EXTENDED PHASE ONE HABITAT SURVEY OF LAND AT KERRIER WAY, CAMBORNE, CORNWALL

July 2023



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EXTENDED PHASE ONE HABITAT SURVEY OF LAND AT KERRIER WAY, CAMBORNE, CORNWALL

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21 st July 2023
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1 hour
Extended Phase 1 Habitat survey
Caroline Lynam BSc (Hons) MSc
24 th July 2023
ExPh1_Kerrier way Camborne_F1X
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Date:

31st August 2023

1. SUMMARY

Spalding Associates (Environmental) Ltd were instructed to carry out an Extended Phase 1 Habitat survey on land at Kerrier Way, Camborne, Cornwall. The proposal is to develop the site for a community green space. The survey focused on the area within the proposed development boundary.

This site is approximately 6,125 m² in size. The proposed site is composed of three field separated by Kerrier Way. Habitats on site comprise semi-improved grassland, introduced shrub and scrub. The fields are located in a residential area with gardens backing onto the Field A. Sections of the fields have a wooden fence boundary. The fields are open access to the public and have been left relatively unmanaged. Within 1km in every direction is surrounding farmland.

Site Designations – The proposed site does not lie within a designated or non-designated conservation site.

Habitats – No habitats of European Community interest as defined within the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (as amended) are present within this site.

Nesting birds- It is likely that bird species nest on site within the Cornish hedgebanks and trees. Any activities that are likely to disturb these potential bird nesting habitats should be completed in the period between September to February, outside the accepted bird nesting season. If this is not practicable, activities should be preceded by a thorough inspection for nesting birds by a suitably qualified person. If nesting birds are discovered activities should be halted until nested chicks have fledged.

Bats – There are no trees or buildings at the site with potential to be used by roosting bats. The introduced shrub on site have some limited potential to be used for foraging and commuting by more light tolerant species of bat such as Common Pipistrelle. The site is subject to light-spill and there are a very low number of records for bats within 1km of the site. Therefore, no further surveys are recommended at this time; however, to reduce the local impacts lighting should be kept to a minimum, down-facing on short timers and within the boundaries of the site.

Badger – There was no evidence of Badger activity during the walk-through survey. There were no sett entrances present. If a large mammal burrow were to be found on site during initial clearance work should stop immediately in the area and a suitably qualified ecologist or Natural England contacted for advice.

Reptiles – The grassland and fringes of the site adjacent to the scrub and introduced shrubs have some potential to support native widespread reptile species including Slow Worm *Anguis fragilis* and Common Lizard *Zootoca vivipara*. However, due to the site having poor connectivity to the wider landscape and the low number of reptile records, the site is thought unlikely to support large or locally important populations of reptiles and works can therefore continue with negligible risk to these species.

Invasive non-native species- No species under Schedule 9 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) were noted during this survey.

Further Survey Work: Providing the recommendations here are adhered to no further survey work is required at this time.

Maintaining and enhancing the biodiversity value of the site

New nesting provisions for birds could be provided by incorporating prefabricated nest boxes into the new development and erecting nest boxes onto trees and scrub at the boundaries for cavity nesting birds.

Creating wildlife areas adjacent to the site boundaries with reptiles and Hedgehog in mind could also be considered.

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. Background

Spalding Associates (Environmental) Ltd were instructed to carry out an Extended Phase 1 Habitat survey on land at Kerrier Way, Camborne, Cornwall. The proposal is to develop the site for a community green space. The survey focused on the area within the proposed development boundary.

2.2. Survey aims

The purpose of this report is to:

- describe the habitats of the site using standard habitat classification methods.
- identify the nature conservation value of the habitats.
- locate, or identify signs of, protected or priority species.
- identify any issues that require further survey at suitable times of the year.
- make further recommendations.

2.3. Methods

2.3.1. Field methods

A thorough walk-over survey was undertaken on 21st July 2023. The habitats were classified and mapped using the standard Phase 1 Habitat survey methodology (JNCC, 2003). The site was examined for species and habitats of nature conservation importance. A list of vascular plants found during the survey is included in Appendix 1. Vascular plant species were identified according to Stace, 1997.

2.3.2. Desktop methods

Biological records of statutory and non-statutory nature conservation sites and species of conservation concern were searched for in an area extending 1000 metres from the site by the Environmental Records Centre for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly, Appendix 3.

The results of the desktop search are summarised in section 3.4. The results of the search have been assessed for their relevance to the nature conservation interest of the proposed development site and the key conclusions have been incorporated into this report.

2.4. Assessment

Habitats and species located during the field survey have been assessed for their nature conservation and biodiversity significance according to present standard criteria (listed in Appendix 2); the criteria consist of international, national and local designations and include statutory legislation and non-statutory designations.

2.5. Limitations

At the time of the survey some species may not have been evident or identifiable and could have been overlooked.

2.6. The report and map

The results of the field survey are provided in this report. The "survey area" consists of the proposed development site (see Map 1). Reference is also made to the landscape immediately surrounding the development site where issues of nature conservation importance are deemed relevant.

The habitats of the study area are described in detail and a map is provided showing the location of the habitats and key site features. The biodiversity of the site and the features of nature conservation importance are then assessed against standard criteria, the potential for impacts from the proposed plans (as provided) are identified and outline recommendations for mitigation and enhancement are included.



3. SURVEY RESULTS

3.1. Description of habitats

3.1.1. Overview

The survey area is located in the centre of Camborne. The three fields are separated by Kerrier Way. The fields are located in a residential area with gardens backing onto the Field A. Sections of the fields have a wooden fence boundary. The fields are open access to the public and have been left relatively unmanaged. There are also two broad-leaved trees on the site. Within 1km in every direction is surrounding farmland.

A full list of the plant species recorded in each habitat can be found in Appendix 1.

3.1.2. Semi-improved grassland

The majority of the site is an un-managed semi-improved grassland. The verges of the grassland were mown. However, the remaining grassland had a sward height of 1m. Both fields have a similar species composition. The main grass species present included Cock's Foot *Dactylis glomerata*, Red Fescue *Festuca rubra* and Yorkshire Fog *Holcus lanatus*. Other species present included Ragwort *Senecio jacobaea*, Wild Carrot *Daucus carota agg.*, Ribwort Plantain *Plantago lanceolata*, Creeping Cinquefoil *Potentilla reptans* and White Clover *Trifolium repens*.

3.1.3. Introduced shrub

There is a line of introduced shrub that runs the length of Field B separating it into two. This line of introduced shrub forms the southern boundary of field B. Field A is separated from Field B by a line of introduced shrub. The northern and eastern boundaries of Field A back onto residential housing and are lined with introduced shrub.

The most abundant species include Buddleia *Buddleia davidii* and Willow *Salix sp.* Other species include European Gorse *Ulex europaeus*, Laurustinus *Viburnum tinus*, Red-tip Photinia *Photinia x fraseri* and Hedge Veronica *Hebe sp.*

3.1.4. Dense and scattered scrub

To the north of Field B there is an area of dense scrub composed of Buddleia and Bramble *Rubus fruticosus*. To the south and east of Field C there are areas of dense European Gorse scrub. To the west of Field C there is an area of scattered scrub containing a mixture of Bramble and Gorse.

3.1.5 Hardstanding

To the south of Field B there is an area of hardstanding of bare concrete ground. All sides bordering Field C are paved footpaths. The western and southern boundaries of Field B are also paved footpath.













3.2. Protected, rare, scarce and other notable species of plant and animal at the site

3.2.1. Plants

No protected, rare or scarce plant species were recorded during the survey, although some species may not have been evident or identifiable at the time of survey and could have been overlooked.

3.2.2. Fauna

Bats

The introduced shrub on site has some limited potential to be used for foraging and commuting by more light-tolerant species of bat. There are no buildings present on site which have the potential to support roosting bats. No trees were noted within site with the potential to support roosting bats.

Badger

No setts were found during the survey and no other evidence of Badger activity such as latrine sites, foot prints or foraging activity. Due to the site being along a main road and surrounded by residential areas the connectivity to the surrounding environment is restricted.

Nesting birds

This site has potential for nesting birds to be within the dense scrub and introduced shrub. It is likely that birds will use these habitats for nesting during the breeding season (March to August).

Reptiles

The semi-improved grassland and fringes of the site adjacent to scrub and introduced shrub have some limited potential to support native widespread reptile species including Slow Worm *Anguis fragilis* and Common Lizard *Zootoca vivipara*. However, due to the sites location and restricted connectivity to the surrounding landscape the number of reptiles using the site may be limited.

Hedgehogs and other small mammals

This site has some limited potential habitat available for foraging Western European Hedgehog *Erinaceus europaeus* and other small mammals.

3.3. Invasive Non-native species

No species under Schedule 9 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) were noted during this survey.

3.4. Results of desktop survey

Bats

Within 1000 metres of the site there are 10 records for 6 species of bats and a further 5 records which do not specify the species between 1986 and 2018. There are 3 records for Common Pipistrelle *Pipistrellus pipistrellus* bats from 2015- 2018. There are 3 records for Soprano Pipistrelle *Pipistrellus pygmaeus* bats from 2013-2015, 1 record of Brown Long-eared Bat *Plecotus auratus* from 1999, 1 record of Lesser Horseshoe Bat *Rhinolophus hipposiderous* from 1999, 1 record of Natterer's Bat *Myotis nattereri* from 1986 and 1 record of Whiskered Bat *Myotis nystacinus* from 2013.

Badger

Within 1000 metres of the site there are 12 records for Badger *Meles meles* 1992-2015. There are no records of any setts.

Reptiles

Within 1000 metres of the site boundary there are 6 records of three species. There are 2 records for Slow-worm *Anguis fragilis* from 1961 and 1998. There are 3 records for Common Lizard *Zootoca vivipara* from 1960-1994 and 1 record for Adder *Vipera berus* from 1994.

Hedgehog

There are 37 records for Hedgehog within 1000 metres of the site between 1977 and 2021.

3.5. Designated sites

Designated sites

The surveyed area does not lie within a designated or non-designated conservation site although there is one Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) within 1000 metres of the site.

4. ASSESSMENT OF THE NATURE CONSERVATION VALUE OF THE SITE

4.1. Rationale

This section assesses the value of the site based on the information obtained during the field survey. The assessment is in terms of presence of or potential to support protected, rare or scarce habitats and species, general biodiversity value and ecological function in the wider landscape.

The criteria that are used in assessing species and habitat importance consist of international, national and local designations; they include statutory legislation and non-statutory designations (as listed in Appendix 2).

4.2. Site designations

The proposed site does not lie within a designated or non-designated conservation site.

4.2.1. Statutory Conservation Sites within surrounding landscape

Within 1000 metres of the proposal site lies the following statutory conservation sites.

4.2.1.1. West Cornwall Bryophytes Site of Special Scientific Interest

Part of this SSSI is located approximately 875m South of the survey site. The SSSI is designated for the site's population of rare and scarce bryophytes adapted to growing on copper-rich substrates. The site is composed of seven areas of formerly mined land.

4.2.2. Non-designated Conservation Sites within 1000m of the site

There are no non-designated conservation sites within 1000 metres of the proposal site.

4.3. Important habitat features of the study area

No habitats of European Community interest as defined within the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 (as amended) are present within this site.

4.4. The presence of protected and priority species

4.4.1. Nesting birds

Section 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) prohibits the intentional killing, injuring or taking of any wild bird and the taking, damaging or destroying of the nest (whilst being built or in use) or eggs. Nests may be lawfully destroyed when not in use, i.e. outside the nesting season (September to February). The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (The CRoW Act) Schedule 12 adds the words "or recklessly" after the word "intentional" for a range of wildlife species including nesting birds listed in Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), thus providing fuller protection than previously granted. In addition, Schedule 1 birds and their young must not be disturbed whilst at, on or near an active nest.

The dense scrub and introduced shrub within this site have potential to be used by nesting birds.

4.4.2. Bats

The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 protects bats and their roosts in England, Scotland and Wales. Some parts have been amended by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CRoW) which applies only in England and Wales. The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2010 implements the Council Directive on the Conservation of Natural Habitats and of Wild Fauna and Flora. All bats are listed as European protected species of animals. It is illegal to intentionally kill, injure or capture bats or to deliberately disturb them. It is also illegal to damage, destroy, or obstruct access to bat roosts.

The introduced shrub on site has some limited potential to be used by foraging and commuting bats although connectivity to the wider landscape is limited. No trees were noted within site with the potential to support roosting bats.

4.4.3. Badger

Badgers are legally protected under the Protection of Badgers Act 1992 which makes it a criminal offence to intentionally or recklessly interfere with a sett including damaging or destroying a sett, obstructing the entrances to a sett or disturbing a Badger within its sett. A Badger sett is defined as 'any structure or place which displays signs indicating current use by a Badger'.

There was no Badger activity recorded during the survey and there were no setts present.

4.4.4. Reptiles

In the UK all six native species of reptile receive legal protection. The four widespread species are listed under Schedule 5 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) in respect of Section 9(5) and part of Section 9 (1). Under this Act individual animals are protected from intentional killing or injury and also from sale or attempted sale. All native reptiles are species of Principal Importance and Priority Biodiversity Action Plan Species (UK BAP, 2007) so the presence of these species on site would be a material consideration for planning purposes.

The semi-improved grassland and fringes of the site adjacent to scrub and introduced shrub have some limited potential to support native widespread reptile species including Slow Worm *Anguis fragilis* and Common Lizard *Zootoca vivipara*. However, due to the sites location and restricted connectivity to the surrounding landscape the number of reptiles using the site may be limited.

4.4.5. Hedgehog

Hedgehog, which is a BAP Priority Species, has been recorded within 1000 metres of the site; there is some potential foraging habitat in the grassland.

4.5. Landscape context

The site is located within the town of Camborne along Kerrier Way and surrounded by residential housing. Figure 1 shows that the site is not within an existing Nature Network.



Figure 1. The existing Nature Network areas surround the site at 2 Strawberry Lane, Hayle. Credit: Lagas Nature Network Maps, 2023 <u>www.lagas.co.uk/app/product/nature-network</u> (Accessed 24/07/2023)

4.6. Nightscape

The site is located in the centre of Camborne, a town of high light emissions. Figure 2 shows the light emission levels of the area surrounding the site.



Figure 2. Light emissions around the site. High emissions (red), low emissions (blue). Credit: Lagas Light Maps, 2023 https://lagas.co.uk/app/product/light-maps (Accessed 24/07/2023)

5. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

5.1. Compliance with legislation

5.1.1. Nesting birds

It is likely that bird species nest on site within the dense scrub and trees. Any activities that are likely to disturb these potential bird nesting habitats should be completed in the period between September to February, outside the accepted bird nesting season. If this is not practicable, activities should be preceded by a thorough inspection for nesting birds by a suitably qualified person. If nesting birds are discovered activities should be halted until nested chicks have fledged.

5.1.2. Bats

This site has limited potential to be occasionally used by foraging and commuting bats. The site is located in a lit residential area. This coupled with the low number of records for bats within 1000 metres of the site, suggests that the site is unlikely to be significantly important to the local population of bats using the area. Therefore, no further surveys are recommended at this time; however, to reduce the local impacts lighting should be kept to a minimum, downfacing on short timers and within the boundaries of the site.

5.1.3. Badger

There was no evidence of Badger activity noted during the walk-over survey. There were no sett entrances present. Badger are a mobile species. If a large mammal burrow were to be found on site during initial clearance work should stop immediately in the area and a suitably qualified ecologist or Natural England contacted for advice.

Additionally, as a precaution, it is recommended that the following measures are taken in the construction phase:

• at the end of each working day any excavations deeper than 0.5 metres must have a means of escape for any animals which may fall in, such as a shallow, 45-degree slope or ramp at one end.

• No materials which could cause entanglement (such as rolls of wire fencing) to be left out overnight.

5.1.4. Reptiles

There is limited potential for reptiles to be using this site due to landscape connectivity being limited. Furthermore, there are very low numbers of records for reptiles within 1000 metres of the site. The site is thought unlikely to support large or locally important populations of reptiles and works can therefore continue with negligible risk to these species.

5.2. Further Survey Work

Providing the recommendations here are adhered to no further survey work is required at this time.

5.3. Maintaining and enhancing the biodiversity value of the site

New nesting provisions for birds could be provided by incorporating prefabricated nest boxes into the new development and erecting nest boxes onto trees and scrub at the boundaries for cavity nesting birds.

Creating wildlife areas adjacent to the site boundaries with reptiles and Hedgehog in mind could also be considered.

References

Bat Conservation Trust, 2015. Bat Survey Good Practice Guidelines, Third Edition.

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JNCC, 2003. *Handbook for Phase 1 habitat survey – a technique for environmental audit.* Revised reprint 2003. Nature Conservancy Council, Peterborough.

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UK BAP, 2007. UK Biodiversity Action Plan: Species and Habitat Review, 2007 List of Priority Species and Habitats <u>www.ukbap.org.uk</u>

APPENDIX 1

Vascular plants recorded at Land at Kerrier way, Camborne, Cornwall July 2023

A = Abundant C = Common F = Frequent O = Occasional R = Rare (L*) = Indicates Local Abundance

Semi-improved grassland		
Scientific name	Common name	Abundance
Arrhenatherum elatius agg.	False Oat-grass	F
Dactylis glomerata	Cock's-foot	А
Daucus carota agg.	Wild Carrot	R
Festuca rubra	Red Fescue	F
Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire-fog	F
Plantago lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain	С
Potentilla reptans	Creeping Cinquefoil	С
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	R
Taraxacum officinale agg.	Dandelion	R
Trifolium repens	White Clover	R
Carex sp.	a sedge	R
Rumex sp	a Dock	R
Senecio jacobaea	Ragwort	R
Cirsium arvense	Creeping Thistle	R
Hypericum androsaemum	Tutsan	R
Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	R
Bellis perennis	Daisy	R

Introduced shrub		
Scientific name	Common name	Abundance
Photinia x fraseri	Red-tip Photinia	F
Viburnum tinus	Laurustinus	С
Ulex europaeus	European Gorse	С
Buddleia davidii	Buddleia	С
Salix sp.	A Willow	F
Hebe sp	Hedge Veronica	С
Viburnum tinus Ulex europaeus Buddleia davidii Salix sp.	Laurustinus European Gorse Buddleia A Willow	C C C F

Dense scrub		
Scientific name	Common name	Abundance
Ulex europaeus	European Gorse	А
Rubus fruticosus agg.	Bramble	А

APPENDIX 2

Sources for criteria for assessment of nature conservation importance

Habitats and species located during the field and desk surveys have been assessed for their significance according to the following sources:

International

European Habitats and Species Directive (CEC, 1992) European Red Data lists (IUCN, 2000) European Birds Directive (CEC, 1979) Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC)

National

Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations (2010) and amendment (2012) Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 and amendments Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 Protection of Badgers Act 1992 The Hedgerow Regulations 1997 UK Biodiversity Steering Group reports (UKBSG, 1995 and updates) UK Biodiversity Action Plan: Species and Habitat Review, 2007 British Red Data Books and Lists (various authorities) Birds of Conservation Concern 4; the population status of birds in the United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man (fourth, 2009, review) (Eaton et al, 2015) Guidelines for Selection of Biological SSSIs (NCC, 1989 and updates) Water Framework (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2003 (the Water Framework Regulations)

County and local significance

Cornwall Biodiversity Initiative Reports 1 - 4 (CBI, 2009, 2011) Red Data Book for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly (CISFBR, 2009) Flora of Cornwall (French, Murphy and Atkinson, 1999)

References and bibliography for criteria

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UKBSG (UK Biodiversity Steering Group), 1995. Biodiversity: The UK Steering Group Report, 1995. Volume 2: Action Plans. HMSO.

UKBG (UK Biodiversity Steering Group) 1995. Biodiversity: The UK Group Tranche 2 Action Plans, volumes 1 – 6. English Nature, Peterborough.

UK Biodiversity Action Plan; Priority Habitat Descriptions. BRIG (ed. Ant Maddock) 2008. (Updated Dec. 2011)

UK Biodiversity Action Plan (UK BAP) http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-5155

Extended Phase One Habitat Survey of Land at Kerrier Way, Camborne, Cornwall July 2023

APPENDIX 3

Terms of desktop search and map showing area and location of designated conservation sites in the vicinity



ERCCIS Data Search SUMMARY REPORT



Report on data hosted at ERCCIS on species, habitats, statutory and non-statutory designations

Reference: Kerrier way

Location: 50.21559 / -5.29034

Buffer: 1 KILOMETRES

Date of Publication: 19/07/2023

Expires:

19/07/2024

Organisation:

Spalding Associates



Recording | Mapping | Informing



ERCCIS Data Search Disclaimer:

Please note that Biological Records within this report have been provided by third parties including other users of the ERCCIS site and whilst ERCCIS aims to verify these Biological Records where possible, certain information and materials will not have been verified or approved by ERCCIS and should therefore not be relied on. ERCCIS cannot guarantee that the Biological Records are complete and/or accurate, that the species detailed in the Biological Records continue to be present in the area recorded or that the lack of a species being present in a Biological Record correlates with there being a low biodiversity value or absence of the species in the EDS geographical area. For further details please see our Terms of Use and Order Terms which apply to the provision of this information.

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Report Details



Report for: Caroline Lynam Organisation: Spalding Associates Date: 19/07/2023

The following report summarises data currently held at the Environmental Record Centre for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly (ERCCIS) and found within the search radius. This report summarises a search of statutory sites, non-statutory sites, other sites, habitats and species within the specified area of study.

The species data held by ERCCIS are collated from the biological recording community in Cornwall and Scilly, from statutory bodies, non-government organisations and local groups, ecological consultant report outputs as well as ad hoc records from a wider audience. However, there are areas of Cornwall where the records held are limited: either spatially, temporally, or taxonomically. It must be assumed that this report contains the definitive species and habitat information for the site concerned. ERCCIS continually strives to further improve and update all data wherever possible. However, this report should be treated as indicative of the best available data, rather than definitive.

The report is for the client's use to inform understanding of the site of interest. This report must not be distributed or published for an external or public audience, with the only exception being part of wider reports for the Cornwall Council on-line planning system. Data from within this report may be referenced as long as the Environmental Records for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly is acknowledged.

A data search from ERCCIS will give the user a clear indication of what biological recording has taken place. The information provided with decision making of future management or purposing of the site, but should be used in conjunction with site visits and appropriate surveys before further judgements on the presence or absence of key species or habitats can be made.

The Environmental Records Centre for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly must be acknowledged whenever data is cited from this report.



ERCCIS Data Search Report





Statutory sites are those given level protection aimed at preventing activities that may damage features of interest. Further details can be found in the ERCCIS report summary .pdf or from Natural England and The National Association for Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty.

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Site Type	Site Code	Site Name	More Information
SSSI	1007092	West Cornwall Bryophytes	https://www.orks.org.uk/sites/d efault/files/EDS_Links/SSSIs/We st%20Cornwall%20Bryophytes%2 0SSSI.pdf





Statutory Sites Map



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Location	Site Code	Site Type	Site Name	Colour
1	1007092	SSSI	West Cornwall Bryophytes	

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Non-statutory sites are sites that have wildlife or habitat interest, but lack a legal protection. These sites form part of the natural environments wider ecological network

The report summarises all County Wildlife & Geology Sites which are sites recognised for wildlife or geological value and the Local Sites partnership in Cornwall is coordinated by Cornwall Wildlife Trust. It also includes summaries of the Road Side Verge Inventory; Voluntary Marine Conservation Area; Ancient Woodland; The Reserves of Cornwall Wildlife Trust; National Trust; Woodland Trust and the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (RSPB).

Further details can be found in the ERCCIS report summary .pdf, but for specific information on a site listed below you might need to contact the relevant organisation.

Site Type	Site Code	Site Name	More Information
CRVI Bio	BS 317	n/a	NR plants
TPO Site	K14/061	26 Basset Road	https://www.cornwall.gov.uk/pla nning-and-building- control/planning-advice-and- guidance/trees/#TPOs
TPO Site	K14/088	Penvu	https://www.cornwall.gov.uk/pla nning-and-building- control/planning-advice-and- guidance/trees/#TPOs
TPO Site	W6/10/12	Trevu	https://www.cornwall.gov.uk/pla nning-and-building- control/planning-advice-and- guidance/trees/#TPOs



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Non-Statutory Sites & Reserves Map



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Location	Site Code	Site Type	Site Name	Colour
1	BS 317	CRVI Bio	n/a	
2	K14/061	TPO Site	26 Basset Road	
3	K14/088	TPO Site	Penvu	
4	W6/10/12	TPO Site	Trevu	

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The Environmental Records Centre for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly provide three summaries of the habitat in your search area.

First is the Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) habitat map. BAP Habitats are now called priority habitats and are those identified as being the most threatened and requiring conservation action in Cornwall. However it should be noted that absence of information doesn't mean that the Priority habitat isn't present.

The report also summarises the ERCCIS land cover interpretation and Phase One interpretation which represents the most up - to - date habitat data held by ERCCIS.Further details and be found in the ERCCIS report summary.pdf.

Habitat TypeHabitat CodeHabitat NameSite Area (ha)
--

Habitat Type	Habitat Code	Habitat Name	Site Area (ha)
Land Cover	n/a	Acid Grassland	2.49
Land Cover	n/a	Arable and Horticultural	2.97
Land Cover	n/a	Boundary and Linear Features	1.04
Land Cover	n/a	Bracken	0.98
Land Cover	n/a	Broadleaved, Mixed and Yew Woodland	17.99
Land Cover	n/a	Built-up Areas and Gardens	701.45
Land Cover	n/a	Coniferous Woodland	1.11
Land Cover	n/a	Dwarf Shrub Heath	0.24
Land Cover	n/a	Improved Grassland	1,699.98
Land Cover	n/a	Neutral Grassland	3.93

Habitat Type	Habitat Code	Habitat Name	Site Area (ha)
Phase One	Arable	J1	2.97
Phase One	Bracken	C1	0.98
Phase One	Broadleaved woodland	A1.1	10.24
Phase One	Broadleaved woodland / Conifer	A1.3	0.51
Phase One	Built environment	J2	0.59
Phase One	Built environment	J3	912.07



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Phase One	Coniferous woodland	A1.2	1.11
Phase One	Dry dwarf shrub heath - acid	D1.1	0.24
Phase One	Improved grassland	B4	10,114.16
Phase One	Scrub	A2	7.69
Phase One	Unimproved grassland / Bracken (possibly)	B1	2.49
Phase One	Unimproved grassland / Bracken (possibly)	B2	3.93

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Priority Habitat Map



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Habitat Name

Colour





Phase One Interpretation Map



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Habitat Code	Colour
J1	
C1	
A1.1	
A1.3	
J2	
J3	
A1.2	
D1.1	

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ERCCIS Land Cover Habitat Interpretation Map



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Habitat Name	Colour
Acid Grassland	
Arable and Horticultural	
Boundary and Linear Features	
Bracken	
Broadleaved, Mixed and Yew Woodland	
Built-up Areas and Gardens	
Coniferous Woodland	
Dwarf Shrub Heath	





Inproved Grassiand
Neutral Grassland





Summary Species Table

The Environmental Records for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly holds biological records on the following species within or overlapping the search area.

Please note that past records of presence of a species does not guarantee continued occurrence and absence of records does not imply absence of a species, merely that no records are held. Confidential data, zero abundance records, data at poorly defined geographic resolutions and data pending validation and/or verification are also excluded from this report.

Details on abundance can be seen in your excel dataset, but please note that where 'Present' appears in abundance column, no single numerical figure for abundance was provided with the record.

Eurasian beavers are now present within the wider Tamar catchment. They are highly mobile animals and may be exploring or inhabit any of the waterbodies within it, including small streams, ditches and areas of standing water. In August 2021, the government announced their intention to make Eurasian beavers a European Protected Species, and this is likely to come into force in 2022.

Abbreviation designation	As list on one or more of the following;
Protected	Bern Convention; Bonn Convention; EC Birds Directive; Convention on Migratory Species; CITES; Habitat Directive; OSPAR; Protection of Badgers Act; Wildlife and Countryside Act; NERC s41
Priority	National Red data list; BAP Species; Nationally Rare/Scarce
Local Priority	Cornwall Red Data Book
Non-Native	As listed on the ERCCIS interpretated INNS list

Confidential records

Certain records are marked as confidential by the original recorder and ERCCIS respects the original recorders wishes.

Sensitive Records

Certain records are marked as sensitive by the original recorder and ERCCIS respects the original recorders wishes.



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Protected and designated species records table

This table summarises records from 1960 onwards. The sighting numbers are total number of records in period, not the number of indiviuals

Details on abundance can be seen in your Excel dataset, but please note that where 'Present' appears in abundance column, no single numerical figure for abundance was provided with the record

Amphibian				
Bufo bufo	Common Toad	6	1960 - 1992	Protected, Priority
Lissotriton helveticus	Palmate Newt	1	1994 - 1994	Protected
Rana temporaria	Common Frog	6	1987 - 2018	Protected
Bird				
Acanthis cabaret	Lesser Redpoll	1	1967 - 1967	Priority, Local Priority
Accipiter nisus	Sparrowhawk	1	2014 - 2014	Protected, Priority
Alauda arvensis	Skylark	3	1963 - 2017	Protected, Priority
Anthus pratensis	Meadow Pipit	2	1986 - 2022	Protected, Priority
Apus apus	Swift	28	1970 - 2021	Priority
Aythya marila	Scaup	1	2010 - 2010	Protected, Priority
Bombycilla garrulus	Waxwing	4	1965 - 2017	Protected
Branta canadensis	Canada Goose	2	2003 - 2021	Protected, Non-Native
Burhinus oedicnemus	Stone-curlew	1	2007 - 2007	Protected, Priority
Buteo buteo	Buzzard	4	1986 - 2018	Protected
Calcarius lapponicus	Lapland Bunting	5	2017 - 2017	Protected, Priority
Carduelis carduelis	Goldfinch	12	2004 - 2010	Protected
Chloris chloris	Greenfinch	17	1986 - 2009	Protected, Priority
Chroicocephalus ridibundus	Black-headed Gull	1	1986 - 1986	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Coloeus monedula	Jackdaw	11	1986 - 2020	Protected
Columba livia	Rock Dove	5	2009 - 2019	Protected
Columba oenas	Stock Dove	3	1963 - 2006	Protected, Priority
Columba palumbus	Woodpigeon	15	1986 - 2020	Protected, Priority
Corvus corone	Carrion Crow	2	2009 - 2009	Protected
Corvus frugilegus	Rook	5	1986 - 2019	Protected, Priority

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Cuculus canorus	Cuckoo	3	1986 - 1999	Priority
Curruca communis	Whitethroat	1	1984 - 1984	Priority
Cyanistes caeruleus	Blue Tit	30	1965 - 2009	Protected
Delichon urbicum	House Martin	1	2010 - 2010	Protected, Priority
Dendrocopos major	Great Spotted Woodpecker	1	2016 - 2016	Protected
Erithacus rubecula	Robin	36	1986 - 2019	Protected
Falco columbarius	Merlin	3	1997 - 2000	Protected, Priority
Falco peregrinus	Peregrine	4	1977 - 2016	Protected, Local Priority
Falco subbuteo	Hobby	1	1990 - 1990	Protected, Local Priority
Falco tinnunculus	Kestrel	1	1993 - 1993	Protected, Priority
Fringilla montifringilla	Brambling	4	1961 - 2016	Protected
Gallinago gallinago	Snipe	1	2014 - 2014	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Garrulus glandarius	Jay	2	2004 - 2018	Protected
Hirundo rustica	Swallow	2	1986 - 2012	Protected
Jynx torquilla	Wryneck	1	2013 - 2013	Protected, Priority
Lanius collurio	Red-backed Shrike	1	1983 - 1983	Protected, Priority
Lanius senator	Woodchat Shrike	2	2015 - 2015	Protected
Larus argentatus	Herring Gull	4	2006 - 2019	Protected, Priority
Larus canus	Common Gull	1	2009 - 2009	Protected, Priority
Larus fuscus	Lesser Black-backed Gull	1	2016 - 2016	Protected, Priority
Larus glaucoides	Iceland Gull	2	2007 - 2017	Protected, Priority
Locustella naevia	Grasshopper Warbler	2	2003 - 2004	Priority
Milvus milvus	Red Kite	5	2003 - 2016	Protected, Local Priority
Motacilla alba	Pied Wagtail	3	2009 - 2009	Protected
Motacilla cinerea	Grey Wagtail	2	2009 - 2009	Protected, Priority
Parus major	Great Tit	18	1986 - 2019	Protected
Passer domesticus	House Sparrow	35	1986 - 2022	Priority
Periparus ater	Coal Tit	8	2004 - 2009	Protected
Pernis apivorus	Honey-buzzard	1	2004 - 2004	Protected, Priority
Phalaropus fulicarius	Grey Phalarope	1	2005 - 2005	Protected

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Phasianus colchicus	Pheasant	1	1989 - 1989	Protected
Phoenicurus ochruros	Black Redstart	8	1968 - 2020	Protected, Priority
Phylloscopus inornatus	Yellow-browed Warbler	5	2004 - 2009	Priority
Phylloscopus trochilus	Willow Warbler	3	2006 - 2022	Priority
Pica pica	Magpie	22	1986 - 2022	Protected
Poecile palustris	Marsh Tit	1	2009 - 2009	Protected, Priority
Prunella modularis	Dunnock	25	1986 - 2020	Protected, Priority
Psittacula krameri	Ring-necked Parakeet	1	2016 - 2016	Protected, Non-Native
Pyrrhula pyrrhula	Bullfinch	4	2004 - 2018	Priority
Rallus aquaticus	Water Rail	1	2016 - 2016	Protected, Local Priority
Regulus regulus	Goldcrest	3	2001 - 2004	Protected
Saxicola rubicola	Stonechat	1	1996 - 1996	Protected
Spatula querquedula	Garganey	1	2009 - 2009	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Spinus spinus	Siskin	1	2011 - 2011	Protected, Local Priority
Streptopelia decaocto	Collared Dove	27	1986 - 2014	Protected, Priority
Streptopelia turtur	Turtle Dove	1	1985 - 1985	Protected, Priority
Strix aluco	Tawny Owl	3	2009 - 2012	Protected, Priority
Sturnus vulgaris	Starling	26	1965 - 2014	Protected, Priority
Troglodytes troglodytes	Wren	13	1994 - 2019	Protected, Priority
Turdus iliacus	Redwing	6	1966 - 2021	Protected, Priority
Turdus merula	Blackbird	50	1967 - 2022	Protected
Turdus philomelos	Song Thrush	7	1986 - 2016	Protected, Priority
Turdus pilaris	Fieldfare	1	1999 - 1999	Protected, Priority
Turdus torquatus	Ring Ouzel	2	2013 - 2016	Protected, Priority
Turdus viscivorus	Mistle Thrush	3	1986 - 2004	Protected, Priority
Tyto alba	Barn Owl	2	1990 - 2003	Protected, Local Priority
Upupa epops	Ноорое	5	1986 - 2016	Protected
Conifer				
Pinus sylvestris	Scots Pine	2	1986 - 1986	Priority
Fern				
Adiantum capillus-veneris	Maidenhair Fern	1	2011 - 2011	Priority, Local Priority

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Flowering Plant

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Allium triquetrum	Three-cornered Garlic	19	1986 - 2011	Protected, Non-Native
Arum italicum subsp. neglectum	n/a	2	2008 - 2014	Priority, Local Priority
Betula pubescens subsp. pubescens	n/a	2	2006 - 2011	Priority
Buddleja davidii	Butterfly-bush	26	1991 - 2016	Non-Native
Calluna vulgaris	Heather	33	1989 - 2011	Priority
Calystegia sepium subsp. roseata	n/a	2	2014 - 2020	Priority
Cerastium arvense	Field Mouse-ear	1	2003 - 2003	Priority
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas-grass	1	2000 - 2000	Non-Native
Cotoneaster bullatus	Hollyberry Cotoneaster	3	1994 - 1994	Protected, Non-Native
Cotoneaster horizontalis	Wall Cotoneaster	11	2000 - 2014	Protected, Non-Native
Cotoneaster integrifolius	Entire-leaved Cotoneaster	11	1994 - 2011	Protected, Non-Native
Cotoneaster simonsii	Himalayan Cotoneaster	12	1993 - 2013	Protected, Non-Native
Crocosmia pottsii x aurea = C. x crocosmiiflora	Montbretia	27	1989 - 2018	Protected, Non-Native
Cyperus longus	Galingale	1	1981 - 1981	Priority, Local Priority
Erigeron karvinskianus	Mexican Fleabane	6	1998 - 2020	Non-Native
Erodium moschatum	Musk Stork's-bill	10	1993 - 2019	Local Priority
Euphrasia arctica subsp. borealis	n/a	6	2011 - 2011	Priority
Euphrasia confusa	Little Kneeling Eyebright	1	1994 - 1994	Priority
Euphrasia nemorosa	Common Eyebright	5	1994 - 2014	Priority
Fallopia japonica	Japanese Knotweed	121	1989 - 2022	Protected, Non-Native
Fragaria vesca	Wild Strawberry	6	1986 - 2011	Priority
Fumaria occidentalis	Western Ramping- fumitory	5	1999 - 2013	Priority, Local Priority
Fumaria purpurea	Purple Ramping-fumitory	1	2005 - 2005	Priority, Local Priority
Geranium sanguineum	Bloody Crane's-bill	2	1982 - 2013	Priority
Hyacinthoides non- scripta	Bluebell	22	1986 - 2014	Protected
Impatiens glandulifera	Himalayan Balsam	4	1998 - 2011	Protected, Non-Native
Jasione montana	Sheep's-bit	19	1989 - 2014	Priority

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Knautia arvensis	Field Scabious	2	1994 - 2013	Priority
Lamiastrum galeobdolon subsp. argentatum	n/a	1	1990 - 1990	Protected, Non-Native
Leycesteria formosa	Himalayan Honeysuckle	13	1993 - 2020	Non-Native
Lonicera japonica	Japanese Honeysuckle	3	1993 - 2013	Non-Native
Misopates orontium	Weasel's-snout	5	1978 - 2013	Priority, Local Priority
Myriophyllum aquaticum	Parrot's-feather	1	2010 - 2010	Protected, Non-Native
Persicaria wallichii	Himalayan Knotweed	10	1966 - 2011	Non-Native
Petasites fragrans	Winter Heliotrope	17	1986 - 2021	Non-Native
Potentilla erecta	Tormentil	4	1986 - 2014	Priority
Prunus cerasus	Dwarf Cherry	1	2011 - 2011	Priority
Quercus ilex	Evergreen Oak	2	1999 - 2002	Non-Native
Rosa rugosa	Japanese Rose	1	2014 - 2014	Protected, Non-Native
Sasa palmata	Broad-leaved Bamboo	1	2010 - 2010	Non-Native
Saxifraga hypnoides	Mossy Saxifrage	1	1986 - 1986	Priority
Scrophularia scorodonia	Balm-leaved Figwort	1	2003 - 2003	Priority, Local Priority
Sedum forsterianum	Rock Stonecrop	2	1990 - 1994	Priority
Spergula arvensis	Corn Spurrey	6	2007 - 2014	Priority, Local Priority
Stachys arvensis	Field Woundwort	4	1998 - 2009	Priority, Local Priority
Succisa pratensis	Devil's-bit Scabious	2	2001 - 2011	Priority
Valeriana officinalis	Common Valerian	2	1986 - 1986	Priority
Vicia sativa subsp. sativa	Cultivated Vetch	1	1994 - 1994	Priority
Vicia sativa subsp. segetalis	Common Vetch	8	2004 - 2014	Priority
Insect - Beetle (Coleoptera	a)			
Harmonia axyridis	Harlequin Ladybird	1	2016 - 2016	Non-Native
Nicrophorus interruptus	n/a	1	1973 - 1973	Priority
Insect - Butterfly				
Coenonympha pamphilus	Small Heath	1	1994 - 1994	Priority
Erynnis tages	Dingy Skipper	5	1994 - 2019	Priority
Insect - Moth				
Agrochola lychnidis	Beaded Chestnut	2	1965 - 1965	Priority

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Arctia caja	Garden Tiger	2	1966 - 1993	Priority
Cameraria ohridella	Horse-Chestnut Leaf- miner	1	2015 - 2015	Non-Native
Ecliptopera silaceata	Small Phoenix	2	1961 - 2016	Priority
Euxoa nigricans	Garden Dart	2	1965 - 1965	Priority
Hepialus humuli	Ghost Moth	3	1960 - 1990	Priority
Hoplodrina blanda	Rustic	2	1965 - 1965	Priority
Hydraecia micacea	Rosy Rustic	2	1960 - 1960	Priority
Xanthorhoe ferrugata	Dark-barred Twin-spot Carpet	1	1960 - 1960	Priority
Insect - Stick Insect (Phas	smida)			
Acanthoxyla prasina subsp. inermis	Unarmed Stick-insect	24	2001 - 2017	Priority, Local Priority
Insect - True Fly (Diptera)				
Didea fasciata	n/a	2	2006 - 2007	Local Priority
Volucella zonaria	Hornet Hoverfly	1	2008 - 2008	Local Priority
Xylota tarda	n/a	3	2006 - 2008	Priority
Lichen				
Acarospora anomala	n/a	1	2007 - 2007	Priority
Cladonia portentosa	n/a	2	2001 - 2001	Protected
Lecidea auriculata	n/a	1	2005 - 2005	Priority
Lecidea diducens	n/a	1	2001 - 2001	Priority
Stereocaulon leucophaeopsis	n/a	1	2001 - 2001	Priority
Stereocaulon nanodes	n/a	2	2001 - 2001	Priority
Liverwort				
Cephaloziella calyculata	Entire Threadwort	6	1997 - 2010	Priority, Local Priority
Cephaloziella integerrima	Lobed Threadwort	5	1993 - 2010	Priority, Local Priority
Cephaloziella nicholsonii	Greater Copperwort	24	1994 - 2010	Priority, Local Priority
Mollusc				
Ambigolimax valentianus	Iberian Threeband Slug	4	1999 - 2006	Priority
Boettgerilla pallens	Worm Slug	2	2006 - 2009	Priority
Hygromia (Hygromia) cinctella	Girdled Snail	4	1994 - 1999	Priority, Local Priority





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Moss

Bryum donianum	Don's Thread-moss	2	1993 - 2005	Local Priority
Didymodon nicholsonii	Nicholson's Beard-moss	2	1993 - 2006	Local Priority
Pohlia andalusica	Gravel Thread-moss	9	1993 - 2010	Local Priority
Scopelophila cataractae	Tongue-leaf Copper- moss	6	1994 - 2007	Priority, Local Priority
Reptile				
Anguis fragilis	Slow-worm	2	1961 - 1998	Protected, Priority
Vipera berus	Adder	1	1994 - 1994	Protected, Priority
Zootoca vivipara	Common Lizard	3	1960 - 1994	Protected, Priority
Terrestrial Mammal				
Erinaceus europaeus	West European Hedgehog	44	1977 - 2021	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Meles meles	Eurasian Badger	13	1992 - 2015	Protected, Local Priority
Mus musculus	House Mouse	2	2000 - 2001	Non-Native
Mustela erminea	Stoat	1	2003 - 2003	Protected
Mustela nivalis	Weasel	3	2003 - 2013	Protected
Oryctolagus cuniculus	European Rabbit	9	1994 - 2005	Priority, Non-Native
Rattus norvegicus	Brown Rat	7	1994 - 2013	Priority, Non-Native
Sciurus carolinensis	Eastern Grey Squirrel	12	1986 - 2014	Protected, Priority, Non- Native
Sorex araneus	Eurasian Common Shrew	1	2014 - 2014	Protected, Local Priority
Terrestrial Mammal - Bat				
Myotis mystacinus	Whiskered Bat	1	2013 - 2013	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Myotis nattereri	Natterer's Bat	1	1986 - 1986	Protected, Local Priority
Pipistrellus	Pipistrelle	3	2009 - 2014	Local Priority
Pipistrellus pipistrellus	Common Pipistrelle	3	2015 - 2018	Protected, Local Priority
Pipistrellus pipistrellus	Pipistrelle	3	2008 - 2017	Protected
Pipistrellus pygmaeus	Soprano Pipistrelle	3	2013 - 2015	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Plecotus auritus	Brown Long-eared Bat	2	1999 - 2007	Protected, Priority, Local Priority
Rhinolophus hipposideros	Lesser Horseshoe Bat	1	1999 - 1999	Protected, Priority, Local Priority



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About the Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly Environmental Records Centre

The Environmental Records Centre for Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly (ERCCIS) collates, manages and disseminates biological and geological information for use in sustainable development, conservation and research. Working with local and national biological recorders and organisations to gather data that is crucial to aid conservation management of sites, to help organisations prioritise action, and to understand the distribution of species and trends over time. For more information on ERCCIS, visit the website at https://erccis.org.uk



ERCCIS is accredited by the Association of Local Environmental Records Centres in 2016, by meeting the national standards of environmental data management and provision. For more information on accreditation, see the ALERC website at http://www.alerc.org.uk/ alerc-accreditation.html

