority may, at any time during the term of the Contract, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with clause 31.2, or why those requirements do not apply, the Authority can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding;
 - (b) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Authority's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Authority within the time specified by the Authority;
 - (c) the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Authority's request if the Worker provides information which the Authority considers isn't good enough to demonstrate how it complies with clause 31.2 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements;
 - (d) the Authority may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management.

32. Publicity

- 32.1 The Supplier and any subcontractor shall not make any press announcements or publicise this Contract or its contents in any way; without the prior written consent of the Authority.
- 32.2 Each Party acknowledges to the other that nothing in this Contract either expressly or by implication constitutes an endorsement of any products or services of the other Party and each Party agrees not to conduct itself in such a way as to imply or express any such approval or endorsement.

33. Conflict of interest

- 33.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual or potential conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to the Authority under the Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Authority.
- 33.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to the Authority if a conflict of interest happens or is expected to happen.
- 33.3 The Authority can terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier or take any steps it thinks are necessary where there is or may be an actual or potential conflict of interest.

34. Reporting a breach of the contract

- 34.1 As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to the Authority any actual or suspected breach of Law or breach of its obligations under the Contract.
- 34.2 Where an actual or suspected breach is notified to the Authority under clause 34.1, the Supplier will take such action to remedy any breach as the Authority may reasonably require. Where the breach is material, the Authority has the right to terminate under clause 11.4.
- 34.3 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in clause 34.1.

35. Resolving disputes

- 35.1 If there is a dispute between the Parties, their senior representatives who have authority to settle the dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the dispute.
- 35.2 If the dispute is not resolved at that meeting, the Parties can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure current at the time of the dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the dispute, the dispute must be resolved using clauses 35.3 to 35.5.

35.3 Unless the Authority refers the dispute to arbitration using clause 35.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:

- (a) determine the dispute;
- (b) grant interim remedies;
- (c) grant any other provisional or protective relief.
- 35.4 The Supplier agrees that the Authority has the exclusive right to refer any dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules current at the time of the dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.
- 35.5 The Authority has the right to refer a dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under clause 35.3, unless the Authority has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under clause 35.4.
- 35.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of the Contract during any dispute.
- 35.7 The provisions of this clause 35 are without prejudice to the Authority's right to terminate or suspend the Contract under clause 11.

36. Which law applies

- 36.1 This Contract and any issues arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.
- 36.2 The courts of England and Wales shall have jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim (whether contractual or non-contractual) that arises out of or in connection with the Contract or its subject matter or formation.