Schedule 2.2 - ESMCP Mobile Services Agreement Performance Levels

Version 1.0

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CHANGE HISTORY

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ANNEX 1: Categorisation of Services, Service Hours, Permitted Maintenance and Recovery Priority 77

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 The MS Supplier shall ensure that the Supplier Solution meets 3ES operational and performance requirements to the extent set out under the relevant terms of this Agreement, including, as applicable, for day-to-day use and at Planned Events, or Spontaneous Events that precipitate a high demand from 3ES (subject to the Available Radio Capacity).
- 1.2 This Schedule sets out the standards of performance that the Authority requires of the Supplier in respect of the Services. This Schedule is split into three parts:
 - 1.2.1 Part A provides an overview of the Performance Indicators, the Initial Service Period, the calculation of Service Points including in respect of Repeat KPI Failures and Service Credits;
 - 1.2.2 Part B sets out the Party's obligations with regards to performance monitoring; and
 - 1.2.3 Part C provides an overview of the Performance Indicators applicable to each Service (and their categorisation as a KPI or a SPI) and contains for each Performance Indicator, their definitions, descriptors and details, method of calculation, Service Period, Minimum Service Thresholds of the Performance Indicators and the Service Points applicable.

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Part A: Performance Management

2 Performance Indicators

- 2.1 Part C sets out the Key Performance Indicators ("**KPIs**") and Subsidiary Performance Indicators ("**SPIs**") which shall be used to measure the performance of the Services and Social Value by the Supplier.
- 2.2 The Supplier shall monitor and report its performance against each Performance Indicator and shall submit to the Authority a Performance Monitoring Report detailing its actual Service performance level in accordance with Part B.
- 2.3 Service Points and Service Credits shall accrue for any KPI Failure and be calculated in accordance with Paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Schedule.

3 Initial Service Period

- 3.1 If the Operational Service Commencement Date on which the relevant Service is delivered is:
- 3.1.1 in which it occurs, then the period over which the Service is delivered in that calendar month will be added to the subsequent calendar month and the Service Period for the subsequent calendar month shall include the days over which the Service is first delivered; or
- 3.1.2 in which it occurs, then the Service Period for such calendar month shall be the period from the moment the Service is first delivered until the end of that calendar month,

(the "Initial Service Period").

4 Service Points

- 4.1 If the level of performance of the Supplier during a Service Period achieves the Minimum Service Threshold in respect of a Key Performance Indicator, no Service Points shall accrue to the Supplier in respect of that Key Performance Indicator. Notwithstanding Clause 7.8, any change to any Minimum Service Threshold must be agreed between the Parties in accordance with the Change Control Procedure.
- 4.2 If, subject to Paragraph 19 below the level of performance of the Supplier during a Service Period is below the Minimum Service Threshold in respect of a Key Performance Indicator, Service Points shall accrue to the Supplier in respect of that Key Performance Indicator as set out in the remainder of this Paragraph 4 and Paragraphs 5 and 6 of this Schedule.
- 4.3 Service Points shall be calculated as follows:
 - (a) Subject to Paragraph 6, the initial calculation of Service Points that shall accrue to the Supplier in respect of any KPI Failure shall be made using the applicable number for

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the level of performance set out for each Performance Indicator in Paragraphs 10 to 18 and 20 of this Schedule ("Service Point Initial Calculation").

- (b) The "Final Service Point Calculation" is derived by performing the calculation (if applicable) for Repeat KPI Failures set out in Paragraph 5.
- The Final Service Point Calculation is multiplied by the "**Weighting Factor**" for each Performance Indicator to calculate the relevant Service Credits pursuant to Schedule 7.1 (Charges and Invoicing).
- 4.5 The Supplier shall provide monthly performance reports associated with the delivery of the Performance Indicators for the A2G Network and, for the avoidance of doubt, no Service Credit will apply to the Supplier's failure to achieve the threshold criteria of any Performance Indicator associated with the A2G Network.

5 Repeat KPI Failures

- In addition to any obligations of the Supplier under this Agreement to provide a Rectification Plan, if a KPI Failure occurs in respect of the same Key Performance Indicator:
 - (a) two times in any three consecutive Service Periods;
 - (b) three times in any five consecutive Service Periods; or
 - (c) four times in any twelve consecutive Service Periods,

these conditions collectively constitute the Repeat Trigger ("Repeat Trigger"). When a Repeat Trigger is met, the KPI Failure and any subsequent KPI Failures that occur within the relevant Service Periods for the Repeat Trigger shall be deemed a "Repeat KPI Failures".

- 5.2 Where a KPI Failure occurs in respect of the KPI MSA1, MSP1 and MSP2, types A and B, the Repeat Trigger shall only apply where the KPI Failures have occurred in the same County for MSA1 and in the same Region for MSP1 and MSP2.
- 5.3 The number of Service Points that shall accrue to the Supplier in respect of a KPI Failure that is a Repeat KPI Failure shall be calculated as follows:

 $SP = P \times 2$ where:

SP = the number of Service Points that shall accrue for the Repeat KPI Failure; and

P = the applicable number of Service Points for that KPI Failure as set out for each KPI in Part C of this Schedule according to its category as a Minor KPI Failure, Serious KPI Failure, Severe KPI Failure or KPI Service Threshold Failure.

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Accrual of Service Points in respect of multiple KPI Failures arising from same root cause

- 6.1 Except for KPI Failures which relate to service Incident Identification Time, and Fix Time; and Service Management MSS4 to MSS6 and MSR1 to MSR6 Performance Indicators:
 - (a) additional Service Points shall not accrue for any KPI Failure in addition to the original KPI Failure if the root cause of the KPI Failure is linked and where:
 - (i) such additional KPI Failure is in respect of the following Performance Indicators: MSA1, MSP1 and MSP2, types A and B. Where KPI Failures occur against more than one of the KPIs in this list, Service Points shall only accrue in respect of the first KPI failure in the following order of descending precedence: MSA1, MSP1 and MSP2; and
 - (ii) such additional KPI Failure:
 - (aa) occurs in the same Service Period as the original KPI Failure;and
 - (bb) occurs at the same time and is caused by the same (or substantially the same) root cause as the original KPI Failure.
 - (cc) occurs in the same Region or County.
- 6.2 Where multiple Service Incidents have the same (or substantially the same) root cause, the Supplier or the US Supplier (as applicable) shall correlate these Service Incidents (either at the time or retrospectively within the Service Period concerned) and Service Points shall only accrue in respect of any KPI failures for the Service Incident which results from the correlation process.

7 Permitted Maintenance

- 7.1 For Tier One Services, excluding Coverage, the Supplier is not permitted any Service Downtime for Permitted Maintenance. For Coverage only, the Authority shall agree to Service Downtime in any one Service Period up to a maximum of Availability of Coverage, calculated using the methods defined in KPIs MSA1 and MSA2 as appropriate. Any (i) Service Downtime in excess of the maximum of and (ii) any Service Downtime which occurs outside of the agreed times for Permitted Maintenance, shall in each case be counted as un-Availability.
- 7.2 For Tier Two Services the Supplier shall be allowed to request a maximum of Downtime for Permitted Maintenance in any one Service Period which shall take place between subject to the provision by the Supplier to the Authority of written risk assessments in the form specified by the Authority and subject to the Service Downtime for Permitted Maintenance being identified in the Maintenance Schedule (to be approved in advance by the Authority).
- 7.3 For Tier Three Services the Supplier shall be entitled to Service Downtime for Permitted Maintenance, subject to providing written notice to the Authority

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and subject to such Service Downtime for Permitted Maintenand	ce being between
	except where prior approved
or as otherwise agreed by the Authority in writing.	

- 7.4 Where the Authority has approved Permitted Maintenance for a Tier One or Tier Two Service, the Authority may request that the Supplier not undertake such agreed maintenance in cases where operational necessity means that such Tier Two Services will be needed during the period previously agreed. In the event of such a request the Supplier shall comply and agree with the Authority a time at which the Permitted Maintenance for a Tier Two Service may be carried out. Where such delay increases the risk that the Supplier may not meet its Minimum Service Threshold in respect of a KPI or SPI, the Supplier shall notify the Authority Representative of this risk in writing within after becoming aware. Where the Authority makes such a request during a period of Permitted Maintenance the Supplier shall make reasonable efforts to comply in consideration that partially completed maintenance may not be capable of being interrupted immediately.
- 7.5 The Authority may reasonably request in advance that Tier Three Services be excluded from Permitted Maintenance for periods of time for operational reasons. The Supplier shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate such requests.

8 Service Credits

- 8.1 Schedule 7.1 (Charges and Invoicing) sets out the mechanism by which Service Points shall be converted into Service Credits.
- 8.2 The information contained in the Performance Monitoring Reports shall be included in the information used by the Authority to verify the calculation of any Deductions or Service Credits in each Service Period.

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PART B: Performance Monitoring and Review

9 Performance Monitoring and Performance Review Meet	9	Performance	Monitoring a	and Performance	Review Meeti	ng
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9.1	Performance Monitoring Report	rt					
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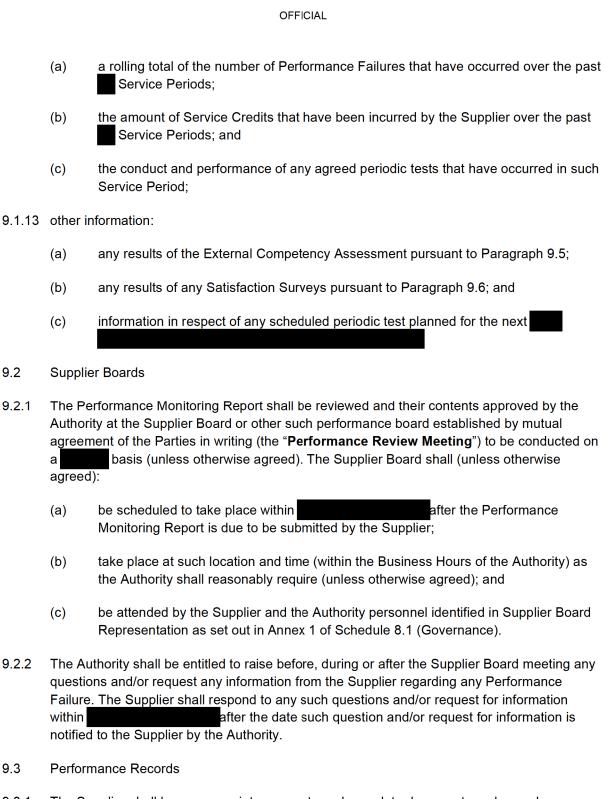
after the end of each Service Period, the Supplier shall provide a written report to the Authority Representative which summarises the performance by the Supplier against each of the Performance Indicators (the "Performance Monitoring Report"). The Performance Monitoring Report shall constitute Management Information and shall be submitted by the Supplier in the format and process determined by the Authority containing, at a minimum the following information:

- 9.1.1 information in respect of the Service Period just ended, this shall include for each Key Performance Indicator and Subsidiary Performance Indicator, the Supplier's actual performance achieved over the Service Period, and the Supplier's actual performance achieved over the previous three Service Periods including;
 - (a) the extent and number of instances that the Supplier's performance failed to meet the Minimum Service Thresholds; and
 - (b) whether any Repeat Trigger has been triggered and which Repeat Triggers have been triggered (if any);
- 9.1.2 a summary of all Performance Failures of the Supplier that occurred during the Service Period and details of whether there are any (and which are):
 - (a) Critical Performance Failures;
 - (b) Defaults;
 - (c) Intervention Trigger Events;
 - (d) KPI Failures;
 - (e) Material KPI Failures;
 - (f) Material SPI Failures;
 - (g) KPI Service Threshold Failures;
 - (h) Minor KPI Failures;
 - (i) Notifiable Defaults;
 - (j) SPI Failures;
 - (k) Rectification Plan Failures;

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- (I) Repeat KPI Failures;
- (m) Serious KPI Failures;
- (n) Severe KPI Failures; or
- (o) Unacceptable KPI Failures;
- 9.1.3 any written application for an exclusion event (as defined in Paragraph 19.1.13) for performance in the Service Period;
- 9.1.4 the Supplier's calculation of the applicable Service Points and Service Credits for the Performance Failures subject of Paragraph 9.1.1 and 9.1.2;
- 9.1.5 details of any unresolved Performance Failures from the Service Period or any prior Service Periods including the progress towards resolving them;
- 9.1.6 for any KPI Failures, Intervention Trigger Events or Rectification Plan Failures during the Service Period and explanation of the causes and the action being taken to;
 - (a) remedy such failure,
 - (b) address its cause; and
 - (c) reduce the likelihood of recurrence or prevent the same or substantially similar failures in the future;
- 9.1.7 the status of any outstanding Rectification Plan Processes, including:
 - (a) whether or not a Rectification Plan has been agreed with the Authority; and
 - (b) where a Rectification Plan has been agreed with the Authority, a summary of the Supplier's progress in implementing that Rectification Plan;
- 9.1.8 the conduct and performance of any agreed periodic tests that have occurred,
- 9.1.9 relevant particulars of any aspects of the Supplier's performance which fail to meet the requirements of this Agreement;
- 9.1.10 such other details as the Authority may reasonably require from time to time;
- 9.1.11 information on Social Value, including any additional social benefits that have been progressed and/or achieved in the delivery of the Agreement, as set out in Paragraph 16 of Schedule 4.1 (Supplier Solution);
- 9.1.12 information in respect of previous Service Periods including:

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9.3

9.3.1 The Supplier shall keep appropriate, accurate and complete documents and records (including service desk records including: call histories, staff records, timesheets, training programmes, staff training records, goods received documentation, supplier accreditation records, complaints received and such other records as may be specified by the Authority from time to time) in relation to the Services.

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9.2

9.2.1

9.2.2

- 9.3.2 Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Supplier shall maintain accurate records in accordance with the requirements of Schedule 8.4 (Records Provision) and provide prompt access (being no later than after receipt of the Authority's request) to such records to the Authority upon the Authority's request. The records and documents of the Supplier shall be available for inspection by the Authority and/or its nominee at any time and the Authority and/or its nominee may make copies of any such records and documents and shall comply with the requirements set out in Schedule 7.5 (Financial Reports and Audit Rights).
- 9.3.3 In addition to the requirements in Paragraphs 9.3.1 and 9.3.2, the Supplier shall provide to the Authority such supporting documentation as the Authority may reasonably require in order to verify the level of the performance of the Supplier both before and after each Operational Service Commencement Date and the calculations of the amount of Service Points and Service Credits for any specified period.
- 9.3.4 The Supplier shall ensure that the Performance Monitoring Report and any variations or amendments thereto which may be approved from time to time by the Authority, any reports and summaries produced in accordance with this Schedule and any other document or record reasonably required by the Authority are made available by the Supplier to the Authority additionally online at the location to be specified by the Authority and are capable of being printed, copied, extracted or further distributed by the Authority without restriction but always in accordance with any licensing and confidentiality limitation or restriction set out elsewhere in this Agreement.
- 9.4 Performance Verification
- 9.4.1 The Authority reserves the right to verify the Services and the Supplier's performance and any information or reports of the Supplier as to the Supplier's performance under or in connection with this Agreement against the Performance Indicators, including by audit, independent survey or otherwise or by exercise of the Authority's rights under Schedule 7.5 (Financial Reports and Audit Rights).
- 9.5 External Competency Assessment
- 9.5.1 On or after each anniversary of the Effective Date or otherwise at any time provided the Authority has served not less than notice of its intent, the Authority may (at the Authority's expense) appoint an industry recognised independent body (as determined by the Authority) to assess the quality and effectiveness of the Supplier Personnel and the Supplier's processes and organisation ("External Competency Assessment").
- 9.5.2 The Supplier shall fully cooperate with such External Competency
 Assessment, including by providing access to its premises and Supplier Personnel for the purposes of such assessment.
- 9.5.3 The Authority shall use its reasonable endeavours to ensure that the conduct of the External Competency Assessment does not unduly interfere with the Supplier's operation of its business.

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- 9.6 Satisfaction Surveys
- 9.6.1 In order to assess the level of performance of the Supplier, the Authority may undertake or require the Supplier to undertake satisfaction surveys (in the form to be determined by the Authority) in respect of Users, various groups of Users or the Other ESN Suppliers, (each survey a "Satisfaction Survey") the results of which shall, if the Authority requests, be included in the Performance Monitoring Report. The subject matter of Satisfaction Surveys may include:
 - (a) the assessment of the Supplier's performance by the Users and the Other ESN Suppliers against the agreed Key Performance Indicators and the Subsidiary Performance Indicators; and/or
 - (b) other suggestions for improvements to the Services.
- 9.7 The Supplier shall report in the Performance Monitoring Report any aspects of the Supplier's performance of the Services which the responses to the Satisfaction Surveys, as reasonably determined by the Authority, state or suggest that the Supplier is not meeting its obligations under the Services Description.
- 9.8 The Supplier shall agree with the Authority the frequency and level of sampling of Users for Satisfaction Surveys to be conducted automatically as part of the Service Incident management process. In the event that the Supplier and the Authority are unable to agree the frequency and level of sampling of Users for Satisfaction Surveys the Authority's decision shall be final. The Supplier shall collate the results of such Satisfaction Surveys and report trends and comments in the Performance Monitoring Report.
- 9.9 Subject to Paragraph 9.11 of Schedule 2.2, the Supplier shall report to the Authority on the Supplier's performance ratings (as further detailed in Paragraph 9.11 of this Schedule 2.2) against each of the following Key Performance Indicators from Part C of this Schedule 2.2 (Performance Levels) in accordance with Clause 20.8 of this Agreement and Annex 1 of Schedule 8.4:
 - 9.9.1 MSA1 (MS Vehicle Coverage Availability);
 - 9.9.2 MSP5 (Dedicated Bearer Setup Performance);
 - 9.9.3 MSS5 (Severity Two Service Incidents and Severity Three Service Incidents Fix Time) subject to Paragraph 9.10 of Schedule 2.2; and
 - 9.9.4 MSS11 (Social Value Initiative (Carbon Literacy Accreditation),

(the "Supplier Performance Transparency Report"), which may be published by the Authority from the date of Achievement of the National Transition Commencement Criteria (save for Paragraph 9.9.4 which may be published from the Effective Date or as otherwise required by the Authority) and continuing publication quarterly or at such intervals as are required by the Authority.

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- In relation to MSS5 only, no less than prior to Achievement of the National Transition Commencement Criteria, the Parties shall meet to discuss in good faith whether this KPI is suitable for publication if it is shown during testing to be impacted by elements outside of the Supplier's control resulting in significantly lower than anticipated performance. The Parties acting reasonably will discuss whether the MSS5 KPI is able to be legitimately adjusted (solely for the purposes of publication) to reflect these impacting factors outside of the Supplier's control or whether another KPI shall be selected for publication. If an alternative KPI is required (because the MSS5 KPI or the adjusted MSS5 KPI is not suitable for publication) the Parties will act reasonably to agree an alternative KPI (not including MSP1 or MSP2) no less than 3 months prior to the Achievement of the National Transition Commencement Criteria.
- 9.11 The Supplier Performance Transparency Report shall set out the performance rating achieved for each Performance Indicator listed in Paragraphs 9.9.1 9.9.4, which shall be equivalent to the respective severity level set out in Part C of Schedule 2.2 for that Performance Indicator as set out below, averaged where appropriate in accordance with Paragraph 9.12:

Performance Rating	Severity Level in Part C of Schedule 2.2 for the Applicable KPI	
Good	Meets the Minimum Service Threshold (or above)	
Approaching Target	Minor KPI failure (within banding)	
Requires Improvement	Serious KPI failure (within banding)	
Inadequate	Severe KPI failure (within banding or below)	

- 9.12 Where a Performance Indicator listed in Paragraphs 9.9.1 9.9.4 of this Schedule 2.2 takes monthly measures from multiple regions in establishing the severity level in Part C of Schedule 2.2, then the sum of all measurements shall be averaged per month (solely for the purposes of publication under Paragraph 9.9 of this Schedule 2.2) to provide one national reported figure.
- 9.13 The Supplier agrees that consultation with the Supplier on the manner and format of publication under Clause 20.9 shall not apply to the publication in Paragraph 9.9 of this Schedule 2.2.

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PART C: Performance Indicators

PART I: Performance Indicators for Availability, Service Incident Handling and Service Incident Notification and Fix Time

10 Availability

- 10.1 For the ESN Service Management System, IT Environment or any Services, each shall be considered available ("**Available**") when:
 - (a) Users are able to access and utilise all the functions of such System, environment or Services;
 - (b) the Supplier is able to process the Authority Data and to provide any required reports within the timescales set out in the Services Description (as measured during the applicable Service Hours); and
 - (c) the performance criteria set out in the definition of the applicable KPI relating to Availability are met.
- 10.2 The percentage of Availability shall be measured for each Service as a percentage of the total time in a Service Period, in accordance with the formula in each applicable KPI or SPI which are of the general form:

Service Availability % = ((MP-SD)x100)/MP

where:

- MP = total number of minutes, excluding any Permitted Maintenance, within the relevant Service Period during the Service Hours (or Operational Hours or Business Hours as applicable and as the case may be in respect of the relevant System, environment or Service); and
- SD = total number of minutes, excluding any Permitted Maintenance, of where such System, environment or Service is not Available in the relevant Service Period.
- 10.3 For the avoidance of doubt, when calculating Availability pursuant to this Paragraph 10:
 - (a) Service Downtime (SD) due to Permitted Maintenance carried out by the Supplier in accordance with Paragraph 7.2 (Permitted Maintenance) shall be subtracted from the total number of minutes (MP) in the relevant Service Period;
 - (b) Service Incidents which are proven and agreed by the Authority based on records stored in the ESN Service Management System to be directly caused by any Other ESN Supplier and whose impact affected the Availability of the Supplier Services, shall, to the extent Availability is so affected be subtracted from the total number of minutes of Service Downtime (SD) as calculated in accordance with the applicable KPI definition in the relevant Service Period; and

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(c) Service Points shall accrue if any maintenance undertaken by the Supplier exceeds the time period agreed for such maintenance for such System, environment or Service pursuant to Paragraph 7.2 (Permitted Maintenance).

10.4 Worked examples:



11 Not Used

12 Service Incident Handling

- 12.1 The Supplier shall operate an electronic system that shall track the status of all Service Incidents associated with the Services (the "Incident Log").
- 12.2 The Supplier shall integrate its Incident Log with the ESN Service Management System (if this is separate) electronically, such that any change in the Incident Log is replicated to the ESN Service Management System sufficiently rapidly (i.e. in near real time) so as to allow any applicable KPIs or SPIs to be met by any ESN Supplier and the Authority to track the Service Incident.
- 12.3 The Supplier shall raise Service Incidents via the service desk to be provided on the Authority's behalf by the US Supplier (the "Supplier Service Desk") via telephone or email or the electronic binding of systems.
- 12.4 The Supplier shall ensure that the Supplier Solution permits the raising and logging of Service Incidents via automated means (including, without limitation, as the Authority shall determine, by electronic probes or remote software) and facilitates the Supplier's own staff to raise or log Service Incidents.
- 12.5 Where a Service Incident originates within the Supplier Solution, the time the Supplier updates the Incident Log that is synchronised with the ESN Service Management System (where separate) shall be the "Incident Identification Time".
- 12.6 The Supplier shall, for each Service Incident raised, investigate and diagnose or provide support to the US Supplier who shall investigate and diagnose, the nature of each Service

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- Incident and co-operate with all Parties and the Other ESN Suppliers as the case may be in any of their investigations, diagnoses and Resolution of any Service Incident in connection with the Supplier.
- 12.7 The Supplier shall keep the US Supplier updated, update the Incident Log and where the Resolution of the Service Incident requires the Supplier's action, record in the Incident Log and the ESN Service Management System and the Supplier shall action or communicate such action requirement to such third parties as appropriate.
- 12.8 Upon completion of the investigation and the diagnosis of the Service Incident the US Supplier will review the record in the ESN Service Management System, ensuring the following information is present:
 - (a) the time the Service Incident is identified ("Incident Identification Time");
 - (b) a unique Service Incident number;
 - (c) the nature and severity of the Service Incident;
 - (d) a list of actions to investigate the Service Incident;
 - (e) identification of the party (Supplier or any Other ESN Suppliers) required to take action to resolve the Service Incident;
 - (f) the confirmed timeframe for the investigation and Resolution and Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time;
 - (g) not used; and
 - (h) the Fix Time.
- 12.9 The US Supplier shall inform the Authority (and User Organisations and/or Other ESN Suppliers as applicable) of the outcome of the investigation of each Service Incident. The time at which these organisations are informed shall be recorded in the Incident Log (the "Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time") and this information synchronised with the ESN Service Management System (where separate).
- 13 Service Incident Identification Time, and Fix Times
- 13.1 Not used.
- The Fix Time of a Service Incident is the period from the Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time to the point of its Resolution ("Fix Time") and Resolution of a Service Incident means that either:
 - the Service has been restored, the root cause of the Service Incident has been removed and the Services are being provided in accordance with the Services Description and Performance Indicators; or

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(b) the Authority has been provided with a workaround in relation to the Service Incident deemed acceptable by the Authority;

and the Party raising the Service Incident, or the Authority acting on behalf of a User Organisation, is in agreement that the Service Incident has been Resolved and may be closed, (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld) ("**Resolution**").

- 13.3 Where a Severity One Service Incident or Severity Two Service Incident recurs despite being Resolved in accordance with Paragraph 13.2, the Supplier shall re-open the original Service Incident and the Fix Time shall be re-started to include all the time the Service Incident is subsequently worked on. Whether or not an Service Incident has recurred shall be initially determined by the Authority, acting reasonably, and may include situations where:
 - (a) A process can not be comprehensively re-tested as it is an occasional event, e.g. an overnight batch run or an end of month reconciliation of information; and / or
 - (b) A Service which was not Available is returned to operational status then subsequently fails in a short space of time.
- The Supplier may subsequently prove (e.g. by carrying out a root cause analysis) that such a situation was two separate Service Incidents which were accidentally conflated at one Service Incident. In which case they shall be treated as two separate Service Incidents provided that the Supplier has notified the Authority within accidental conflation and such notification is within after the date upon which the first of the Service Incidents originated and the Supplier obtained the Authority's approval in writing as to the separation of Service Incidents.
- 13.5 Worked example:



13.6.1 Worked example:

for Severity Three Service Incidents, Severity Four Service Incidents and Severity Five Service Incidents:

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13.6



- 13.8 The Supplier shall measure Incident Identification Times and Fix Times as part of its Service Management responsibilities and report its performance to the Authority on Fix Times as part of the Performance Monitoring Report.
- 13.8.1 For the purposes of this Schedule, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

Definition	Meaning					
Service Incident	a reported occurrence of a failure to deliver any part of the Services in accordance with the Authority Requirements or the Performance Indicators or any other unplanned interruption to the ESN Service Management System, the IT Environment or Service or a reduction in the quality of any such item or any other failure of any such item;					
Severity One	a Service Incident which causes or results in:					
Service Incident	Loss of a part of Vehicle Coverage containing a large contiguous area amounting to county; County;					
	Loss of a part of Vehicle Coverage affecting of Users from a County;					
	Loss of access to the Mobile Communications Service Bearers amounting to of Users from a County;					
	(each of points 1-3 being a "Core Network Fault");					
	4. Loss of all or part of Coverage within the defined boundaries of a Strategic Location (as described in Paragraph 13.13) at a time when a raised level of service is required (point 4 being a "RAN Fault"); or					
	Loss of the interface to the ESN Service Management System (point 5 being an "Interface Fault").					

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Definition	Meaning		
Severity Two	a Service Incident which causes or results in:		
Service Incident	Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage with a widespread impact, amounting to up to of the road length of a County;		
	Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage, amounting to up to and including 5% of Users in a County;		
	3. Loss of access to the Mobile Communications Service Bearers, amounting to up to and including of Users in a County;		
	 Reduction in performance (such as a minor intermittent outage) at Strategic Locations at a time when enhanced service is required; or 		
	5. Failure of an Emergency Vehicle Coverage Solution.		
Severity Three	a Service Incident which is notified to the Supplier by the Authority, or		
Service Incident	a User Organisation via the US Supplier, as having an operational impact on User Organisations in accordance with Paragraph 12.5 of this Schedule and causes or results in:		
	Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage due to a fault on a single cell site with an impact of up to and including of the total road length of a County;		
	 Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage affecting up to and including of Users in a County; 		
	 Loss of access to the Mobile Communications Service Bearers for Users in a County; 		
	4. Localised minor degradation in access to the Services (such as an intermittent outage other than one that would cause a Severity Two Service Incident) affecting up to and including of Users from a County;		
	Loss of access to the Service Catalogue and order management system.		
Severity Four	a Service Incident which causes or results in:		
Service Incident	Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage due to a fault at a single cell Site in a rural area with no operational impact;		
	2. Loss of part of Vehicle Coverage affecting		
	Loss of access to the Mobile Communications Service Bearers for		
	4. Localised minor degradation to performance of Services;		
	5. Error in documentation in a knowledge database; and		

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Definition	Meaning			
	Loss of Coverage to a Coverage Enhancement Location, unless a specific agreement has been made for the CEL upon commission from the Optional Services Catalogue.			
Severity Five Service Incident	a Service Incident comprising a flaw which is cosmetic and, as such, does not undermine the User's confidence in the information being displayed or one which has a minimal adverse impact on the ability of an Emergency Service to carry out its duties;			
	Non-exhaustive examples: 1. Report presentation issues; 2. Spelling error; or 3. Misalignment of data on screen display.			

13.9 The Minimum Service Thresholds for Service Incident Fix Time shall be as below:

Service Incident Severity	Fix Time	Measured During
Severity One Service Incident (Core Network Faults)		
Severity One Service Incident (RAN and Interface Faults)		
Severity Two Service Incident		
Severity Three Service Incident		
Severity Four Service Incident		
Severity Five Service Incident		

- 13.10 For Severity Five Service Incidents, the Service Incident may be treated as Resolved if the Parties agree that the fix in question can be rolled-up into a scheduled release.
- 13.11 The Parties may agree other appropriate treatment on a case by case basis and will document any particular agreement in (at a minimum) the ESN Service Management System.
- 13.12 The Authority will provide of the Effective Date a draft list of locations ("Strategic Locations") where the Supplier may be required to apply only Severity One Service Incident and Severity Two Service Incident status to Sites providing Coverage to

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those locations. The Supplier and the Authority shall agree	of receipt of the
draft list from the Authority a detailed list of Strategic Locati	ions that are covered by no more
than including details specific to individual User C	Organisations. Following agreement
of that detailed list by the Parties, the relevant Strategic Lo	cations may be changed by the
Authority via the Change Control Procedure.	

- 13.13 The list of Strategic Locations will define:
 - (a) the geographic extent and boundaries of the location; and
 - (b) any periods during which the raised level of service can be downgraded.
- 13.14 The Authority will provide a list of Planned Events which require a raised level of service to the Supplier at least prior to the entry into Transition of the first User Organisation.

 The Authority will update the list of Planned Events on a monthly basis. The list of Planned Events will define:
 - (a) the Planned Events to which the Emergency Services will have to respond over the following calendar year;
 - (b) the geographic extent of each Planned Event; and
 - (c) the duration of each Planned Event, and consequently the period during which the Authority expects to receive a raised level of service.
- 13.15 The Authority shall be entitled to add additional Planned Events to the list of Planned Events described in Paragraph 13.14 at short notice in response to changing operational circumstances.
- 13.16 The Authority acknowledges and agrees that the Service Incident process described in Paragraphs 12 and 13 above, is being used to log and progress any areas of concern

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PART C: Performance Indicators

PART II: Other Performance Indicators

In addition to Part C, Part I Performance Indicators, the Supplier must perform its obligations to the Performance Indicators set out in each table below (categorised according to KPIs and SPIs).

14 Overview of KPIs and SPIs

Paragraphs 15 to 18 below provide an overview of the KPIs and SPIs that apply to the Services that are more particularly described and detailed in the tables which follow in Paragraph 20. The Operational Service Commencement Date from which each KPI and SPI applies and any applicable Stabilisation Period are also set out at Paragraph 19 and 20.

15 Availability of Coverage and Bearer Services

15.1 Availability of Coverage

Ref	Title	Туре
MSA1	MS Vehicle Coverage Availability	KPI
MSA2	MS Enhanced Availability for Vehicle Coverage	KPI

15.2 Radio Bearer Access Services

Ref	Title	Туре
MSP1	Radio Bearer Setup	KPI
MSP2	Radio Bearer Retainability	KPI
MSP5	Dedicated Bearer Setup Performance	KPI

16 Customer Support

16.1 Billing and Payment

Ref	Title	Туре
MSP3	Timely Provision of Billing records	SPI
MSP4	Accuracy of Billing records	SPI

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16.2 Management Information Reporting

Ref	Title	Туре
MSA5	Availability of interface to Operational Data and Coverage Data	SPI

17 Service Management

Ref	Title	Туре
MSS4	Severity One Service Incident Fix Time	KPI
MSS5	Severity Level 2and Severity Level 3 Service Incident Fix Time	KPI
MSS6	Severity Level 4 and Severity Level 5 Service Incident Fix Time	SPI
MSS7	Key Documents Delivered On Time	SPI
MSS8	Change Request Impact Assessments Efficiency	SPI
MSS9	Late Notice Change Requests	SPI
MSR1	Recovery Time Objective (Priority One Services)	KPI
MSR2	Recovery Point Objective (Priority One Services)	KPI
MSR3	Recovery Time Objective (Priority Two Services)	KPI
MSR4	Recovery Point Objective (Priority Two Services)	KPI
MSR5	Recovery Time Objective (Priority Three Services)	SPI
MSR6	Recovery Point Objective (Priority Three Services)	SPI

17.1 User Service Requests

Ref	Title	Туре
MSS10	Service Request Fulfilment Efficiency	SPI

18 Commercial Management

Туре	Ref Title
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MSC1	Continued Commercial Compliance	KPI
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19 Application of KPIs and SPIs

- 19.1 The Authority and the Supplier agree that:
- 19.1.1 The Supplier will report on the performance of the Services in line with the definitions of the KPIs and SPIs set out in Paragraph 20 as soon as practicable after the Effective Date.
- 19.1.2 KPIs and SPIs will only apply to defined ESN Products which have passed the Operational Service Commencement Date milestone (G5) and will be transitioned onto by Users for enduring purposes.
- 19.1.3 KPIs and SPIs will not apply to any ESN Product using test or non-production hardware or software or any ESN Product that is being used for the purposes of testing and/or assurance outside of typical User usage patterns.
- 19.1.4 If there are ESN Products that meet the criteria of Paragraphs 19.1.2 and 19.1.3 being used by Users, the Parties will agree how to exclude the contribution of 19.1.3 from the KPIs and SPIs measurements.
- 19.1.5 KPIs and SPIs will only apply when Other ESN Suppliers have met all of their obligations with respect to Service Management.
- 19.1.6 KPIs and SPIs will apply to Extended Area Sites in the same manner as Primary Area Sites.
- 19.1.7 KPIs and SPIs will not apply to A2G services.
- 19.1.8 KPIs and SPIs will only apply for where matters are entirely in the control of the Supplier in accordance with Paragraph 14.4 of Schedule 2.1.
- 19.1.9 An Service Incident relating to a single Coverage Enhancement Location will be classed as a Severity Level 4 Service Incident unless a specific agreement has been made for the CEL upon commission from the Optional Services Catalogue.
- 19.1.10 KPIs and SPIs relating to Radio Bearer Access Services (MSP1 and MSP2) will be introduced on a regional basis as User Organisations transition onto the MS Network.
- 19.1.11 KPIs and SPIs relating to Radio Bearer Access Services (MSP1, MSP2 and MSP5) will only apply once are reached due to the statistical uncertainty in outcomes at low volumes.
- 19.1.12 KPIs and SPIs relating to Radio Bearer Access Services (MSP1, MSP2 and MSP5) will be subject to a Stabilisation Period after their introduction.

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- (a) The purpose of this Stabilisation Period is to confirm that the observed/measured production/live performance is aligned to the service thresholds described in Paragraph 20 of this Schedule.
- (b) If it is found, for reasons beyond the Supplier's control, that the service thresholds are unachievable then the service thresholds will be re-calibrated via a process set out in Paragraphs 19.1.15 and 19.1.16 of this Schedule.
- (c) The Stabilisation Period will be for
- 19.1.13 The Supplier's performance may be impacted by matters outside of its control known as "exclusion events". The process dealing with such exclusion events is described in Schedule 4.1, section 7, paragraph 7.
- 19.1.14 The Parties acknowledge and agree that:
 - (a) the "Stabilisation Period" in respect of each applicable KPI and SPI shall:
 - (i) be the period beginning on the Operational Service Commencement Date of the Service to which the SPI or KPI relates; and
 - (ii) subject to paragraph 19.1.14, end after such Operational Service Commencement Date;
 - (b) where:
 - (i) the relevant KPI or SPI is not Achieved in any Service Period during the period set out in paragraph 19.1.14(a) above; and
 - (ii) there are less than (excluding those Users who are only using Trial Products),

then such Stablisation Period shall be extended by a further

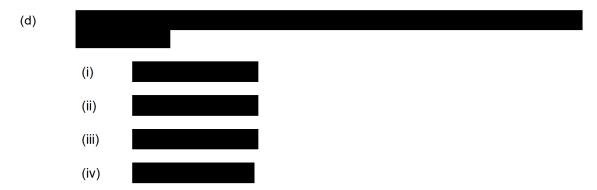
- (c) where the Service to which the KPI or SPI relates to a Service which has been dormant and then re-enters into live service then that date shall be considered to be a new Operational Service Commencement Date for the purposes of Paragraph 19.1.14(a).
- 19.1.15 MSP1, and MSP2 (types A and B) will be re-calibrated according to the principles below:
 - the Parties will re-calibrate the KPI thresholds for MSP1 and MSP2. Re-calibration can also be triggered outside of the annual review if agreed by the Supplier and the Authority in writing. For the avoidance of doubt this includes both Type A and Type B for each of MSP1 and MSP2.
 - (b) The re-calibrating shall be based on the principle that MS Network KPI Service Thresholds shall be closely aligned to typical network performance to identify any

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degradation in service, with a small offset to account for minor variations and the change from national to regional measures. The re-calibrating shall be undertaken and agreed by the Supplier and Authority working collaboratively, and shall include their relevant Service Management teams. The following factors shall be taken into consideration by the Supplier and the Authority during the re-calibration process:

- (i) Average network performance over the preceding following basis:
 - in Contract Years prior to Mobilisation Complete and where it is agreed User volumes are not sufficient to inform re-calibrating then the Supplier's commercial mobile network performance will be used as proxy data; and
 - 2. in Contract Years post Mobilisation Complete and where the volume of Users is considered sufficient then MS Network performance will be used.
- (ii) Service Disruption and Service Incidents over the preceding have impacted MSP1 and MSP2 KPI performance.
- (iii) User input via surveys, helpdesk calls and other data to inform if there is perceived impact to User experience.
- (c) The Parties will work collaboratively to agree whether the KPI Service Threshold for MSP1 and MSP2 should be adjusted either up or down to accommodate any changes to performance levels in the network, including any agreed offset from the average performance. If any change to reduce the KPI Service Threshold is agreed by the Parties then sufficient evidence that this will not impact User experience must be provided by the Supplier.



19.1.16 MSP5 will be re-calibrated according to the principles below:

(a) The MSP5 Type B KPI shall be re-calibrated by mutual agreement in writing of the Authority and Supplier once sufficient data has been gathered to determine required end-to-end performance of dedicated ESN bearers. As MSP5 type B does not have a commercial equivalent, there will be re-calibrating activities in the reference system

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and in the live MS Network to re-calibrate the KPI level. MSP 5 type A in addition to B re-calibrating will be conducted annually together with MSP 1 and 2.

- (b) There will be 3 calibration points:
 - 1. Initial re-calibration

The ability to capture sufficient data will require the ESN Reference System, reference devices and the confirmation of the co

Second re-calibration

Using live test events to validate the User experience against the KPI threshold in 'real world' scenarios.

3. Final re-calibration after SAT

Once sufficient traffic is in the live MS Network where it may be necessary to reset the targets to allow for reasons outside the MS Supplier's control e.g. physical geography, device behaviour etc.

- (c) To perform the re-calibration in the ESN Reference System, and subsequent calibration from live MS Network testing, the Supplier shall work with the US Supplier and Other ESN Suppliers to run a series of test events to capture appropriate data once this is possible. The outcome of these test events shall be analysed by the Supplier and the Authority to determine whether the MSP5 Type B KPI requires recalibrating while still ensuring an experience that is acceptable to the Users. The Supplier and Authority shall consider the definition, calculation, measurement and levels (e.g., target times and % achievement) including Service Credits.
- (d) The re-calibration points in sub-paragraph 19.1.16(b)(1) and 19.1.16(b)(2), shall occur before a Service Acceptance Test of the first ESN Product which utilises QCI65.
- (e) If due to the architectural design outside of the Supplier's control certain delays are introduced, or if the User Device is unable to process or delays the bearer response due to other activities e.g. paging cycle, and other 3GPP procedures, then this will be taken into account in the MSP 5 KPI thresholds, and their impact excluded from the MSP5 performance calculations.

20 Details of KPIs and SPIs

The following sets out the detail of each KPI & SPI, its definition, description, method of calculation, Service Period, Minimum Service Thresholds and the Service Points applicable.

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MS Vehicle Coverage Availability KPI MSA1

Definition

The MS Vehicle Coverage Availability measures the proportion of time (per 'kilometre-minute' Coverage) in a Service Period when the Public Safety Communication Service is Available within Vehicle Coverage, sub-divided by County.

Vehicle Coverage is only Available if it meets the requirements set out in Schedule 2.1.

Calculation

The Availability of Vehicle Coverage in each County shall be measured and Service Points shall accrue as defined below for each County in which Availability is below the Minimum Service Threshold. A calculation for MS Vehicle Coverage Availability shall be made by calculating the MS Vehicle Coverage Availability as a proportion of total possible Availability for each County using data recorded in the ESN Service Management System and other data as necessary, as follows:

The percentage Availability of Vehicle Coverage in each County shall be calculated by determining the Service Downtime of Coverage within the Service Period, as a result of Service Incidents and/or maintenance above that permitted by Paragraph 7.1 (taken together, "Unexpected Downtime") which caused part of the required Vehicle Coverage to be not Available. For each such instance of Unexpected Downtime the number of minutes of downtime in the Service Period shall be multiplied by the length in kilometres of roads in scope of the requirements in each County that are affected by the Unexpected Downtime.

For the purposes of Paragraph 10.1(c) above, the performance against KPIs MSP1 and MSP2 must be above the KPI Service Threshold for Coverage to be deemed Available.

The Supplier shall calculate the Service Downtime for Coverage for each County for each Service Period as follows:

 $\sum \textit{Minutes of downtime for each kilometre of in scope road in the Service Period}$

The Supplier shall calculate the percentage Availability of Vehicle Coverage in each County as follows:

$$100* \left(1 - \frac{\textit{Service Downtime for Coverage for the County}}{\sum \textit{Minutes in Service Period} * \sum \textit{Kilometers of in scope road in the County}}\right)$$

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Measurement **Service Period** Monthly **Stabilisation Period Applicable** from Reporting The KPI will be reported by: Method a) The ESN Service Management System which shall record all Unexpected Downtime; and b) The duration of each instance of Unexpected Downtime that shall be multiplied by the number of kilometres of in scope roads affected by the Unexpected Downtime for each County. **Permitted Maintenance Service Hours** Operational Hours

Levels mapped to measurement

_		
_		

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KPI MSP1 Radio Bearer Setup Definition This regional metric measures setting up mission critical bearers on ESN and relates to the requirements for end-to-end service, priority and pre-emption. Calculation The percentage of radio bearer ESN Users set up correctly on first attempt in accordance with the procedures set out in Schedule 2.1 ("Radio Bearer Setup") will be calculated as: 100 $\sum Total\ number\ of\ Mission\ Critical\ Bearer\ Setups\ in\ the\ Service\ Period$ $\sum T$ otal number of Mission Critical Bearers attempted to be set up in the Service Period Radio Bearer Setup will be measured in two ways: Type A – performance over a Service Period in a region; and Type B – the worst performing hour within a Service Period in a region. Service Points will accrue for the worst performing measure of Type A and Type B in a Service Period. The following additional calculation is applied to give an adjusted threshold when the total number of radio bearers attempted fall below to account for statistical relevance at lower measured numbers: Adjusted Threshold = Inverse binomal of (N,D,R)/N N = Number of bearer request D = Original desired minimum success probability The Microsoft excel spreadsheet formula for this is: Adjusted Threshold = BINOM. INV(N,D,R)/N Measurement **Service Period** Monthly **Stabilisation** Period

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Applicable from

Reporting Method	The KPI will be reported by the Supplier's core or rac network.		radio access
Service Hours	Operational Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

Levels mapped to measurement

Serious KPI Failure Type A			
Minor KPI Failure Type A Type B			_
Minimum Service Threshold Type A Type B			
Severity	Lower Bound % of Radio BearerSetup Within Service Period	Upper Bound % of Radio Bearer Setup Within Service Period	Service Points

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Dedicated Bearer Setup Performance KPI MSP5

Definition

This measures the percentage of Dedicated Bearers for all services on the ESN set up within 120ms. It applies only to User Devices that are in Coverage, and already connected to the Mobile Network with a Default Bearer established.

Calculation

The percentage of Dedicated Bearer setups completed within 120ms will be calculated as:

100

 $*\left(rac{\sum Total\ number\ of\ Dedicated\ Bearer\ setups\ completed\ within\ 120ms\ within\ Service\ Period}{\sum Total\ number\ of\ Dedicated\ Bearer\ setups\ completed\ within\ Service\ Period}
ight)}$

Setup attempts are only counted towards the KPI measurement when User Devices are in Coverage and connected to the Mobile Network with a Default Bearer established.

The time period is calculated from time when bearer establishment is requested by the Mobile Network Gateway or User Device, to completion of bearer establishment. The Supplier is required to propose a reliable and proportionate methodology for monitoring for performance against this KPI, and agree this with the Authority and Other ESN Suppliers in the detailed design phase.

Dedicated Bearer Setup performance will be measured in two ways:

- Type A performance over a Service Period; and
- Type B the worst performing hour within a Service Period.

Service Points will accrue for the worst performing measure of Type A and Type B in a Service Period.

The following additional calculation is applied to give an adjusted threshold when the total number of radio bearers attempted fall below to account for statistical relevance at lower measured numbers:

Adjusted Threshold = Inverse binomal of (N,D,R)/N

N = Number of Bearer Request

D = Original desired Minimum Success Probability

R = Griginal

The Microsoft excel spreadsheet formula for this is:

Adjusted Threshold = BINOM. INV(N,D,R)/N

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Measurement **Service Period** Monthly Stabilisation Period Applicable from **Reporting Method** The approach to reporting will be agreed between the Supplier, the US Supplier and the Authority in the detailed design phase. **Permitted Service Hours** Operational Hours Maintenance Levels mapped to measurement Lower Bound **Upper Bound** Service Points Severity % of Dedicated % of **Dedicated Bearer Bearer Setup** Setup Performance within Service Performance within Service Period Period Minimum Service Threshold Type A Type B Minor KPI Failure Type A Type B Serious KPI Failure Type A Type B Severe KPI Failure Type A Type B **KPI Service Threshold** Type A Type B

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Weighting Factor

F	Radio Bearer Retainability	KPI	MSP2			
С	Definition					
C	This regional metric measures the retention of the Supplier's Radio Access Network of mission critical bearers throughout the duration of the call or data session and relates to the requirements for end to end service, priority and pre-emption.					
C	Calculation					
7	The percentage of radio bearers retained in the Service Period will b	e calculated	as follows:			
	$100*$ $\left(\frac{\sum Total\ number\ of\ misssion\ critical\ bearer \frac{call}{data}sessions\ retained\ on\ radio\ access\ network\ until \ terminated\ voluntarily\ by\ the\ User}{\sum Total\ number\ of\ mission\ critical\ bearers\ setup\ in\ the\ Service\ Period}\right)}$					
R	Radio Bearer Retainability will be measured in two ways:					
	 Type A – performance over a Service Period; and Type B – the worst performing hour within a Service Period. 					
	Service Points will accrue for the worst performing measure of Type A and Type B in a Service Period.					
n	The following additional calculation is applied to give an adjusted threshold when the total number of radio bearers attempted fall below measured numbers:					
ļ	Adjusted Threshold = Inverse binomal of (N,D,R)/N					
D	N = Number of Bearer Request D = Original desired Minimum Success Probability R =					
Т	The Microsoft excel spreadsheet formula for this is:					
=	= BINOM. INV(N,D,R)/N					
Α	Adjusted Threshold = BINOM. INV(N,D,R)/N					
Measurement						
	Service Monthly Period					
	Stabilisation Period					

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Applicable from			
Reporting Method	The KPI will be meanetwork.	asured on the Supplier's core or	radio access
Service Hours	Operational Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

Levels mapped to measurement

Severity	Lower Bound % of Radio Bearer Retainability Within	Upper Bound % of Radio Bearer Retainability Within	Service Points
	Service Period	Service Period	
Minimum Service			
Threshold			
Type A			
Type B			
Minor KPI Failure			
Type A			
Type B			
Serious KPI Failure			
Type A			
Type B			
Severe KPI Failure			
Type A			
Type B			
KPI Service Threshold			
Type A			
Type B			
Weighting	Factor		

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Timely Provision of Billing Records SPI MSP3 Definition The proportion of Billing Records issued or due to be issued to the US Supplier which are actually issued within the agreed time frames and under the agreed process pursuant to Schedule 2.1 will be measured. Billing Records provided to the Supplier by other network operators while a User is roaming shall be excluded from the calculation. Calculation The Supplier will be measured on the proportion of Billing Records which are issued within 48 hours of the date and time of the record and under the agreed process pursuant to Schedule 2.1 in the Service Period. SPI = $100 * \left(\frac{\sum Number\ of\ Billing\ Records\ issued\ on\ time\ in\ accordance\ with\ agreed\ process}{\sum Total\ Number\ of\ Billing\ Records\ due\ to\ be\ issued\ within\ the\ Service\ Period} \right)$ Exam

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Measurement Service Period Monthly **Stabilisation Period** Applicable from **Reporting Method** The SPI will be reported by: a) The Communication Data Records Batch Files in accordance with Paragraph 11.1.2 of Schedule 2.1 (Services Description); and b) the ESN Service Management System **Service Hours Business Hours Permitted Maintenance** Levels mapped to measurement Lower Bound **Upper Bound** Severity Service % of Billing % of Billing Records issued **Points** Records issued on time under agreed process within Service on time under agreed process Period within Service Period within Service Period Minimum Service Threshold Minor SPI Failure Serious SPI Failure Severe SPI Failure SPI Service Threshold Weighting Factor

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Accuracy of Billing Records SPI MSP4 **Definition** The Supplier will be measured on the accuracy of the Billing Records issued to the US Supplier within the agreed time frames and under the agreed process pursuant to Schedule 2.1. Calculation The proportion of inaccurate Billing Records issued to the US Supplier (where inaccurate by >1% of the total amount payable under such invoice) will be measured. Example: The measure is: $100* \left(\frac{\sum \textit{Billing Records issued by Supplier with errors} < 1\%}{\sum \textit{Billing Records issued by Supplier in the Service Period}}\right)$ Measurement Service Period Monthly Stabilisation Period **Applicable from Reporting Method** The SPI will be reported by information derived from the following: a) Queries and complaints about Billing Record Accuracy from User Organisations and proven Billing errors logged b) Random samples / audits conducted by the Authority or Delivery Partner acting on the Authority's behalf. **Service Hours Business Hours Permitted Maintenance**

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Severity	Lower Bound % of Billing Accuracy in Service Period	Upper Bound % of Billing Accuracy in Service Period	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			
SPI Service Threshold			

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Severity One Service Incident Fix Time KPI MSS4

Definition

Each Severity One Service Incident shall be treated separately and shall accrue Service Points if the average Fix Time for the Resolution of relevant Service Incidents from the Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time is not met.

Calculation

Fix Time will be measured and reported for each Severity One Service Incident separately. Severity One Service Incidents shall then be classified as either:

- A. Core Network Faults,
- B. RAN Faults; or
- C. Interface Faults

and the average Fix Times for each class of Service Incident shall be calculated separately. Service Points will accrue for each class of Severity One Service Incident where the average time lapse between the Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time and the Resolution is above the Fix Time set out in Paragraph 13.9 of this Schedule.

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly					
Stabilisation Period						
Applicable from						
Reporting Method	Service Incidents de	sured separately for each o fined above, through the us d for each such Severity On	se of the following			
	` '	Investigation Conclusion Ti the Severity One Service In	,			
Service Hours	Operational Hours	Permitted Maintenance				

Levels mapped to measurement

Severity	Fix Time U Bound (Se Incidents)	• •	Fix Time Low (Service Incid		Service Points
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	

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Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			
Weighting	Factor		

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Severity Two Service Incidents and Severity Three Service Incidents Fix Time

KPI

MSS5

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Definition

The Percentage of Severity Two Service Incidents and Severity Three Service Incidents Resolved within the Fix Times specified for Severity Two and Three Service Incidents.

Calculation

Fix Time will be measured and reported for each Severity Two Service Incident and Severity Three Service Incident separately. Service Points will accrue for the proportion of total such Service Incidents where the time lapse between the Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time and Resolution is above the Fix Time set out in Paragraph 13.9 of this Schedule ("Maximum Fix Time").

The calculation will be the proportion of Fix Times above the Maximum Fix Time as follows:

- a. The number of Service Incidents for each Severity Level which occurred during the Service Period:
- b. The number of Service Incidents for each Severity Level which have been Resolved within the Fix Time for each Severity Level during the Service Period, where for the purpose of this Performance Measure, Resolution consists of either:
 - (i) the Service Incident having been closed after having been successfully rectified through action, rectification or a workaround by the Supplier, such that the Services are being provided by the Supplier in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement; or
 - (ii) Agreed reduction of a Severity Two Service Incident or Severity Three Service Incident to a Severity Four Service Incident or Severity Five Service Incident (at which point the Service Incident becomes subject to Performance Indicator MSS6).

The Supplier shall calculate the Percentage of Service Incident Resolutions provided to the Authority within the required times, based on Severity Level, as follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum \textit{Severity Two and Three Indicidents Resolved within Fix Time}}{\sum \textit{Severity Two and Three Incidents within Service Period}}$

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly
Stabilisation Period	
Applicable from	

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Sei	rvice Hours	(b) Resolution of the Severity Two and Three Service Incidents. Operational Hours Permitted Maintenance Permitted Mainten				
	porting thod	The KPI will be reported by the Incident Log information recorded for each such Service Incident: (a) Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time; and				

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Severity	% Severity Level 2 and Severity Level 3 Service Incident Fix Times < Maximum Fix Times Lower Bound	% Severity Level 2 and Severity Level 3 Service Incident Fix Times < Maximum Fix Times Upper Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			

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Severity Four Service Incident and Severity Five Service Incident Fix Time

SPI

MSS6

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Definition

The proportion of Severity Four Service Incidents and Severity Five Service Incidents Resolved outside the Fix Times set out in Paragraph 13.9 of this Schedule will be measured.

Calculation

Fix Time will be measured and reported for each Severity Four Service Incident and Severity Five Service Incident separately. Service Points will accrue for the proportion of total such Service Incidents where the time lapse between the Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time and Resolution is above the Fix Time set out in Paragraph 13.9 of this Schedule ("Maximum Fix Time").

The calculation will be the proportion of Fix Times above the Maximum Fix Time as follows:

- a) The number of Service Incidents for each Severity Level which occurred during the Service Period:
- b) The number of Service Incidents for each Severity Level which have been Resolved within the Fix Time for each Severity Level during the Service Period, where for the purpose of this Performance Measure, Resolution consists of either:
 - (i) the Service Incident having been closed after having been successfully rectified through action, rectification or a workaround by the Supplier, such that the Services are being provided by the Supplier in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement; or
 - (ii) Agreed reduction of a Severity Two Service Incident or Severity Three Service Incident to a Severity Four 4 Service Incident or Severity Five Service Incident (at which point the Service Incident becomes subject to Performance Indicator MSS6).

The Supplier shall calculate the Percentage of Service Incident Resolutions provided to the Authority within the required times, based on Severity Level, as follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum \textit{Severity Four and Five Service Incidents Resolved within Fix Time}}{\sum \textit{Severity Four and Five Incidents within Service Period}}$

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly
Stabilisation Period	
Applicable from	

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	Reporting Method	The SPI will be reported by the Incident Log information recorded for each such Service Incident, this will include:		
		(a) Initial Incident Investigation Conclusion Time; and(b) Resolution of the Severity Four and Five Service Incidents.		
;	Service Hours	Operational Hours Permitted Maintenance		

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Severity	% Severity Four Service Incident and Severity Five Service Incident Fix Times < Maximum Fix Times Lower Bound	% Severity Four Service Incident and Severity Five Service Incident Fix Times < Maximum Fix Times Upper Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			
SPI Service Threshold			

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Key Documents Delivered On Time SPI MSS7

Definition

This measures the proportion of Key Documents delivered on time and in accordance with the process agreed for such document delivery. The following are the Key Documents:

- (a) Technical design documentation;
- (b) Service Management Framework documentation;
- (c) Service Incident reviews;
- (d) Continuous Improvement Plans;
- (e) Business Continuity Plans;
- (f) Quality Plans;
- (g) Performance Monitoring Reports;
- (h) Exit Management Plans;
- (i) Contract Amendment Report;
- (j) Quarterly Financial Report;
- (k) Annual Financial Report;
- (I) Annual Audit Report; and
- (m) Final Reconciliation Report

Calculation

The following shall be recorded:

- (a) number of Key Documents to be delivered during the Service Period under the process agreed by the Parties under the Agreement;
- (b) scheduled date of delivery of such Key Documents; and
- (c) actual delivery date of delivery by the Supplier of such Key Documents.

The proportion of Key Documents delivered on time and in accordance with the agreed process shall be calculated follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum \textit{Key Documents delivered by agreed time and in compliance with agreed process}}{\sum \textit{Key Documents to be delivered in Service Period}}$

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly
Stabilisation Period	
Applicable from	

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Reporting Method	The SPI will be reported under the processes agreed with the Authority for the Supplier's performance management approach set out in the Service Management Framework.		gement approach	
Service Hours	Business Hours Permitted Maintenance			

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% Key Documents Delivered on Time and according to agreed process in Service Period Lower Bound	% Key Documents Delivered on Time and according to agreed process in Service Period Upper Bound	Service Points
	Delivered on Time and according to agreed process in Service Period Lower	Delivered on Time and according to agreed process in Service Period Lower Delivered on Time and according to agreed process in Service Period Upper Bound

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Recovery Time Objective (Priority One Services) | KPI | MSR1

Definition

The Recovery Time Objective (Recovery Priority One Services) measures the time between a Service Disruption or Service Disaster occurring, and the re-instatement of the relevant Services. The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority One in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time;
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Service Disaster, that Services are fully restored and re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement.

The Actual Recovery Time shall equal the time difference between the Disaster Occurrence Time and the Service Recovery Time. This shall be compared with the Recovery Time Objective defined in this measure for those Services in scope.

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly
Stabilisation Period	
Applicable from	
Reporting Method	The KPI will be measured through the use of the following information: a) Disaster Occurrence Time; and b) The Service Recovery Time
Service Hours	Operational Hours Permitted Maintenance

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Severity	RTO Upper Bound	RTO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			
Weighting	Factor		1

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Recovery Point Objective (Priority One Services) | KPI | MSR2

Definition

The Recovery Point Objective (Recovery Priority One Services) measures the point in time, before the Service Disruption or Disaster, to which the relevant Services are recovered, following the Service Recovery Time. The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority One in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time: the time at which the Disaster occurred:
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Disaster, that Services are re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement;
- (c) The Actual Recovery Point: the point in time, occurring before the Service Disruption or Disaster, to which the Supplier has recovered all data associated with the Services at the Service Recovery Time.

The Actual Recovery Point shall be compared with the target times set out in this measure for the applicable Services.

Measurement Service Period Monthly **Stabilisation Period Applicable** from Reporting The KPI will be measured through the use of the following information: Method The Disaster Occurrence Time: a) b) The Service Recovery Time; c) The Actual Recovery Point. **Service Hours Operational Hours Permitted Maintenance**

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evels mapped to mea	asurement		
Severity	RPO Upper Bound	RPO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			
Weighting	Weighting Factor		

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Recovery Time Objective (Priority Two Services) | KPI | MSR3

Definition

The Recovery Time Objective (Recovery Priority Two Services) measures the time between a Service Disruption or Disaster occurring, and the re-instatement of the relevant Services (Service Recovery Time). The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority Two in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time: the time at which the Disaster occurred;
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Disaster, that Services are re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement.

The Actual Recovery Time shall equal the time difference between the Disaster Occurrence Time and the Service Recovery Time. This shall be compared with the Recovery Time Objective defined in this measure for those Services in scope.

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly	
Stabilisation Period		
Applicable from		
Reporting Method	The KPI will be measured through the use of the following information: a) The Disaster Occurrence Time b) The Service Recovery Time	
Service Hours	Business Hours Permitted Maintenance	

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Severity	RTO Upper Bound	RTO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			

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Recovery Point Objective (Priority Two Services) | KPI | MSR4

Definition

The Recovery Point Objective (Recovery Priority Two Services) measures the point in time, before the Service Disruption or Disaster, to which the relevant Services are recovered, following the Service Recovery Time. The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority Two in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time: the time at which the Disaster occurred;
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Disaster, that Services are re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement;
- (c) The Actual Recovery Point: the point in time, occurring before the Service Disruption or Disaster, to which the Supplier has recovered all data associated with the Services at the Service Recovery Time.

The Actual Recovery Point shall be compared with the target times set out in this measure for the applicable Services.

Measurement **Service Period** Monthly **Stabilisation** Period **Applicable** from Reporting The KPI will be measured through the use of the following information: Method a) The Disaster Occurrence Time; The Service Recovery Time; The Actual Recovery Point. **Permitted Maintenance** Service Hours **Business Hours**

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Severity	RPO Upper Bound	RPO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			

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Recovery Time Objective (Priority Three Services) | SPI | MSR5

Definition

The Recovery Time Objective (Recovery Priority Three Services) measures the time between a Service Disruption or Disaster occurring, and the re-instatement of the relevant Services. The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority Three in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time: the time at which the Disaster occurred;
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Disaster, that Services are re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement.

The Actual Recovery Time shall equal the difference between the Disaster Occurrence Time and the Service Recovery Time. This shall be compared with the Recovery Time Objective defined in this measure for those Services in scope.

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly		
Stabilisation Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method	The SPI will be measured through the use of the following information: a) The Disaster Occurrence Time b) The Service Recovery Time		
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

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evels mapped to mea	asurement		
Severity	RTO Upper Bound	RTO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			
SPI Service Threshold			
Weighting	Factor		

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Recovery Point Objective (Priority Three Services) | SPI | MSR6

Definition

The Recovery Point Objective (Recovery Priority Three Services) measures the point in time, before the Service Disruption or Disaster, to which the relevant Services are recovered, following the Service Recovery Time. The Services in scope of this measure are listed in Annex 1 as Priority Three in the Recovery Priority column.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The Disaster Occurrence Time: the time at which the Disaster occurred;
- (b) The Service Recovery Time: the time, following the occurrence of the Disaster, that Services are re-instated and are being performed in accordance with the requirements of the Agreement;
- (c) The Actual Recovery Point: the point in time, occurring before the Service Disruption or Disaster, at which the Supplier has recovered all data associated with the Services at the Recovery Time.

The Actual Recovery Point shall be compared with the target times set out in this measure for the applicable Services;

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly				
Stabilisation Period					
Applicable from					
Reporting Method	The SPI will be measured through the use of the following information: a) The Disaster Occurrence Time; b) The Service Recovery Time; c) The Actual Recovery Point.				
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance			

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evels mapped to mea	asurement		
Severity	RPO Upper Bound	RPO Lower Bound	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			
SPI Service Threshold			
Weighting	Factor		

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Contract Change Request Impact Assessments Efficiency

SPI

MSS8

Definition

The "Contract Change Request Impact Assessment Efficiency" measure tracks the timeliness in provision of Impact Assessments in accordance with the Change Control Procedure.

Calculation

The Supplier shall comply with the time requirement to deliver Impact Assessments for each Contract Change agreed under the Change Control Procedure. The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The number of Impact Assessments delivered by the Supplier to the Authority associated with individual Contract Change Requests; and
- (b) The number of Impact Assessments being delivered by the Supplier within the agreed timeframe.

The Supplier shall calculate performance as follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum Impact\ Assessments\ delivered\ within\ agreed\ time frame\ in\ Service\ Period}{\sum Impact\ Assessments\ due\ to\ be\ delivered\ in\ Service\ Period}$

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly		
Stabilisation Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method		ported in reports to the Changed on the Forward Schedule	
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

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Severity	Lower Bound % of Impact Assessments Delivered on Time Within Service Period	Upper Bound % of Impact Assessments Delivered on Time Within Service Period	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			
SPI Service Threshold			
Weighting I	-actor		

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Late Notice Operational Change Requests SPI MSS9

Definition

The Late Notice Change Requests measure tracks the number of Change Requests raised by the Supplier that fall within the categorisation of 'Late Notice Operational Change' in order to track trends in the change management and assess compliance in line with Schedule 8.2 (Change Control Procedure) within each Service Period.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information:

- (a) The number of Change Requests raised by the Supplier; and
- (b) The number of Change Requests determined by the Authority to be categorised as Late Notice Changes.

The Supplier shall calculate performance as follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum Late\ Notice\ Change\ Requests\ raised\ by\ the\ Supplier}{\sum Change\ Requests\ Raised\ by\ the\ Supplier\ in\ the\ Service\ Period}$

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly		
Stabilisation Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method		eported to the Change Mana ward Schedule of Change.	gement Board and
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

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Severity	Upper Bound % of Change Requests categorised as Late Notice Within Service Period	Lower Bound % of Change Requests categorised as Late Notice Within Service Period	Service Points	
Minimum Service Threshold				
Minor SPI Failure				
Serious SPI Failure				
Severe SPI Failure				
SPI Service Threshold				
Weighting I				

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Service Request Fulfilment Efficiency

SPI

MSS10

Definition

This measures the compliance of the Supplier with the Service Requests Fulfilment process and agreed time frames for Service Requests in each Service Period.

Calculation

The Supplier shall record the following information for each Service Request:

- (a) time and date at which the Service Request was made;
- (b) time and date at which the Service Request was fulfilled; and

whether for each Service Request fulfilled the Service Request was fulfilled within the timeframes and in accordance with such process agreed under this Agreement with the Authority for the fulfilment of Service Requests.

Any Service Request not fulfilled in the Service Period outside the agreed timescale and process shall accrue Service Points as follows:

 $100* \frac{\sum \textit{Service Requests fulfilled within the agreed time frame and process}}{\sum \textit{Total Service Requests due to be fulfilled within Service Period}}$

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly		
Stabilisation Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method	This will be reported I	by the Supplier records and F Supplier Solution).	Performance
Service Hours	Operational Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

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evels mapped to me	easurement		
Severity	Lower Bound % of Service Requests Completed on Time in Service Period	Upper Bound % of Service Requests Completed on Time in Service Period	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor KPI Failure			
Serious KPI Failure			
Severe KPI Failure			
KPI Service Threshold			
Weighting I	actor		

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Social Value Initiative (Carbon Literacy Accreditation) SPI MSS11

Definition

The Social Value Initiative tracks the Supplier's progress against the Carbon Literacy Initiative outlined in Schedule 4.1 paragraph 16. This KPI measures the number of Carbon Literate employees in the contract workforce by the certificate of Carbon Literacy accredited by the Carbon Literacy Project.

Calculation

At the beginning of every Service Period the Supplier shall submit a plan outlining the number of Carbon Literate certificates that will be achieved during that period.

The supplier shall calculate performance as follows: 100 * (sum of carbon literate certificates achieved during Service Period / number of carbon literate certificates forecasted to be achieved at the beginning of the Service Period)

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly		
Stabilisati on Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method	Copy MSS10		
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance	Not Applicable

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apped to m				
Severity	Lower Bound % of	Upper Bound % of	Service Points	
Minimum Service Threshold				
Minor KPI Failure				
Serious KPI Failure				
Severe KPI Failure				
KPI Service Threshold				
Weighting Fa	nctor			

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Availability of interface to Operational Data and Coverage Data

SPI

MSA5

Definition

This measures Availability of the interface to provide Operational Data and Coverage data provided by the Supplier in accordance with Schedule 2.1.

Calculation

The Availability in minutes shall be rounded to the nearest minute for the Service Period and shall be calculated as:

$$100 * \left(\frac{\sum Availablity \ in \ minutes}{\sum Minutes \ in \ the \ Service \ Period}\right)$$

Measurement

Service Period	Monthly		
Stabilisation Period			
Applicable from			
Reporting Method	The SPI will be repor	ted by the ESN Service Man	agement System.
Service Hours	Operational Hours	Permitted Maintenance	

Levels mapped to measurement

Severity	Lower Bound % of Reporting Application Availability in Service Period	Upper Bound % of Reporting Application Availability in Service Period	Service Points
Minimum Service Threshold			
Minor SPI Failure			
Serious SPI Failure			
Severe SPI Failure			

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SPI Service Threshold			
Weighting Fac	tor		

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Continued Commercial Compliance KPI MSC1

Definition

The "Commercial Compliance" KPI measure tracks continued compliance with the contractual and commercial obligations as monitored and reported upon across the following 6 SPIs: MSS7 to MSS10, MSP3 and MSP4.

Calculation

The Supplier shall maintain a log of the Service Points accrued SPIs: MSS7 to MSS10, MSP3 and MSP4 inclusive in the Service Period. Continued Commercial Compliance shall be calculated as follows:

100 * (∑Service Points accrued for MSS7 to MSS10, MSP3 and MSP4 inclusive ÷ Maximum Service Points for MSS7 to MSS10, MSP3 and MSP4 inclusive if the Supplier had reached the KPI Service Threshold in Service Period for each such SPI)

Measurement

Service Period	Quarterly				
Stabilisation Period					
Applicable from					
Reporting Method	The KPI will be calculated using Records maintained as part of contract governance.				
Service Hours	Business Hours	Permitted Maintenance	N/A		

Levels mapped to measurement

Severity	Lower Bound SP/%	Upper Bour SP/%	nd	Servi	ce Po	ints
Minimum Service Threshold						
Minor KPI Failure						
Serious KPI Failure						

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Severe KPI Failure				
KPI Service Threshold				
Weighting Factor				

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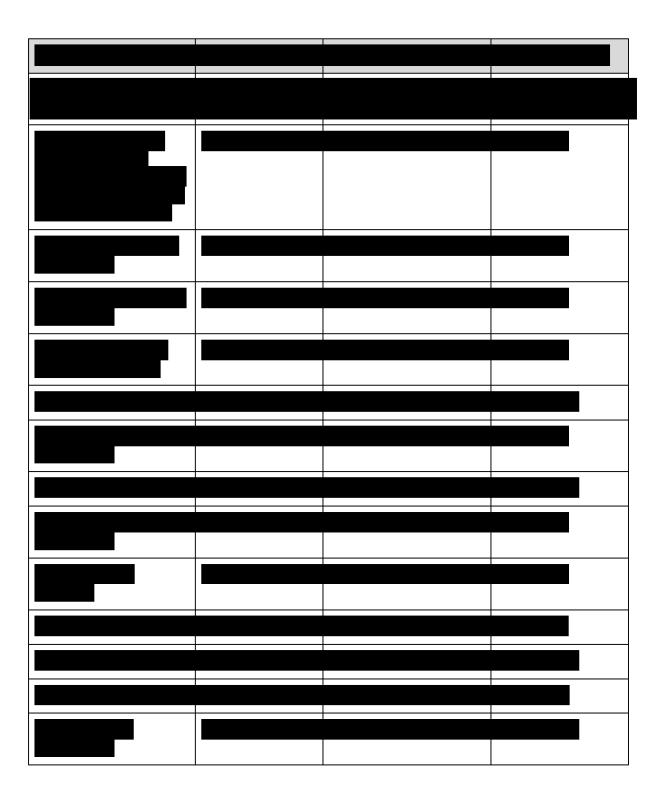
ANNEX 1: Categorisation of Services, Service Hours, Permitted Maintenance and Recovery Priority

Service	Service Hours	Permitted Maintenance	Recovery Priority
			-

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