

# RM6187 Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form and Call-Off Schedules)

## Order Form

CALL-OFF REFERENCE: RM6187

PROJECT REFERENCE (Internal Reference): prj\_3891

THE BUYER: The Department for Energy Security & Net Zero (DESNZ)

BUYER ADDRESS 3-8 Whitehall Place, London, SW1A 2EG

THE SUPPLIER: Baringa Partners LLP, London, SW1E 6AJ

SUPPLIER ADDRESS: 62 Buckingham Gate,

REGISTRATION NUMBER: OC303471

DUNS NUMBER: 733291509

## Applicable framework contract

This Order Form is for the provision of the Call-Off Deliverables and dated Tuesday 6<sup>th</sup> August 2024. It's issued under the Framework Contract with the reference number RM6187 for the Provision of technical and digital services to support development of Smart Data Schemes policy.

## CALL-OFF LOT(S):

Management Consultancy Framework Three (MCF3), Lot 2: Strategy & Policy, RM6187

## Call-off incorporated terms

The following documents are incorporated into this Call-Off Contract.

Where schedules are missing, those schedules are not part of the agreement and can not be used. If the documents conflict, the following order of precedence applies:

1. This Order Form includes the Call-Off Special Terms and Call-Off Special Schedules.
2. Joint Schedule 1(Definitions and Interpretation) RM6187
3. The following Schedules in equal order of precedence:

## Joint Schedules for RM6187 Management Consultancy Framework Three

- Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions)
- Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form)
- Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements)
- Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility)
- Joint Schedule 4 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

- Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan)
- Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data)

## Call-Off Schedules

- Call-Off Schedule 1 (Transparency Reports)
- Call-Off Schedule 3 (Continuous Improvement)
- Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call Off Tender)
- Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details)
- Call-Off Schedule 7 (Key Supplier Staff)
- Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security)
- Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification)

4. CCS Core Terms
5. Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility) - Mandatory
6. Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender) as long as any parts of the Call-Off Tender that offer a better commercial position for the Buyer (as decided by the Buyer) take precedence over the documents above.

Supplier terms are not part of the Call-Off Contract. That includes any terms written on the back of, added to this Order Form, or presented at the time of delivery.

## Call-off special terms

The following Special Terms are incorporated into this Call-Off Contract:

*Special Term 1 - The Buyer is only liable to reimburse the Supplier for any expense or any disbursement which is*

- (i) specified in this Contract or*
- (ii) which the Buyer has Approved prior to the Supplier incurring that expense or that disbursement. The Supplier may not invoice the Buyer for any other expenses or any other disbursements*

1. Definition – wilful misconduct: For the purposes of this Order Contract, “Wilful misconduct” (as used in the framework agreement) means conduct by a party who knows that it is committing, and intends to commit a contractual breach of the Order Form and takes such actions to deliberately and maliciously commit such breach with the intention of causing harm but does not include any act or failure to act insofar as it (i) constitutes mere ordinary negligence; or (ii) was done or omitted in accordance with the express instructions or approval of the other party.
2. Right to Remedy: Where a Default can be remedied then the Buyer shall not terminate the Call Off Contract before giving the Supplier written notice to remedy or produce a Rectification Plan in accordance with Clauses 10.3.2 – 10.3.4 of the Core Terms, and the Supplier having failed to remedy within 15 Working Days of such notice or to produce a Rectification Plan in accordance with Clauses 10.3.2-10.3.4 of the Core Terms.
3. No responsibility for drafts: Draft Deliverables are not intended to be relied upon and any reliance shall be at Buyer’s own risk and without liability to Supplier. Supplier accepts no liability for errors in Services and Deliverables provided in reliance upon Client’s own provided materials and data.
4. No verification of Buyer or third-party data: Supplier’s warranties in this Call Off Contract will not apply to any deficiencies in the Services due to materially incorrect, incomplete or inaccurate Buyer data (including data provided by third parties on its behalf), or third party data used to provide the Services. The Services do not include any legal or financial advice or advice which requires Supplier to hold a regulatory licence. .

5. Reuse of know-how: Supplier will be free to use without restriction (but subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Call-Off Contract) its general knowledge, experience, know-how and methodologies that are acquired or used in the course of providing the Services.

6. The Specification suggests that the Supplier will provide certain legal expertise, including to describe legal components of the proposed scheme, advise on and identify legal and regulatory vehicles, have access to legal expertise, and be an expert in data protection. Please note that Supplier does not have the permissions to provide legal advice and does not provide such advice, however the Supplier can work with legally and regulatorily trained personnel as directed by DESNZ to derive relevant information from such trained personnel. Supplier assumes this is what is envisioned by DESNZ as per page 13 of the ITT.

**Call-off start date:** 12/08/2024

**Call-off expiry date:** 12/08/2026

**Call-off initial period:** 2 years, 0 months

**CALL-OFF OPTIONAL EXTENSION PERIOD:** 1 year, 0 months

**Call-off Pricing:**

- Requirement are split into specific work packages (WPs).
- WP1 runs until 31<sup>st</sup> of March 2025 at a cost of £235,650 calculated on a capped time and materials basis.
- DESNZ aims for output a) to be completed by 1<sup>st</sup> November 2024 and aims for b), c), d), e) to be completed by 28<sup>th</sup> February 2025 noting that the Supplier will work on a capped time and materials basis and therefore milestone dates are targets only.
- The full term of the contract is 24 months, with an option of a 12-month extension. The maximum total value of the 24-month contract (without extension) is £780,000 (including VAT).
- After the full term of the 24-month contract, the 12-month extension option has a maximum value of £390,000 (including VAT).
- There is no commitment to spend under this contract. Any future work after WP1 will be subject to quality of work packages delivered and internal approvals.

**Call-off Payment:**

- There are target milestones and outputs within WP1, which are outlined below:

**The outputs of WP1** which Supplier will support as part of the services are as follows:

- ) a report describing the review set out in 3.5 a), set out in clear, accessible language for an audience of civil servants and Ministers
- ) a catalogue as set out in 3.5 b), with guidance for navigation
- ) a report suitable for publication describing the analysis and Smart Data opportunities, as described in 3.5 c) and d)
- ) a summary presentation slide pack; and

) a session to present findings to DESNZ and take Q&A.

- Within two weeks of contract launch, the Supplier should set out the plan for delivery and agree milestones with DESNZ for WP1.
- DESNZ aims for output a) to be completed by 1<sup>st</sup> November 2024 and aims for b), c), d), e) to be completed by 28<sup>th</sup> February 2025 noting that the Supplier will work on a capped time and materials basis and therefore milestone dates are targets only.
- Payments will be made on completion of the outputs within the WP, 2 invoices will be paid, rather than monthly payments.
- The invoices will be based on the capped time and materials worked with invoice 2 capped at the contract cost.
- The Parties agree that the scope of the Deliverables in WP1 may change. Any change to the Deliverables will be mutually agreed and recorded as a Variation to this Call Off Contract.
- WP1 output a) will make up invoice 1. WP1 output b), c), d), e) will make up invoice 2. Further detail below:

Outputs by invoicing period	Deadline for milestone completion	Cost breakdown by % of total
<b>Invoice 1 will include WP1 milestones a):</b>  a) a report describing the review set out in 3.5 a), set out in clear, accessible language for an audience of civil servants and Ministers	To be completed by 1 <sup>st</sup> November 2024	a) To be agreed within 2 weeks of contract commencement.
<b>Invoice 2 will include WP1 milestones b), c), d) &amp; e):</b>  b) a catalogue as set out in 3.5 b), with guidance for navigation  c) a report suitable for publication describing the analysis and	To be completed by 28 <sup>th</sup> February 2025	b) To be agreed within 2 weeks of contract commencement.  c) To be agreed within 2 weeks of contract commencement.

<p>Smart Data opportunities, as described in 3.5 c) and d)</p> <p>d) a summary presentation slide pack; and</p> <p>e) a session to present findings to DESNZ and take Q&amp;A.</p>		<p>d) To be agreed within 2 weeks of contract commencement.</p> <p>e) To be agreed within 2 weeks of contract commencement.</p>
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### **Call-off charges**

See details in Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details).

All changes to the Charges must use procedures that are equivalent to those in Paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 (if used) in Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices)

The Charges will not be impacted by any change to the Framework Prices. The Charges can only be changed by agreement in writing between the Buyer and the Supplier because of:

- Specific Change in Law

### **Call-off deliverables:**

See details in Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification) section 3. For the avoidance of doubt, only WP1 is currently within the scope of this Call Off Contract. Any future work packages will be subject to mutual agreement between the Parties and recorded as a written Variation to this Call Off Contract.

### **Security**

Short form security requirements apply. The Supplier will not be required to produce a bespoke Security Management Plan.

### **Maximum liability**

The limitation of liability for this Call-Off Contract is stated in Clause 11.2 of the Core Terms.

The Estimated Year 1 Charges used to calculate liability in the first contract year are:

**£390,000.**

### **Reimbursable expenses**

None

### **Payment method**

BACS

**Buyer's invoice address**

Department for Energy Security and Net Zero  
3-8 Whitehall Place, London, SW1A 2EG

**Buyer's authorised representative**

██████████  
Director Energy Systems & Networks  
████████████████████

1 Victoria Street, London, SW1H 0ET

**Buyer's security policy**

Appended at Call-Off Schedule 9

**Supplier's authorised representative**

██████████  
Partner  
████████████████████

62 Buckingham Gate, London SW1E 6AJ

**Supplier's contract manager**

██████████  
Partner  
████████████████████

62 Buckingham Gate, London SW1E 6AJ

**Progress report & meeting frequency**

The Supplier and DESNZ will be working together daily. There is a requirement for a weekly meeting, or on an ad-hoc basis where necessary, with senior DESNZ SLT to update on progress and an opportunity to steer the direction of the project. Weekly meetings between the Supplier and DESNZ will additionally review priorities and current activities to ensure the service delivered meets expected requirements.

A formal monthly progress report will need to be prepared by the Supplier and present to the Smart Energy Project Board and/or SLT.

A progress report/opportunity to escalate with the supplier's Director, who oversees the project, is a monthly requirement and on an ad-hoc basis if there are escalation point to raise from DESNZ.

**Key staff:**

If the Supplier proposes Key Staff that were not within the original bid submitted or there are changes in staff or working patterns that affect the delivery of the work package this must be escalated to DESNZ. DESNZ will have the option to negotiate or decline the person or change if

they don't meet the requirements at the time. All staff or working pattern changes must be signed off by DESNZ.

**Key staff**

Senior Manager

62 Buckingham Gate, London SW1E 6AJ

**Key subcontractor(s)**

N/A

**Commercially sensitive information**

Appended at Joint Schedule 4 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

**Service credits**

Not applicable.

**Additional insurances**

Not applicable.

**Guarantee**

Not applicable.

**Social value commitment**

Social value commitments in Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender) will be further discussed and outcomes agreed following the commencement of the contract. This will be agreed between the supplier and DESNZ.

**Formation of call off contract**

By signing and returning this Call-Off Order Form the Supplier agrees to enter a Call-Off Contract with the Buyer to provide the Services in accordance with the Call-Off Order Form and the Call-Off Terms.

The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that they have read the Call-Off Order Form and the Call-Off Terms and by signing below agree to be bound by this Call-Off Contract.

**For and on behalf of the Supplier:**

Signature:

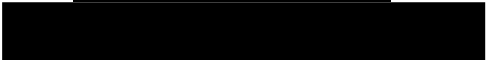
Name:

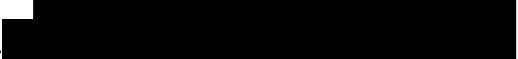
Role:

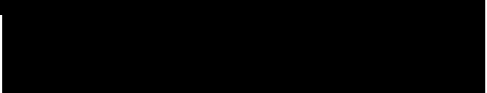
Date:

**For and on behalf of the Buyer:**

Signature: 

Name: 

Role: 

Date: 



# Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions)

1.1 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions shall have the meanings set out in this Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions) or the relevant Schedule in which that capitalised expression appears.

1.2 If a capitalised expression does not have an interpretation in this Schedule or any other Schedule, it shall, in the first instance, be interpreted in accordance with the common interpretation within the relevant market sector/industry where appropriate. Otherwise, it shall be interpreted in accordance with the dictionary meaning.

1.3 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:

1.3.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;

1.3.2 reference to a gender includes the other gender and the neuter;

1.3.3 references to a person include an individual, company, body corporate, corporation, unincorporated association, firm, partnership or other legal entity or Central Government Body;

1.3.4 a reference to any Law includes a reference to that Law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time;

1.3.5 the words "**including**", "**otowher**", "**in particular**", "**for example**" and similar words shall not limit the generality of the preceding words and shall be construed as if they were immediately followed by the words "**without limitation**";

1.3.6 references to "**writing**" include typing, printing, lithography, photography, display on a screen, electronic and facsimile transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing shall be construed accordingly;

1.3.7 references to "**representations**" shall be construed as references to present facts, to "**warranties**" as references to present and future facts and to "**undertakings**" as references to obligations under the Contract;

1.3.8 references to "**Clauses**" and "**Schedules**" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the clauses and schedules of the Core Terms and references in any Schedule to parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables are, unless otherwise provided, references to the parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables of the Schedule in which these references appear;

1.3.9 references to "**Paragraphs**" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the paragraph of the appropriate Schedules unless otherwise provided;

1.3.10 references to a series of Clauses or Paragraphs shall be inclusive of the clause numbers specified;

1.3.11 the headings in each Contract are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or construction of a Contract;

1.3.12 where the Buyer is a Central Government Body it shall be treated as contracting with the Crown as a whole;

1.3.13 any reference in a Contract which immediately before Exit Day is a reference to (as it has effect from time to time):

- ( ) any EU regulation, EU decision, EU tertiary legislation or provision of the EEA agreement ("**EU References**") which is to form part of domestic law by application of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 shall

be read on and after Exit Day as a reference to the EU References as they form part of domestic law by virtue of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as modified by domestic law from time to time; and

- ( ) any EU institution or EU authority or other such EU body shall be read on and after Exit Day as a reference to the UK institution, authority or body to which its functions were transferred; and

1.3.14 unless otherwise provided, references to “**Buyer**” shall be construed as including Exempt Buyers; and

1.3.15 unless otherwise provided, references to “**Call-Off Contract**” and “**Contract**” shall be construed as including Exempt Call-off Contracts.

1.4 In each Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words shall have the following meanings:

<b>"Achieve"</b>	in respect of a Test, to successfully pass such Test without any Test Issues and in respect of a Milestone, the issue of a Satisfaction Certificate in respect of that Milestone and <b>"Achieved"</b> , <b>"Achieving"</b> and <b>"Achievement"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Additional Insurances"</b>	insurance requirements relating to a Call-Off Contract specified in the Order Form additional to those outlined in Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements);
<b>"Admin Fee"</b>	means the costs incurred by CCS in dealing with MI Failures calculated in accordance with the tariff of administration charges published by the CCS on: <a href="http://CCS.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/i-am-supplier/management-information/admin-fees">http://CCS.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/i-am-supplier/management-information/admin-fees</a> ;
<b>"Affected Party"</b>	the Party seeking to claim relief in respect of a Force Majeure Event;
<b>"Affiliates"</b>	in relation to a body corporate, any other entity which directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common Control of that body corporate from time to time;
<b>"Annex"</b>	extra information which supports a Schedule;
<b>"Approval"</b>	the prior written consent of the Buyer and <b>"Approve"</b> and <b>"Approved"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Audit"</b>	the Relevant Authority's right to:  verify the accuracy of the Charges and any other amounts payable by a Buyer under a Call-Off Contract (including proposed or actual variations to them in accordance with the Contract);  verify the costs of the Supplier (including the costs of all Subcontractors and any third party suppliers) in connection with the provision of the Deliverables;  verify the Open Book Data;  verify the Supplier's and each Subcontractor's compliance with the applicable Law;  identify or investigate actual or suspected breach of Clauses 27

	<p>to 33 and/or Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility), impropriety or accounting mistakes or any breach or threatened breach of security and in these circumstances the Relevant Authority shall have no obligation to inform the Supplier of the purpose or objective of its investigations;</p> <p>identify or investigate any circumstances which may impact upon the financial stability of the Supplier, any Guarantor, and/or any Subcontractors or their ability to provide the Deliverables;</p> <p>obtain such information as is necessary to fulfil the Relevant Authority's obligations to supply information for parliamentary, ministerial, judicial or administrative purposes including the supply of information to the Comptroller and Auditor General;</p> <p>review any books of account and the internal contract management accounts kept by the Supplier in connection with each Contract;</p> <p>carry out the Relevant Authority's internal and statutory audits and to prepare, examine and/or certify the Relevant Authority's annual and interim reports and accounts;</p> <p>enable the National Audit Office to carry out an examination pursuant to Section 6(1) of the National Audit Act 1983 of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which the Relevant Authority has used its resources;</p> <p>verify the accuracy and completeness of any:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Management Information delivered or required by the Framework Contract; or</li> <li>(ii) Financial Report and compliance with Financial Transparency Objectives as specified by the Buyer in the Order Form;</li> </ul>
<b>"Auditor"</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the Buyer's internal and external auditors;</li> <li>b) the Buyer's statutory or regulatory auditors;</li> <li>c) the Comptroller and Auditor General, their staff and/or any appointed representatives of the National Audit Office;</li> <li>d) HM Treasury or the Cabinet Office;</li> <li>e) any party formally appointed by the Buyer to carry out audit or similar review functions; and</li> <li>f) successors or assigns of any of the above;</li> </ul>
<b>"Authority"</b>	CCS and each Buyer;
<b>"Authority Cause"</b>	any breach of the obligations of the Relevant Authority or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement of the Relevant Authority, of its employees, servants, agents in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of the Contract and in respect of which the Relevant Authority is liable to the Supplier;
<b>"BACS"</b>	the Bankers' Automated Clearing Services, which is a scheme for the electronic processing of financial transactions within the United

	Kingdom;
<b>"Beneficiary"</b>	a Party having (or claiming to have) the benefit of an indemnity under this Contract;
<b>"Buyer"</b>	the relevant public sector purchaser identified as such in the Order Form;
<b>"Buyer Assets"</b>	the Buyer's infrastructure, data, software, materials, assets, equipment or other property owned by and/or licensed or leased to the Buyer and which is or may be used in connection with the provision of the Deliverables which remain the property of the Buyer throughout the term of the Contract;
<b>"Buyer Authorised Representative"</b>	the representative appointed by the Buyer from time to time in relation to the Call-Off Contract initially identified in the Order Form;
<b>"Buyer Premises"</b>	premises owned, controlled or occupied by the Buyer which are made available for use by the Supplier or its Subcontractors for the provision of the Deliverables (or any of them);
<b>"Call-Off Contract"</b>	the contract between the Buyer and the Supplier (entered into pursuant to the provisions of the Framework Contract), which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Contract Period"</b>	the Contract Period in respect of the Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Call-Off Expiry Date"</b>	the scheduled date of the end of a Call-Off Contract as stated in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Incorporated Terms"</b>	the contractual terms applicable to the Call-Off Contract specified under the relevant heading in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Initial Period"</b>	the Initial Period of a Call-Off Contract specified in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Optional Extension Period"</b>	such period or periods beyond which the Call-Off Initial Period may be extended as specified in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Procedure"</b>	the process for awarding a Call-Off Contract pursuant to Clause 2 (How the contract works) and Framework Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure);
<b>"Call-Off Special Terms"</b>	any additional terms and conditions specified in the Order Form incorporated into the applicable Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Call-Off Start Date"</b>	the date of start of a Call-Off Contract as stated in the Order Form;
<b>"Call-Off Tender"</b>	the tender submitted by the Supplier in response to the Buyer's Statement of Requirements following a Further Competition Procedure and set out at Call-Off Schedule 4 (Call-Off Tender);
<b>"CCS"</b>	the Minister for the Cabinet Office as represented by Crown Commercial Service, which is an executive agency and operates as a trading fund of the Cabinet Office, whose offices are located at 9th Floor, The Capital, Old Hall Street, Liverpool L3 9PP;

<b>"CCS Authorised Representative"</b>	the representative appointed by CCS from time to time in relation to the Framework Contract initially identified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Central Government Body"</b>	<p>a body listed in one of the following subcategories of the Central Government classification of the Public Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) Government Department;</li> <li>) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);</li> <li>) Non-Ministerial Department; or</li> <li>) Executive Agency;</li> </ul>
<b>"Change in Law"</b>	any change in Law which impacts on the supply of the Deliverables and performance of the Contract which comes into force after the Start Date;
<b>"Change of Control"</b>	a change of control within the meaning of Section 450 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010;
<b>"Charges"</b>	the prices (exclusive of any applicable VAT), payable to the Supplier by the Buyer under the Call-Off Contract, as set out in the Order Form, for the full and proper performance by the Supplier of its obligations under the Call-Off Contract less any Deductions;
<b>"Claim"</b>	any claim which it appears that a Beneficiary is, or may become, entitled to indemnification under this Contract;
<b>"Commercially Sensitive Information"</b>	the Confidential Information listed in the Framework Award Form or Order Form (if any) comprising of commercially sensitive information relating to the Supplier, its IPR or its business or which the Supplier has indicated to the Authority that, if disclosed by the Authority, would cause the Supplier significant commercial disadvantage or material financial loss;
<b>"Comparable Supply"</b>	the supply of Deliverables to another Buyer of the Supplier that are the same or similar to the Deliverables;
<b>"Compliance Officer"</b>	the person(s) appointed by the Supplier who is responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with its legal obligations;
<b>"Confidential Information"</b>	means any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, trade secrets, Know-How, personnel and suppliers of CCS, the Buyer or the Supplier, including IPRs, together with information derived from the above, and any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as <b>"confidential"</b> ) or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential;
<b>"Conflict of Interest"</b>	a conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Staff and the duties owed to CCS or any Buyer under a Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Buyer or CCS;
<b>"Contract"</b>	either the Framework Contract or the Call-Off Contract, as the context requires;

<b>"Contract Period"</b>	the term of either a Framework Contract or Call-Off Contract on and from the earlier of the: a) applicable Start Date; or b) the Effective Date up to and including the applicable End Date;
<b>"Contract Value"</b>	the higher of the actual or expected total Charges paid or payable under a Contract where all obligations are met by the Supplier;
<b>"Contract Year"</b>	a consecutive period of twelve (12) Months commencing on the Start Date or each anniversary thereof;
<b>"Control"</b>	control in either of the senses defined in sections 450 and 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 and <b>"Controlled"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Controller"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>"Core Terms"</b>	CCS' standard terms and conditions for common goods and services which govern how Supplier must interact with CCS and Buyers under Framework Contracts and Call-Off Contracts;
<b>"Costs"</b>	<p>the following costs (without double recovery) to the extent that they are reasonably and properly incurred by the Supplier in providing the Deliverables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) the cost to the Supplier or the Key Subcontractor (as the context requires), calculated per Work Day, of engaging the Supplier Staff, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) base salary paid to the Supplier Staff;</li> <li>) employer's National Insurance contributions;</li> <li>) pension contributions;</li> <li>) car allowances;</li> <li>) any other contractual employment benefits;</li> <li>) staff training;</li> <li>) workplace accommodation;</li> <li>) workplace IT equipment and tools reasonably necessary to provide the Deliverables (but not including items included within limb (b) below); and</li> <li>) reasonable recruitment costs, as agreed with the Buyer;</li> </ul> </li> <li>) costs incurred in respect of Supplier Assets which would be treated as capital costs according to generally accepted accounting principles within the UK, which shall include the cost to be charged in respect of Supplier Assets by the Supplier to the Buyer or (to the extent that risk and title in any Supplier Asset is not held by the Supplier) any cost actually incurred by the Supplier in respect of those Supplier Assets;</li> <li>) operational costs which are not included within (a) or (b) above, to the extent that such costs are necessary and properly incurred by the Supplier in the provision of the</li> </ul>

	<p>Deliverables; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) Reimbursable Expenses to the extent these have been specified as allowable in the Order Form and are incurred in delivering any Deliverables;</li> </ul> <p>but excluding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) Overhead;</li> <li>) financing or similar costs;</li> <li>) maintenance and support costs to the extent that these relate to maintenance and/or support Deliverables provided beyond the Call-Off Contract Period whether in relation to Supplier Assets or otherwise;</li> <li>) taxation;</li> <li>) fines and penalties;</li> <li>) amounts payable under Call-Off Schedule 16 (Benchmarking) where such Schedule is used; and</li> <li>) non-cash items (including depreciation, amortisation, impairments and movements in provisions);</li> </ul>
<b>"CRTPA"</b>	the Contract Rights of Third Parties Act 1999;
<b>"Data Protection Impact Assessment"</b>	an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged Processing on the protection of Personal Data;
<b>"Data Protection Legislation"</b>	the GDPR, the LED and any applicable national implementing Laws as amended from time to time (ii) the DPA 2018 to the extent that it relates to Processing of personal data and privacy; (iii) all applicable Law about the Processing of personal data and privacy;
<b>"Data Protection Liability Cap"</b>	the amount specified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Data Protection Officer"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>"Data Subject"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>"Data Subject Access Request"</b>	a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
<b>"Deductions"</b>	all Service Credits, Delay Payments (if applicable), or any other deduction which the Buyer is paid or is payable to the Buyer under a Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Default"</b>	any breach of the obligations of the Supplier (including abandonment of a Contract in breach of its terms) or any other default (including material default), act, omission, negligence or statement of the Supplier, of its Subcontractors or any Supplier Staff howsoever arising in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of a Contract and in respect of which the Supplier is liable to the Relevant Authority;
<b>"Default"</b>	has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.1.1 of Framework

<b>Management Charge"</b>	Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
<b>"Delay Payments"</b>	the amounts (if any) payable by the Supplier to the Buyer in respect of a delay in respect of a Milestone as specified in the Implementation Plan;
<b>"Deliverables"</b>	Goods and/or Services that may be ordered under the Contract including the Documentation;
<b>"Delivery"</b>	delivery of the relevant Deliverable or Milestone in accordance with the terms of a Call-Off Contract as confirmed and accepted by the Buyer by the either (a) confirmation in writing to the Supplier; or (b) where Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) is used issue by the Buyer of a Satisfaction Certificate. <b>"Deliver"</b> and <b>"Delivered"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Disclosing Party"</b>	the Party directly or indirectly providing Confidential Information to the other Party in accordance with Clause 15 (What you must keep confidential);
<b>"Dispute"</b>	any claim, dispute or difference (whether contractual or non-contractual) arising out of or in connection with the Contract or in connection with the negotiation, existence, legal validity, enforceability or termination of the Contract, whether the alleged liability shall arise under English law or under the law of some other country and regardless of whether a particular cause of action may successfully be brought in the English courts;
<b>"Dispute Resolution Procedure"</b>	the dispute resolution procedure set out in Clause 34 (Resolving disputes);
<b>"Documentation"</b>	<p>descriptions of the Services and Service Levels, technical specifications, user manuals, training manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, system environment descriptions and all such other documentation (whether in hardcopy or electronic form) is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Buyer under a Contract as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) would reasonably be required by a competent third party capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Buyer to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide the Deliverables</li> <li>b) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Deliverables; and/or</li> <li>c) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;</li> </ul>
<b>"DOTAS"</b>	the Disclosure of Tax Avoidance Schemes rules which require a promoter of tax schemes to tell HMRC of any specified notifiable arrangements or proposals and to provide prescribed information on those arrangements or proposals within set time limits as contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and in secondary legislation made under vires contained in Part 7 of the Finance



	Act 2004 and as extended to National Insurance Contributions;
<b>"DPA 2018"</b>	the Data Protection Act 2018;
<b>"Due Diligence Information"</b>	any information supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority prior to the Start Date;
<b>"Effective Date"</b>	the date on which the final Party has signed the Contract;
<b>"EIR"</b>	the Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
<b>"Electronic Invoice"</b>	an invoice which has been issued, transmitted and received in a structured electronic format which allows for its automatic and electronic processing and which complies with (a) the European standard and (b) any of the syntaxes published in Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1870;
<b>"Employment Regulations"</b>	the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/246) as amended or replaced or any other Regulations implementing the European Council Directive 77/187/EEC;
<b>"End Date"</b>	the earlier of: a) the Expiry Date (as extended by any Extension Period exercised by the Relevant Authority under Clause 10.1.2); or b) if a Contract is terminated before the date specified in (a) above, the date of termination of the Contract;
<b>"Environmental Policy"</b>	to conserve energy, water, wood, paper and other resources, reduce waste and phase out the use of ozone depleting substances and minimise the release of greenhouse gases, volatile organic compounds and other substances damaging to health and the environment, including any written environmental policy of the Buyer;
<b>"Equality and Human Rights Commission"</b>	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
<b>"Estimated Year 1 Charges"</b>	the anticipated total Charges payable by the Buyer in the first Contract Year specified in the Order Form;

<b>"Estimated Yearly Charges"</b>	<p>means for the purposes of calculating each Party's annual liability under clause 11.2:</p> <p>i) in the first Contract Year, the Estimated Year 1 Charges; or</p> <p>ii) in any subsequent Contract Years, the Charges paid or payable in the previous Call-off Contract Year; or</p> <p>iii) after the end of the Call-off Contract, the Charges paid or payable in the last Contract Year during the Call-off Contract Period;</p>
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<b>"Exempt Buyer"</b>	<p>a public sector purchaser that is:</p> <p>a) eligible to use the Framework Contract; and</p> <p>b) is entering into an Exempt Call-off Contract that is not subject to (as applicable) any of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>) the Regulations;</li> <li>) the Concession Contracts Regulations 2016 (SI 2016/273);</li> <li>) the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2016 (SI 2016/274);</li> <li>) the Defence and Security Public Contracts Regulations 2011 (SI 2011/1848);</li> <li>) the Remedies Directive (2007/66/EC);</li> <li>) Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and Council;</li> <li>) Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and Council;</li> <li>) Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and Council; or</li> <li>) Directive 2009/81/EC of the European Parliament and Council;</li> </ul>
<b>"Exempt Call-off Contract"</b>	the contract between the Exempt Buyer and the Supplier for Deliverables which consists of the terms set out and referred to in the Order Form incorporating and, where necessary, amending, refining or adding to the terms of the Framework Contract;
<b>"Exempt Procurement Amendments"</b>	any amendments, refinements or additions to any of the terms of the Framework Contract made through the Exempt Call-off Contract to reflect the specific needs of an Exempt Buyer to the extent permitted by and in accordance with any legal requirements applicable to that Exempt Buyer;

<b>"Existing IPR"</b>	any and all IPR that are owned by or licensed to either Party and which are or have been developed independently of the Contract (whether prior to the Start Date or otherwise);
<b>"Exit Day"</b>	shall have the meaning in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018;
<b>"Expiry Date"</b>	the Framework Expiry Date or the Call-Off Expiry Date (as the context dictates);
<b>"Extension Period"</b>	the Framework Optional Extension Period or the Call-Off Optional Extension Period as the context dictates;
<b>"Financial Reports"</b>	<p>a report by the Supplier to the Buyer that:</p> <p>(a) provides a true and fair reflection of the Costs and Supplier Profit Margin forecast by the Supplier;</p> <p>(b) provides detail a true and fair reflection of the costs and expenses to be incurred by Key Subcontractors (as requested by the Buyer);</p>

	<p>(c) is in the same software package (Microsoft Excel or Microsoft Word), layout and format as the blank templates which have been issued by the Buyer to the Supplier on or before the Start Date for the purposes of the Contract; and</p> <p>(d) is certified by the Supplier's Chief Financial Officer or Director of Finance;</p>
<b>"Financial Representative"</b>	a reasonably skilled and experienced member of the Supplier Staff who has specific responsibility for preparing, maintaining, facilitating access to, discussing and explaining the records and accounts of everything to do with the Contract (as referred to in Clause 6), Financial Reports and Open Book Data;
<b>"Financial Transparency Objectives"</b>	<p>(a) the Buyer having a clear analysis of the Costs, Overhead recoveries (where relevant), time spent by Supplier Staff in providing the Services and Supplier Profit Margin so that it can understand any payment sought by the Supplier;</p> <p>(b) the Parties being able to understand Costs forecasts and to have confidence that these are based on justifiable numbers and appropriate forecasting techniques;</p> <p>(c) the Parties being able to understand the quantitative impact of any Variations that affect ongoing Costs and identifying how these could be mitigated and/or reflected in the Charges;</p> <p>(d) the Parties being able to review, address issues with and re-forecast progress in relation to the provision of the Services;</p> <p>(e) the Parties challenging each other with ideas for efficiency and improvements; and</p> <p>(f) enabling the Buyer to demonstrate that it is achieving value for money for the taxpayer relative to current market prices;</p>
<b>"FOIA "</b>	the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under that Act from time to time together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or relevant Government department in relation to such legislation;
<b>"Force Majeure Event"</b>	<p>any event, occurrence, circumstance, matter or cause affecting the performance by either the Relevant Authority or the Supplier of its obligations arising from acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond the reasonable control of the Affected Party which prevent or materially delay the Affected Party from performing its obligations under a Contract and which are not attributable to any wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable preventative action by the Affected Party, including:</p> <p>riots, civil commotion, war or armed conflict;</p> <p>acts of terrorism;</p> <p>acts of a Central Government Body, local government or regulatory bodies;</p>

	fire, flood, storm or earthquake or other natural disaster, but excluding any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier, the Supplier Staff or any other failure in the Supplier or the Subcontractor's supply chain;
<b>"Force Majeure Notice"</b>	a written notice served by the Affected Party on the other Party stating that the Affected Party believes that there is a Force Majeure Event;
<b>"Framework Award Form"</b>	the document outlining the Framework Incorporated Terms and crucial information required for the Framework Contract, to be executed by the Supplier and CCS;
<b>"Framework Contract"</b>	the framework agreement established between CCS and the Supplier in accordance with Regulation 33 by the Framework Award Form for the provision of the Deliverables to Buyers by the Supplier pursuant to the OJEU Notice;
<b>"Framework Contract Period"</b>	the period from the Framework Start Date until the End Date of the Framework Contract;
<b>"Framework Expiry Date"</b>	the scheduled date of the end of the Framework Contract as stated in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Framework Incorporated Terms"</b>	the contractual terms applicable to the Framework Contract specified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Framework Optional Extension Period"</b>	such period or periods beyond which the Framework Contract Period may be extended as specified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Framework Price(s)"</b>	the price(s) applicable to the provision of the Deliverables set out in Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices);
<b>"Framework Special Terms"</b>	any additional terms and conditions specified in the Framework Award Form incorporated into the Framework Contract;
<b>"Framework Start Date"</b>	the date of start of the Framework Contract as stated in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Framework Tender Response"</b>	the tender submitted by the Supplier to CCS and annexed to or referred to in Framework Schedule 2 (Framework Tender);
<b>"Further Competition Procedure"</b>	the further competition procedure described in Framework Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure);
<b>"GDPR"</b>	the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679);
<b>"General Anti-Abuse Rule"</b>	the legislation in Part 5 of the Finance Act 2013 and; and any future legislation introduced into parliament to counteract tax advantages arising from abusive arrangements to avoid National Insurance contributions;
<b>"General Change in Law"</b>	a Change in Law where the change is of a general legislative nature (including taxation or duties of any sort affecting the

	Supplier) or which affects or relates to a Comparable Supply;
<b>"Goods"</b>	goods made available by the Supplier as specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification) and in relation to a Call-Off Contract as specified in the Order Form ;
<b>"Good Industry Practice"</b>	standards, practises, methods and procedures conforming to the Law and the exercise of the degree of skill and care, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced person or body engaged within the relevant industry or business sector;
<b>"Government"</b>	the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and other bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;
<b>"Government Data"</b>	<p>the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, including any of the Authority's Confidential Information, and which:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">are supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to a Contract;</p>
<b>"Guarantor"</b>	the person (if any) who has entered into a guarantee in the form set out in Joint Schedule 8 (Guarantee) in relation to this Contract;
<b>"Halifax Abuse Principle"</b>	the principle explained in the CJEU Case C-255/02 Halifax and others;
<b>"HMRC"</b>	Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;
<b>"ICT Policy"</b>	the Buyer's policy in respect of information and communications technology, referred to in the Order Form, which is in force as at the Call-Off Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time in accordance with the Variation Procedure;
<b>"Impact Assessment"</b>	<p>an assessment of the impact of a Variation request by the Relevant Authority completed in good faith, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) details of the impact of the proposed Variation on the Deliverables and the Supplier's ability to meet its other obligations under the Contract;</li> <li>b) details of the cost of implementing the proposed Variation;</li> <li>c) details of the ongoing costs required by the proposed Variation when implemented, including any increase or decrease in the Framework Prices/Charges (as applicable), any alteration in the resources and/or expenditure required by either Party and any alteration to the working practises of</li> </ul>

	<p>either Party;</p> <p>d) a timetable for the implementation, together with any proposals for the testing of the Variation; and</p> <p>e) such other information as the Relevant Authority may reasonably request in (or in response to) the Variation request;</p>
<b>"Implementation Plan"</b>	the plan for provision of the Deliverables set out in Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) where that Schedule is used or otherwise as agreed between the Supplier and the Buyer;
<b>"Indemnifier"</b>	a Party from whom an indemnity is sought under this Contract;
<b>"Independent Control"</b>	where a Controller has provided Personal Data to another Party which is not a Processor or a Joint Controller because the recipient itself determines the purposes and means of Processing but does so separately from the Controller providing it with Personal Data and <b>"Independent Controller"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Indexation"</b>	the adjustment of an amount or sum in accordance with Framework Schedule 3 (Framework Prices) and the relevant Order Form;
<b>"Information"</b>	has the meaning given under section 84 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000;
<b>"Information Commissioner"</b>	the UK's independent authority which deals with ensuring information relating to rights in the public interest and data privacy for individuals is met, whilst promoting openness by public bodies;
<b>"Initial Period"</b>	the initial term of a Contract specified in the Framework Award Form or the Order Form, as the context requires;
<b>"Insolvency Event"</b>	<p>with respect to any person, means:</p> <p>(a) that person suspends, or threatens to suspend, payment of its debts, or is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or admits inability to pay its debts, or:</p> <p>(i) (being a company or a LLP) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986, or</p> <p>(ii) (being a partnership) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 222 of the Insolvency Act 1986;</p> <p>(b) that person commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors (using a voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) with a view to rescheduling any of its debts, or makes a proposal for or enters into any compromise or arrangement with one or more of its creditors or takes any step to obtain a moratorium pursuant to Section 1A and Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 other than (in the case of a company, a LLP or a partnership) for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;</p> <p>(c) another person becomes entitled to appoint a receiver over the</p>

	<p>assets of that person or a receiver is appointed over the assets of that person;</p> <p>(d) a creditor or encumbrancer of that person attaches or takes possession of, or a distress, execution or other such process is levied or enforced on or sued against, the whole or any part of that person's assets and such attachment or process is not discharged within 14 days;</p> <p>(e) that person suspends or ceases, or threatens to suspend or cease, carrying on all or a substantial part of its business;</p> <p>(f) where that person is a company, a LLP or a partnership:</p> <p>(i) a petition is presented (which is not dismissed within 14 days of its service), a notice is given, a resolution is passed, or an order is made, for or in connection with the winding up of that person other than for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;</p> <p>(ii) an application is made to court, or an order is made, for the appointment of an administrator, or if a notice of intention to appoint an administrator is filed at Court or given or if an administrator is appointed, over that person;</p> <p>(iii) (being a company or a LLP) the holder of a qualifying floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an administrative receiver; or</p> <p>(iv) (being a partnership) the holder of an agricultural floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an agricultural receiver; or</p> <p>(g) any event occurs, or proceeding is taken, with respect to that person in any jurisdiction to which it is subject that has an effect equivalent or similar to any of the events mentioned above;</p>
<b>"Installation Works"</b>	all works which the Supplier is to carry out at the beginning of the Call-Off Contract Period to install the Goods in accordance with the Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Intellectual Property Rights" or "IPR"</b>	<p>a) copyright, rights related to or affording protection similar to copyright, rights in databases, patents and rights in inventions, semi-conductor topography rights, trade marks, rights in internet domain names and website addresses and other rights in trade or business names, goodwill, designs, Know-How, trade secrets and other rights in Confidential Information;</p> <p>b) applications for registration, and the right to apply for registration, for any of the rights listed at (a) that are capable of being registered in any country or jurisdiction; and</p> <p>c) all other rights having equivalent or similar effect in any country or jurisdiction;</p>

<b>"Invoicing Address"</b>	the address to which the Supplier shall invoice the Buyer as specified in the Order Form;
<b>"IPR Claim"</b>	any claim of infringement or alleged infringement (including the defence of such infringement or alleged infringement) of any IPR, used to provide the Deliverables or otherwise provided and/or licensed by the Supplier (or to which the Supplier has provided access) to the Relevant Authority in the fulfilment of its obligations under a Contract;
<b>"IR35"</b>	the off-payroll rules requiring individuals who work through their company pay the same tax and National Insurance contributions as an employee which can be found online at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ir35-find-out-if-it-applies">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ir35-find-out-if-it-applies</a> ;
<b>"Joint Controller Agreement"</b>	the agreement (if any) entered into between the Relevant Authority and the Supplier substantially in the form set out in Annex 2 of Joint Schedule 11 ( <i>Processing Data</i> );
<b>"Joint Controllers"</b>	where two or more Controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of Processing;
<b>"Key Staff"</b>	the individuals (if any) identified as such in the Order Form;
<b>"Key Sub-Contract"</b>	each Sub-Contract with a Key Subcontractor;
<b>"Key Subcontractor"</b>	<p>any Subcontractor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) which is relied upon to deliver any work package within the Deliverables in their entirety; and/or</li> <li>b) which, in the opinion of CCS or the Buyer performs (or would perform if appointed) a critical role in the provision of all or any part of the Deliverables; and/or</li> <li>c) with a Sub-Contract with a contract value which at the time of appointment exceeds (or would exceed if appointed) 10% of the aggregate Charges forecast to be payable under the Call-Off Contract,</li> </ul> <p>and the Supplier shall list all such Key Subcontractors in section 19 of the Framework Award Form and in the Key Subcontractor Section in Order Form;</p>
<b>"Know-How"</b>	all ideas, concepts, schemes, information, knowledge, techniques, methodology, and anything else in the nature of know-how relating to the Deliverables but excluding know-how already in the other Party's possession before the applicable Start Date;
<b>"Law"</b>	any law, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, enforceable right within the meaning of Section 2 of the European Communities Act 1972, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgement of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements with which the relevant Party is bound to comply;
<b>"LED"</b>	Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680);



<b>"Losses"</b>	all losses, liabilities, damages, costs, expenses (including legal fees), disbursements, costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgement, interest and penalties whether arising in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, misrepresentation or otherwise and <b>"Loss"</b> shall be interpreted accordingly;
<b>"Lots"</b>	the number of lots specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification), if applicable;
<b>"Management Charge"</b>	the sum specified in the Framework Award Form payable by the Supplier to CCS in accordance with Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
<b>"Management Information" or "MI"</b>	the management information specified in Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
<b>"MI Default"</b>	means when two (2) MI Reports are not provided in any rolling six (6) month period
<b>"MI Failure"</b>	means when an MI report: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) contains any material errors or material omissions or a missing mandatory field; or</li> <li>b) is submitted using an incorrect MI reporting Template; or</li> <li>c) is not submitted by the reporting date (including where a declaration of no business should have been filed);</li> </ul>
<b>"MI Report"</b>	means a report containing Management Information submitted to the Authority in accordance with Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information);
<b>"MI Reporting Template"</b>	means the form of report set out in the Annex to Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information) setting out the information the Supplier is required to supply to the Authority;
<b>"Milestone"</b>	an event or task described in the Implementation Plan;
<b>"Milestone Date"</b>	the target date set out against the relevant Milestone in the Implementation Plan by which the Milestone must be Achieved;
<b>"Month"</b>	a calendar month and <b>"Monthly"</b> shall be interpreted accordingly;
<b>"National Insurance"</b>	contributions required by the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 and made in accordance with the Social Security (Contributions) Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1004);
<b>"New IPR"</b>	IPR in items created by the Supplier (or by a third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of a Contract and updates and amendments of these items including (but not limited to) database schema; and/or  IPR in or arising as a result of the performance of the Supplier's obligations under a Contract and all updates and amendments to the same;  but shall not include the Supplier's Existing IPR;
<b>"Occasion of Tax Non–"</b>	where:

<b>Compliance"</b>	<p>a) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which is found on or after 1 April 2013 to be incorrect as a result of:</p> <p>i) a Relevant Tax Authority successfully challenging the Supplier under the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle or under any tax rules or legislation in any jurisdiction that have an effect equivalent or similar to the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle;</p> <p>ii) the failure of an avoidance scheme which the Supplier was involved in, and which was, or should have been, notified to a Relevant Tax Authority under the DOTAS or any equivalent or similar regime in any jurisdiction; and/or</p> <p>b) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 which gives rise, on or after 1 April 2013, to a criminal conviction in any jurisdiction for tax related offences which is not spent at the Start Date or to a civil penalty for fraud or evasion;</p>
<b>"Open Book Data"</b>	<p>complete and accurate financial and non-financial information which is sufficient to enable the Buyer to verify the Charges already paid or payable and Charges forecast to be paid during the remainder of the Call-Off Contract, including details and all assumptions relating to:</p> <p>a) the Supplier's Costs broken down against each Good and/or Service and/or Deliverable, including actual capital expenditure (including capital replacement costs) and the unit cost and total actual costs of all Deliverables;</p> <p>b) operating expenditure relating to the provision of the Deliverables including an analysis showing:</p> <p>the unit costs and quantity of Goods and any other consumables and bought-in Deliverables;</p> <p>staff costs broken down into the number and grade/role of all Supplier Staff (free of any contingency) together with a list of agreed rates against each grade;</p> <p>a list of Costs underpinning those rates for each grade, being the agreed rate less the Supplier Profit Margin; and</p> <p>Reimbursable Expenses, if allowed under the Order Form;</p> <p>c) Overheads;</p> <p>d) all interest, expenses and any other third party financing costs incurred in relation to the provision of the Deliverables;</p> <p>e) the Supplier Profit achieved over the Framework Contract Period and on an annual basis;</p> <p>f) confirmation that all methods of Cost apportionment and</p>

	<p>Overhead allocation are consistent with and not more onerous than such methods applied generally by the Supplier;</p> <p>g) an explanation of the type and value of risk and contingencies associated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the amount of money attributed to each risk and/or contingency; and</p> <p>h) the actual Costs profile for each Service Period;</p>
<b>"Order"</b>	means an order for the provision of the Deliverables placed by a Buyer with the Supplier under a Contract;
<b>"Order Form"</b>	a completed Order Form Template (or equivalent information issued by the Buyer) used to create a Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Order Form Template"</b>	the template in Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules);
<b>"Other Contracting Authority"</b>	any actual or potential Buyer under the Framework Contract;
<b>"Overhead"</b>	those amounts which are intended to recover a proportion of the Supplier's or the Key Subcontractor's (as the context requires) indirect corporate costs (including financing, marketing, advertising, research and development and insurance costs and any fines or penalties) but excluding allowable indirect costs apportioned to facilities and administration in the provision of Supplier Staff and accordingly included within limb (a) of the definition of "Costs";
<b>"Parliament"</b>	takes its natural meaning as interpreted by Law;
<b>"Party"</b>	in the context of the Framework Contract, CCS or the Supplier, and in the context of a Call-Off Contract the Buyer or the Supplier. <b>"Parties"</b> shall mean both of them where the context permits;
<b>"Performance Indicators" or "PIs"</b>	the performance measurements and targets in respect of the Supplier's performance of the Framework Contract set out in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management);
<b>"Personal Data"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>"Personal Data Breach"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;

<b>“Personnel”</b>	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of a Party and/or of any Subcontractor and/or Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;
<b>"Prescribed Person"</b>	a legal adviser, an MP or an appropriate body which a whistle-blower may make a disclosure to as detailed in 'Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies', 24 November 2016, available online at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies--2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies--2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies</a> ;
<b>“Processing”</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>“Processor”</b>	has the meaning given to it in the GDPR;
<b>“Processor Personnel”</b>	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;
<b>"Progress Meeting"</b>	a meeting between the Buyer Authorised Representative and the Supplier Authorised Representative;
<b>"Progress Meeting Frequency"</b>	the frequency at which the Supplier shall conduct a Progress Meeting in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Order Form;
<b>“Progress Report”</b>	a report provided by the Supplier indicating the steps taken to achieve Milestones or delivery dates;
<b>“Progress Report Frequency”</b>	the frequency at which the Supplier shall deliver Progress Reports in accordance with Clause 6.1 as specified in the Order Form;
<b>“Prohibited Acts”</b>	<p>a) to directly or indirectly offer, promise or give any person working for or engaged by a Buyer or any other public body a financial or other advantage to:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">induce that person to perform improperly a relevant function or activity; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">reward that person for improper performance of a relevant function or activity;</p> <p>b) to directly or indirectly request, agree to receive or accept any financial or other advantage as an inducement or a reward for improper performance of a relevant function or activity in connection with each Contract; or</p> <p>c) committing any offence:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">under the Bribery Act 2010 (or any legislation repealed or revoked by such Act); or</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">under legislation or common law concerning fraudulent acts; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">defrauding, attempting to defraud or conspiring to defraud a Buyer or other public body; or</p> <p>d) any activity, practice or conduct which would constitute one of the offences listed under (c) above if such activity, practice or</p>

	conduct had been carried out in the UK;
<b>"Protective Measures"</b>	appropriate technical and organisational measures which may include: pseudonymisation and encrypting Personal Data, ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of systems and services, ensuring that availability of and access to Personal Data can be restored in a timely manner after an incident, and regularly assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of the such measures adopted by it including those outlined in Framework Schedule 9 (Cyber Essentials Scheme), if applicable, in the case of the Framework Contract or Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security), if applicable, in the case of a Call-Off Contract.
<b>"Recall"</b>	a request by the Supplier to return Goods to the Supplier or the manufacturer after the discovery of safety issues or defects (including defects in the right IPR rights) that might endanger health or hinder performance;
<b>"Recipient Party"</b>	the Party which receives or obtains directly or indirectly Confidential Information;
<b>"Rectification Plan"</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the Supplier's plan (or revised plan) to rectify it's breach using the template in Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan) which shall include:</li> <li>b) full details of the Default that has occurred, including a root cause analysis;</li> <li>c) the actual or anticipated effect of the Default; and</li> <li>d) the steps which the Supplier proposes to take to rectify the Default (if applicable) and to prevent such Default from recurring, including timescales for such steps and for the rectification of the Default (where applicable);</li> </ul>
<b>"Rectification Plan Process"</b>	the process set out in Clause 10.3.1 to 10.3.4 (Rectification Plan Process);
<b>"Regulations"</b>	the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and/or the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (as the context requires);
<b>"Reimbursable Expenses"</b>	<p>the reasonable out of pocket travel and subsistence (for example, hotel and food) expenses, properly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the Services, calculated at the rates and in accordance with the Buyer's expenses policy current from time to time, but not including:</p> <p>travel expenses incurred as a result of Supplier Staff travelling to and from their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed, unless the Buyer otherwise agreed in advance in writing; and</p> <p>subsistence expenses incurred by Supplier Staff whilst performing the Services at their usual place of work, or to and from the premises at which the Services are principally to be performed;</p>
<b>"Relevant"</b>	the Authority which is party to the Contract to which a right or

<b>Authority"</b>	obligation is owed, as the context requires;
<b>"Relevant Authority's Confidential Information"</b>	<p>all Personal Data and any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, property rights, trade secrets, Know-How and IPR of the Relevant Authority (including all Relevant Authority Existing IPR and New IPR);</p> <p>any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked "confidential") or which ought reasonably be considered confidential which comes (or has come) to the Relevant Authority's attention or into the Relevant Authority's possession in connection with a Contract; and</p> <p>information derived from any of the above;</p>
<b>"Relevant Requirements"</b>	all applicable Law relating to bribery, corruption and fraud, including the Bribery Act 2010 and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 9 of the Bribery Act 2010;
<b>"Relevant Tax Authority"</b>	HMRC, or, if applicable, the tax authority in the jurisdiction in which the Supplier is established;
<b>"Reminder Notice"</b>	a notice sent in accordance with Clause 10.5 given by the Supplier to the Buyer providing notification that payment has not been received on time;
<b>"Replacement Deliverables"</b>	any deliverables which are substantially similar to any of the Deliverables and which the Buyer receives in substitution for any of the Deliverables following the Call-Off Expiry Date, whether those goods are provided by the Buyer internally and/or by any third party;
<b>"Replacement Subcontractor"</b>	a Subcontractor of the Replacement Supplier to whom Transferring Supplier Employees will transfer on a Service Transfer Date (or any Subcontractor of any such Subcontractor);
<b>"Replacement Supplier"</b>	any third party provider of Replacement Deliverables appointed by or at the direction of the Buyer from time to time or where the Buyer is providing Replacement Deliverables for its own account, shall also include the Buyer;
<b>"Request For Information"</b>	a request for information or an apparent request relating to a Contract for the provision of the Deliverables or an apparent request for such information under the FOIA or the EIRs;
<b>"Required Insurances"</b>	the insurances required by Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements) or any additional insurances specified in the Order Form;
<b>"Satisfaction Certificate"</b>	the certificate (materially in the form of the document contained in of Part B of Call-Off Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan and Testing) or as agreed by the Parties where Call-Off Schedule 13 is not used in this Contract) granted by the Buyer when the Supplier has met all of the requirements of an Order, Achieved a Milestone or a Test;
<b>"Security"</b>	the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to

<b>Management Plan"</b>	Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security) (if applicable);
<b>"Security Policy"</b>	the Buyer's security policy, referred to in the Order Form, in force as at the Call-Off Start Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time and notified to the Supplier;
<b>"Self Audit Certificate"</b>	means the certificate in the form as set out in Framework Schedule 8 (Self Audit Certificate);
<b>"Serious Fraud Office"</b>	the UK Government body named as such as may be renamed or replaced by an equivalent body from time to time;
<b>"Service Levels"</b>	any service levels applicable to the provision of the Deliverables under the Call Off Contract (which, where Call Off Schedule 14 (Service Levels) is used in this Contract, are specified in the Annex to Part A of such Schedule);
<b>"Service Period"</b>	has the meaning given to it in the Order Form;
<b>"Services"</b>	services made available by the Supplier as specified in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification) and in relation to a Call-Off Contract as specified in the Order Form;
<b>"Service Transfer"</b>	any transfer of the Deliverables (or any part of the Deliverables), for whatever reason, from the Supplier or any Subcontractor to a Replacement Supplier or a Replacement Subcontractor;
<b>"Service Transfer Date"</b>	the date of a Service Transfer;
<b>"Sites"</b>	any premises (including the Buyer Premises, the Supplier's premises or third party premises) from, to or at which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) the Deliverables are (or are to be) provided; or</li> <li>b) the Supplier manages, organises or otherwise directs the provision or the use of the Deliverables;</li> <li>c) those premises at which any Supplier Equipment or any part of the Supplier System is located (where any part of the Deliverables provided falls within Call-Off Schedule 6 (ICT Services));</li> </ul>
<b>"SME"</b>	an enterprise falling within the category of micro, small and medium sized enterprises defined by the Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium enterprises;
<b>"Special Terms"</b>	any additional Clauses set out in the Framework Award Form or Order Form which shall form part of the respective Contract;
<b>"Specific Change in Law"</b>	a Change in Law that relates specifically to the business of the Buyer and which would not affect a Comparable Supply where the effect of that Specific Change in Law on the Deliverables is not reasonably foreseeable at the Start Date;

<b>"Specification"</b>	the specification set out in Framework Schedule 1 (Specification), as may, in relation to a Call-Off Contract, be supplemented by the Order Form;
<b>"Standards"</b>	<p>any:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) standards published by BSI British Standards, the National Standards Body of the United Kingdom, the International Organisation for Standardisation or other reputable or equivalent bodies (and their successor bodies) that a skilled and experienced operator in the same type of industry or business sector as the Supplier would reasonably and ordinarily be expected to comply with;</li> <li>b) standards detailed in the specification in Schedule 1 (Specification);</li> <li>c) standards detailed by the Buyer in the Order Form or agreed between the Parties from time to time;</li> <li>d) relevant Government codes of practice and guidance applicable from time to time;</li> </ul>
<b>"Start Date"</b>	in the case of the Framework Contract, the date specified on the Framework Award Form, and in the case of a Call-Off Contract, the date specified in the Order Form;
<b>"Statement of Requirements"</b>	a statement issued by the Buyer detailing its requirements in respect of Deliverables issued in accordance with the Call-Off Procedure;
<b>"Storage Media"</b>	the part of any device that is capable of storing and retrieving data;
<b>"Sub-Contract"</b>	<p>any contract or agreement (or proposed contract or agreement), other than a Call-Off Contract or the Framework Contract, pursuant to which a third party:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) provides the Deliverables (or any part of them);</li> <li>b) provides facilities or services necessary for the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them); and/or</li> <li>c) is responsible for the management, direction or control of the provision of the Deliverables (or any part of them);</li> </ul>
<b>"Subcontractor"</b>	any person other than the Supplier, who is a party to a Sub-Contract and the servants or agents of that person;
<b>"Subprocessor"</b>	any third Party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of that Processor related to a Contract;
<b>"Supplier"</b>	the person, firm or company identified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Supplier Assets"</b>	all assets and rights used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables in accordance with the Call-Off Contract but excluding the Buyer Assets;
<b>"Supplier"</b>	the representative appointed by the Supplier named in the



<b>Authorised Representative"</b>	Framework Award Form, or later defined in a Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Supplier's Confidential Information"</b>	<p>a) any information, however it is conveyed, that relates to the business, affairs, developments, IPR of the Supplier (including the Supplier Existing IPR) trade secrets, Know-How, and/or personnel of the Supplier;</p> <p>b) any other information clearly designated as being confidential (whether or not it is marked as "confidential") or which ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential and which comes (or has come) to the Supplier's attention or into the Supplier's possession in connection with a Contract;</p> <p>c) Information derived from any of (a) and (b) above;</p>
<b>"Supplier's Contract Manager"</b>	the person identified in the Order Form appointed by the Supplier to oversee the operation of the Call-Off Contract and any alternative person whom the Supplier intends to appoint to the role, provided that the Supplier informs the Buyer prior to the appointment;
<b>"Supplier Equipment"</b>	the Supplier's hardware, computer and telecoms devices, equipment, plant, materials and such other items supplied and used by the Supplier (but not hired, leased or loaned from the Buyer) in the performance of its obligations under this Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Supplier Marketing Contact"</b>	shall be the person identified in the Framework Award Form;
<b>"Supplier Non-Performance"</b>	<p>where the Supplier has failed to:</p> <p>a) Achieve a Milestone by its Milestone Date;</p> <p>b) provide the Goods and/or Services in accordance with the Service Levels ; and/or</p> <p>c) comply with an obligation under a Contract;</p>
<b>"Supplier Profit"</b>	in relation to a period, the difference between the total Charges (in nominal cash flow terms but excluding any Deductions and total Costs (in nominal cash flow terms) in respect of a Call-Off Contract for the relevant period;
<b>"Supplier Profit Margin"</b>	in relation to a period or a Milestone (as the context requires), the Supplier Profit for the relevant period or in relation to the relevant Milestone divided by the total Charges over the same period or in relation to the relevant Milestone and expressed as a percentage;
<b>"Supplier Staff"</b>	all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of any Subcontractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under a Contract;
<b>"Supporting"</b>	sufficient information in writing to enable the Buyer to reasonably

<b>Documentation "</b>	assess whether the Charges, Reimbursable Expenses and other sums due from the Buyer under the Call-Off Contract detailed in the information are properly payable;
<b>"Termination Notice"</b>	a written notice of termination given by one Party to the other, notifying the Party receiving the notice of the intention of the Party giving the notice to terminate a Contract on a specified date and setting out the grounds for termination;
<b>"Test Issue"</b>	any variance or non-conformity of the Deliverables from their requirements as set out in a Call-Off Contract;
<b>"Test Plan"</b>	a plan: a) for the Testing of the Deliverables; and b) setting out other agreed criteria related to the achievement of Milestones;
<b>"Tests "</b>	any tests required to be carried out pursuant to a Call-Off Contract as set out in the Test Plan or elsewhere in a Call-Off Contract and <b>"Tested"</b> and <b>"Testing"</b> shall be construed accordingly;
<b>"Third Party IPR"</b>	Intellectual Property Rights owned by a third party which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purpose of providing the Deliverables;
<b>"Transferring Supplier Employees"</b>	those employees of the Supplier and/or the Supplier's Subcontractors to whom the Employment Regulations will apply on the Service Transfer Date;
<b>"Transparency Information"</b>	the Transparency Reports and the content of a Contract, including any changes to this Contract agreed from time to time, except for – (i) any information which is exempt from disclosure in accordance with the provisions of the FOIA, which shall be determined by the Relevant Authority; and (ii) Commercially Sensitive Information;
<b>"Transparency Reports"</b>	the information relating to the Deliverables and performance of the Contracts which the Supplier is required to provide to the Buyer in accordance with the reporting requirements in Call-Off Schedule 1 (Transparency Reports);
<b>"Variation"</b>	any change to a Contract;
<b>"Variation Form"</b>	the form set out in Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form);
<b>"Variation Procedure"</b>	the procedure set out in Clause 24 (Changing the contract);
<b>"VAT"</b>	value added tax in accordance with the provisions of the Value Added Tax Act 1994;
<b>"VCSE"</b>	a non-governmental organisation that is value-driven and which principally reinvests its surpluses to further social, environmental or cultural objectives;
<b>"Worker"</b>	any one of the Supplier Staff which the Buyer, in its reasonable opinion, considers is an individual to which Procurement Policy

	Note 08/15 (Tax Arrangements of Public Appointees) ( <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0815-tax-arrangements-of-appointees</a> ) applies in respect of the Deliverables;
<b>"Working Day"</b>	any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday in England and Wales unless specified otherwise by the Parties in the Order Form;
<b>"Work Day"</b>	8.0 Work Hours, whether or not such hours are worked consecutively and whether or not they are worked on the same day; and
<b>"Work Hours"</b>	the hours spent by the Supplier Staff properly working on the provision of the Deliverables including time spent travelling (other than to and from the Supplier's offices, or to and from the Sites) but excluding lunch breaks.

# Joint Schedule 2 (Variation Form)

This form is to be used in order to change a contract in accordance with Clause 24 (Changing the Contract)

Contract Details		
This variation is between:	<b>[delete]</b> as applicable: CCS / Buyer] (" <b>CCS</b> " " <b>the Buyer</b> ") And <b>[insert]</b> name of Supplier] (" <b>the Supplier</b> ")	
Contract name:	<b>[insert]</b> name of contract to be changed] (" <b>the Contract</b> ")	
Contract reference number:	<b>[insert]</b> contract reference number]	
Details of Proposed Variation		
Variation initiated by:	<b>[delete]</b> as applicable: CCS/Buyer/Supplier]	
Variation number:	<b>[insert]</b> variation number]	
Date variation is raised:	<b>[insert]</b> date]	
Proposed variation		
Reason for the variation:	<b>[insert]</b> reason]	
An Impact Assessment shall be provided within:	<b>[insert]</b> number] days	
Impact of Variation		
Likely impact of the proposed variation:	<b>[Supplier to insert]</b> assessment of impact]	
Outcome of Variation		
Contract variation:	This Contract detailed above is varied as follows:  <b>[CCS/Buyer to insert]</b> original Clauses or Paragraphs to be varied and the changed clause]	
Financial variation:	Original Contract Value:	£ <b>[insert]</b> amount]
	Additional cost due to variation:	£ <b>[insert]</b> amount]
	New Contract value:	£ <b>[insert]</b> amount]

This Variation must be agreed and signed by both Parties to the Contract and shall only be effective from the date it is signed by **[delete]** as applicable: CCS / Buyer]

Words and expressions in this Variation shall have the meanings given to them in the Contract.

The Contract, including any previous Variations, shall remain effective and unaltered except as amended by this Variation.

Signed by an authorised signatory for and on behalf of the **[delete]** as applicable: CCS / Buyer]

Signature	
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	

Signed by an authorised signatory to sign for and on behalf of the Supplier

Signature	
Date	
Name (in Capitals)	
Address	

## Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements)

The insurance you need to have

The Supplier shall take out and maintain, or procure the taking out and maintenance of the insurances as set out in the Annex to this Schedule, any additional insurances required under a Call-Off Contract (specified in the applicable Order Form) ("**Additional Insurances**") and any other insurances as may be required by applicable Law (together the "**Insurances**"). The Supplier shall ensure that each of the Insurances is effective no later than:

the Framework Start Date in respect of those Insurances set out in the Annex to this Schedule and those required by applicable Law; and

the Call-Off Contract Effective Date in respect of the Additional Insurances.

The Insurances shall be:

maintained in accordance with Good Industry Practice;

(so far as is reasonably practicable) on terms no less favourable than those generally available to a prudent contractor in respect of risks insured in the international insurance market from time to time;

taken out and maintained with insurers of good financial standing and good repute in the international insurance market; and

maintained for at least six (6) years after the End Date.

The Supplier shall ensure that the public and products liability policy contain an indemnity to principals clause under which the Relevant Authority shall be indemnified in respect of claims made against the Relevant Authority in respect of death or bodily injury or third party property damage arising out of or in connection with the Deliverables and for which the Supplier is legally liable.

How to manage the insurance

Without limiting the other provisions of this Contract, the Supplier shall:

take or procure the taking of all reasonable risk management and risk control measures in relation to Deliverables as it would be reasonable to expect of a prudent contractor acting in accordance with Good Industry Practice, including the investigation and reports of relevant claims to insurers;

promptly notify the insurers in writing of any relevant material fact under any Insurances of which the Supplier is or becomes aware; and

Hold all policies in respect of the Insurances and cause any insurance broker affecting the Insurances to hold any insurance slips and other evidence of placing cover representing any of the Insurances to which it is a party.

What happens if you aren't insured

The Supplier shall not take any action or fail to take any action or (insofar as is reasonably within its power) permit anything to occur in relation to it which would entitle any insurer to refuse to pay any claim under any of the Insurances.

Where the Supplier has failed to purchase or maintain any of the Insurances in full force and

effect, the Relevant Authority may elect (but shall not be obliged) following written notice to the Supplier to purchase the relevant Insurances and recover the reasonable premium and other reasonable costs incurred in connection therewith as a debt due from the Supplier.

#### Evidence of insurance you must provide

The Supplier shall upon the Start Date and within 15 Working Days after the renewal of each of the Insurances, provide evidence, in a form satisfactory to the Relevant Authority, that the Insurances are in force and effect and meet in full the requirements of this Schedule.

#### Making sure you are insured to the required amount

The Supplier shall ensure that any Insurances which are stated to have a minimum limit "in the aggregate" are maintained at all times for the minimum limit of indemnity specified in this Contract and if any claims are made which do not relate to this Contract then the Supplier shall notify the Relevant Authority and provide details of its proposed solution for maintaining the minimum limit of indemnity.

#### Cancelled Insurance

The Supplier shall notify the Relevant Authority in writing at least five (5) Working Days prior to the cancellation, suspension, termination or non-renewal of any of the Insurances.

The Supplier shall ensure that nothing is done which would entitle the relevant insurer to cancel, rescind or suspend any insurance or cover, or to treat any insurance, cover or claim as voided in whole or part. The Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to notify the Relevant Authority (subject to third party confidentiality obligations) as soon as practicable when it becomes aware of any relevant fact, circumstance or matter which has caused, or is reasonably likely to provide grounds to, the relevant insurer to give notice to cancel, rescind, suspend or void any insurance, or any cover or claim under any insurance in whole or in part.

#### Insurance claims

The Supplier shall promptly notify to insurers any matter arising from, or in relation to, the Deliverables, or each Contract for which it may be entitled to claim under any of the Insurances. In the event that the Relevant Authority receives a claim relating to or arising out of a Contract or the Deliverables, the Supplier shall cooperate with the Relevant Authority and assist it in dealing with such claims including without limitation providing information and documentation in a timely manner.

Except where the Relevant Authority is the claimant party, the Supplier shall give the Relevant Authority notice within twenty (20) Working Days after any insurance claim in excess of 10% of the sum required to be insured pursuant to Paragraph 5.1 relating to or arising out of the provision of the Deliverables or this Contract on any of the Insurances or which, but for the application of the applicable policy excess, would be made on any of the Insurances and (if required by the Relevant Authority) full details of the incident giving rise to the claim.

Where any Insurance requires payment of a premium, the Supplier shall be liable for and shall promptly pay such premium.

Where any Insurance is subject to an excess or deductible below which the indemnity from insurers is excluded, the Supplier shall be liable for such excess or deductible. The Supplier shall not be entitled to recover from the Relevant Authority any sum paid by way of excess or deductible under the Insurances whether under the terms of this Contract or otherwise.

# ANNEX: REQUIRED INSURANCES

The Supplier shall hold the following [standard] insurance cover from the Framework Start Date in accordance with this Schedule:

professional indemnity insurance with cover (for a single claim or a series of related claims and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000);

public liability insurance with cover (for a single event or a series of related events and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000); and

employers' liability insurance with cover (for a single event or a series of related events and in the aggregate) of not less than five million pounds (£5,000,000).



# Joint Schedule 4 (Commercially Sensitive Information)

## What is Commercially Sensitive Information?

In this Schedule the Parties have sought to identify the Supplier's Confidential Information that is genuinely commercially sensitive and the disclosure of which would be the subject of an exemption under the FOIA and the EIRs.

Where possible, the Parties have sought to identify when any relevant Information will cease to fall into the category of Information to which this Schedule applies in the table below and in the Order Form (which shall be deemed incorporated into the table below).

Without prejudice to the Relevant Authority's obligation to disclose Information in accordance with FOIA or Clause 16 (When you can share information), the Relevant Authority will, in its sole discretion, acting reasonably, seek to apply the relevant exemption set out in the FOIA to the following Information:

No.	Date	Item(s)	Duration of Confidentiality
1.	12 <sup>th</sup> August 2024	Tender response	Duration of the contract
2.	12 <sup>th</sup> August 2024	Price Breakdown	Duration of the contract

# Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility)

## What we expect from our Suppliers

In February 2019, HM Government published a Supplier Code of Conduct setting out the standards and behaviours expected of suppliers who work with government ([https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier\\_Code\\_of\\_Conduct.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier_Code_of_Conduct.pdf))

CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to meet the standards set out in that Code. In addition, CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to comply with the Standards set out in this Schedule. The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer may have additional requirements in relation to corporate social responsibility. The Buyer expects that the Supplier and its Subcontractors will comply with such corporate social responsibility requirements as the Buyer may notify the Supplier from time to time.

## Equality and Accessibility

In addition to legal obligations, the Supplier shall support CCS and the Buyer in fulfilling its Public Sector Equality duty under S149 of the Equality Act 2010 by ensuring that it fulfils its obligations under each Contract in a way that seeks to:

eliminate discrimination, harassment or victimisation of any kind; and

advance equality of opportunity and good relations between those with a protected characteristic (age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, and marriage and civil partnership) and those who do not share it.

## Modern Slavery, Child Labour and Inhumane Treatment

"**Modern Slavery Helpline**" means the mechanism for reporting suspicion, seeking help or advice and information on the subject of modern slavery available online at <https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org/report> or by telephone on 08000 121 700.

The Supplier:

shall not use, nor allow its Subcontractors to use forced, bonded or involuntary prison labour;

shall not require any Supplier Staff or Subcontractor Staff to lodge deposits or identify papers with the Employer and shall be free to leave their employer after reasonable notice;

warrants and represents that it has not been convicted of any slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world.

warrants that to the best of its knowledge it is not currently under investigation, inquiry or enforcement proceedings in relation to any allegation of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.

shall make reasonable enquires to ensure that its officers, employees and Subcontractors have not been convicted of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.

shall have and maintain throughout the term of each Contract its own policies and procedures to ensure its compliance with the Modern Slavery Act and include in its contracts with its Subcontractors anti-slavery and human trafficking provisions;

shall implement due diligence procedures to ensure that there is no slavery or human trafficking in any part of its supply chain performing obligations under a Contract;

shall prepare and deliver to CCS, an annual slavery and human trafficking report setting out the steps it has taken to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any of its supply chains or in any part of its business with its annual certification of compliance with Paragraph 3;

shall not use, nor allow its employees or Subcontractors to use physical abuse or discipline, the threat of physical abuse, sexual or other harassment and verbal abuse or other forms of intimidation of its employees or Subcontractors;

shall not use or allow child or slave labour to be used by its Subcontractors;

shall report the discovery or suspicion of any slavery or trafficking by it or its Subcontractors to CCS, the Buyer and Modern Slavery Helpline.

### **Income Security**

The Supplier shall:

ensure that all wages and benefits paid for a standard working week meet, at a minimum, national legal standards in the country of employment;

ensure that all Supplier Staff are provided with written and understandable Information about their employment conditions in respect of wages before they enter employment and about the particulars of their wages for the pay period concerned each time that they are paid;

not make deductions from wages:

as a disciplinary measure

except where permitted by law; or

without expressed permission of the worker concerned;

record all disciplinary measures taken against Supplier Staff; and

ensure that Supplier Staff are engaged under a recognised employment relationship established through national law and practice.

### **Working Hours**

The Supplier shall:

ensure that the working hours of Supplier Staff comply with national laws, and any collective agreements;

that the working hours of Supplier Staff, excluding overtime, shall be defined by contract, and shall not exceed 48 hours per week unless the individual has agreed in writing;

ensure that use of overtime used responsibly, taking into account:

the extent;

frequency; and

hours worked;

by individuals and by the Supplier Staff as a whole;

5.2 The total hours worked in any seven day period shall not exceed 60 hours, except where covered by Paragraph 5.3 below.

5.3 Working hours may exceed 60 hours in any seven day period only in exceptional circumstances where all of the following are met:

5.3.1 this is allowed by national law;

5.3.2 this is allowed by a collective agreement freely negotiated with a workers' organisation representing a significant portion of the workforce;

5.3.3 appropriate safeguards are taken to protect the workers' health and safety; and

5.3.4 the employer can demonstrate that exceptional circumstances apply such as unexpected production peaks, accidents or emergencies.

5.4 All Supplier Staff shall be provided with at least one (1) day off in every seven (7) day period or, where allowed by national law, two (2) days off in every fourteen (14) day period.

## **6. Sustainability**

6.1 The supplier shall meet the applicable Government Buying Standards applicable to Deliverables which can be found online at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/sustainable-procurement-the-government-buying-standards-gbs>

## Joint Schedule 10 (Rectification Plan)

Request for <b>[Revised]</b> Rectification Plan			
Details of the Default:	<b>[Guidance:</b> Explain the Default, with clear schedule and clause references as appropriate]		
Deadline for receiving the <b>[Revised]</b> Rectification Plan:	<b>[add]</b> date (minimum 10 days from request)]		
Signed by <b>[CCS/Buyer]</b> :		Date:	
Supplier <b>[Revised]</b> Rectification Plan			
Cause of the Default	<b>[add]</b> cause]		
Anticipated impact assessment:	<b>[add]</b> impact]		
Actual effect of Default:	<b>[add]</b> effect]		
Steps to be taken to rectification:	<b>Steps</b>	<b>Timescale</b>	
	1.	<b>[date]</b>	
	2.	<b>[date]</b>	
	3.	<b>[date]</b>	
	4.	<b>[date]</b>	
	<b>[...]</b>	<b>[date]</b>	
Timescale for complete Rectification of Default	<b>[X]</b> Working Days		
Steps taken to prevent recurrence of Default	<b>Steps</b>	<b>Timescale</b>	
	1.	<b>[date]</b>	
	2.	<b>[date]</b>	
	3.	<b>[date]</b>	
	4.	<b>[date]</b>	
	<b>[...]</b>	<b>[date]</b>	
Signed by the Supplier:		Date:	
Review of Rectification Plan <b>[CCS/Buyer]</b>			
Outcome of review	<b>[Plan Accepted]</b> <b>[Plan Rejected]</b> <b>[Revised Plan Requested]</b>		
Reasons for Rejection (if applicable)	<b>[add]</b> reasons]		

Signed by [CCS/Buyer]		Date:	
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# Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data)

## Definitions

In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

**“Processor Personnel”** all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Subprocessor engaged in the performance of its obligations under a Contract;

## Status of the Controller

The Parties acknowledge that for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation, the nature of the activity carried out by each of them in relation to their respective obligations under a Contract dictates the status of each party under the DPA 2018. A Party may act as:

“Controller” in respect of the other Party who is “Processor”;

“Processor” in respect of the other Party who is “Controller”;

“Joint Controller” with the other Party;

“Independent Controller” of the Personal Data where the other Party is also “Controller”,

in respect of certain Personal Data under a Contract and shall specify in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) which scenario they think shall apply in each situation.

## Where one Party is Controller and the other Party its Processor

Where a Party is a Processor, the only Processing that it is authorised to do is listed in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*) by the Controller.

The Processor shall notify the Controller immediately if it considers that any of the Controller’s instructions infringe the Data Protection Legislation.

The Processor shall provide all reasonable assistance to the Controller in the preparation of any Data Protection Impact Assessment prior to commencing any Processing. Such assistance may, at the discretion of the Controller, include:

- a systematic description of the envisaged Processing and the purpose of the Processing;
- an assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the Processing in relation to the Deliverables;
- an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects; and
- the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of Personal Data.

The Processor shall, in relation to any Personal Data Processed in connection with its obligations

under the Contract:

Process that Personal Data only in accordance with Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*), unless the Processor is required to do otherwise by Law. If it is so required the Processor shall notify the Controller before Processing the Personal Data unless prohibited by Law;

ensure that it has in place Protective Measures, including in the case of the Supplier the measures set out in Clause 14.3 of the Core Terms, which the Controller may reasonably reject (but failure to reject shall not amount to approval by the Controller of the adequacy of the Protective Measures) having taken account of the:

nature of the data to be protected;

harm that might result from a Personal Data Breach;

state of technological development; and

cost of implementing any measures;

ensure that :

the Processor Personnel do not Process Personal Data except in accordance with the Contract (and in particular Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*));

it takes all reasonable steps to ensure the reliability and integrity of any Processor Personnel who have access to the Personal Data and ensure that they:

are aware of and comply with the Processor's duties under this Joint Schedule 11, Clauses 14 (*Data protection*), 15 (*What you must keep confidential*) and 16 (*When you can share information*) of the Core Terms;

are subject to appropriate confidentiality undertakings with the Processor or any Subprocessor;

are informed of the confidential nature of the Personal Data and do not publish, disclose or divulge any of the Personal Data to any third party unless directed in writing to do so by the Controller or as otherwise permitted by the Contract; and

have undergone adequate training in the use, care, protection and handling of Personal Data;

not transfer Personal Data outside of the UK or EU unless the prior written consent of the Controller has been obtained and the following conditions are fulfilled:

the Controller or the Processor has provided appropriate safeguards in relation to the transfer (whether in accordance with UK GDPR Article 46 or LED Article 37) as determined by the Controller;

the Data Subject has enforceable rights and effective legal remedies;

the Processor complies with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation by providing an adequate level of protection to any Personal Data that is transferred (or, if it is not so bound, uses its best endeavours to assist the Controller in meeting its obligations); and

the Processor complies with any reasonable instructions notified to it in advance by the Controller with respect to the Processing of the Personal Data; and

at the written direction of the Controller, delete or return Personal Data (and any copies of it) to the Controller on termination of the Contract unless the Processor is required by Law to retain the Personal Data.

Subject to paragraph 8 of this Joint Schedule 11, the Processor shall notify the Controller immediately



if in relation to it Processing Personal Data under or in connection with the Contract it:  
receives a Data Subject Access Request (or purported Data Subject Access Request);  
receives a request to rectify, block or erase any Personal Data;  
receives any other request, complaint or communication relating to either Party's obligations under the Data Protection Legislation;  
receives any communication from the Information Commissioner or any other regulatory authority in connection with Personal Data Processed under the Contract;  
receives a request from any third Party for disclosure of Personal Data where compliance with such request is required or purported to be required by Law; or  
becomes aware of a Personal Data Breach.

The Processor's obligation to notify under paragraph 7 of this Joint Schedule 11 shall include the provision of further information to the Controller, as details become available.

Taking into account the nature of the Processing, the Processor shall provide the Controller with assistance in relation to either Party's obligations under Data Protection Legislation and any complaint, communication or request made under paragraph 7 of this Joint Schedule 11 (and insofar as possible within the timescales reasonably required by the Controller) including by immediately providing:

the Controller with full details and copies of the complaint, communication or request;  
such assistance as is reasonably requested by the Controller to enable it to comply with a Data Subject Access Request within the relevant timescales set out in the Data Protection Legislation;  
the Controller, at its request, with any Personal Data it holds in relation to a Data Subject;  
assistance as requested by the Controller following any Personal Data Breach; and/or  
assistance as requested by the Controller with respect to any request from the Information Commissioner's Office, or any consultation by the Controller with the Information Commissioner's Office.

The Processor shall maintain complete and accurate records and information to demonstrate its compliance with this Joint Schedule 11. This requirement does not apply where the Processor employs fewer than 250 staff, unless:

the Controller determines that the Processing is not occasional;  
the Controller determines the Processing includes special categories of data as referred to in Article 9(1) of the UK GDPR or Personal Data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of the UK GDPR; or  
the Controller determines that the Processing is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects.

The Processor shall allow for audits of its Data Processing activity by the Controller or the Controller's designated auditor.

The Parties shall designate a Data Protection Officer if required by the Data Protection Legislation.

Before allowing any Subprocessor to Process any Personal Data related to the Contract, the Processor must:

notify the Controller in writing of the intended Subprocessor and Processing;

obtain the written consent of the Controller;

enter into a written agreement with the Subprocessor which give effect to the terms set out in this Joint Schedule 11 such that they apply to the Subprocessor; and

provide the Controller with such information regarding the Subprocessor as the Controller may reasonably require.

The Processor shall remain fully liable for all acts or omissions of any of its Subprocessors.

The Relevant Authority may, at any time on not less than thirty (30) Working Days' notice, revise this Joint Schedule 11 by replacing it with any applicable controller to processor standard clauses or similar terms forming part of an applicable certification scheme (which shall apply when incorporated by attachment to the Contract).

The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office. The Relevant Authority may on not less than thirty (30) Working Days' notice to the Supplier amend the Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner's Office.

### **Where the Parties are Joint Controllers of Personal Data**

In the event that the Parties are Joint Controllers in respect of Personal Data under the Contract, the Parties shall implement paragraphs that are necessary to comply with UK GDPR Article 26 based on the terms set out in Annex 2 to this Joint Schedule 11.

### **Independent Controllers of Personal Data**

With respect to Personal Data provided by one Party to another Party for which each Party acts as Controller but which is not under the Joint Control of the Parties, each Party undertakes to comply with the applicable Data Protection Legislation in respect of their Processing of such Personal Data as Controller.

Each Party shall Process the Personal Data in compliance with its obligations under the Data Protection Legislation and not do anything to cause the other Party to be in breach of it.

Where a Party has provided Personal Data to the other Party in accordance with paragraph 18 of this Joint Schedule 11 above, the recipient of the Personal Data will provide all such relevant documents and information relating to its data protection policies and procedures as the other Party may reasonably require.

The Parties shall be responsible for their own compliance with Articles 13 and 14 UK GDPR in respect of the Processing of Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract.

The Parties shall only provide Personal Data to each other:

to the extent necessary to perform their respective obligations under the Contract;

in compliance with the Data Protection Legislation (including by ensuring all required data privacy information has been given to affected Data Subjects to meet the requirements of Articles 13 and 14 of the UK GDPR); and

where it has recorded it in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).

Taking into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation and the nature, scope, context

and purposes of Processing as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of natural persons, each Party shall, with respect to its Processing of Personal Data as Independent Controller, implement and maintain appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to that risk, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the UK GDPR, and the measures shall, at a minimum, comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Legislation, including Article 32 of the UK GDPR.

A Party Processing Personal Data for the purposes of the Contract shall maintain a record of its Processing activities in accordance with Article 30 UK GDPR and shall make the record available to the other Party upon reasonable request.

Where a Party receives a request by any Data Subject to exercise any of their rights under the Data Protection Legislation in relation to the Personal Data provided to it by the other Party pursuant to the Contract (**"Request Recipient"**):

the other Party shall provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the Request Recipient to help it respond to the request or correspondence, at the cost of the Request Recipient; or

where the request or correspondence is directed to the other Party and/or relates to that other Party's Processing of the Personal Data, the Request Recipient will:

promptly, and in any event within five (5) Working Days of receipt of the request or correspondence, inform the other Party that it has received the same and shall forward such request or correspondence to the other Party; and

provide any information and/or assistance as reasonably requested by the other Party to help it respond to the request or correspondence in the timeframes specified by Data Protection Legislation.

Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party upon it becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach relating to Personal Data provided by the other Party pursuant to the Contract and shall:

do all such things as reasonably necessary to assist the other Party in mitigating the effects of the Personal Data Breach;

implement any measures necessary to restore the security of any compromised Personal Data;

work with the other Party to make any required notifications to the Information Commissioner's Office and affected Data Subjects in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation (including the timeframes set out therein); and

not do anything which may damage the reputation of the other Party or that Party's relationship with the relevant Data Subjects, save as required by Law.

Personal Data provided by one Party to the other Party may be used exclusively to exercise rights and obligations under the Contract as specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).

Personal Data shall not be retained or processed for longer than is necessary to perform each Party's respective obligations under the Contract which is specified in Annex 1 (*Processing Personal Data*).

Notwithstanding the general application of paragraphs 2 to 16 of this Joint Schedule 11 to Personal Data, where the Supplier is required to exercise its regulatory and/or legal obligations in respect of Personal Data, it shall act as an Independent Controller of Personal Data in accordance with paragraphs 18 to 28 of this Joint Schedule 11.

## Annex 1 - Processing Personal Data

This Annex shall be completed by the Controller, who may take account of the view of the Processors, however the final decision as to the content of this Annex shall be with the Relevant Authority at its absolute discretion.

The contact details of the Relevant Authority's Data Protection Officer are:

The contact details of the Supplier's Data Protection Officer are:

The Processor shall comply with any further written instructions with respect to Processing by the Controller.

Any such further instructions shall be incorporated into this Annex.

Description	Details
Identity of Controller for each Category of Personal Data	<b>The Parties are Independent Controllers of Personal Data</b>  <i>The Parties acknowledge that they are Independent Controllers for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation in respect of:</i> <i>Business contact details of Supplier Personnel for which the Supplier is the Controller,</i> <i>Business contact details of any directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of Relevant Authority (excluding the Supplier Personnel) engaged in the performance of the Relevant Authority's duties under the Contract) for which the Relevant Authority is the Controller,</i>
Duration of the Processing	The Framework Contract Period and thereafter, until expiry or termination of the last Call-Off Contract under the Framework, including the period until all transactions relating to Call-Off Contracts have permanently ceased.
Nature and purposes of the Processing	<i>The nature of the Processing means any operation such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction of data (whether or not by automated means) etc.</i>
Type of Personal Data	Personal details of each Party's Personnel engaged in the performance of obligations and day to day management of the  Framework Contract: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Full name</li><li>● Job title</li><li>● Organisation name</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Business/workplace address</li> <li>● Business/workplace email address</li> <li>● Business/workplace telephone/mobile number(s)</li> <li>● Supplier Personnel date of birth (when required for security purposes when Supplier Personnel visit CCS premises)</li> <li>● Supplier Dun &amp; Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS number)</li> <li>● Registered company details including registered company name, address and company registration number (CRN)</li> <li>● Bank account details for activities related to the</li> <li>● Management Charge Management Information</li> </ul>
Categories of Data Subject	Personnel data of the Parties involved in the performance of obligations and day to day management of the Framework Contract.
Plan for return and destruction of the data once the Processing is complete UNLESS requirement under Union or Member State law to preserve that type of data	<p>Data will be retained for seven (7) years after the duration of the processing outlined above and in accordance with the CCS Privacy Notice.</p> <p>In accordance with the Core Terms, all CCS data and any copies held by the Supplier must be securely erased once the Processing is complete, unless the Supplier is required by law to retain it.</p> <p>In accordance with the Core Terms, all Storage Media that has held CCS data must be securely destroyed at the end of life of the media. All destruction of media must be in line with good industry practice.</p>

## Data Protection Breach

Without prejudice to clause 3.2, each Party shall notify the other Party promptly and without undue delay, and in any event within 48 hours, upon becoming aware of any Personal Data Breach or circumstances that are likely to give rise to a Personal Data Breach, providing the other Party and its advisors with:

sufficient information and in a timescale which allows the other Party to meet any obligations to report a Personal Data Breach under the Data Protection Legislation; and

all reasonable assistance, including:

cooperation with the other Party and the Information Commissioner investigating the Personal Data Breach and its cause, containing and recovering the compromised Personal Data and compliance with the applicable guidance;

cooperation with the other Party including taking such reasonable steps as are directed by the other Party to assist in the investigation, mitigation and remediation of a Personal Data Breach;

coordination with the other Party regarding the management of public relations and public statements relating to the Personal Data Breach; and/or

providing the other Party and to the extent instructed by the other Party to do so, and/or the Information Commissioner investigating the Personal Data Breach, with complete information relating to the Personal Data Breach, including, without limitation, the information set out in Clause 3.2.

Each Party shall take all steps to restore, re-constitute and/or reconstruct any Personal Data where it has lost, damaged, destroyed, altered or corrupted as a result of a Personal Data Breach as it was that Party's own data at its own cost with all possible speed and shall provide the other Party with all reasonable assistance in respect of any such Personal Data Breach, including providing the other Party, as soon as possible and within 48 hours of the Personal Data Breach relating to the Personal Data Breach, in particular:

the nature of the Personal Data Breach;

the nature of Personal Data affected;

the categories and number of Data Subjects concerned;

the name and contact details of the Supplier's Data Protection Officer or other relevant contact from whom more information may be obtained;

measures taken or proposed to be taken to address the Personal Data Breach; and

describe the likely consequences of the Personal Data Breach.

## **Audit**

The Supplier shall permit:

the Relevant Authority, or a third-party auditor acting under the Relevant Authority's direction, to conduct, at the Relevant Authority's cost, data privacy and security audits, assessments and inspections concerning the Supplier's data security and privacy procedures relating to Personal Data, its compliance with this Annex 2 and the Data Protection Legislation; and/or

the Relevant Authority, or a third-party auditor acting under the Relevant Authority's direction, access to premises at which the Personal Data is accessible or at which it is able to inspect any relevant records, including the record maintained under Article 30 UK GDPR by the Supplier so far as relevant to the Contract, and procedures, including premises under the control of any third party appointed by the Supplier to assist in the provision of the Deliverables.

The Relevant Authority may, in its sole discretion, require the Supplier to provide evidence of the Supplier's compliance with Clause 4.1 in lieu of conducting such an audit, assessment or

inspection.

## **Impact Assessments**

The Parties shall:

provide all reasonable assistance to each other to prepare any Data Protection Impact Assessment as may be required (including provision of detailed information and assessments in relation to Processing operations, risks and measures); and

maintain full and complete records of all Processing carried out in respect of the Personal Data in connection with the Contract, in accordance with the terms of Article 30 UK GDPR.

## **ICO Guidance**

The Parties agree to take account of any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner and/or any relevant Central Government Body. The Relevant Authority may on not less than thirty (30) Working Days' notice to the Supplier amend the Contract to ensure that it complies with any guidance issued by the Information Commissioner and/or any relevant Central Government Body.

## **Liabilities for Data Protection Breach**

If financial penalties are imposed by the Information Commissioner on either the Relevant Authority or the Supplier for a Personal Data Breach ("**Financial Penalties**") then the following shall occur:

if in the view of the Information Commissioner, the Relevant Authority is responsible for the Personal Data Breach, in that it is caused as a result of the actions or inaction of the Relevant Authority, its employees, agents, contractors (other than the Supplier) or systems and procedures controlled by the Relevant Authority, then the Relevant Authority shall be responsible for the payment of such Financial Penalties. In this case, the Relevant Authority will conduct an internal audit and engage at its reasonable cost when necessary, an independent third party to conduct an audit of any such Personal Data Breach. The Supplier shall provide to the Relevant Authority and its third party investigators and auditors, on request and at the Supplier's reasonable cost, full cooperation and access to conduct a thorough audit of such Personal Data Breach;

if in the view of the Information Commissioner, the Supplier is responsible for the Personal Data Breach, in that it is not a Personal Data Breach that the Relevant Authority is responsible for, then the Supplier shall be responsible for the payment of these Financial Penalties. The Supplier will provide to the Relevant Authority and its auditors, on request and at the Supplier's sole cost, full cooperation and access to conduct a thorough audit of such Personal Data Breach; or

if no view as to responsibility is expressed by the Information Commissioner, then the Relevant Authority and the Supplier shall work together to investigate the relevant Personal Data Breach and allocate responsibility for any Financial Penalties as outlined above, or by agreement to split any financial penalties equally if no responsibility for the Personal Data Breach can be apportioned. In the event that the Parties do not agree to such apportionment then such Dispute shall be referred to the Dispute Resolution Procedure set out in Clause 34 of the Core Terms (Resolving disputes).



If either the Relevant Authority or the Supplier is the defendant in a legal claim brought before a court of competent jurisdiction ("Court") by a third party in respect of a Personal Data Breach, then unless the Parties otherwise agree, the Party that is determined by the final decision of the court to be responsible for the Personal Data Breach shall be liable for the losses arising from such Personal Data Breach. Where both Parties are liable, the liability will be apportioned between the Parties in accordance with the decision of the Court.

In respect of any losses, cost claims or expenses incurred by either Party as a result of a Personal Data Breach (the "Claim Losses"):

if the Relevant Authority is responsible for the relevant Personal Data Breach, then the Relevant Authority shall be responsible for the Claim Losses;

if the Supplier is responsible for the relevant Personal Data Breach, then the Supplier shall be responsible for the Claim Losses: and

if responsibility for the relevant Personal Data Breach is unclear, then the Relevant Authority and the Supplier shall be responsible for the Claim Losses equally.

Nothing in either clause 7.2 or clause 7.3 shall preclude the Relevant Authority and the Supplier reaching any other agreement, including by way of compromise with a third party complainant or claimant, as to the apportionment of financial responsibility for any Claim Losses as a result of a Personal Data Breach, having regard to all the circumstances of the Personal Data Breach and the legal and financial obligations of the Relevant Authority.

## **Termination**

If the Supplier is in material Default under any of its obligations under this Annex 2 (*Joint Controller Agreement*), the Relevant Authority shall be entitled to terminate the Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier in accordance with Clause 10 of the Core Terms (*Ending the contract*).

## **Sub-Processing**

In respect of any Processing of Personal Data performed by a third party on behalf of a Party, that Party shall:

carry out adequate due diligence on such third party to ensure that it is capable of providing the level of protection for the Personal Data as is required by the Contract, and provide evidence of such due diligence to the other Party where reasonably requested; and

ensure that a suitable agreement is in place with the third party as required under applicable Data Protection Legislation.

## **Data Retention**

The Parties agree to erase Personal Data from any computers, storage devices and storage media that are to be retained as soon as practicable after it has ceased to be necessary for them to retain such Personal Data under applicable Data Protection Legislation and their privacy policy (save to the extent (and for the limited period) that such information needs to be retained by the a Party for statutory compliance purposes or as otherwise required by the Contract), and taking all further actions as may be necessary to ensure its compliance with Data Protection Legislation and its privacy policy.



## Call-Off Schedule 1 (Transparency Reports)

- 1.1 The Supplier recognises that the Buyer is subject to PPN 01/17 (Updates to transparency principles v1.1 (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/procurement-policy-note-0117-update-to-transparency-principles>)). The Supplier shall comply with the provisions of this Schedule in order to assist the Buyer with its compliance with its obligations under that PPN.
- 1.2 Without prejudice to the Supplier's reporting requirements set out in the Framework Contract, within three (3) Months of the Start Date the Supplier shall submit to the Buyer for Approval (such Approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) draft Transparency Reports consistent with the content requirements and format set out in the Annex of this Schedule.
- 1.3 If the Buyer rejects any proposed Transparency Report submitted by the Supplier, the Supplier shall submit a revised version of the relevant report for further Approval within five (5) Working Days of receipt of any notice of rejection, taking account of any recommendations for revision and improvement to the report provided by the Buyer. If the Parties fail to agree on a draft Transparency Report the Buyer shall determine what should be included. Any other disagreement in connection with Transparency Reports shall be treated as a Dispute.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall provide accurate and up-to-date versions of each Transparency Report to the Buyer at the frequency referred to in the Annex of this Schedule.

# Call-Off Schedule 3 (Continuous Improvement)

## Buyer's Rights

The Buyer and the Supplier recognise that, where specified in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management), the Buyer may give CCS the right to enforce the Buyer's rights under this Schedule.

## Supplier's Obligations

The Supplier must, throughout the Contract Period, identify new or potential improvements to the provision of the Deliverables with a view to reducing the Buyer's costs (including the Charges) and/or improving the quality and efficiency of the Deliverables and their supply to the Buyer.

The Supplier must adopt a policy of continuous improvement in relation to the Deliverables, which must include regular reviews with the Buyer of the Deliverables and the way it provides them, with a view to reducing the Buyer's costs (including the Charges) and/or improving the quality and efficiency of the Deliverables. The Supplier and the Buyer must provide each other with any information relevant to meeting this objective.

In addition to Paragraph 2.1, the Supplier shall produce at the start of each Contract Year a plan for improving the provision of Deliverables and/or reducing the Charges (without adversely affecting the performance of this Contract) during that Contract Year ("**Continuous Improvement Plan**") for the Buyer's Approval. The Continuous Improvement Plan must include, as a minimum, proposals:

- identifying the emergence of relevant new and evolving technologies;
- changes in business processes of the Supplier or the Buyer and ways of working that would provide cost savings and/or enhanced benefits to the Buyer (such as methods of interaction, supply chain efficiencies, reduction in energy consumption and methods of sale);
- new or potential improvements to the provision of the Deliverables including the quality, responsiveness, procedures, benchmarking methods, likely performance mechanisms and customer support services in relation to the Deliverables; and
- measuring and reducing the sustainability impacts of the Supplier's operations and supply-chains relating to the Deliverables, and identifying opportunities to assist the Buyer in meeting their sustainability objectives.

The initial Continuous Improvement Plan for the first (1<sup>st</sup>) Contract Year shall be submitted by the Supplier to the Buyer for Approval within one hundred (100) Working Days of the first Order or six (6) Months following the Start Date, whichever is earlier.

The Buyer shall notify the Supplier of its Approval or rejection of the proposed Continuous Improvement Plan or any updates to it within twenty (20) Working Days of receipt. If it is rejected then the Supplier shall, within ten (10) Working Days of receipt of notice of rejection, submit a revised Continuous Improvement Plan reflecting the changes required. Once Approved, it becomes the Continuous Improvement Plan for the purposes of this Contract.

The Supplier must provide sufficient information with each suggested improvement to enable a decision on whether to implement it. The Supplier shall provide any further information as requested.

If the Buyer wishes to incorporate any improvement into this Contract, it must request a Variation in accordance with the Variation Procedure and the Supplier must implement such Variation at no additional cost to the Buyer or CCS.

Once the first Continuous Improvement Plan has been Approved in accordance with Paragraph 2.5:

the Supplier shall use all reasonable endeavours to implement any agreed deliverables in accordance with the Continuous Improvement Plan; and

the Parties agree to meet as soon as reasonably possible following the start of each quarter (or as otherwise agreed between the Parties) to review the Supplier's progress against the Continuous Improvement Plan.

The Supplier shall update the Continuous Improvement Plan as and when required but at least once every Contract Year (after the first (1<sup>st</sup>) Contract Year) in accordance with the procedure and timescales set out in Paragraph 2.3.

All costs relating to the compilation or updating of the Continuous Improvement Plan and the costs arising from any improvement made pursuant to it and the costs of implementing any improvement, shall have no effect on and are included in the Charges.

Should the Supplier's costs in providing the Deliverables to the Buyer be reduced as a result of any changes implemented, all of the cost savings shall be passed on to the Buyer by way of a consequential and immediate reduction in the Charges for the Deliverables.

At any time during the Contract Period of the Call-Off Contract, the Supplier may make a proposal for gainshare. If the Buyer deems gainshare to be applicable then the Supplier shall update the Continuous Improvement Plan so as to include details of the way in which the proposal shall be implemented in accordance with an agreed gainshare ratio.

# Annex A: List of Transparency Reports –

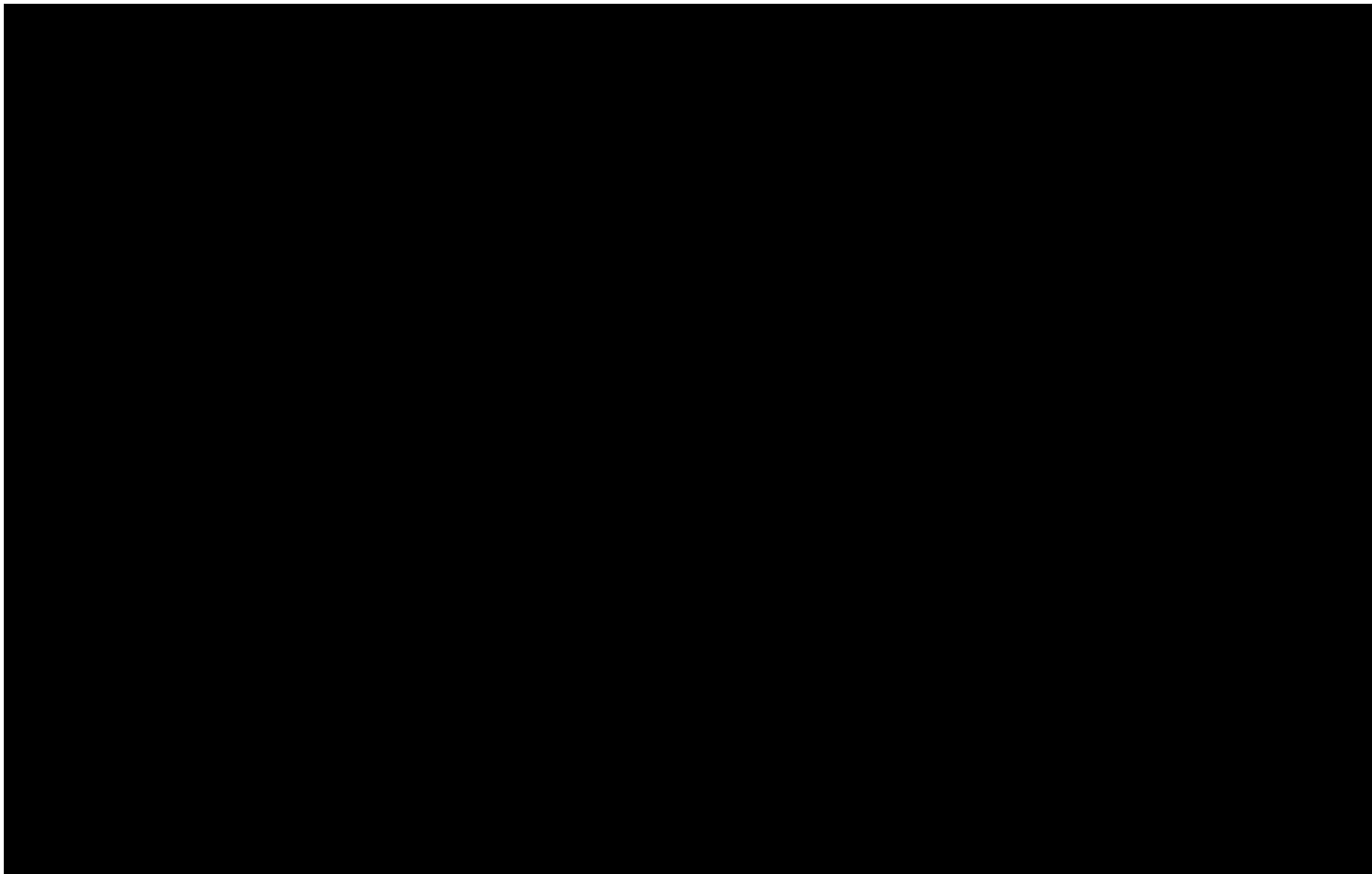
The below is to be confirmed with team on contract start.

Title	Content	Format	Frequency	
[Performance]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
[Call-Off Contract Charges]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
[Key Subcontractors]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
[Technical]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	
[Performance management]	[ ]	[ ]	[ ]	

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 2. *Methodology*  
 3. *Results*  
 4. *Discussion*  
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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age has increased from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion, and the number of people aged 65 and over has increased from 0.5 billion to 0.7 billion (United Nations, 1999).

There are a number of reasons why the world population is ageing. One of the main reasons is that the number of people who are living longer is increasing. This is due to a number of factors, including improvements in medical care, better nutrition, and a decline in the number of people who are dying from infectious diseases. Another reason is that the number of people who are having children is decreasing. This is due to a number of factors, including a decline in the number of people who are having children at a young age, and a decline in the number of people who are having children at all.

The ageing of the world population has a number of implications. One of the main implications is that the number of people who are dependent on others is increasing. This is because people who are aged 65 and over are more likely to be dependent on others than people who are younger. This has a number of implications for society, including a need for more social services, and a need for more people to work to support the dependent population.

Another implication of the ageing of the world population is that the number of people who are working is decreasing. This is because people who are aged 65 and over are less likely to be working than people who are younger. This has a number of implications for the economy, including a need for more people to work to support the dependent population, and a need for more people to work to support the economy.

The ageing of the world population is a major challenge for the world. It is a challenge that requires a number of solutions, including a need for more social services, a need for more people to work, and a need for more people to have children. It is a challenge that requires the cooperation of all people in the world.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 5.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 4.5 million in 1980.

There are a number of reasons why the public sector has become an important employer of women. One reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of women in its workforce. In 1995, 88% of the public sector workforce were women, compared with 78% in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are traditionally held by women, such as teaching, nursing, and social work.

Another reason why the public sector has become an important employer of women is that it has a high proportion of jobs that are full-time. In 1995, 68% of the public sector workforce were employed full-time, compared with 58% in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are essential to the functioning of the state, such as the police, the fire service, and the health service.

A third reason why the public sector has become an important employer of women is that it has a high proportion of jobs that are well-paid. In 1995, the average salary of a public sector employee was £18,000, compared with £15,000 in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are in the higher grades of the public sector pay scale, such as the senior civil service and the senior judiciary.

There are a number of other reasons why the public sector has become an important employer of women. For example, the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are secure, and a high proportion of jobs that are in the public sector pension scheme. These factors make the public sector an attractive employer for women, and have helped to explain why the public sector has become an important employer of women in the UK.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women in other countries. For example, in the United States, the public sector has become an important employer of women since the 1970s. In 1995, 68% of the public sector workforce in the United States were women, compared with 58% in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are traditionally held by women, such as teaching, nursing, and social work.

Another reason why the public sector has become an important employer of women in the United States is that it has a high proportion of jobs that are full-time. In 1995, 68% of the public sector workforce in the United States were employed full-time, compared with 58% in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are essential to the functioning of the state, such as the police, the fire service, and the health service.

A third reason why the public sector has become an important employer of women in the United States is that it has a high proportion of jobs that are well-paid. In 1995, the average salary of a public sector employee in the United States was \$28,000, compared with \$22,000 in 1980. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are in the higher grades of the public sector pay scale, such as the senior civil service and the senior judiciary.

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Another reason why the public sector has become an important employer of women is that it has a high proportion of jobs that are full-time and permanent. In 1995, 68% of the public sector workforce were employed on full-time contracts, compared with 58% in 1980. This is due to the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are essential to the functioning of the state, such as those in the health and education sectors.

Finally, the public sector has become an important employer of women because it has a high proportion of jobs that are well-paid. In 1995, the average salary of a public sector employee was £18,000, compared with £15,000 in 1980. This is due to the fact that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are in the higher grades of the public sector pay scale, such as those in the senior management and professional grades.

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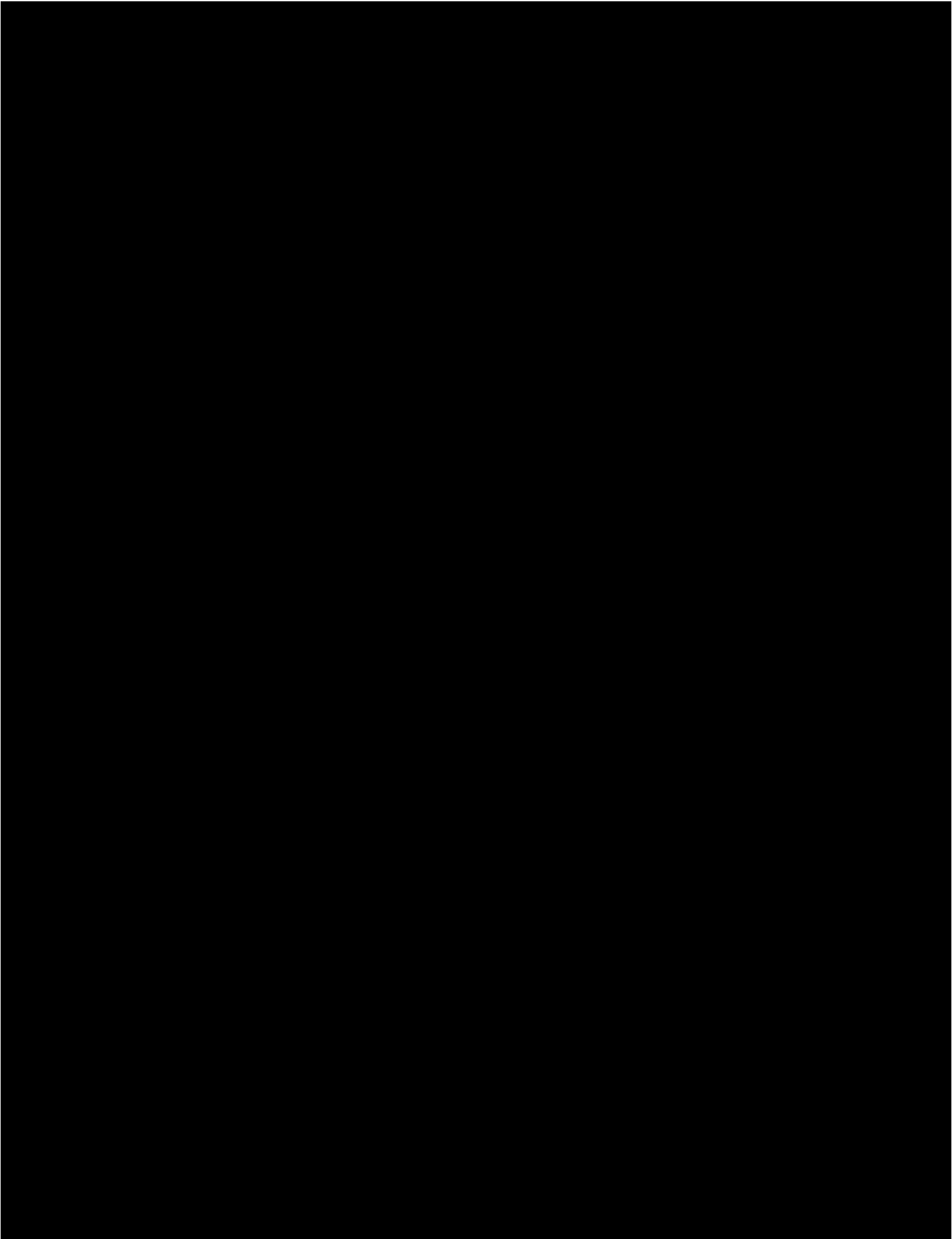
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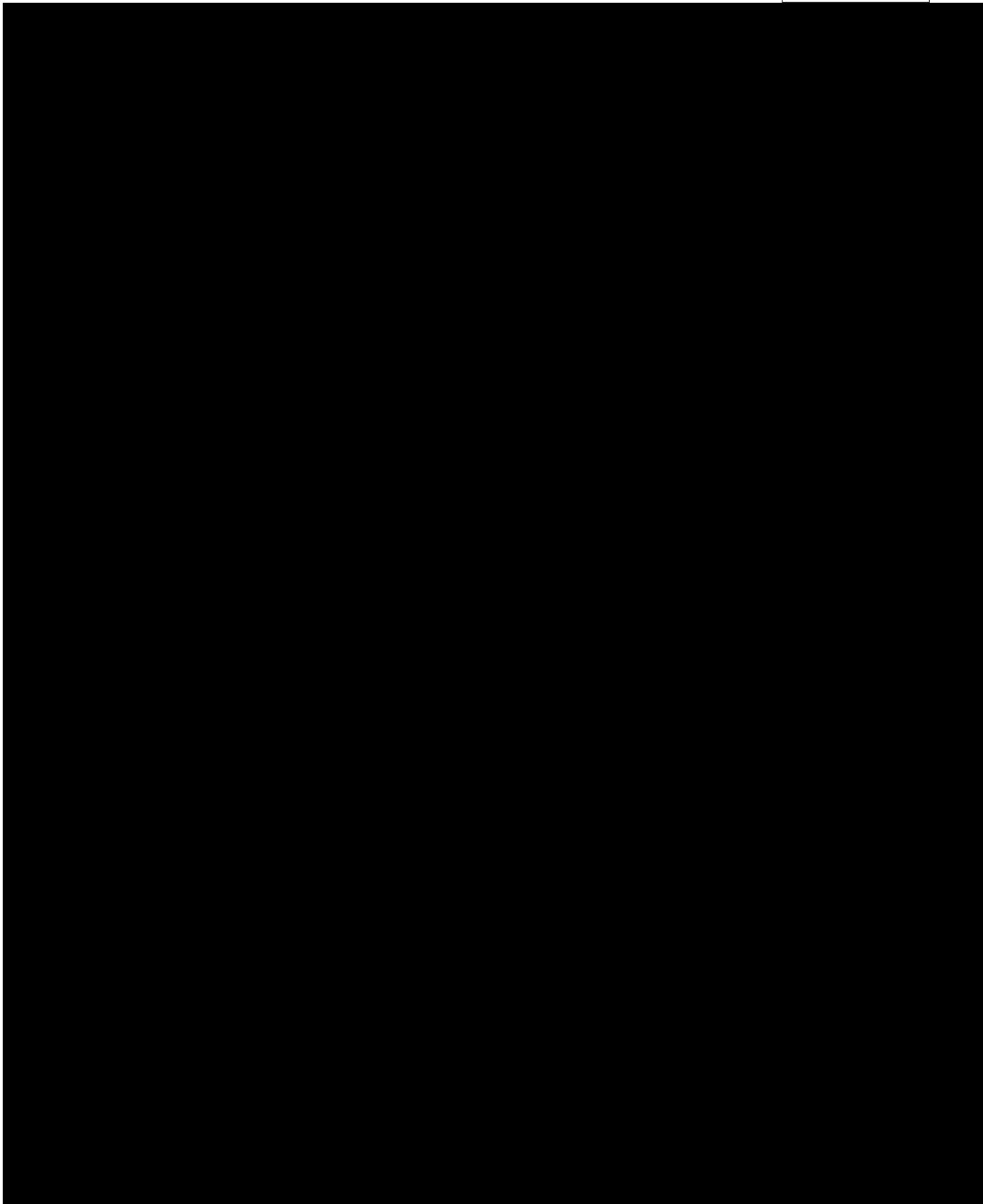
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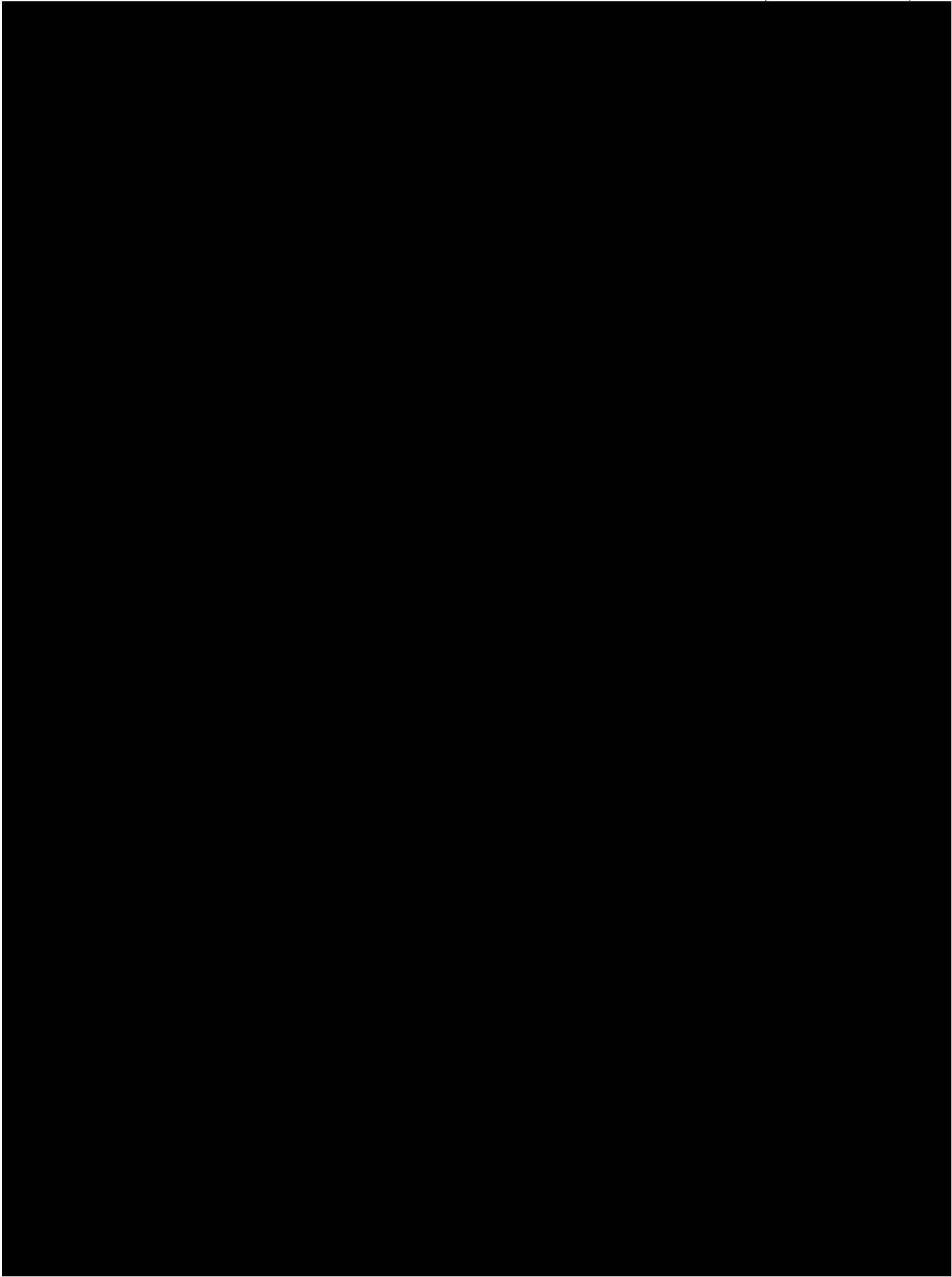


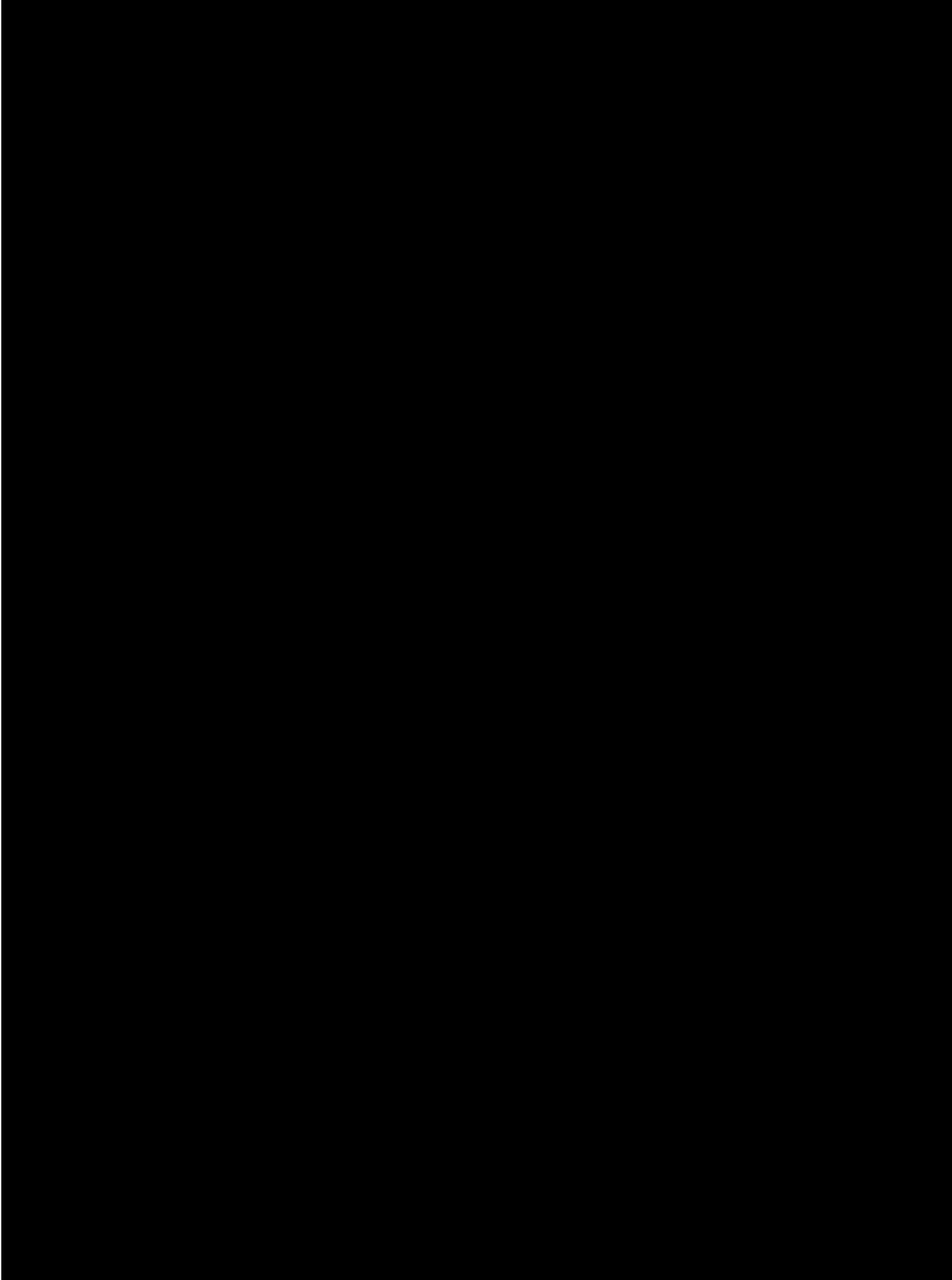






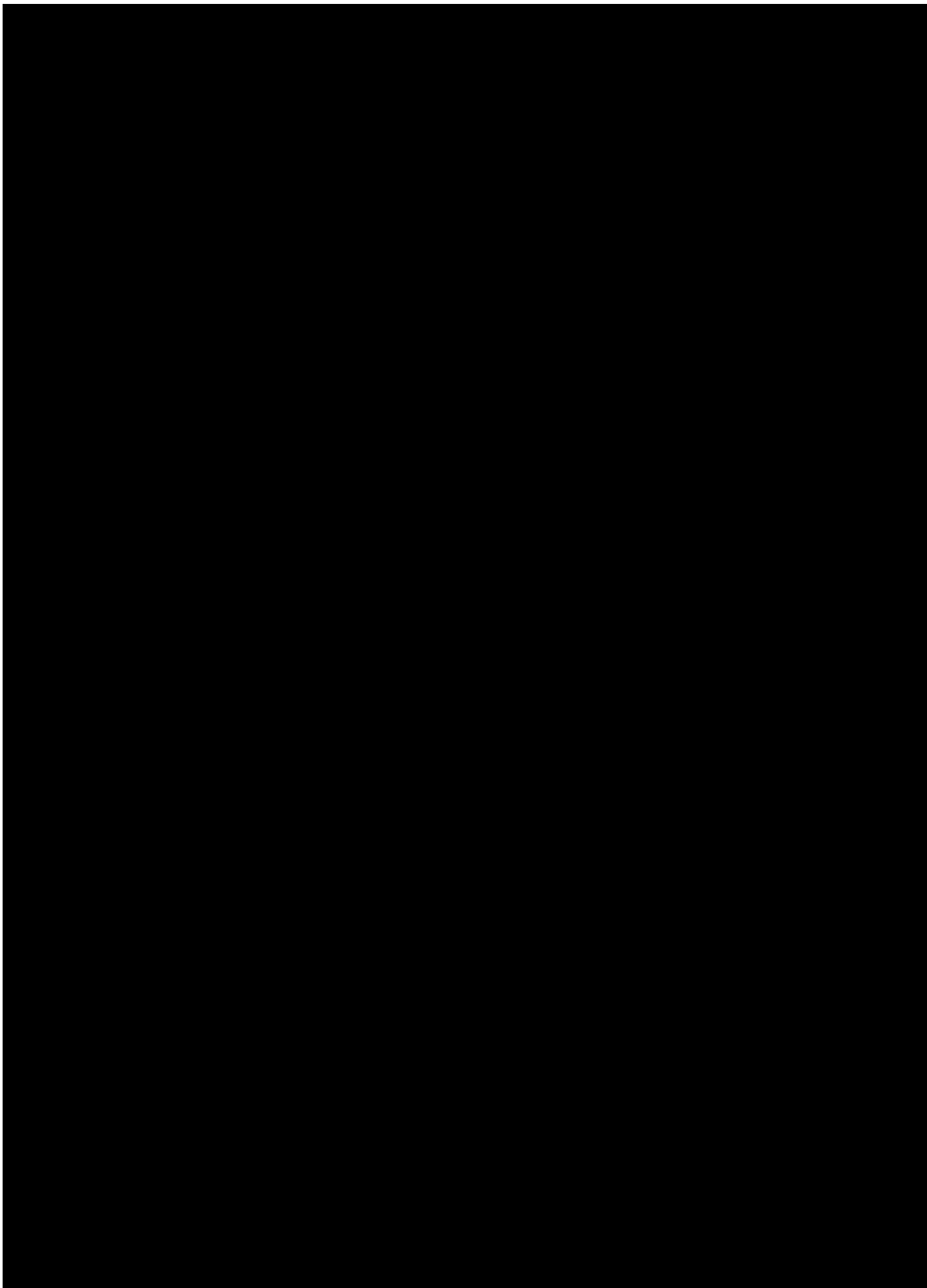
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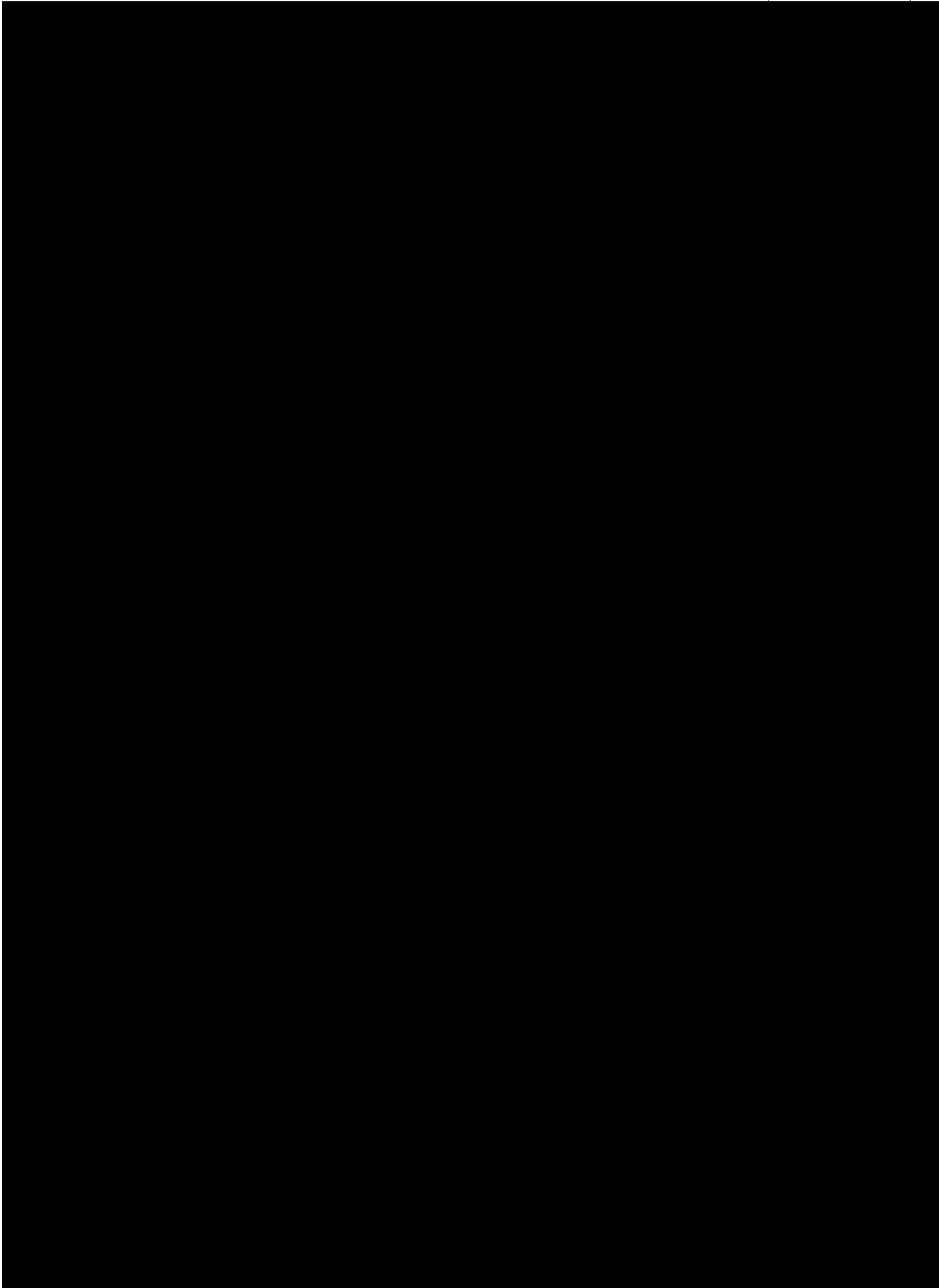
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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased by 1 million (Office of National Statistics 1999). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 6.5 million by 2011, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 3.5 million (Office of National Statistics 1999).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the health care needs of older people, and the need to ensure that health care services are accessible and appropriate for older people. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out the government's commitment to improve the health and well-being of older people, and to ensure that health care services are accessible and appropriate for older people. The strategy also sets out the government's commitment to support older people to live independently and to participate in society.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age has increased from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of people aged 65 and over has increased from 200 million to 350 million. The number of people aged 15–64 years has increased from 2.5 billion to 3.5 billion.

There are a number of factors which have contributed to the increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age. These include a decline in the death rate, a decline in the birth rate, and a decline in the rate of migration.

The decline in the death rate has been the result of a number of factors, including a decline in the incidence of infectious diseases, a decline in the incidence of non-communicable diseases, and a decline in the incidence of violence.

The decline in the birth rate has been the result of a number of factors, including a decline in the number of children born to each woman, a decline in the number of women who are married, and a decline in the number of women who are employed.

The decline in the rate of migration has been the result of a number of factors, including a decline in the number of people who are emigrating, a decline in the number of people who are immigrating, and a decline in the number of people who are returning to their country of origin.

The increase in the number of people in the world who are aged 65 and over has been the result of a number of factors, including a decline in the death rate, a decline in the birth rate, and a decline in the rate of migration.

The increase in the number of people in the world who are aged 15–64 years has been the result of a number of factors, including a decline in the death rate, a decline in the birth rate, and a decline in the rate of migration.

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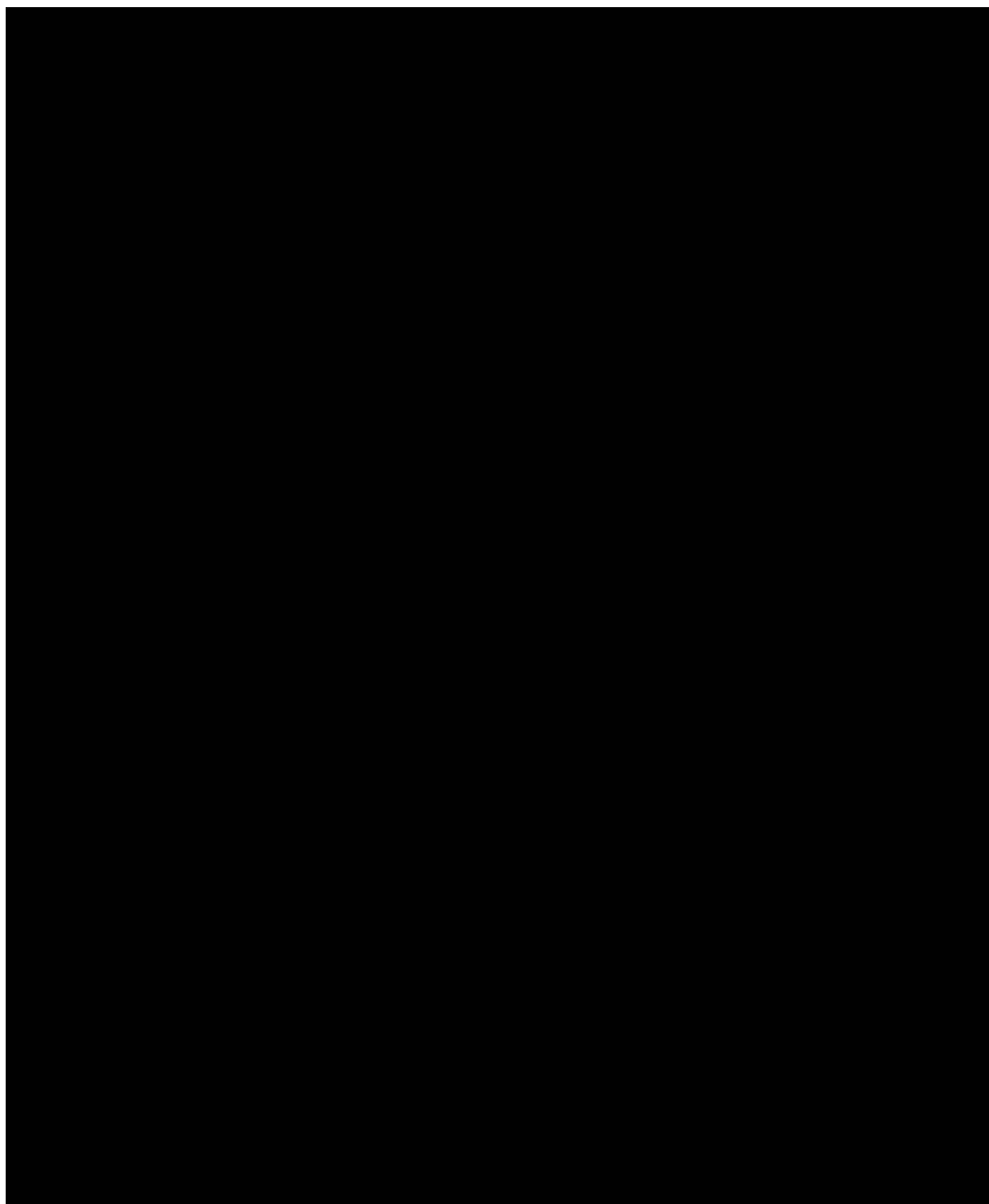
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[The following text is a dense, handwritten manuscript, likely a letter or a page from a book. It is written in a cursive script and is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan. The text appears to be a continuous paragraph or a series of connected sentences. The handwriting is somewhat slanted and the ink is dark. There are some visible punctuation marks, such as commas and periods, but the words themselves are difficult to decipher. The overall appearance is that of a historical document or a personal letter.]

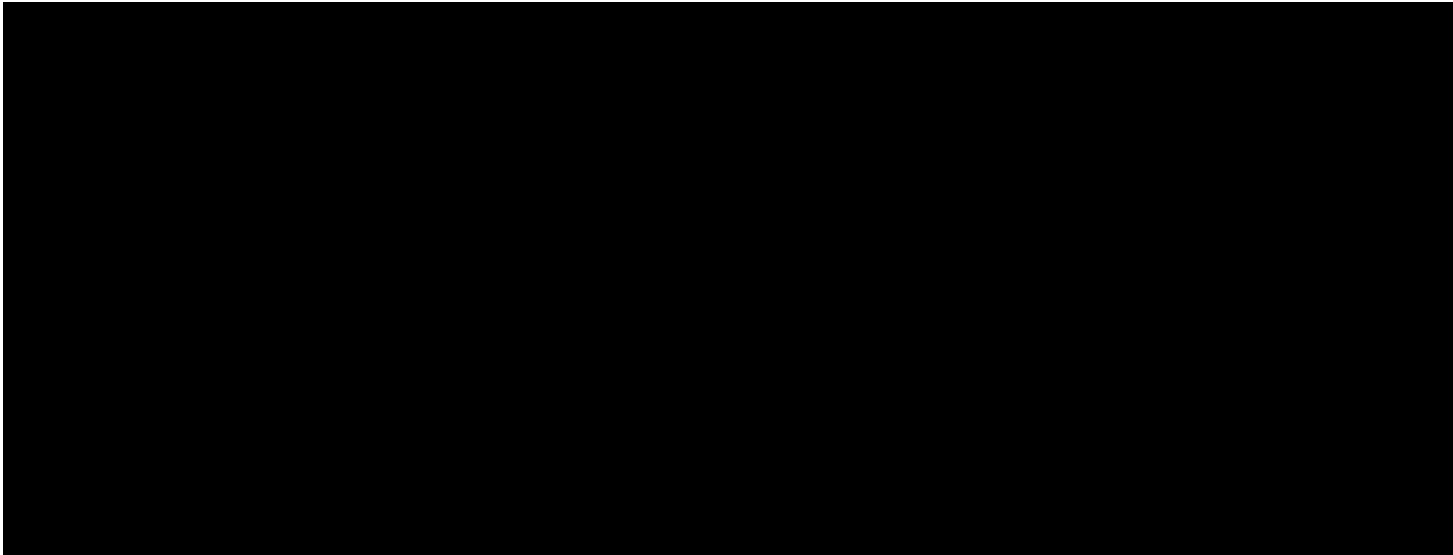




# Call-Off Schedule 5 (Pricing Details)

## OVERVIEW:

- WP1 runs until 31<sup>st</sup> of March 2025 at a cost of £235,650 calculated on a capped time and materials basis.
- The full term of the contract is 24 months, with an option of a 12-month extension. The maximum total value of the 24-month contract (without extension) is £780,000 (including VAT).
- After the full term of the 24-month contract, the 12-month extension option has a maximum value of £390,000 (including VAT).
- There is no commitment to spend under this contract. Any future work after WP1 will be subject to quality of work packages delivered and internal approvals.



## Call-Off Schedule 7 (Key Supplier Staff)

- 1.1 The Order Form lists the key roles (“**Key Roles**”) and names of the persons who the Supplier shall appoint to fill those Key Roles at the Start Date.
- 1.2 The Supplier shall ensure that the Key Staff fulfil the Key Roles at all times during the Contract Period.
- 1.3 The Buyer may identify any further roles as being Key Roles and, following agreement to the same by the Supplier, the relevant person selected to fill those Key Roles shall be included on the list of Key Staff.
- 1.4 The Supplier shall not and shall procure that any Subcontractor shall not remove or replace any Key Staff unless:
  - 1.4.1 requested to do so by the Buyer or the Buyer Approves such removal or replacement (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed);
  - 1.4.2 the person concerned resigns, retires or dies or is on maternity or long-term sick leave; or
  - 1.4.3 the person’s employment or contractual arrangement with the Supplier or Subcontractor is terminated for material breach of contract by the employee.
- 1.5 The Supplier shall:
  - 1.5.1 notify the Buyer promptly of the absence of any Key Staff (other than for short-term sickness or holidays of two (2) weeks or less, in which case the Supplier shall ensure appropriate temporary cover for that Key Role);
  - 1.5.2 ensure that any Key Role is not vacant for any longer than ten (10) Working Days;
  - 1.5.3 give as much notice as is reasonably practicable of its intention to remove or replace any member of Key Staff and, except in the cases of death, unexpected ill health or a material breach of the Key Staff’s employment contract, this will mean at least three (3) Months’ notice;
  - 1.5.4 ensure that all arrangements for planned changes in Key Staff provide adequate periods during which incoming and outgoing staff work together to transfer responsibilities and ensure that such change does not have an adverse impact on the provision of the Deliverables; and

- 1.5.5 ensure that any replacement for a Key Role has a level of qualifications and experience appropriate to the relevant Key Role and is fully competent to carry out the tasks assigned to the Key Staff whom he or she has replaced.
- 1.6 The Buyer may require the Supplier to remove or procure that any Subcontractor shall remove any Key Staff that the Buyer considers in any respect unsatisfactory. The Buyer shall not be liable for the cost of replacing any Key Staff.



## Call-Off Schedule 9 (Security)

### Part A: Short Form Security Requirements

#### Definitions

In this Schedule, the following words shall have the following meanings and they shall supplement Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions):

<b>"Breach of Security"</b>	<p>the occurrence of:</p> <p>any unauthorised access to or use of the Deliverables, the Sites and/or any Information and Communication Technology ("ICT"), information or data (including the Confidential Information and the Government Data) used by the Buyer and/or the Supplier in connection with this Contract; and/or</p> <p>the loss and/or unauthorised disclosure of any information or data (including the Confidential Information and the Government Data), including any copies of such information or data, used by the Buyer and/or the Supplier in connection with this Contract,</p> <p>in either case as more particularly set out in the Security Policy where the Buyer has required compliance therewith in accordance with paragraph 2.2;</p>
<b>"Security Management Plan"</b>	<p>the Supplier's security management plan prepared pursuant to this Schedule, a draft of which has been provided by the Supplier to the Buyer and has been updated from time to time.</p>

#### Complying with security requirements and updates to them

The Buyer and the Supplier recognise that, where specified in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management), CCS shall have the right to enforce the Buyer's rights under this Schedule.

The Supplier shall comply with the requirements in this Schedule in respect of the Security Management Plan. Where specified by a Buyer that has undertaken a Further Competition it shall also comply with the Security Policy and shall ensure that the Security Management Plan produced by the Supplier fully complies with the Security Policy.

Where the Security Policy applies the Buyer shall notify the Supplier of any changes or proposed changes to the Security Policy.

If the Supplier believes that a change or proposed change to the Security Policy will have a material and unavoidable cost implication to the provision of the Deliverables, it may propose a Variation to the Buyer. In doing so, the Supplier must support its request by providing evidence of the cause of any increased costs and the steps that it has taken to mitigate those costs. Any change to the Charges shall be subject to the Variation Procedure.

Until and/or unless a change to the Charges is agreed by the Buyer pursuant to the Variation Procedure the Supplier shall continue to provide the Deliverables in accordance with its existing obligations.

## **Security Standards**

The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer places great emphasis on the reliability of the performance of the Deliverables, confidentiality, integrity and availability of information and consequently on security.

The Supplier shall be responsible for the effective performance of its security obligations and shall at all times provide a level of security which:

- is in accordance with the Law and this Contract;
- as a minimum demonstrates Good Industry Practice;
- meets any specific security threats of immediate relevance to the Deliverables and/or the Government Data; and
- where specified by the Buyer in accordance with paragraph 2.2 complies with the Security Policy and the ICT Policy.

The references to standards, guidance and policies contained or set out in Paragraph 3.2 shall be deemed to be references to such items as developed and updated and to any successor to or replacement for such standards, guidance and policies, as notified to the Supplier from time to time.

In the event of any inconsistency in the provisions of the above standards, guidance and policies, the Supplier should notify the Buyer's Representative of such inconsistency immediately upon becoming aware of the same, and the Buyer's Representative shall, as soon as practicable, advise the Supplier which provision the Supplier shall be required to comply with.

## **Security Management Plan**

### **Introduction**

The Supplier shall develop and maintain a Security Management Plan in accordance with this Schedule. The Supplier shall thereafter comply with its obligations set out in the Security Management Plan.

### **Content of the Security Management Plan**

The Security Management Plan shall:

- comply with the principles of security set out in Paragraph 3 and any other provisions of this Contract relevant to security;

- identify the necessary delegated organisational roles for those responsible for ensuring it is complied with by the Supplier;
- detail the process for managing any security risks from Subcontractors and third parties authorised by the Buyer with access to the Deliverables, processes associated with the provision of the Deliverables, the Buyer Premises, the Sites and any ICT, Information and data (including the Buyer's Confidential Information and the Government Data) and any system that could directly or indirectly have an impact on that Information, data and/or the Deliverables;
- be developed to protect all aspects of the Deliverables and all processes associated with the provision of the Deliverables, including the Buyer Premises, the Sites, and any ICT, Information and data (including the Buyer's Confidential Information and the Government Data) to the extent used by the Buyer or the Supplier in connection with this Contract or in connection with any system that could directly or indirectly have an impact on that Information, data and/or the Deliverables;
- set out the security measures to be implemented and maintained by the Supplier in relation to all aspects of the Deliverables and all processes associated with the provision of the Goods and/or Services and shall at all times comply with and specify security measures and procedures which are sufficient to ensure that the Deliverables comply with the provisions of this Contract;
- set out the plans for transitioning all security arrangements and responsibilities for the Supplier to meet the full obligations of the security requirements set out in this Contract and, where necessary in accordance with paragraph 2.2 the Security Policy; and
- be written in plain English in language which is readily comprehensible to the staff of the Supplier and the Buyer engaged in the provision of the Deliverables and shall only reference documents which are in the possession of the Parties or whose location is otherwise specified in this Schedule.

### **Development of the Security Management Plan**

Within twenty (20) Working Days after the Start Date and in accordance with Paragraph 4.4, the Supplier shall prepare and deliver to the Buyer for Approval a fully complete and up to date Security Management Plan which will be based on the draft Security Management Plan.

If the Security Management Plan submitted to the Buyer in accordance with Paragraph 4.3.1, or any subsequent revision to it in accordance with Paragraph 4.4, is Approved it will be adopted immediately and will replace the previous version of the Security Management Plan and thereafter operated and maintained in accordance with this Schedule. If the Security Management Plan is not Approved, the Supplier shall amend it within ten (10) Working Days of a notice of non-approval from the Buyer and re-submit to the Buyer for Approval. The Parties

will use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that the approval process takes as little time as possible and in any event no longer than fifteen (15) Working Days from the date of its first submission to the Buyer. If the Buyer does not approve the Security Management Plan following its resubmission, the matter will be resolved in accordance with the Dispute Resolution Procedure.

The Buyer shall not unreasonably withhold or delay its decision to Approve or not the Security Management Plan pursuant to Paragraph 4.3.2. However, a refusal by the Buyer to Approve the Security Management Plan on the grounds that it does not comply with the requirements set out in Paragraph 4.2 shall be deemed to be reasonable.

Approval by the Buyer of the Security Management Plan pursuant to Paragraph 4.3.2 or of any change to the Security Management Plan in accordance with Paragraph 4.4 shall not relieve the Supplier of its obligations under this Schedule.

#### **Amendment of the Security Management Plan**

The Security Management Plan shall be fully reviewed and updated by the Supplier at least annually to reflect:

- emerging changes in Good Industry Practice;
- any change or proposed change to the Deliverables and/or associated processes;
- where necessary in accordance with paragraph 2.2, any change to the Security Policy;
- any new perceived or changed security threats; and
- any reasonable change in requirements requested by the Buyer.

The Supplier shall provide the Buyer with the results of such reviews as soon as reasonably practicable after their completion and amendment of the Security Management Plan at no additional cost to the Buyer. The results of the review shall include, without limitation:

- suggested improvements to the effectiveness of the Security Management Plan;
- updates to the risk assessments; and
- suggested improvements in measuring the effectiveness of controls.

Subject to Paragraph 4.4.4, any change or amendment which the Supplier proposes to make to the Security Management Plan (as a result of a review carried out in accordance with Paragraph 4.4.1, a request by the Buyer or otherwise) shall be subject to the Variation Procedure.

The Buyer may, acting reasonably, Approve and require changes or amendments to the Security Management Plan to be implemented on timescales faster than set out in the Variation Procedure but, without prejudice to their effectiveness, all such changes and amendments shall thereafter be subject to the Variation Procedure for the purposes of formalising and documenting the relevant change or amendment.

## **Security breach**

Either Party shall notify the other in accordance with the agreed security incident management process (as detailed in the Security Management Plan) upon becoming aware of any Breach of Security or any potential or attempted Breach of Security.

Without prejudice to the security incident management process, upon becoming aware of any of the circumstances referred to in Paragraph 5.1, the Supplier shall:

immediately take all reasonable steps (which shall include any action or changes reasonably required by the Buyer) necessary to:

- minimise the extent of actual or potential harm caused by any Breach of Security;

- remedy such Breach of Security to the extent possible and protect the integrity of the Buyer and the provision of the Goods and/or Services to the extent within its control against any such Breach of Security or attempted Breach of Security;

- prevent an equivalent breach in the future exploiting the same cause failure; and

- as soon as reasonably practicable provide to the Buyer, where the Buyer so requests, full details (using the reporting mechanism defined by the Security Management Plan) of the Breach of Security or attempted Breach of Security, including a cause analysis where required by the Buyer.

In the event that any action is taken in response to a Breach of Security or potential or attempted Breach of Security that demonstrates non-compliance of the Security Management Plan with the Security Policy (where relevant in accordance with paragraph 2.2) or the requirements of this Schedule, then any required change to the Security Management Plan shall be at no cost to the Buyer.



## Call-Off Schedule 20 (Call-Off Specification)

This Schedule sets out the characteristics of the Deliverables that the Supplier will be required to make to the Buyers under this Call-Off Contract

### 1. Introduction

The Department for Energy Security and Net Zero (DESNZ) is seeking technical consultancy services for developing 'Smart Data' schemes in the energy sector. Smart Data is about enabling customers to securely share their data with authorised third parties that develop new services. A 'Smart Data scheme' sets out the requirements, standards and participants for sharing the data, which could potentially be set in regulations. The services are required to inform policies related to better access, analysis and use of energy data, in support of the Department's responsibilities.<sup>1</sup>

### 2. Background

In the context of our evolving energy sector, data and digitalisation also has a key role to play. In the Energy Digitalisation Strategy<sup>3</sup> in 2021, and the response to the Energy Digitalisation Taskforce<sup>4</sup> in 2022, DESNZ stated that better data sharing will be a crucial part of our decarbonised, digitalised and smart energy system. Digitalisation will support our energy security, by maximising renewable generation and matching supply and demand. Access to better quality information will make the system more efficient and less costly, which will lead to bill savings.

Smart Data is the secure sharing of customer data, upon the customer's request, with Authorised Third-party Providers (ATPs). The ATPs can enhance the customer data with broader, contextual 'business' data, to provide innovative services that benefit consumers.

### 3. The requirement

Services are required from a Contractor to support the launch of a Smart Data Schemes policy team in DESNZ. The policy team will be responsible for delivering a call for evidence process and

response. The services will complement the policy team, by providing detailed understanding and expertise of the landscape of energy data.

The services will be acquired through the use of the Management Consultancy Framework Three (MCF3).

The full term of the contract is 24 months, with an option of a 12 month extension. The maximum total value of the 24 month contract (without extension) is £780,000 (including VAT). We expect the total spend, and associated bids, for WP1 to be for £300,000. The total maximum spend for the period up to and including 31st March 2025 may increase if DESNZ decide there is a need for additional deliverables.

After the full term of the 24 month contract, the 12 month extension option has a maximum value of £390,000 (including VAT).

Please note there is no commitment to spend under this contract. Any future work after WP1 will be subject to quality of work packages delivered and internal approvals.

The requirement will be split into specific work packages (WPs). The requirement for WP1 is defined in this specification, and further WPs will be defined and agreed throughout the length of the contract. As such, this specification represents our current view of the aims, objectives, and capabilities required from a Contractor.

A stage gate will be implemented after each work package is delivered. DESNZ will then decide whether to pursue the subsequent work package.

#### **WP1: Energy sector dataset analysis**

WP1 will be launched between 12<sup>th</sup> - 19<sup>th</sup> August 2024, and will have a term until 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.

The following services are required, in collaboration with the DESNZ policy team and in accordance with direction from the Senior Responsible Officer (SRO):

- ) **Deliver a review** of the smart data landscape, existing policy commitments, and any internal and external analyses on smart data scheme opportunities in the energy sector.
- ) **Develop a catalogue** of all potentially relevant energy sector datasets.
- ) **Analyse energy sector datasets.** This should include:
  - An assessment of the benefits of improving third party access to the datasets. Benefits should be aligned with DESNZ' responsibilities, and so contributions towards decarbonisation of the energy sector, maintaining the UK's energy security, reducing consumer bills (including through enhancement of competition between businesses), and maximising the economic benefits of net zero, must be considered.
  - An assessment of the barriers that consumers and third party businesses face when seeking access to datasets, including evidenced stakeholder engagement with relevant organisations



- An assessment of the specific protections or parameters necessary when sharing and processing the datasets.
- ) **An identification of Smart Data scheme opportunities** regarding the datasets. This identification should include:
  - Descriptions of where the datasets could be combined or aggregated with other information to deliver benefits.
  - An analysis of industry's responses to the call for evidence.
  - The suitability of the opportunities to become a Smart Data scheme, with consideration against the powers in the DPDI Bill.
  - A methodology for concluding assessment of priority Smart Data scheme opportunities in the energy sector.
  - Concluding assessment and recommendations for the Government on priority Smart Data scheme opportunities in the energy sector.

**The outputs of WP1** will be:

- ) a report describing the review set out in 3.5 a), set out in clear, accessible language for an audience of civil servants and Ministers
- ) a catalogue as set out in 3.5 b), with guidance for navigation
- ) a report suitable for publication describing the analysis and Smart Data opportunities, as described in 3.5 c) and d)
- ) a summary presentation slide pack; and
- ) a session to present findings to DESNZ and take Q&A.

Within two weeks of contract launch, the successful Contractor should set out the plan for delivery and agreed milestones with DESNZ for WP1. This should also include agreeing an approach for DESNZ to assess outputs for quality and contract management. Key criteria for performance will include the accuracy of the analysis and the accessibility and clarity of the outputs.

We expect outputs a) and b) to be completed by 1<sup>st</sup> November 2024. We expect c), d), e) to be completed by 28<sup>th</sup> February 2025.

#### **Anticipated broader support to be delivered as part of the contract**

If WP1 is delivered successfully, DESNZ may require the supplier to complete future work packages, subject to rate card and resource sign off. A future WP is dependent on outputs of WP1, but is likely to include:

- ) **Delivery of 1-3 proposals** for potential smart data scheme(s) in the energy sector. This would include:
  - A rationale for intervention, with reference to relevant market failures and the contribution to DESNZ' responsibilities
  - A description of the key legal, technical and governance components of the proposal scheme
  - An implementation plan for the proposal smart data scheme.

In addition to these WPs, the successful Contractor may also be expected to provide ad hoc, call-off support to support data sharing and digitalisation in the energy sector. This is likely to include:

- Advice and identification of alternative legal and regulatory vehicles for improving consumer and business data sharing in the energy sector.
- Advice on the development and governance models for new digital energy infrastructure, including energy sector data sharing infrastructure and asset registration infrastructures.
- Work with technical advisors to support the understanding and prioritisation of use cases for digital energy infrastructure.
- Work with legal and regulatory experts, including in Ofgem, to identify opportunities for launching digital energy infrastructure.
- Work with DESNZ analytical functions to analyse costs and benefits of energy data sharing and digitalisation.
- Identification of innovation opportunities within energy data and digitalisation.

### **Ways of working**

We expect the Contractor to:

- ) Work with internal policy and delivery teams to ensure consistent policy alignment and clear internal progress updates.
- ) Contribute to managing the relationships with other government departments, including the Department for Business and Trade and HM Treasury.
- ) Contribute to establishing a network of key external stakeholders, including Ofgem. We also expect the Contractor to make use of their own existing networks as necessary.
- ) Represent DESNZ externally where necessary, being mindful of the government's reputation, existing commitments and policy positions as part of any interactions.
- ) Present at decision-making Boards within DESNZ as needed.

We expect the Contractor to embed resources into the DESNZ Smart Data Scheme policy team over the course of the contract. This means that the Contractor will:

- ) Report directly to the DESNZ Head of Smart Data Schemes on progress, and represent the Smart Data Schemes team internally.
- ) Work closely with civil servants across the broader DESNZ Smart Systems team, including direct engagement with policy, technical, analytical, and legal professionals.
- ) Agree expectations with DESNZ regarding review of outputs at the beginning of each work package. DESNZ expect to see drafts of deliverables at least four weeks before deadlines where possible, to provide opportunity for DESNZ comment, revision and approval.
- ) Advise on adjacent areas of policy, in particular the Energy Digitalisation Strategy and the Smart Systems and Flexibility Plan.

The civil service operates a hybrid working culture, and we would expect some office attendance from the Contractor. However, it is expected that a significant amount of the services could be provided from non-DESNZ office locations. The majority of meetings will be held remotely through MS Teams. The majority of the relevant policy teams are based in the Department's office in Whitehall, London,

although the team has staff in locations across the UK, including Birmingham, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Manchester and Salford, and occasional travel (although unlikely to be more than 2-3 times per year) may be required to these locations. Expenses should be covered as part of the Contractor's rates. The successful Contractor will be expected to identify one named point of contact through whom all enquiries can be filtered. A DESNZ policy official will be assigned to the project and act as a central point of contact.

DESNZ expects prompt responses to additional work instructed, the successful Contractor is required to respond within 3 working days unless agreed otherwise.

### **Expertise required**

It is essential that the Contractor has expertise in the following areas:

- ) Experience with and excellent understanding of the data and digital policy landscape in the energy sector and beyond.
- ) Understanding of the economic and competition opportunities of new policies, schemes, regulations in the digital technology sector.
- ) Expertise in data protection, analysis, and digitalisation opportunities from combining datasets.
- ) Understanding of the economic and competition benefits of better data sharing.
- ) Experience of working within the energy sector, including in consumer and business-facing activities.
- ) Access to legal expertise

It is desirable that the Contractor has expertise in the following areas:

- ) Experience of having worked directly with government to deliver policy priorities and publications at pace.
- ) Experience of working within a regulatory environment, including with a regulator, relevant regulatory bodies and regulated entities.

## **4. Quality Assurance and Performance Management**

The successful Contractor should define the internal Quality Assurance process which they will put in place to review and assure all work completed as part of this contract. This should include a description of the process, the staff involved and the roles/responsibilities which will be dedicated to Quality Assurance.

The contract will be managed by a dedicated DESNZ official. For WP1, the first performance review period will take place upon delivery of outputs a) and b), where the DESNZ official will determine if the outputs have met the requirements to the agreed level of quality.

A minimum of fortnightly meetings and reporting shall be established between the Contractor and DESNZ to review progress, priorities and current activities to ensure the service delivered meets expected requirements.

## **5. Ownership and Publication**

Any outputs developed by the successful Contractor, including reports, spreadsheets and other analysis will be owned by DESNZ. DESNZ will retain the right to publish information arising from and work conducted as part of this contract as required for transparency purposes.



# Core Terms

## 1. Definitions used in the contract

Interpret this Contract using Joint Schedule 1 (Definitions).

## 1. How the contract works

- 1.1 The Supplier is eligible for the award of Call-Off Contracts during the Framework Contract Period.
- 1.2 CCS does not guarantee the Supplier any exclusivity, quantity or value of work under the Framework Contract.
- 1.3 CCS has paid one penny to the Supplier legally to form the Framework Contract. The Supplier acknowledges this payment.
- 1.4 If the Buyer decides to buy Deliverables under the Framework Contract it must use Framework Schedule 7 (Call-Off Award Procedure) and must state its requirements using Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules). If allowed by the Regulations, the Buyer can:

make changes to Framework Schedule 6 (Order Form Template and Call-Off Schedules);  
create new Call-Off Schedules;  
exclude optional template Call-Off Schedules; and/or  
use Special Terms in the Order Form to add or change terms.

## 1.5 Each Call-Off Contract:

is a separate Contract from the Framework Contract;  
is between a Supplier and a Buyer;  
includes Core Terms, Schedules and any other changes or items in the completed Order Form; and  
survives the termination of the Framework Contract.

- 1.6 Where the Supplier is approached by any Other Contracting Authority requesting Deliverables or substantially similar goods or services, the Supplier must tell them about this Framework Contract before accepting their order.
- 1.7 The Supplier acknowledges it has all the information required to perform its obligations under each Contract before entering into a Contract. When information is provided by a Relevant Authority no warranty of its accuracy is given to the Supplier.
- 1.8 The Supplier will not be excused from any obligation, or be entitled to additional Costs or Charges because it failed to either:

verify the accuracy of the Due Diligence Information; or  
properly perform its own adequate checks.

1.9 CCS and the Buyer will not be liable for errors, omissions or misrepresentation of any information.

1.10 The Supplier warrants and represents that all statements made and documents submitted as part of the procurement of Deliverables are and remain true and accurate.

## **2. What needs to be delivered**

### **2.1 All deliverables**

2.1.1 The Supplier must provide Deliverables:

that comply with the Specification, the Framework Tender Response and, in relation to a Call-Off Contract, the Call-Off Tender (if there is one);  
to a professional standard;  
using reasonable skill and care;  
using Good Industry Practice;  
using its own policies, processes and internal quality control measures as long as they do not conflict with the Contract;  
on the dates agreed; and  
that comply with Law.

2.1.2 The Supplier must provide Deliverables with a warranty of at least 90 days from Delivery against all obvious defects.

## **2.2 Goods clauses**

2.2.1 All Goods delivered must be new, or as new if recycled, unused and of recent origin.

2.2.2 All manufacturer warranties covering the Goods must be assignable to the Buyer on request and for free.

2.2.3 The Supplier transfers ownership of the Goods on Delivery or payment for those Goods, whichever is earlier.

2.2.4 Risk in the Goods transfers to the Buyer on Delivery of the Goods, but remains with the Supplier if the Buyer notices damage following Delivery and lets the Supplier know within 3 Working Days of Delivery.

2.2.5 The Supplier warrants that it has full and unrestricted ownership of the Goods at the time of transfer of ownership.

2.2.6 The Supplier must deliver the Goods on the date and to the specified location

during the Buyer's working hours.

- 2.2.7 The Supplier must provide sufficient packaging for the Goods to reach the point of Delivery safely and undamaged.
- 2.2.8 All deliveries must have a delivery note attached that specifies the order number, type and quantity of Goods.
- 2.2.9 The Supplier must provide all tools, information and instructions the Buyer needs to make use of the Goods.
- 2.2.10 The Supplier must indemnify the Buyer against the costs of any Recall of the Goods and give notice of actual or anticipated action about the Recall of the Goods.
- 2.2.11 The Buyer can cancel any order or part order of Goods which has not been Delivered. If the Buyer gives less than 14 days notice then it will pay the Supplier's reasonable and proven costs already incurred on the cancelled order as long as the Supplier takes all reasonable steps to minimise these costs.
- 2.2.12 The Supplier must at its own cost repair, replace, refund or substitute (at the Buyer's option and request) any Goods that the Buyer rejects because they do not conform with Clause 3. If the Supplier does not do this it will pay the Buyer's costs including repair or re-supply by a third party.

## **2.3 Services clauses**

- 2.3.1 Late Delivery of the Services will be a Default of a Call-Off Contract.
- 2.3.2 The Supplier must cooperate with the Buyer and third party suppliers on all aspects connected with the Delivery of the Services and ensure that Supplier Staff comply with any reasonable instructions.
- 2.3.3 The Supplier must at its own risk and expense provide all Supplier Equipment required to Deliver the Services.
- 2.3.4 The Supplier must allocate sufficient resources and appropriate expertise to each Contract.
- 2.3.5 The Supplier must take all reasonable care to ensure performance does not disrupt the Buyer's operations, employees or other contractors.
- 2.3.6 The Supplier must ensure all Services, and anything used to Deliver the Services, are of good quality and free from defects.
- 2.3.7 The Buyer is entitled to withhold payment for partially or undelivered Services, but doing so does not stop it from using its other rights under the Contract.

### **3. Pricing and payments**

- 3.1 In exchange for the Deliverables, the Supplier must invoice the Buyer for the Charges in the Order Form.
- 3.2 CCS must invoice the Supplier for the Management Charge and the Supplier must pay it using the process in Framework Schedule 5 (Management Charges and Information).
- 3.3 All Charges and the Management Charge:
- ( ) exclude VAT, which is payable on provision of a valid VAT invoice; and
  - ( ) include all costs connected with the Supply of Deliverables.
- 3.4 The Buyer must pay the Supplier the Charges within 30 days of receipt by the Buyer of a valid, undisputed invoice, in cleared funds using the payment method and details stated in the Order Form.
- 3.5 A Supplier invoice is only valid if it:
- includes all appropriate references including the Contract reference number and other details reasonably requested by the Buyer;
  - includes a detailed breakdown of Delivered Deliverables and Milestone(s) (if any); and
  - does not include any Management Charge (the Supplier must not charge the Buyer in any way for the Management Charge).
- 3.6 The Buyer must accept and process for payment an undisputed Electronic Invoice received from the Supplier.
- 3.7 The Buyer may retain or set-off payment of any amount owed to it by the Supplier if notice and reasons are provided.
- 3.8 The Supplier must ensure that all Subcontractors are paid, in full, within 30 days of receipt of a valid, undisputed invoice. If this does not happen, CCS or the Buyer can publish the details of the late payment or non-payment.
- 3.9 If CCS or the Buyer can get more favourable commercial terms for the supply at cost of any materials, goods or services used by the Supplier to provide the Deliverables, then CCS or the Buyer may require the Supplier to replace its existing commercial terms with the more favourable terms offered for the relevant items.
- 3.10 If CCS or the Buyer uses Clause 4.9 then the Framework Prices (and where applicable, the Charges) must be reduced by an agreed amount by using the Variation Procedure.
- 3.11 The Supplier has no right of set-off, counterclaim, discount or abatement unless they are ordered to do so by a court.



## **4. The buyer's obligations to the supplier**

### **4.1 If Supplier Non-Performance arises from an Authority Cause:**

- ( ) neither CCS or the Buyer can terminate a Contract under Clause 10.4.1;
- ( ) the Supplier is entitled to reasonable and proven additional expenses and to relief from liability and Deduction under this Contract;
- ( ) the Supplier is entitled to additional time needed to make the Delivery; and
- ( ) the Supplier cannot suspend the ongoing supply of Deliverables.

### **4.2 Clause 5.1 only applies if the Supplier:**

- ( ) gives notice to the Party responsible for the Authority Cause within 10 Working Days of becoming aware;
- ( ) demonstrates that the Supplier Non-Performance would not have occurred but for the Authority Cause; and
- ( ) mitigated the impact of the Authority Cause.

## **5. Record keeping and reporting**

### **5.1 The Supplier must:**

- ( ) attend Progress Meetings with the Buyer and provide Progress Reports when specified in the Order Form; and
- ( ) where the Order Form states that Financial Transparency Objectives apply, cooperate with the Buyer to achieve the Financial Transparency Objectives and, to this end, will provide a Financial Report to the Buyer:
  - (i) on or before the Start Date;
  - (ii) at the end of each Contract Year; and
  - (iii) within 6 Months of the end of the Contract Period,

and the Supplier must meet with the Buyer if required within 10 Working Days of the Buyer receiving a Financial Report.

### **5.2 The Supplier must keep and maintain full and accurate records and accounts, including the maintenance of Open Book Data, in accordance with Good Industry Practice and the Law on everything to do with the Contract:**

during the Contract Period;  
for 7 years after the End Date or such other date as agreed between the Parties; and  
in accordance with GDPR,

including but not limited to the records and accounts stated in the definition of Audit in Joint Schedule 1 and the Supplier shall make available its Financial Representative at reasonable times and on reasonable notice, during the Contract Period and up to 18 Months after the End Date, to answer questions

that the Relevant Authority or an Auditor may have on those records and accounts, any Financial Report or Open Book Data.

5.3 The Relevant Authority or an Auditor can Audit the Supplier during the relevant Contract Period and for up to 18 Months from the End Date of the Contract and, in the case of CCS, for up to 18 Months from the latest End Date to occur under any Call-Off Contract.

5.4 During an Audit, the Supplier must:

- (i) allow the Relevant Authority or any Auditor access to:
  - (i) any Sites, equipment and Supplier's System used in the performance of the Contract to verify all contract accounts and records of everything to do with the Contract and provide copies for an Audit; and
  - (ii) Supplier Staff; and
- (i) provide information within the permitted scope of the Audit to the Relevant Authority or to the Auditor and reasonable cooperation at their request.

5.5 Where the Audit of the Supplier is carried out by an Auditor, the Auditor shall be entitled to share any information obtained during the Audit with the Relevant Authority and the Relevant Authority shall use reasonable endeavours to ensure that its Auditor does not unreasonably disrupt the Supplier or its provision of the Deliverables, save insofar as the Supplier accepts and acknowledges that Audits carried out by Auditors are outside the control of the Relevant Authority.

5.6 If the Supplier:

- (a) is not providing any of the Deliverables, or is unable to provide them, it must immediately:

tell the Relevant Authority and give reasons;  
propose corrective action; and  
provide a deadline for completing the corrective action; and

(b) becomes aware of an event that has occurred or is likely to occur in the future which will have a material effect on the:

- (i) Supplier's currently incurred or forecast future Costs; and
- (ii) forecast Charges for the remainder of the Contract;

then the Supplier must notify the Buyer in writing as soon as practicable setting out the actual or anticipated effect of the event.

5.7 The Supplier must provide CCS with a Self Audit Certificate supported by an audit report at the end of each Contract Year. The report must contain:

the methodology of the review;

the sampling techniques applied;  
details of any issues; and  
any remedial action taken.

5.8 The Self Audit Certificate must be completed and signed by an auditor or senior member of the Supplier's management team that is qualified in either a relevant audit or financial discipline e.g. Head of Internal Audit/ Finance Director/ External Audit firm.

5.9 Each Self Audit Certificate should be based on tests completed against a representative sample of 10% of Orders carries out during the period being audited or 100 Orders (whichever is less) and should provide assurance that:

- (a) Orders are clearly identified as such in the order processing and invoicing systems and, where required, Orders are correctly reported in the MI Reports;
- (b) all related invoices are completely and accurately included in the MI Reports;
- (c) all Charges to Buyers comply with any requirements under a Contract or as otherwise agreed in writing with the Government on maximum mark-up, discounts, charge rates, fixed quotes (as applicable); and
- (d) an additional sample of 5 public sector Orders identified from the Supplier's order processing and invoicing systems as orders not placed under the Contract have been correctly identified as such and that an appropriate and legitimately tendered procurement route has been used to place those orders, and those orders should not otherwise have been routed via centralised mandated procurement processes executed by CCS.

5.10 The Supplier must comply with Buyer's reasonable instructions following an Audit, including:

- (a) correct any identified Default;
- (b) rectify any error identified in a Financial Report; and
- (c) repaying any Charges that the Relevant Authority has overpaid.

5.11 The Parties will bear their own costs when an Audit is undertaken unless the Audit identifies a material Default by the Supplier, in which case the Supplier will repay the Relevant Authority's reasonable costs in connection with the Audit.

## **6. Supplier staff**

6.1 The Supplier Staff involved in the performance of each Contract must:

be appropriately trained and qualified;  
be vetted using Good Industry Practice and the Security Policy; and  
comply with all conduct requirements when on the Buyer's Premises.

- 6.2 Where a Buyer decides one of the Supplier's Staff is not suitable to work on a contract, the Supplier must replace them with a suitably qualified alternative.
- 6.3 If requested, the Supplier must replace any person whose acts or omissions have caused the Supplier to breach Clause 27.
- 6.4 The Supplier must provide a list of Supplier Staff needing to access the Buyer's Premises and say why access is required.
- 6.5 The Supplier indemnifies CCS and the Buyer against all claims brought by any person employed by the Supplier caused by an act or omission of the Supplier or any Supplier Staff.

## **7. Rights and protection**

- 7.1 The Supplier warrants and represents that:

- it has full capacity and authority to enter into and to perform each Contract;
  - each Contract is executed by its authorised representative;
  - it is a legally valid and existing organisation incorporated in the place it was formed;
  - there are no known legal or regulatory actions or investigations before any court, administrative body or arbitration tribunal pending or threatened against it or its Affiliates that might affect its ability to perform each Contract;
  - it maintains all necessary rights, authorisations, licences and consents to perform its obligations under each Contract;
  - it does not have any contractual obligations which are likely to have a material adverse effect on its ability to perform each Contract;
  - it is not impacted by an Insolvency Event; and
  - it will comply with each Call-Off Contract.

- 7.2 The warranties and representations in Clauses 2.10 and 8.1 are repeated each time the Supplier provides Deliverables under the Contract.

- 7.3 The Supplier indemnifies both CCS and every Buyer against each of the following:

- (i) wilful misconduct of the Supplier, Subcontractor and Supplier Staff that impacts the Contract; and
  - (i) non-payment by the Supplier of any Tax or National Insurance.

- 7.4 All claims indemnified under this Contract must use Clause 26.

- 7.5 The description of any provision of this Contract as a warranty does not prevent CCS or a Buyer from exercising any termination right that it may have for breach of that clause by the Supplier.

- 7.6 If the Supplier becomes aware of a representation or warranty that becomes

untrue or misleading, it must immediately notify CCS and every Buyer.

- 7.7 All third party warranties and indemnities covering the Deliverables must be assigned for the Buyer's benefit by the Supplier.

## **8. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs)**

- 8.1 Each Party keeps ownership of its own Existing IPRs. The Supplier gives the Buyer a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty-free, irrevocable, transferable worldwide licence to use, change and sub-license the Supplier's Existing IPR to enable it to both:

receive and use the Deliverables; and  
make use of the deliverables provided by a Replacement Supplier.

- 8.2 Any New IPR created under a Contract is owned by the Buyer. The Buyer gives the Supplier a licence to use any Existing IPRs and New IPRs for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations during the Contract Period.

- 8.3 Where a Party acquires ownership of IPRs incorrectly under this Contract it must do everything reasonably necessary to complete a transfer assigning them in writing to the other Party on request and at its own cost.

- 8.4 Neither Party has the right to use the other Party's IPRs, including any use of the other Party's names, logos or trademarks, except as provided in Clause 9 or otherwise agreed in writing.

- 8.5 If there is an IPR Claim, the Supplier indemnifies CCS and each Buyer against all losses, damages, costs or expenses (including professional fees and fines) incurred as a result.

- 8.6 If an IPR Claim is made or anticipated the Supplier must at its own expense and the Buyer's sole option, either:

obtain for CCS and the Buyer the rights in Clause 9.1 and 9.2 without infringing any third party IPR; or  
replace or modify the relevant item with substitutes that do not infringe IPR without adversely affecting the functionality or performance of the Deliverables.

- 8.7 In spite of any other provisions of a Contract and for the avoidance of doubt, award of a Contract by the Buyer and placement of any contract task under it does not constitute an authorisation by the Crown under Sections 55 and 56 of the Patents Act 1977 or Section 12 of the Registered Designs Act 1949. The Supplier acknowledges that any authorisation by the Buyer under its statutory powers must be expressly provided in writing, with reference to the acts authorised and the specific IPR involved.

## **9. Ending the contract or any subcontract**

### **9.1 Contract Period**

- 9.1.1 The Contract takes effect on the Start Date and ends on the End Date or earlier if required by Law.
- 9.1.2 The Relevant Authority can extend the Contract for the Extension Period by giving the Supplier no less than 3 Months' written notice before the Contract expires.

### **9.2 Ending the contract without a reason**

- 9.2.1 CCS has the right to terminate the Framework Contract at any time without reason by giving the Supplier at least 30 days' written notice.
- 9.2.2 Each Buyer has the right to terminate their Call-Off Contract at any time without reason by giving the Supplier not less than 90 days' written notice.

### **9.3 Rectification plan process**

- 9.3.1 If there is a Default, the Relevant Authority may, without limiting its other rights, request that the Supplier provide a Rectification Plan.
- 9.3.2 When the Relevant Authority receives a requested Rectification Plan it can either:
- ( ) reject the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan, giving reasons; or
  - ( ) accept the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan (without limiting its rights) and the Supplier must immediately start work on the actions in the Rectification Plan at its own cost, unless agreed otherwise by the Parties.
- 9.3.3 Where the Rectification Plan or revised Rectification Plan is rejected, the Relevant Authority:
- ( ) must give reasonable grounds for its decision; and
  - ( ) may request that the Supplier provides a revised Rectification Plan within 5 Working Days.
- 9.3.4 If the Relevant Authority rejects any Rectification Plan, including any revised Rectification Plan, the Relevant Authority does not have to request a revised Rectification Plan before exercising its right to terminate its Contract under Clause 10.4.3(a).
- ### **9.4 When CCS or the buyer can end a contract**
- 9.4.1 If any of the following events happen, the Relevant Authority has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:
- ( ) there is a Supplier Insolvency Event;
  - ( ) there is a Default that is not corrected in line with an accepted Rectification

- Plan;
- ( ) the Supplier does not provide a Rectification Plan within 10 days of the request;
  - ( ) there is any material Default of the Contract;
  - ( ) there is any material Default of any Joint Controller Agreement relating to any Contract;
  - ( ) there is a Default of Clauses 2.10, 6, 9, 14, 15, 27, 32 or Framework Schedule 9 (Cyber Essentials) (where applicable) relating to any Contract;
  - ( ) there is a consistent repeated failure to meet the Performance Indicators in Framework Schedule 4 (Framework Management);
  - ( ) there is a Change of Control of the Supplier which is not pre-approved by the Relevant Authority in writing;
  - ( ) if the Relevant Authority discovers that the Supplier was in one of the situations in 57 (1) or 57(2) of the Regulations at the time the Contract was awarded; or
  - ( ) the Supplier or its Affiliates embarrass or bring CCS or the Buyer into disrepute or diminish the public trust in them.

9.4.2 CCS may terminate the Framework Contract if a Buyer terminates a Call-Off Contract for any of the reasons listed in Clause 10.4.1.

9.4.3 If any of the following non-fault based events happen, the Relevant Authority has the right to immediately terminate its Contract by issuing a Termination Notice to the Supplier:

- ( ) the Relevant Authority rejects a Rectification Plan;
- ( ) there is a Variation which cannot be agreed using Clause 24 (Changing the contract) or resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving disputes);
- ( ) if there is a declaration of ineffectiveness in respect of any Variation; or
- ( ) any of the events in 73 (1) (a) or (c) of the Regulations happen.

#### **9.5 When the supplier can end the contract**

The Supplier can issue a Reminder Notice if the Buyer does not pay an undisputed invoice on time. The Supplier can terminate a Call-Off Contract if the Buyer fails to pay an undisputed invoiced sum due and worth over 10% of the annual Contract Value within 30 days of the date of the Reminder Notice.

#### **9.6 What happens if the contract ends**

9.6.1 Where a Party terminates a Contract under any of Clauses 10.2.1, 10.2.2, 10.4.1, 10.4.2, 10.4.3, 10.5 or 20.2 or a Contract expires all of the following apply:

- ( ) The Buyer's payment obligations under the terminated Contract stop immediately.
- ( ) Accumulated rights of the Parties are not affected.
- ( ) The Supplier must promptly repay to the Buyer any and all Charges the Buyer has paid in advance in respect of Deliverables not provided by the Supplier as at the End Date.



- (i) The Supplier must promptly delete or return the Government Data except where required to retain copies by Law.
- (i) The Supplier must promptly return any of CCS or the Buyer's property provided under the terminated Contract.
- (i) The Supplier must, at no cost to CCS or the Buyer, co-operate fully in the handover and re-procurement (including to a Replacement Supplier).

9.6.2 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, where the Relevant Authority terminates a Contract under Clause 10.4.1 the Supplier is also responsible for the Relevant Authority's reasonable costs of procuring Replacement Deliverables for the rest of the Contract Period.

9.6.3 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, if either the Relevant Authority terminates a Contract under Clause 10.2.1 or 10.2.2 or a Supplier terminates a Call-Off Contract under Clause 10.5:

the Buyer must promptly pay all outstanding Charges incurred to the Supplier; and the Buyer must pay the Supplier reasonable committed and unavoidable Losses as long as the Supplier provides a fully itemised and cost schedule with evidence - the maximum value of this payment is limited to the total sum payable to the Supplier if the Contract had not been terminated.

9.6.4 In addition to the consequences of termination listed in Clause 10.6.1, where a Party terminates under Clause 20.2 each Party must cover its own Losses.

9.6.5 The following Clauses survive the termination or expiry of each Contract: 3.2.10, 4.2, 6, 7.5, 9, 11, 12.2, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 31.3, 34, 35 and any Clauses and Schedules which are expressly or by implication intended to continue.

#### **9.7 Partially ending and suspending the contract**

9.7.1 Where CCS has the right to terminate the Framework Contract it can suspend the Supplier's ability to accept Orders (for any period) and the Supplier cannot enter into any new Call-Off Contracts during this period. If this happens, the Supplier must still meet its obligations under any existing Call-Off Contracts that have already been signed.

9.7.2 Where CCS has the right to terminate a Framework Contract it is entitled to terminate all or part of it.

9.7.3 Where the Buyer has the right to terminate a Call-Off Contract it can terminate or suspend (for any period), all or part of it. If the Buyer suspends a Contract it can provide the Deliverables itself or buy them from a third party.

9.7.4 The Relevant Authority can only partially terminate or suspend a Contract if the remaining parts of that Contract can still be used to effectively deliver the intended purpose.

9.7.5 The Parties must agree any necessary Variation required by Clause 10.7



using the Variation Procedure, but the Supplier may not either:

- ( ) reject the Variation; or
- ( ) increase the Charges, except where the right to partial termination is under Clause 10.2.

9.7.6 The Buyer can still use other rights available, or subsequently available to it if it acts on its rights under Clause 10.7.

#### **9.8 When subcontracts can be ended**

At the Buyer's request, the Supplier must terminate any Subcontracts in any of the following events:

- ( ) there is a Change of Control of a Subcontractor which is not pre-approved by the Relevant Authority in writing;
- ( ) the acts or omissions of the Subcontractor have caused or materially contributed to a right of termination under Clause 10.4; or
- ( ) a Subcontractor or its Affiliates embarrasses or brings into disrepute or diminishes the public trust in the Relevant Authority.

### **10. How much you can be held responsible for**

10.1 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under this Framework Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is no more than £1,000,000.

10.2 Each Party's total aggregate liability in each Contract Year under each Call-Off Contract (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) is a sum equal to one hundred and twenty five percent (125%) of the Estimated Yearly Charges unless specified in the Call-Off Order Form.

10.3 No Party is liable to the other for:

- ( ) any indirect Losses; or
- ( ) Loss of profits, turnover, savings, business opportunities or damage to goodwill (in each case whether direct or indirect).

10.4 In spite of Clause 11.1 and 11.2, neither Party limits or excludes any of the following:

its liability for death or personal injury caused by its negligence, or that of its employees, agents or Subcontractors;  
its liability for bribery or fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by it or its employees;  
any liability that cannot be excluded or limited by Law;  
its obligation to pay the required Management Charge or Default Management Charge.

- 10.5 In spite of Clauses 11.1 and 11.2, the Supplier does not limit or exclude its liability for any indemnity given under Clauses 7.5, 8.3(b), 9.5, 31.3 or Call-Off Schedule 2 (Staff Transfer) of a Contract.
- 10.6 In spite of Clauses 11.1, 11.2 but subject to Clauses 11.3 and 11.4, the Supplier's aggregate liability in each and any Contract Year under each Contract under Clause 14.8 shall in no event exceed the Data Protection Liability Cap.
- 10.7 Each Party must use all reasonable endeavours to mitigate any Loss or damage which it suffers under or in connection with each Contract, including any indemnities.
- 10.8 When calculating the Supplier's liability under Clause 11.1 or 11.2 the following items will not be taken into consideration:
- Deductions; and  
any items specified in Clauses 11.5 or 11.6.
- 10.9 If more than one Supplier is party to a Contract, each Supplier Party is jointly and severally liable for their obligations under that Contract.

## **11. Obeying the law**

- 11.1 The Supplier must use reasonable endeavours to comply with the provisions of Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility).
- 11.2 To the extent that it arises as a result of a Default by the Supplier, the Supplier indemnifies the Relevant Authority against any fine or penalty incurred by the Relevant Authority pursuant to Law and any costs incurred by the Relevant Authority in defending any proceedings which result in such fine or penalty.
- 11.3 The Supplier must appoint a Compliance Officer who must be responsible for ensuring that the Supplier complies with Law, Clause 12.1 and Clauses 27 to 32.

## **12. Insurance**

The Supplier must, at its own cost, obtain and maintain the Required Insurances in Joint Schedule 3 (Insurance Requirements) and any Additional Insurances in the Order Form.

## **13. Data protection**

- 13.1 The Supplier must process Personal Data and ensure that Supplier Staff process Personal Data only in accordance with Joint Schedule 11 (Processing Data).

- 13.2 The Supplier must not remove any ownership or security notices in or relating to the Government Data.
- 13.3 The Supplier must make accessible back-ups of all Government Data, stored in an agreed off-site location and send the Buyer copies every 6 Months.
- 13.4 The Supplier must ensure that any Supplier system holding any Government Data, including back-up data, is a secure system that complies with the Security Policy and any applicable Security Management Plan.
- 13.5 If at any time the Supplier suspects or has reason to believe that the Government Data provided under a Contract is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded, then the Supplier must notify the Relevant Authority and immediately suggest remedial action.
- 13.6 If the Government Data is corrupted, lost or sufficiently degraded so as to be unusable the Relevant Authority may either or both:
- tell the Supplier to restore or get restored Government Data as soon as practical but no later than 5 Working Days from the date that the Relevant Authority receives notice, or the Supplier finds out about the issue, whichever is earlier; and/or
  - restore the Government Data itself or using a third party.
- 13.7 The Supplier must pay each Party's reasonable costs of complying with Clause 14.6 unless CCS or the Buyer is at fault.
- 13.8 The Supplier:
- ( ) must provide the Relevant Authority with all Government Data in an agreed open format within 10 Working Days of a written request;
  - ( ) must have documented processes to guarantee prompt availability of Government Data if the Supplier stops trading;
  - ( ) must securely destroy all Storage Media that has held Government Data at the end of life of that media using Good Industry Practice;
  - ( ) securely erase all Government Data and any copies it holds when asked to do so by CCS or the Buyer unless required by Law to retain it; and
  - ( ) indemnifies CCS and each Buyer against any and all Losses incurred if the Supplier breaches Clause 14 and any Data Protection Legislation.

## **14. What you must keep confidential**

### **14.1 Each Party must:**

keep all Confidential Information it receives confidential and secure;  
except as expressly set out in the Contract at Clauses 15.2 to 15.4 or  
elsewhere in the Contract, not disclose, use or exploit the Disclosing

Party's Confidential Information without the Disclosing Party's prior written consent; and  
immediately notify the Disclosing Party if it suspects unauthorised access, copying, use or disclosure of the Confidential Information.

14.2 In spite of Clause 15.1, a Party may disclose Confidential Information which it receives from the Disclosing Party in any of the following instances:

- ( ) where disclosure is required by applicable Law or by a court with the relevant jurisdiction if, to the extent not prohibited by Law, the Recipient Party notifies the Disclosing Party of the full circumstances, the affected Confidential Information and extent of the disclosure;
- ( ) if the Recipient Party already had the information without obligation of confidentiality before it was disclosed by the Disclosing Party;
- ( ) if the information was given to it by a third party without obligation of confidentiality;
- ( ) if the information was in the public domain at the time of the disclosure;
- ( ) if the information was independently developed without access to the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information;
- ( ) on a confidential basis, to its auditors;
- ( ) on a confidential basis, to its professional advisers on a need-to-know basis; or
- ( ) to the Serious Fraud Office where the Recipient Party has reasonable grounds to believe that the Disclosing Party is involved in activity that may be a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010.

14.3 In spite of Clause 15.1, the Supplier may disclose Confidential Information on a confidential basis to Supplier Staff on a need-to-know basis to allow the Supplier to meet its obligations under the Contract. The Supplier Staff must enter into a direct confidentiality agreement with the Relevant Authority at its request.

14.4 In spite of Clause 15.1, CCS or the Buyer may disclose Confidential Information in any of the following cases:

on a confidential basis to the employees, agents, consultants and contractors of CCS or the Buyer;  
on a confidential basis to any other Central Government Body, any successor body to a Central Government Body or any company that CCS or the Buyer transfers or proposes to transfer all or any part of its business to;  
if CCS or the Buyer (acting reasonably) considers disclosure necessary or appropriate to carry out its public functions;  
where requested by Parliament; or  
under Clauses 4.7 and 16.

14.5 For the purposes of Clauses 15.2 to 15.4 references to disclosure on a confidential basis means disclosure under a confidentiality agreement or arrangement including terms as strict as those required in Clause 15.

14.6 Transparency Information is not Confidential Information.

14.7 The Supplier must not make any press announcement or publicise the Contracts or any part of them in any way, without the prior written consent of the Relevant Authority and must take all reasonable steps to ensure that Supplier Staff do not either.

## **15. When you can share information**

15.1 The Supplier must tell the Relevant Authority within 48 hours if it receives a Request For Information.

15.2 Within five (5) Working Days of the Buyer's request the Supplier must give CCS and each Buyer full co-operation and information needed so the Buyer can:

publish the Transparency Information;  
comply with any Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request; and/or  
comply with any Environmental Information Regulations (EIR) request.

15.3 The Relevant Authority may talk to the Supplier to help it decide whether to publish information under Clause 16. However, the extent, content and format of the disclosure is the Relevant Authority's decision in its absolute discretion.

## **16. Invalid parts of the contract**

If any part of a Contract is prohibited by Law or judged by a court to be unlawful, void or unenforceable, it must be read as if it was removed from that Contract as much as required and rendered ineffective as far as possible without affecting the rest of the Contract, whether it is valid or enforceable.

## **17. No other terms apply**

The provisions incorporated into each Contract are the entire agreement between the Parties. The Contract replaces all previous statements, agreements and any course of dealings made between the Parties, whether written or oral, in relation to its subject matter. No other provisions apply.

## **18. Other people's rights in a contract**

No third parties may use the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 (CRTPA) to enforce any term of the Contract unless stated (referring to CRTPA) in the Contract. This does not affect third party rights and remedies that exist independently from CRTPA.

## **19. Circumstances beyond your control**

19.1 Any Party affected by a Force Majeure Event is excused from performing its obligations under a Contract while the inability to perform continues, if it both:

- ( ) provides a Force Majeure Notice to the other Party; and
- ( ) uses all reasonable measures practical to reduce the impact of the Force Majeure Event.

19.2 Either Party can partially or fully terminate the affected Contract if the provision of the Deliverables is materially affected by a Force Majeure Event which lasts for 90 days continuously.

## **20. Relationships created by the contract**

No Contract creates a partnership, joint venture or employment relationship. The Supplier must represent themselves accordingly and ensure others do so.

## **21. Giving up contract rights**

A partial or full waiver or relaxation of the terms of a Contract is only valid if it is stated to be a waiver in writing to the other Party.

## **22. Transferring responsibilities**

22.1 The Supplier cannot assign, novate or transfer a Contract or any part of a Contract without the Relevant Authority's written consent.

22.2 The Relevant Authority can assign, novate or transfer its Contract or any part of it to any Central Government Body, public or private sector body which performs the functions of the Relevant Authority.

22.3 When CCS or the Buyer uses its rights under Clause 23.2 the Supplier must enter into a novation agreement in the form that CCS or the Buyer specifies.

22.4 The Supplier can terminate a Contract novated under Clause 23.2 to a private sector body that is experiencing an Insolvency Event.

22.5 The Supplier remains responsible for all acts and omissions of the Supplier Staff as if they were its own.

22.6 If CCS or the Buyer asks the Supplier for details about Subcontractors, the Supplier must provide details of Subcontractors at all levels of the supply chain including:

- ( ) their name;
- ( ) the scope of their appointment; and
- ( ) the duration of their appointment.

## **23. Changing the contract**

23.1 Either Party can request a Variation which is only effective if agreed in writing and signed by both Parties.

23.2 The Supplier must provide an Impact Assessment either:

- (i) with the Variation Form, where the Supplier requests the Variation; or
- (i) within the time limits included in a Variation Form requested by CCS or the Buyer.

23.3 If the Variation cannot be agreed or resolved by the Parties, CCS or the Buyer can either:

- (i) agree that the Contract continues without the Variation; or
- (i) terminate the affected Contract, unless in the case of a Call-Off Contract, the Supplier has already provided part or all of the provision of the Deliverables, or where the Supplier can show evidence of substantial work being carried out to provide them; or
- (i) refer the Dispute to be resolved using Clause 34 (Resolving Disputes).

23.4 CCS and the Buyer are not required to accept a Variation request made by the Supplier.

23.5 If there is a General Change in Law, the Supplier must bear the risk of the change and is not entitled to ask for an increase to the Framework Prices or the Charges.

23.6 If there is a Specific Change in Law or one is likely to happen during the Contract Period the Supplier must give CCS and the Buyer notice of the likely effects of the changes as soon as reasonably practicable. They must also say if they think any Variation is needed either to the Deliverables, Framework Prices or a Contract and provide evidence:

that the Supplier has kept costs as low as possible, including in Subcontractor costs; and  
of how it has affected the Supplier's costs.

23.7 Any change in the Framework Prices or relief from the Supplier's obligations because of a Specific Change in Law must be implemented using Clauses 24.1 to 24.4.

23.8 For 101(5) of the Regulations, if the Court declares any Variation ineffective, the Parties agree that their mutual rights and obligations will be regulated by the terms of the Contract as they existed immediately prior to that Variation and as if the Parties had never entered into that Variation.

## **24. How to communicate about the contract**

24.1 All notices under the Contract must be in writing and are considered effective on the Working Day of delivery as long as they are delivered before 5:00pm on



a Working Day. Otherwise the notice is effective on the next Working Day. An email is effective at 9:00am on the first Working Day after sending unless an error message is received.

24.2 Notices to CCS must be sent to the CCS Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Framework Award Form.

24.3 Notices to the Buyer must be sent to the Buyer Authorised Representative's address or email address in the Order Form.

24.4 This Clause does not apply to the service of legal proceedings or any documents in any legal action, arbitration or dispute resolution.

## **25. Dealing with claims**

25.1 If a Beneficiary is notified of a Claim then it must notify the Indemnifier as soon as reasonably practical and no later than 10 Working Days.

25.2 At the Indemnifier's cost the Beneficiary must both:

- ( ) allow the Indemnifier to conduct all negotiations and proceedings to do with a Claim; and
- ( ) give the Indemnifier reasonable assistance with the claim if requested.

25.3 The Beneficiary must not make admissions about the Claim without the prior written consent of the Indemnifier which can not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

25.4 The Indemnifier must consider and defend the Claim diligently using competent legal advisors and in a way that does not damage the Beneficiary's reputation.

25.5 The Indemnifier must not settle or compromise any Claim without the Beneficiary's prior written consent which it must not unreasonably withhold or delay.

25.6 Each Beneficiary must take all reasonable steps to minimise and mitigate any losses that it suffers because of the Claim.

25.7 If the Indemnifier pays the Beneficiary money under an indemnity and the Beneficiary later recovers money which is directly related to the Claim, the Beneficiary must immediately repay the Indemnifier the lesser of either:

the sum recovered minus any legitimate amount spent by the Beneficiary when recovering this money; or  
the amount the Indemnifier paid the Beneficiary for the Claim.

## **26. Preventing fraud, bribery and corruption**

26.1 The Supplier must not during any Contract Period:



- (i) commit a Prohibited Act or any other criminal offence in the Regulations 57(1) and 57(2); or
- (i) do or allow anything which would cause CCS or the Buyer, including any of their employees, consultants, contractors, Subcontractors or agents to breach any of the Relevant Requirements or incur any liability under them.

26.2 The Supplier must during the Contract Period:

create, maintain and enforce adequate policies and procedures to ensure it complies with the Relevant Requirements to prevent a Prohibited Act and require its Subcontractors to do the same;

keep full records to show it has complied with its obligations under Clause 27 and give copies to CCS or the Buyer on request; and

if required by the Relevant Authority, within 20 Working Days of the Start Date of the relevant Contract, and then annually, certify in writing to the Relevant Authority, that they have complied with Clause 27, including compliance of Supplier Staff, and provide reasonable supporting evidence of this on request, including its policies and procedures.

26.3 The Supplier must immediately notify CCS and the Buyer if it becomes aware of any breach of Clauses 27.1 or 27.2 or has any reason to think that it, or any of the Supplier Staff, has either:

- (i) been investigated or prosecuted for an alleged Prohibited Act;
- (i) been debarred, suspended, proposed for suspension or debarment, or is otherwise ineligible to take part in procurement programmes or contracts because of a Prohibited Act by any government department or agency;
- (i) received a request or demand for any undue financial or other advantage of any kind related to a Contract; or
- (i) suspected that any person or Party directly or indirectly related to a Contract has committed or attempted to commit a Prohibited Act.

26.4 If the Supplier notifies CCS or the Buyer as required by Clause 27.3, the Supplier must respond promptly to their further enquiries, co-operate with any investigation and allow the Audit of any books, records and relevant documentation in accordance with Clause 6.

26.5 In any notice the Supplier gives under Clause 27.3 it must specify the:

Prohibited Act;

identity of the Party who it thinks has committed the Prohibited Act; and  
action it has decided to take.

## **27. Equality, diversity and human rights**

27.1 The Supplier must follow all applicable equality Law when they perform their obligations under the Contract, including:

- ( ) protections against discrimination on the grounds of race, sex, gender reassignment, religion or belief, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy, maternity, age or otherwise; and
- ( ) any other requirements and instructions which CCS or the Buyer reasonably imposes related to equality Law.

27.2 The Supplier must take all necessary steps, and inform CCS or the Buyer of the steps taken, to prevent anything that is considered to be unlawful discrimination by any court or tribunal, or the Equality and Human Rights Commission (or any successor organisation) when working on a Contract.

## **28. Health and safety**

28.1 The Supplier must perform its obligations meeting the requirements of:

- ( ) all applicable Law regarding health and safety; and
- ( ) the Buyer's current health and safety policy while at the Buyer's Premises, as provided to the Supplier.

28.2 The Supplier and the Buyer must as soon as possible notify the other of any health and safety incidents or material hazards they are aware of at the Buyer Premises that relate to the performance of a Contract.

## **29. Environment**

29.1 When working on Site the Supplier must perform its obligations under the Buyer's current Environmental Policy, which the Buyer must provide.

29.2 The Supplier must ensure that Supplier Staff are aware of the Buyer's Environmental Policy.

## **30. Tax**

30.1 The Supplier must not breach any Tax or social security obligations and must enter into a binding agreement to pay any late contributions due, including where applicable, any interest or any fines. CCS and the Buyer cannot terminate a Contract where the Supplier has not paid a minor Tax or social security contribution.

30.2 Where the Charges payable under a Contract with the Buyer are or are likely to exceed £5 million at any point during the relevant Contract Period, and an Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance occurs, the Supplier must notify CCS and the Buyer of it within 5 Working Days including:

- ( ) the steps that the Supplier is taking to address the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance and any mitigating factors that it considers relevant; and
- ( ) other information relating to the Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance that CCS and the Buyer may reasonably need.

30.3 Where the Supplier or any Supplier Staff are liable to be taxed or to pay National Insurance contributions in the UK relating to payment received under a Call-Off Contract, the Supplier must both:

- (i) comply with the Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003 and all other statutes and regulations relating to income tax, the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (including IR35) and National Insurance contributions; and
- (ii) indemnify the Buyer against any Income Tax, National Insurance and social security contributions and any other liability, deduction, contribution, assessment or claim arising from or made during or after the Contract Period in connection with the provision of the Deliverables by the Supplier or any of the Supplier Staff.

30.4 If any of the Supplier Staff are Workers who receive payment relating to the Deliverables, then the Supplier must ensure that its contract with the Worker contains the following requirements:

the Buyer may, at any time during the Contract Period, request that the Worker provides information which demonstrates they comply with Clause 31.3, or why those requirements do not apply, the Buyer can specify the information the Worker must provide and the deadline for responding;

the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker fails to provide the information requested by the Buyer within the time specified by the Buyer;

the Worker's contract may be terminated at the Buyer's request if the Worker provides information which the Buyer considers is not good enough to demonstrate how it complies with Clause 31.3 or confirms that the Worker is not complying with those requirements; and

the Buyer may supply any information they receive from the Worker to HMRC for revenue collection and management.

## **31. Conflict of interest**

31.1 The Supplier must take action to ensure that neither the Supplier nor the Supplier Staff are placed in the position of an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.

31.2 The Supplier must promptly notify and provide details to CCS and each Buyer if a Conflict of Interest happens or is expected to happen.

31.3 CCS and each Buyer can terminate its Contract immediately by giving notice in writing to the Supplier or take any steps it thinks are necessary where there is or may be an actual or potential Conflict of Interest.

## **32. Reporting a breach of the contract**

32.1 As soon as it is aware of it the Supplier and Supplier Staff must report to CCS or the Buyer any actual or suspected breach of:

- ( ) Law;
- ( ) Clause 12.1; or
- ( ) Clauses 27 to 32.

32.2 The Supplier must not retaliate against any of the Supplier Staff who in good faith reports a breach listed in Clause 33.1 to the Buyer or a Prescribed Person.

### **33. Resolving disputes**

33.1 If there is a Dispute, the senior representatives of the Parties who have authority to settle the Dispute will, within 28 days of a written request from the other Party, meet in good faith to resolve the Dispute.

33.2 If the Dispute is not resolved at that meeting, the Parties can attempt to settle it by mediation using the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR) Model Mediation Procedure currently at the time of the Dispute. If the Parties cannot agree on a mediator, the mediator will be nominated by CEDR. If either Party does not wish to use, or continue to use mediation, or mediation does not resolve the Dispute, the Dispute must be resolved using Clauses 34.3 to 34.5.

33.3 Unless the Relevant Authority refers the Dispute to arbitration using Clause 34.4, the Parties irrevocably agree that the courts of England and Wales have the exclusive jurisdiction to:

- ( ) determine the Dispute;
- ( ) grant interim remedies; and/or
- ( ) grant any other provisional or protective relief.

33.4 The Supplier agrees that the Relevant Authority has the exclusive right to refer any Dispute to be finally resolved by arbitration under the London Court of International Arbitration Rules currently at the time of the Dispute. There will be only one arbitrator. The seat or legal place of the arbitration will be London and the proceedings will be in English.

33.5 The Relevant Authority has the right to refer a Dispute to arbitration even if the Supplier has started or has attempted to start court proceedings under Clause 34.3, unless the Relevant Authority has agreed to the court proceedings or participated in them. Even if court proceedings have started, the Parties must do everything necessary to ensure that the court proceedings are stayed in favour of any arbitration proceedings if they are started under Clause 34.4.

33.6 The Supplier cannot suspend the performance of a Contract during any Dispute.

### **34. Which law applies**

This Contract and any Disputes arising out of, or connected to it, are governed by English law.

## Joint Schedule 5 (Corporate Social Responsibility)

### What we expect from our Suppliers

In February 2019, HM Government published a Supplier Code of Conduct setting out the standards and behaviours expected of suppliers who work with government  
([https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier\\_Code\\_of\\_Conduct.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/779660/20190220-Supplier_Code_of_Conduct.pdf))

CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to meet the standards set out in that Code. In addition, CCS expects its Suppliers and Subcontractors to comply with the Standards set out in this Schedule.

The Supplier acknowledges that the Buyer may have additional requirements in relation to corporate social responsibility. The Buyer expects that the Supplier and its Subcontractors will comply with such corporate social responsibility requirements as the Buyer may notify the Supplier from time to time.

### Equality and Accessibility

In addition to legal obligations, the Supplier shall support CCS and the Buyer in fulfilling its Public Sector Equality duty under S149 of the Equality Act 2010 by ensuring that it fulfils its obligations under each Contract in a way that seeks to:

- eliminate discrimination, harassment or victimisation of any kind; and
- advance equality of opportunity and good relations between those with a protected characteristic (age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, and marriage and civil partnership) and those who do not share it.

### Modern Slavery, Child Labour and Inhumane Treatment

**"Modern Slavery Helpline"** means the mechanism for reporting suspicion, seeking help or advice and information on the subject of modern slavery available online at <https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org/report> or by telephone on 08000 121 700.

The Supplier:

- shall not use, nor allow its Subcontractors to use forced, bonded or involuntary prison labour;

- shall not require any Supplier Staff or Subcontractor Staff to lodge deposits or identify papers with the Employer and shall be free to leave their

- employer after reasonable notice;
- warrants and represents that it has not been convicted of any slavery or human trafficking offences anywhere around the world.
- warrants that to the best of its knowledge it is not currently under investigation, inquiry or enforcement proceedings in relation to any allegation of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.
- shall make reasonable enquires to ensure that its officers, employees and Subcontractors have not been convicted of slavery or human trafficking offenses anywhere around the world.
- shall have and maintain throughout the term of each Contract its own policies and procedures to ensure its compliance with the Modern Slavery Act and include in its contracts with its Subcontractors anti-slavery and human trafficking provisions;
- shall implement due diligence procedures to ensure that there is no slavery or human trafficking in any part of its supply chain performing obligations under a Contract;
- shall prepare and deliver to CCS, an annual slavery and human trafficking report setting out the steps it has taken to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any of its supply chains or in any part of its business with its annual certification of compliance with Paragraph 3;
- shall not use, nor allow its employees or Subcontractors to use physical abuse or discipline, the threat of physical abuse, sexual or other harassment and verbal abuse or other forms of intimidation of its employees or Subcontractors;
- shall not use or allow child or slave labour to be used by its Subcontractors;
- shall report the discovery or suspicion of any slavery or trafficking by it or its Subcontractors to CCS, the Buyer and Modern Slavery Helpline.

## **Income Security**

The Supplier shall:

- ensure that that all wages and benefits paid for a standard working week meet, at a minimum, national legal standards in the country of employment;
- ensure that all Supplier Staff are provided with written and understandable Information about their employment conditions in respect of wages before they enter employment and about the particulars of their wages for the pay period concerned each time that they are paid;
- not make deductions from wages:
  - as a disciplinary measure
  - except where permitted by law; or

without expressed permission of the worker concerned;  
record all disciplinary measures taken against Supplier Staff; and  
ensure that Supplier Staff are engaged under a recognised  
employment relationship established through national law and  
practice.

## **Working Hours**

The Supplier shall:

ensure that the working hours of Supplier Staff comply with national  
laws, and any collective agreements;  
that the working hours of Supplier Staff, excluding overtime, shall be  
defined by contract, and shall not exceed 48 hours per week  
unless the individual has agreed in writing;  
ensure that use of overtime used responsibly, taking into account:  
the extent;  
frequency; and  
hours worked;  
by individuals and by the Supplier Staff as a whole;

5.2 The total hours worked in any seven day period shall not exceed 60 hours,  
except where covered by Paragraph 5.3 below.

5.3 Working hours may exceed 60 hours in any seven day period only in  
exceptional circumstances where all of the following are met:

5.3.1 this is allowed by national law;

5.3.2 this is allowed by a collective agreement freely negotiated with  
a workers' organisation representing a significant portion of the  
workforce;

5.3.3 appropriate safeguards are taken to protect the workers' health  
and safety; and

5.3.4 the employer can demonstrate that exceptional circumstances  
apply such as unexpected production peaks, accidents or  
emergencies.

5.4 All Supplier Staff shall be provided with at least one (1) day off in every  
seven (7) day period or, where allowed by national law, two (2) days off in  
every fourteen (14) day period.

## **6. Sustainability**

6.1 The supplier shall meet the applicable Government Buying Standards  
applicable to Deliverables which can be found online at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/sustainable-procurement-the->

[government-buying-standards-gbs](#)



